# Evaluation, When and How

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Evaluation: How Much Evaluation Is Enough?

Panel, VISI3

## Wrestling with the question

- in private: ponder on case-by-case basis
  - as an author
  - as a reviewer
- in public: series of 4 meta-papers

"She generally gave herself very good advice, (though she very seldom followed it)."

- Lewis Carroll
  - process and pitfalls Dagstuhl07
  - nested model of design and validation InfoVis09
    - NM revisited: blocks & guidelines BELIV12, Inf Vis Journal 13
  - design study methodology InfoVis12

# Evaluation: broadly interpreted

[A Nested Model for Visualization Design and Validation. Munzner. TVCG 15(6):921-928, 2009 (Proc. InfoVis 09).]

#### problem domain:

observe target users using existing tools

#### data/task abstraction:

encoding/interaction technique: justify design wrt alternatives

algorithm:

measure system time analyze computational complexity

analyze results qualitatively measure human time with lab experiment ("user study")

observe target users post-deployment ("field study")

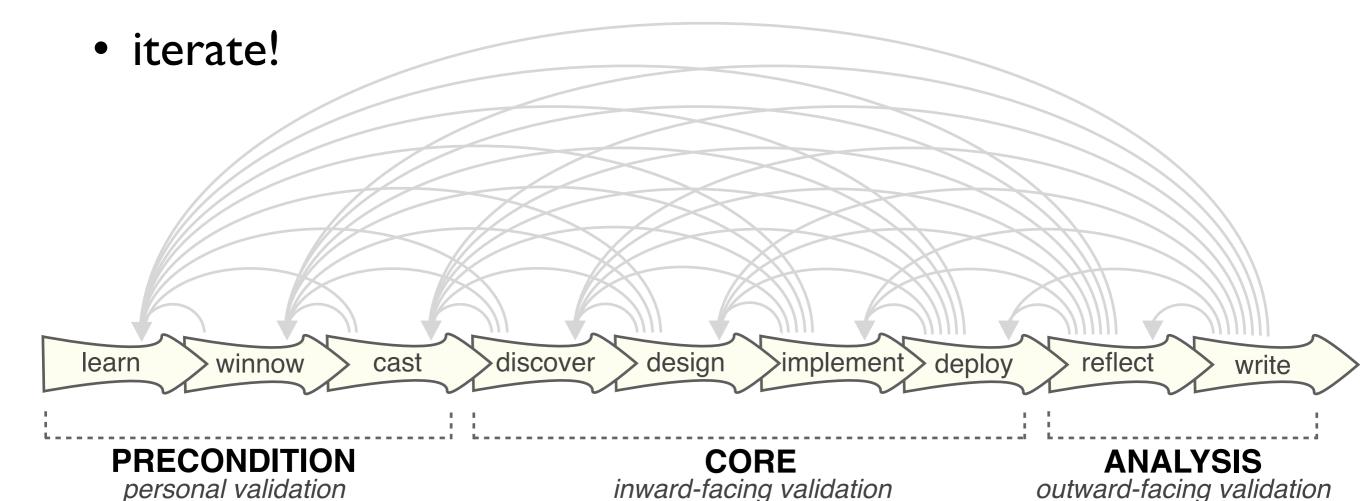
### measure adoption

- mismatch: cannot show technique good with system timings
- mismatch: cannot show abstraction good with lab study

### When to evaluate?

"Begin at the beginning and go on till you come to the end; then stop."

- Lewis Carroll
  - at the end, to show you got it right: summative
  - as you go, to make it better: formative



[Design Study Methodology: Reflections from the Trenches and from the Stacks. Sedlmair, Meyer, Munzner. IEEE TVCG 18(12): 2431-2440, 2012 (Proc. InfoVis 2012).]

## Victories and challenges: I

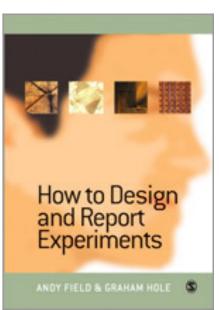
- evolving sophistication: the user study pendulum swings
- we've come a long way!
  - no user studies at all
  - a few dubious ones, lacking rigor
  - some good ones appear
  - rigorous studies are common
- but pushes to change culture often overshoot...
  - some reviewers expect all papers to have user studies
  - some authors do user studies without understanding why or how

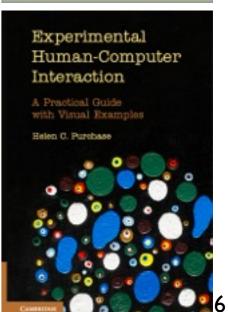


# User studies: tricky to do right

"If you don't know where you are going, any road will get you there."

- Lewis Carroll
  - many ways to go wrong that are not obvious from reading finished papers
    - ideal: collaborate with experts... several times!
  - good resources
    - How to Design and Report Experiments,
      Andy Field & Graham Hole, SAGE
    - Experimental Human-Computer Interaction,
      Helen Purchase, Cambridge Univ Press



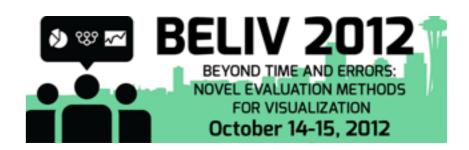


## Victories and challenges: II

- significance testing with controlled experiments
  - we've moved beyond "my friends liked it"
  - new frontier: multiple regression for comparison

[Cognitive measurements of graph aesthetics. Ware, Purchase, Colpoys, and McGill. Information Visualization, 2002. I (2): p. 103-110.]

- new frontier: thinking beyond time and error
  - qualitative vs quantitative
    - different axis from lab/field
  - BELIV workshops
    - 06 AVI, 08 CHI, 10 CHI, 12 Vis Week



## Victories and challenges: Ill

- post-deployment studies with target users
  - we've moved beyond "I'm the only one who's used it"
  - new frontier: post-adoption studies
    - Seven Scenarios: only 5 out of 800!

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[Empirical Studies in Information Visualization: Seven Scenarios. Lam, Bertini, Isenberg, Plaisant, and Carpendale. TVCG 18(9):1520-1536, 2012.]
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what happens after you get that first paper out?...

## Of course...

- ... you should evaluate your work
  - use appropriate methods!
- ... you should **not** have a user study in every paper
  - avoid litmus test and cargo cult thinking



http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Litmus\_paper.JPG



http://blog.bhargreaves.com/wp-content/uploads/2010/04/cargo-cult.jpg