

SkyTree Visualization Fireside Chat

Is Big Data Visualization Possible?

Tamara Munzner

Department of Computer Science

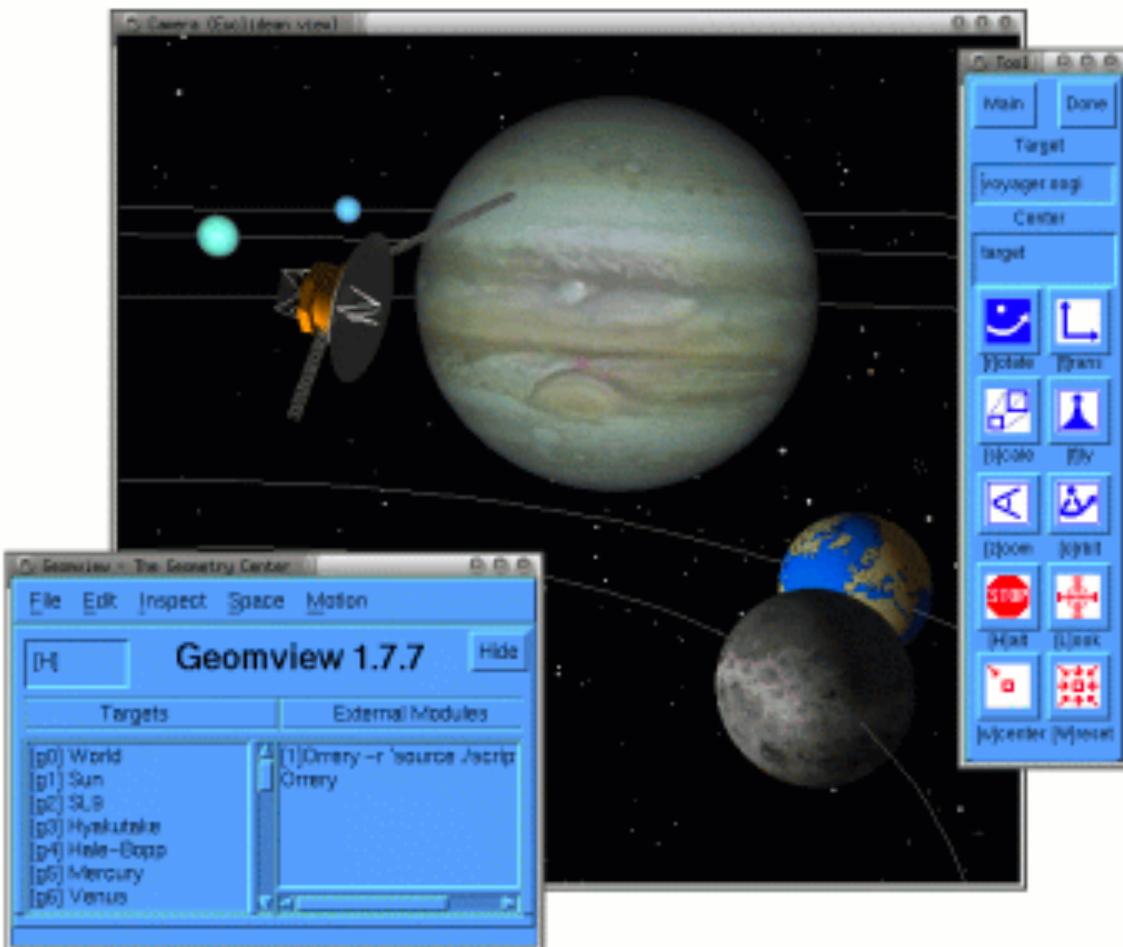
University of British Columbia

Google Hangout on Air
October 1 2014

<http://www.cs.ubc.ca/~tmm/talks.html#skytree14>

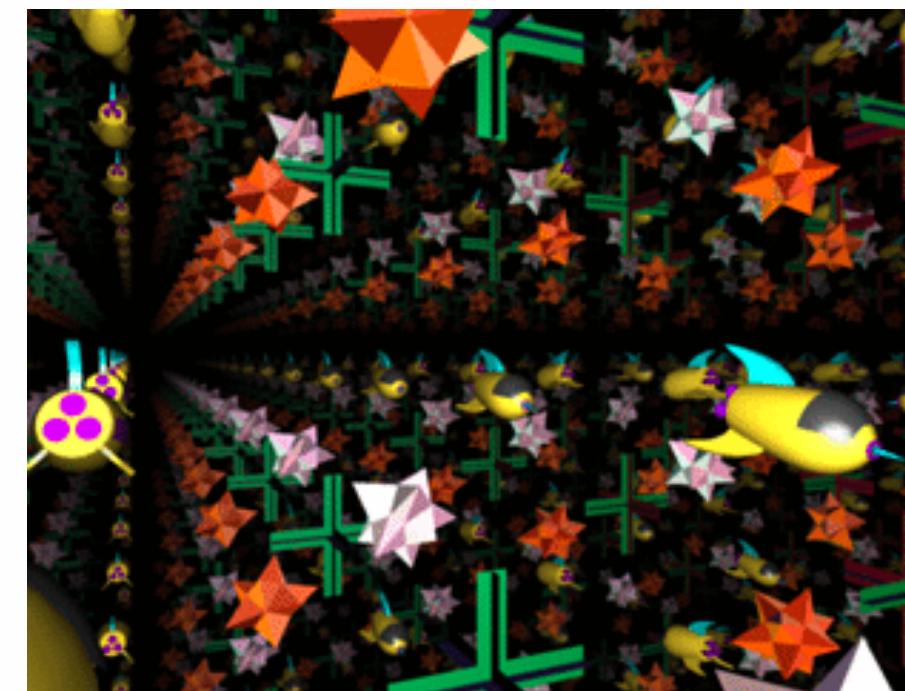
About me: Geometry Center 1991-1995

- geometry and topology vis
 - 3D, 4D, non-Euclidean



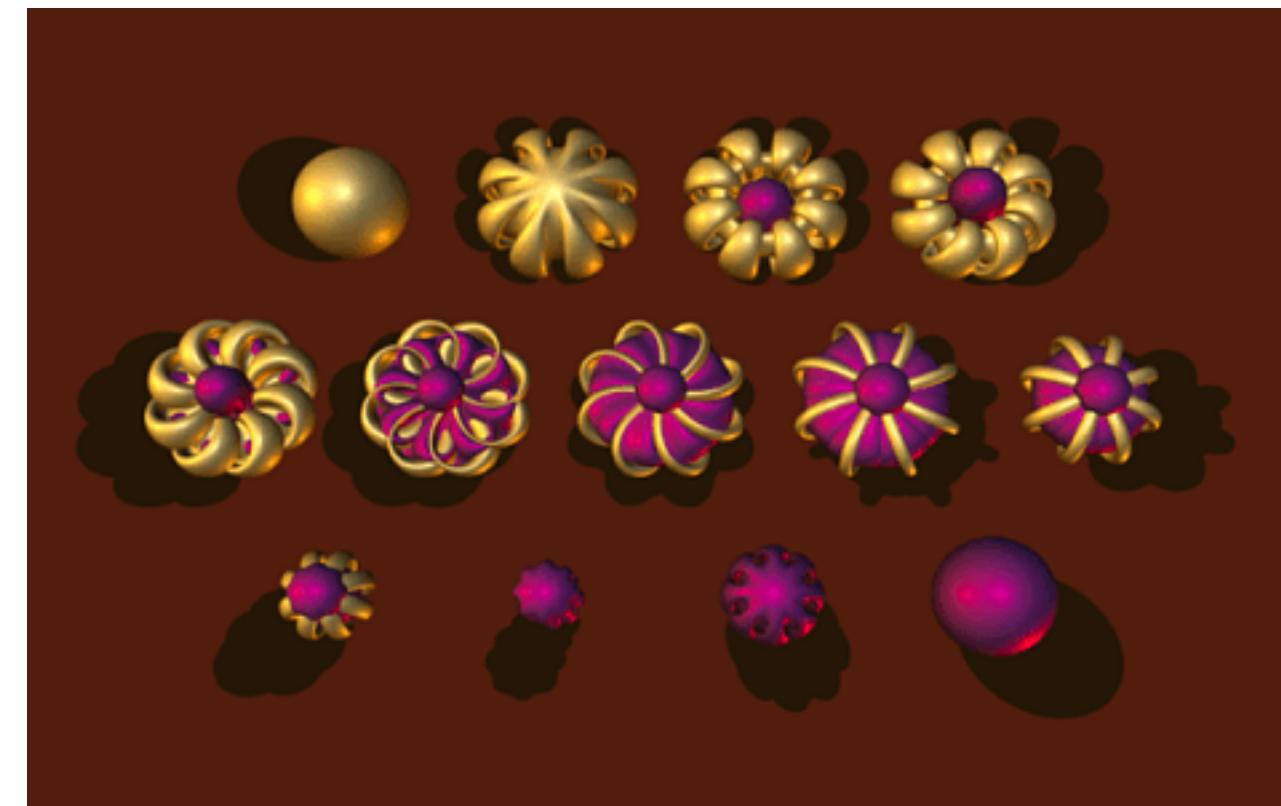
Geomview

<http://geomview.org/>



The Shape of Space

http://youtu.be/-gLNIC_hQ3M



Outside In

<http://youtu.be/sKqt6e7EcCs>

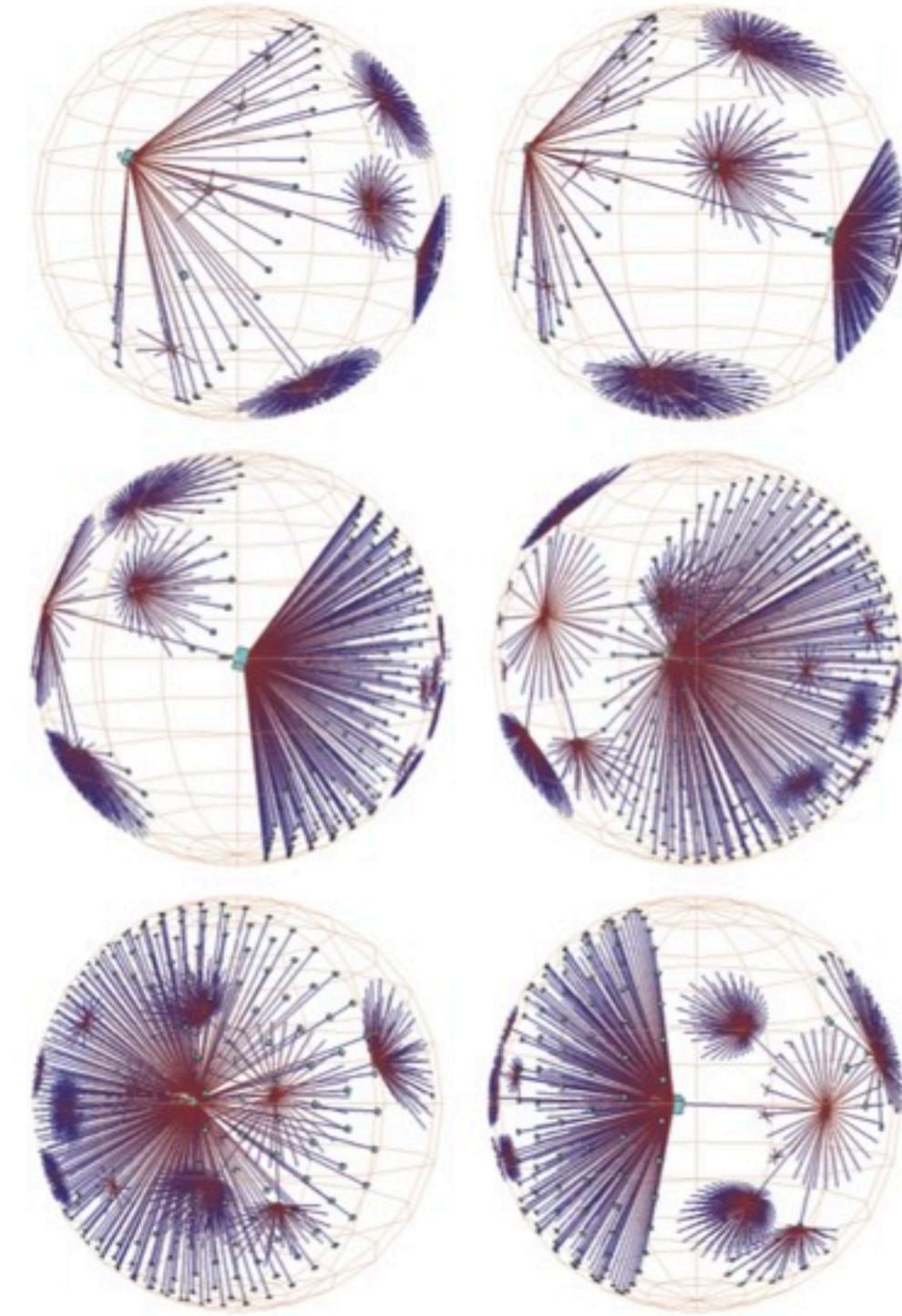
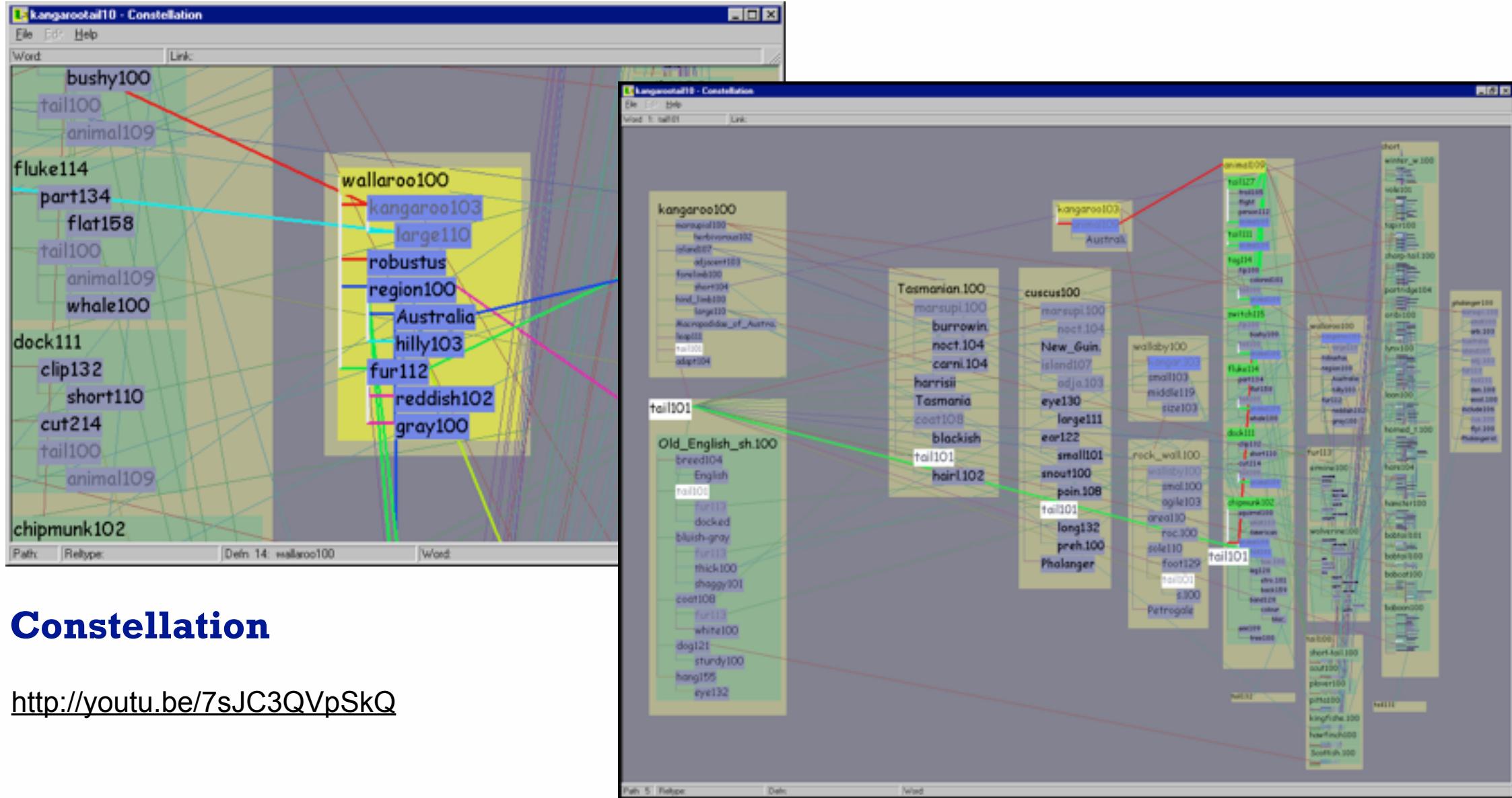
<http://youtu.be/x7d13SgqUXg>

<http://youtu.be/6j4T7I49H3Y>

<http://www.crcpress.com/product/isbn/9781568814537>

About me: Stanford 1995-2000

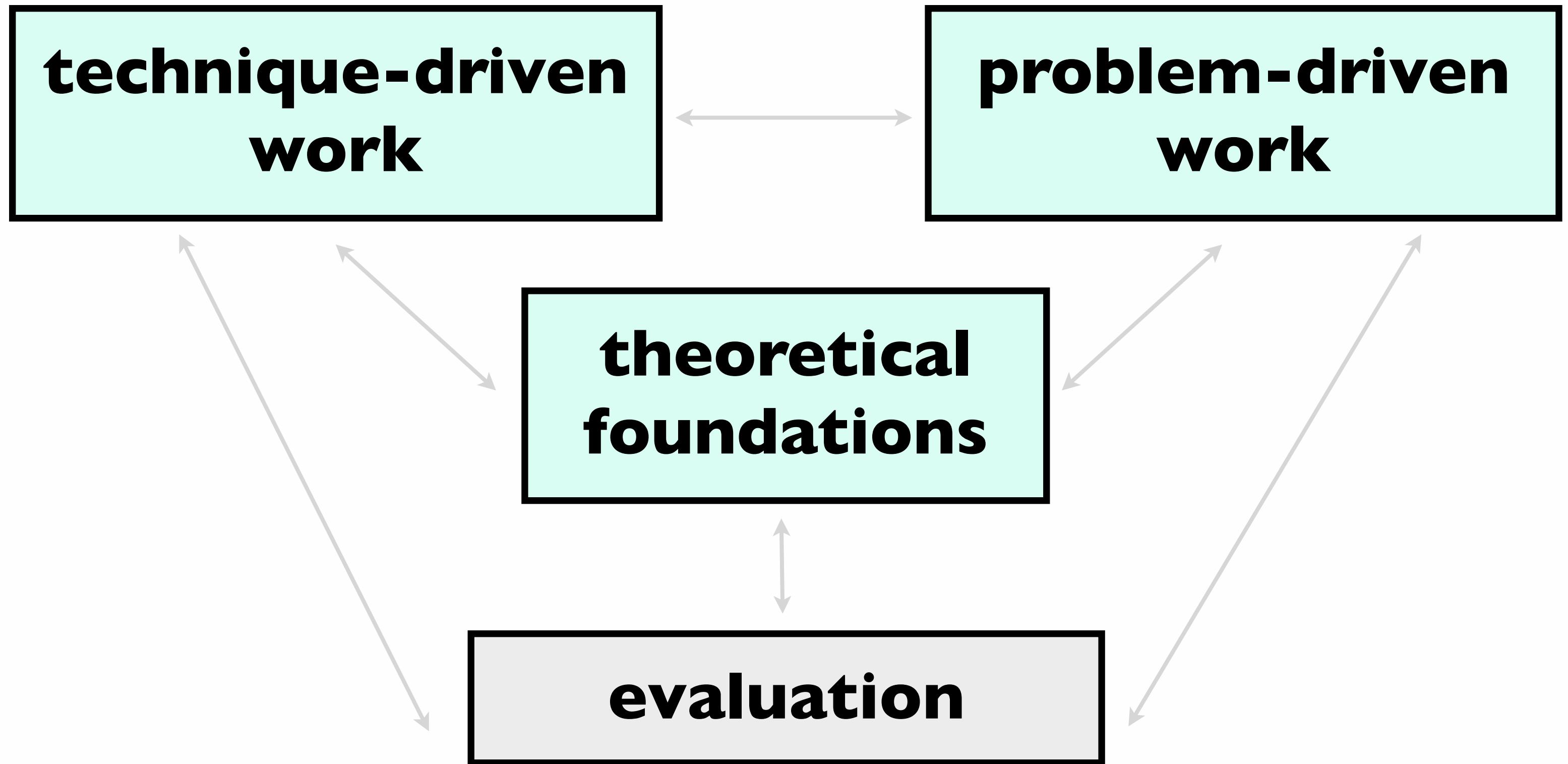
- **infovis: network vis**
 - 3D hyperbolic trees/networks
 - computational linguistics network



H3

http://youtu.be/fhbQy_NCwWI

About me: UBC 2002-



When to use visualization

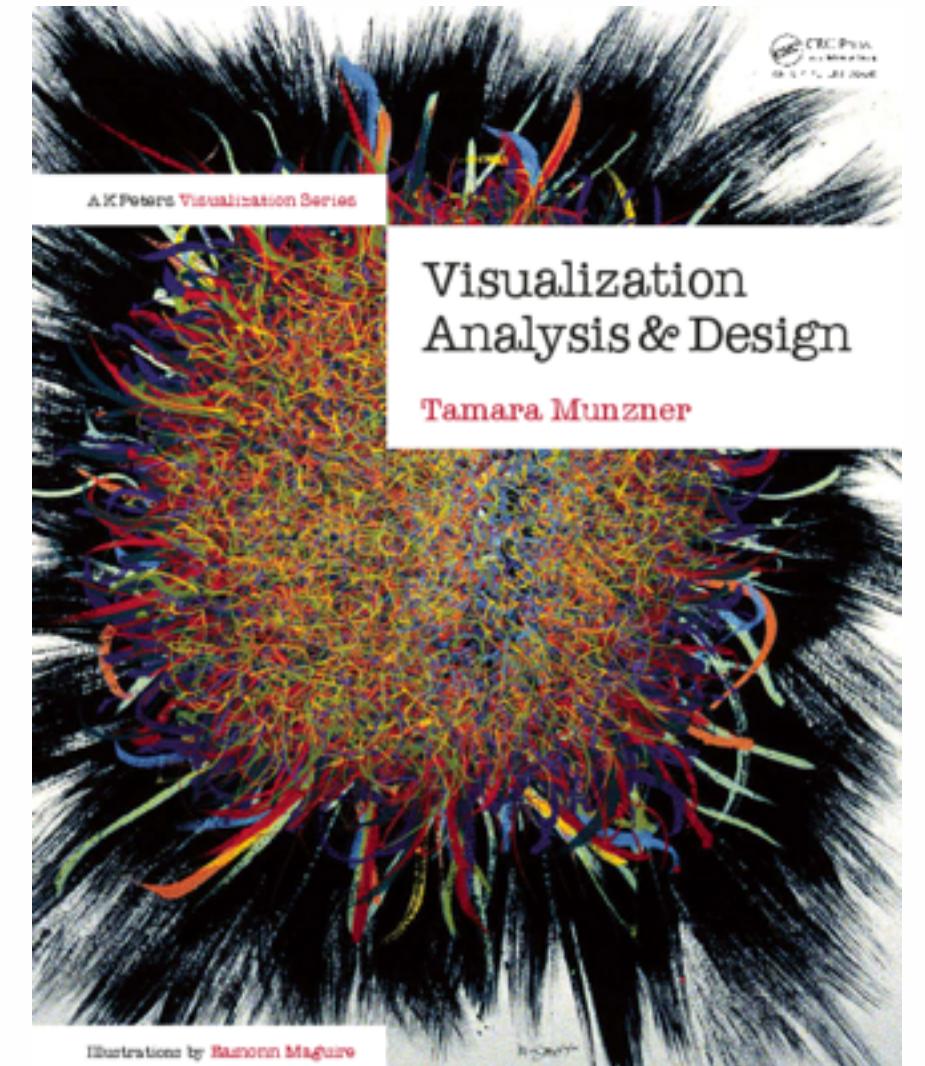
Computer-based visualization systems provide visual representations of datasets designed to help people carry out tasks more effectively.

Visualization is suitable when there is a need to augment human capabilities rather than replace people with computational decision-making methods.

- human in the loop needs the details
 - doesn't know exactly what questions to ask in advance
 - longterm analysis
 - automation stepping stone, refining, trustbuilding
 - presentation
- external representation: perception vs cognition
- intended task, measurable definitions of effectiveness

more at:

Visualization Analysis and Design, Chapter 1.
Munzner. AK Peters, 2014, to appear.



Why show data to people?

- summaries lose information
 - confirm expected and find unexpected patterns
 - assess validity of statistical model

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Anscombe's Quartet

Identical statistics

x mean	9
x variance	10
y mean	8
y variance	4
x/y correlation	1

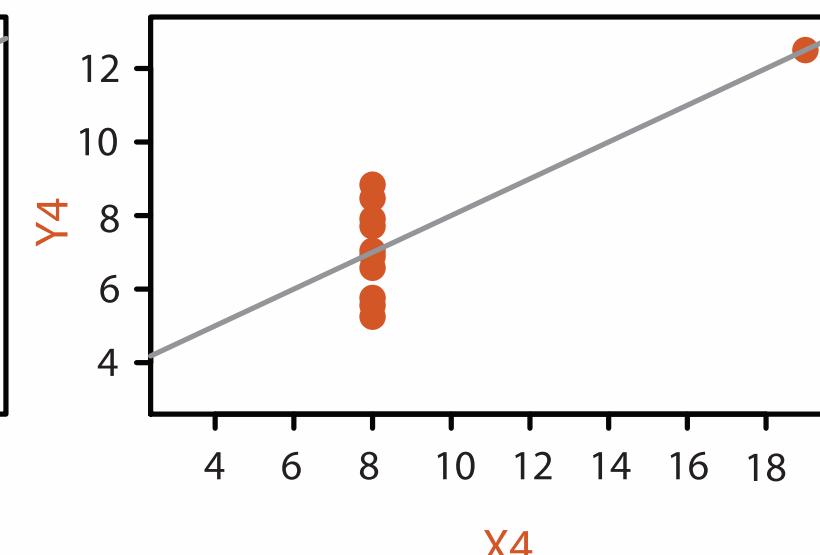
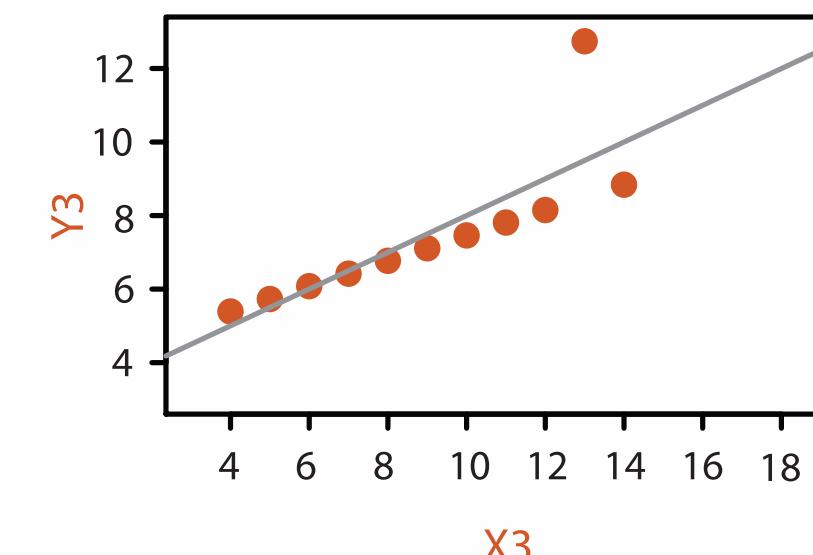
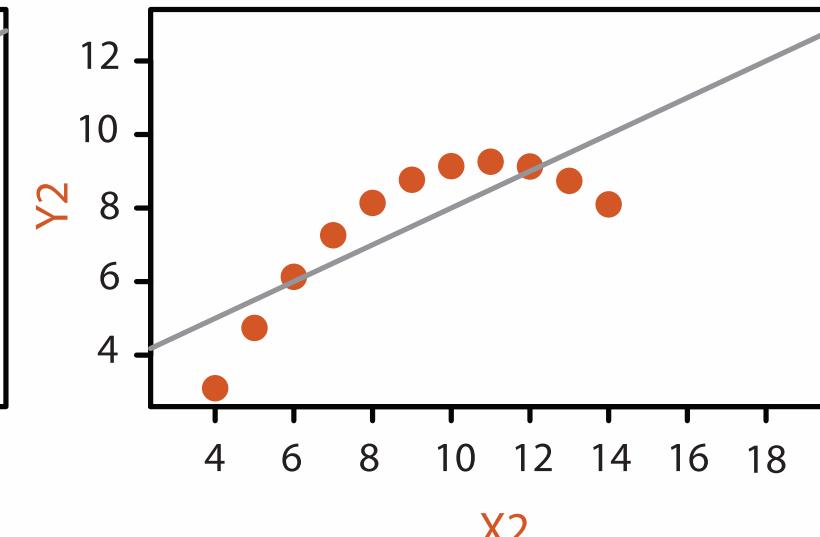
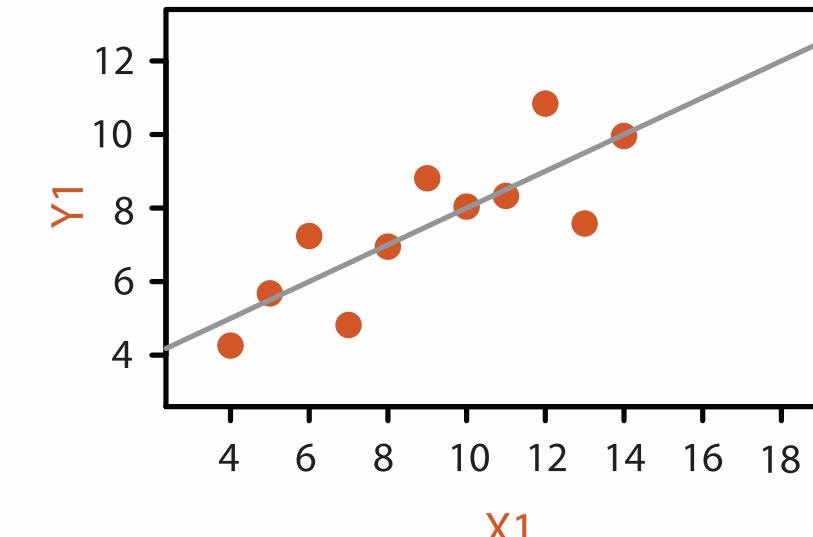
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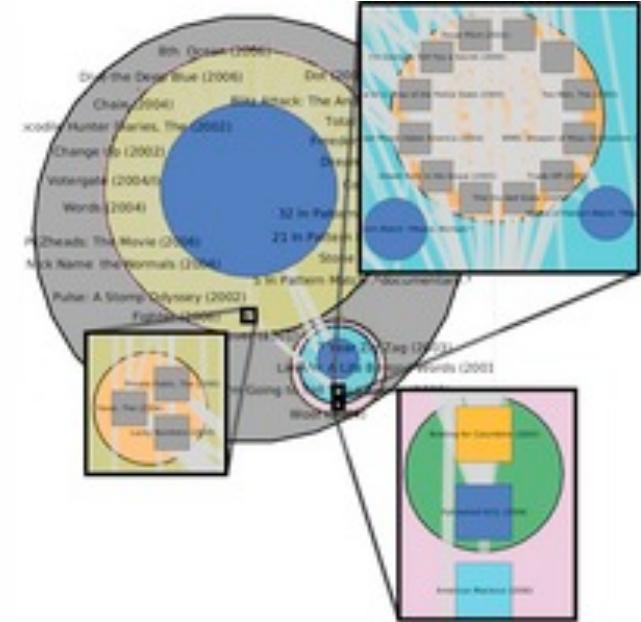
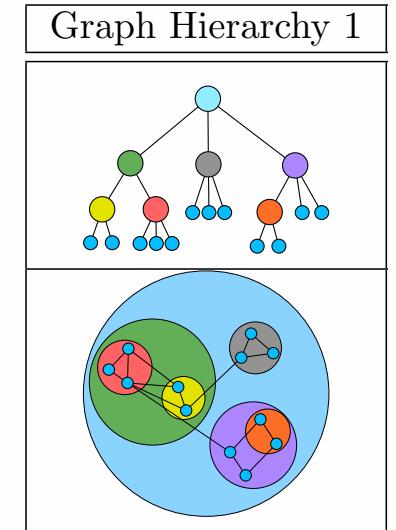
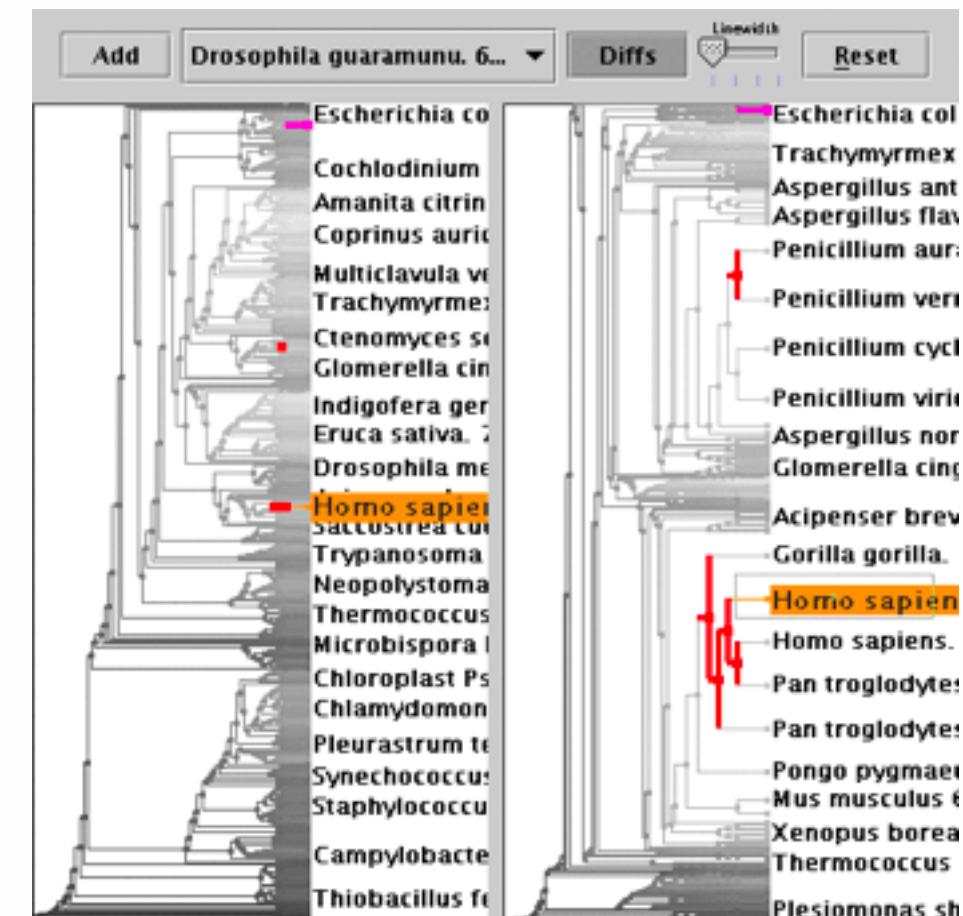
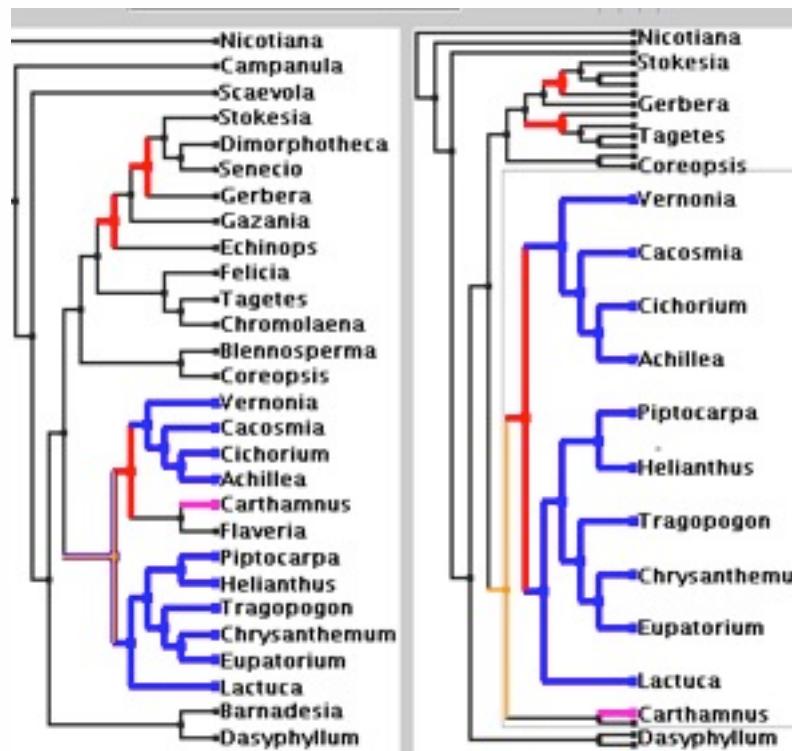
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Technique-driven work: Networks

- scaling up networks
 - multilevel networks, 10K-100K nodes
 - topologically aware decomposition, layout, browsing
 - trees, millions of nodes
 - guaranteed visibility of semantically meaningful marks



TopoLayout
Smashing Peacocks Further
Grouse
GrouseFlocks
TugGraph

<http://youtu.be/t1Xbt6XOWp8>

<http://youtu.be/AWXAe8zvkt8>

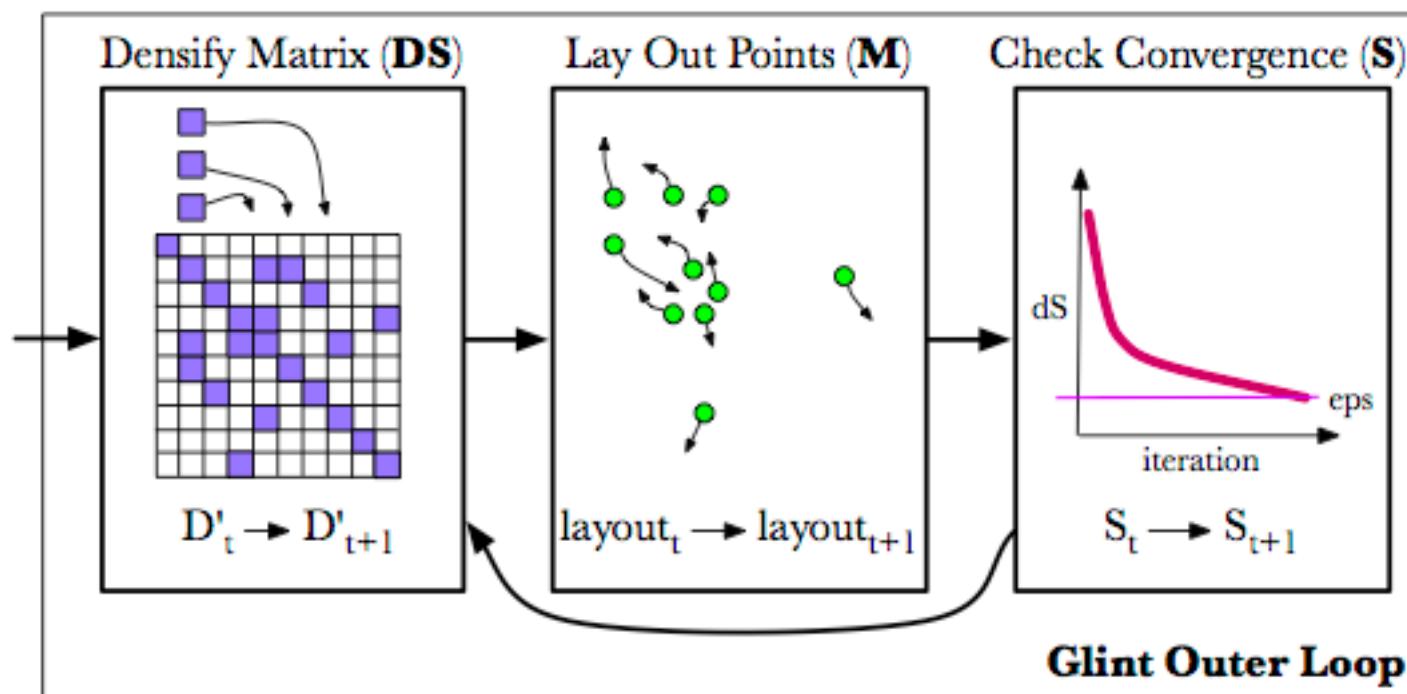
TreeJuxtaposer
PRISAD

<http://youtu.be/fq8EIAOutvs>

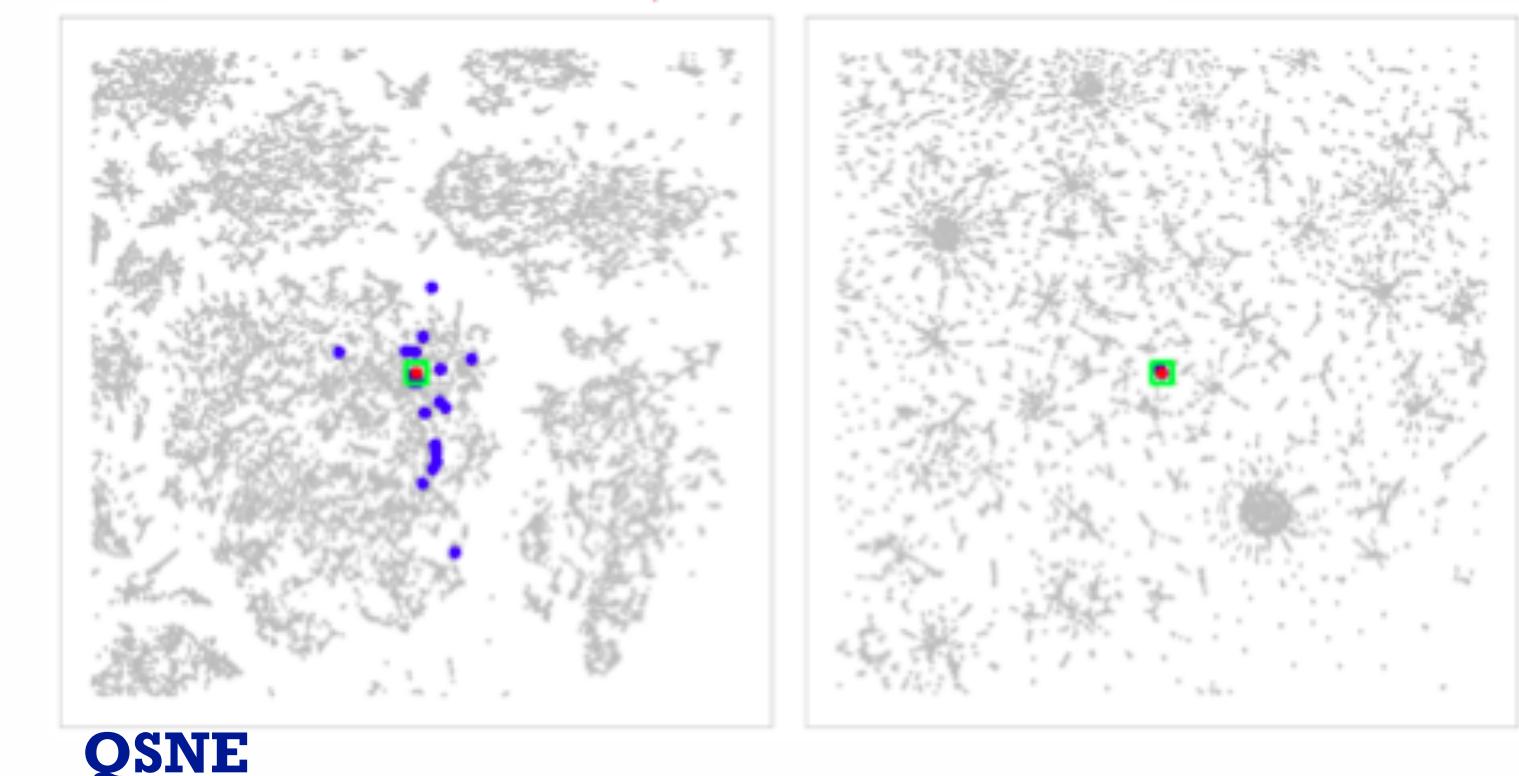
<http://youtu.be/GdaPj8a9QEo>

Technique-driven work: Dimensionality reduction

- closest overlap between vis and ML
 - Glimmer: MDS on the GPU
 - Glint: DR for costly distances
 - QSNE: sparse documents
 - high quality for millions of items



Glint

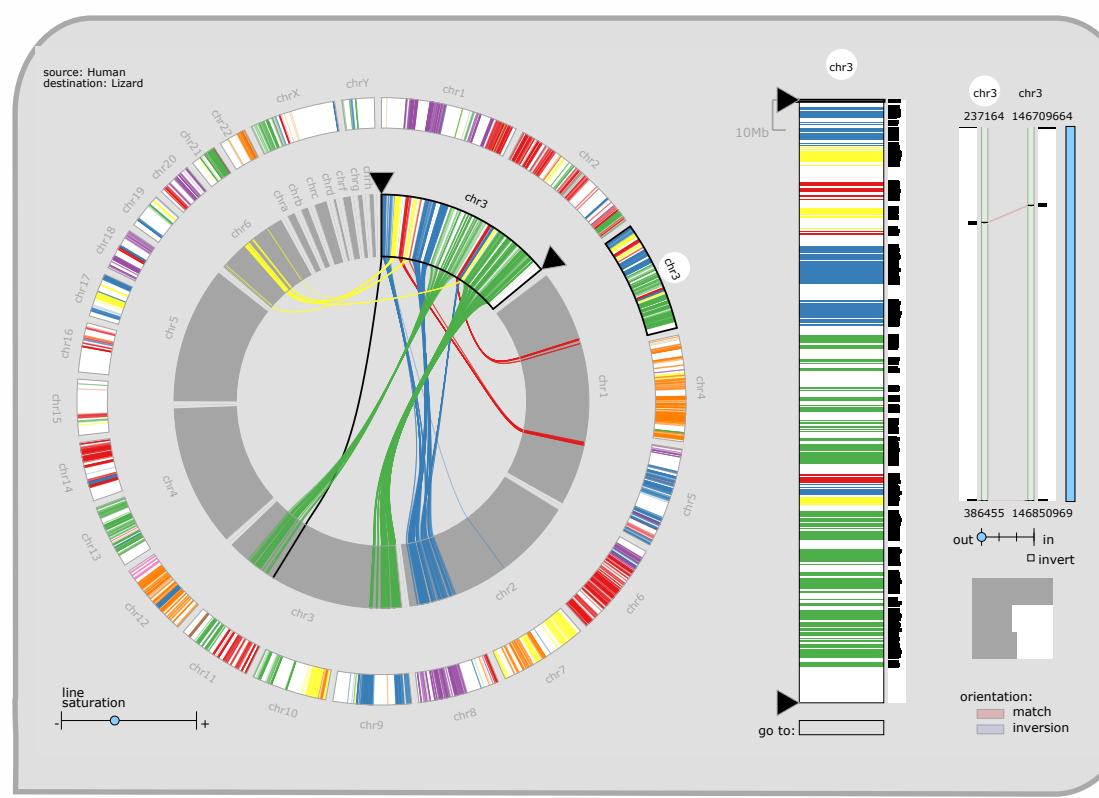


Glimmer

<http://youtu.be/PLaBAPM6qLI>

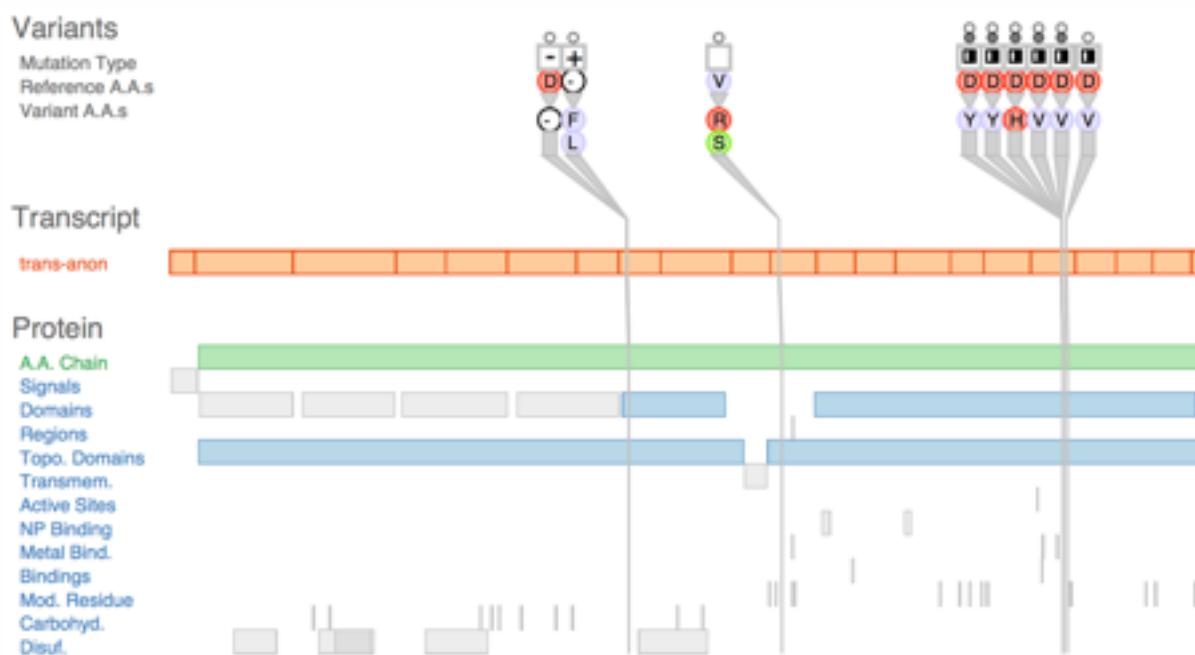


Problem-driven work: Genomics

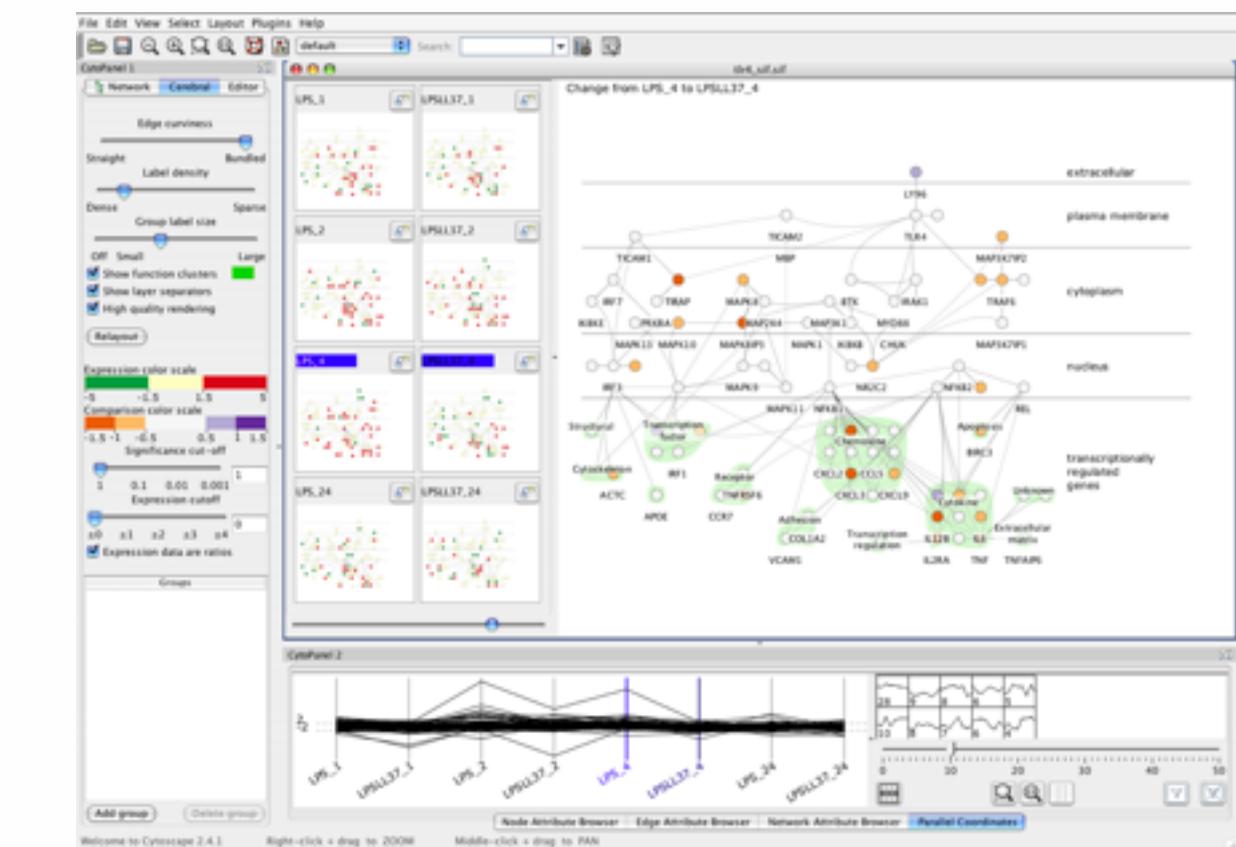


MizBee

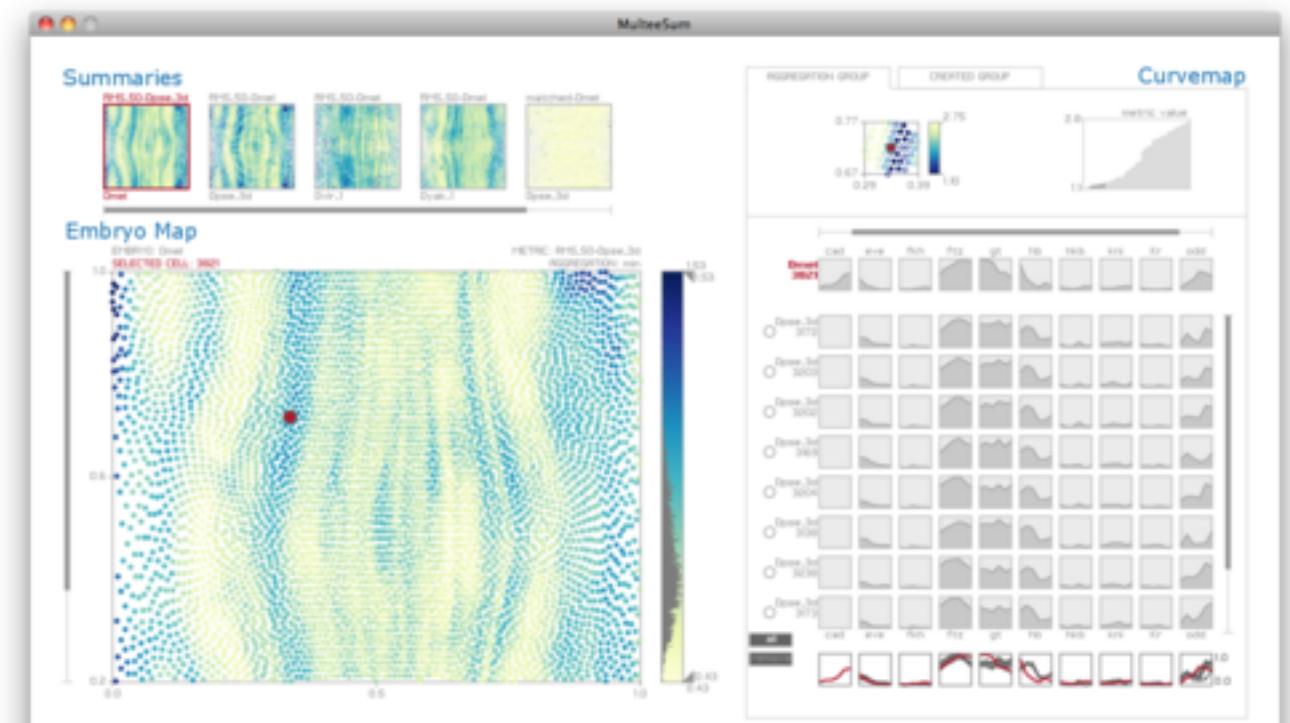
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Variant View

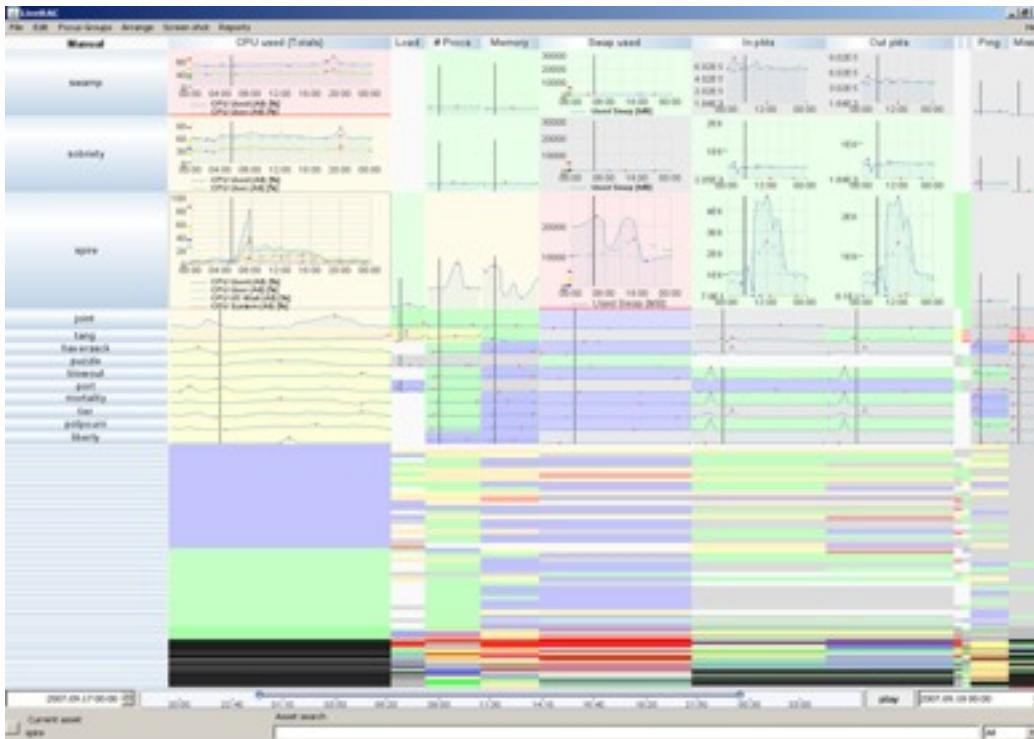


Cerebra



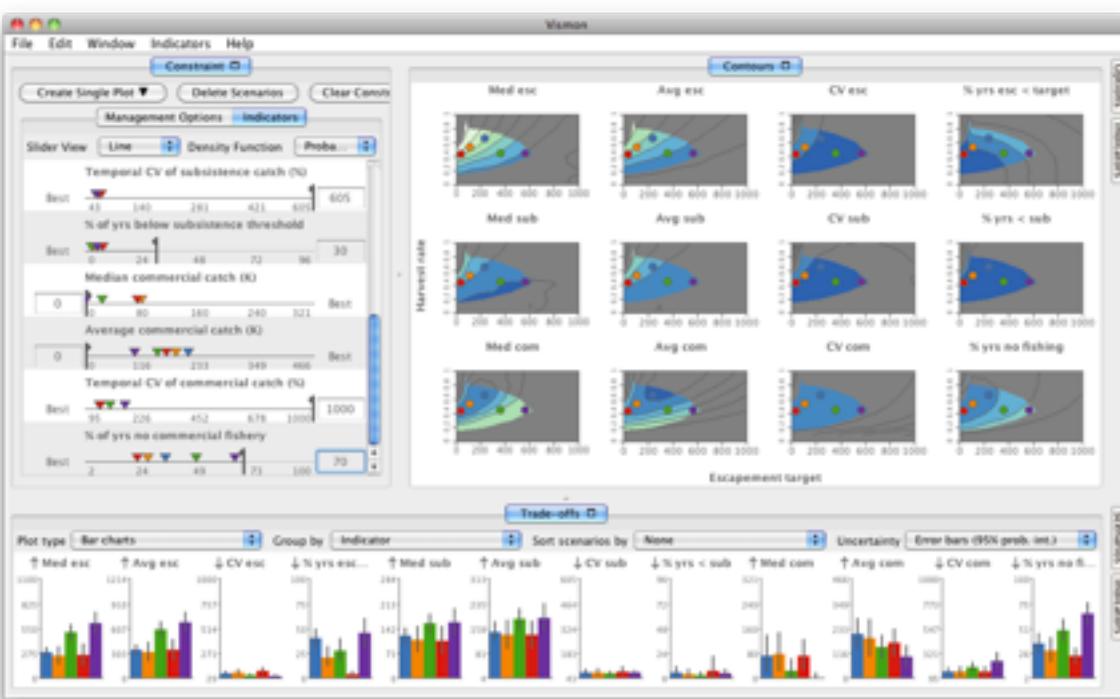
MulteeSum

Problem-driven work: Many domains

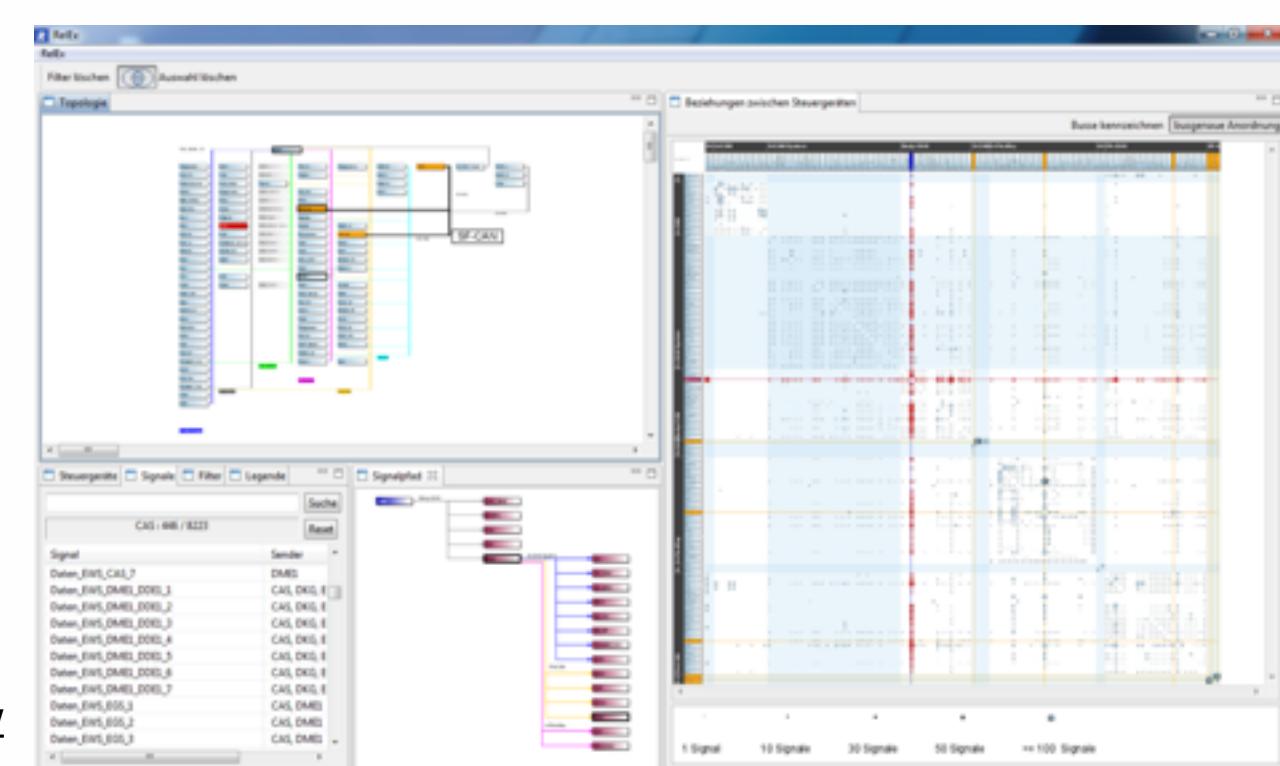


<http://youtu.be/lId0c3H0VSkw>

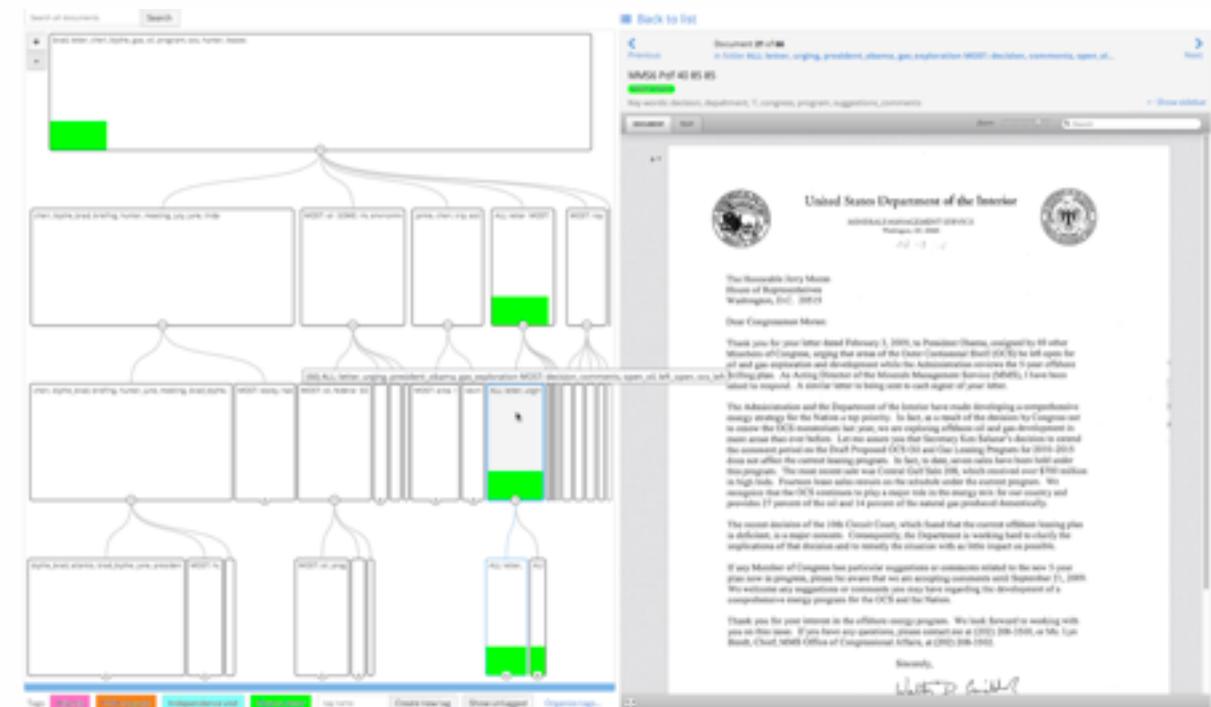
LiveRAC: system management time-series



Vismon: fisheries management <http://youtu.be/h0kHoS4VYmk>



RelEx: in-car overlay networks <http://youtu.be/89lsQXc6Ao4>



Overview: investigative journalism <http://vimeo.com/71483614>

More info

<http://www.cs.ubc.ca/group/infovis/>

InfoVis Group UBC Computer Science

HOME PUBLICATIONS VIDEOS SOFTWARE RESOURCES

MEMBERS



Tamara Munzner



Michelle Borkin



Matthew Brehmer



Johanna Fulda

ALUMNI

Stephen Ingram
Jessica Dawson
Joel Ferstay
Michael Sedimair
Miriah Meyer
Peter McLachlan
Dan Archambault
Heidi Lam
James Slack
Aaron Barsky
Ciarán Llachlan Leavitt
Melanie Tory

RECENT NEWS

10/2014 [TALK]:

[Visualization Fireside Chat: Is Big Data Visualization Possible](#)

Tamara Munzner will chat with Lee Wilkinson and John Stasko, moderated by Eric Kavanagh, in a Google Hangout On Air on Wed Oct 1 (10am Pacific, 1pm Eastern).

[[Google Hangout On Air link](#)]



09/2014 [WORKSHOP PAPER]:

[Visualizing Dimensionally-Reduced Data: Interviews with Analysts and a Characterization of Task Sequences](#)

by Matthew Brehmer, Michael Sedimair (University of Vienna), Stephen Ingram, and Tamara Munzner was accepted to the ACM Workshop on *Beyond time and errors: novel evaluation methods for Information Visualization (BELIV)*.



[[pre-print pdf](#)]

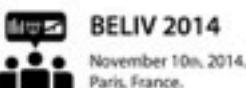
09/2014 [PAPER]:

[A Search Set Model of Path Tracing in Graphs](#)

by Jessica Dawson, Joanna McGrenere, and Tamara Munzner was accepted to the *Journal of Information Visualization*.



[[pre-print coming soon](#)]



08/2014 [WORKSHOP PAPER]:

[Pre-Design Empiricism for Information Visualization: Scenarios, Methods, and Challenges](#)

by Matthew Brehmer, Sheelagh Carpendale (University of Calgary), Bongshin Lee (Microsoft Research), and Melanie Tory (University of Victoria) was accepted to the ACM Workshop on *Beyond time and errors: novel evaluation methods for information Visualization (BELIV)*.

[[pre-print pdf](#)]



07/2014 [TALK]:

[Visualization for Hackers: Why It's Tricky, and Where to Start](#)

Tamara Munzner spoke at HOPE X: Hackers On Planet Earth on Jul 19 in New York City, USA.

[[pdf slides](#)] [[video](#)]

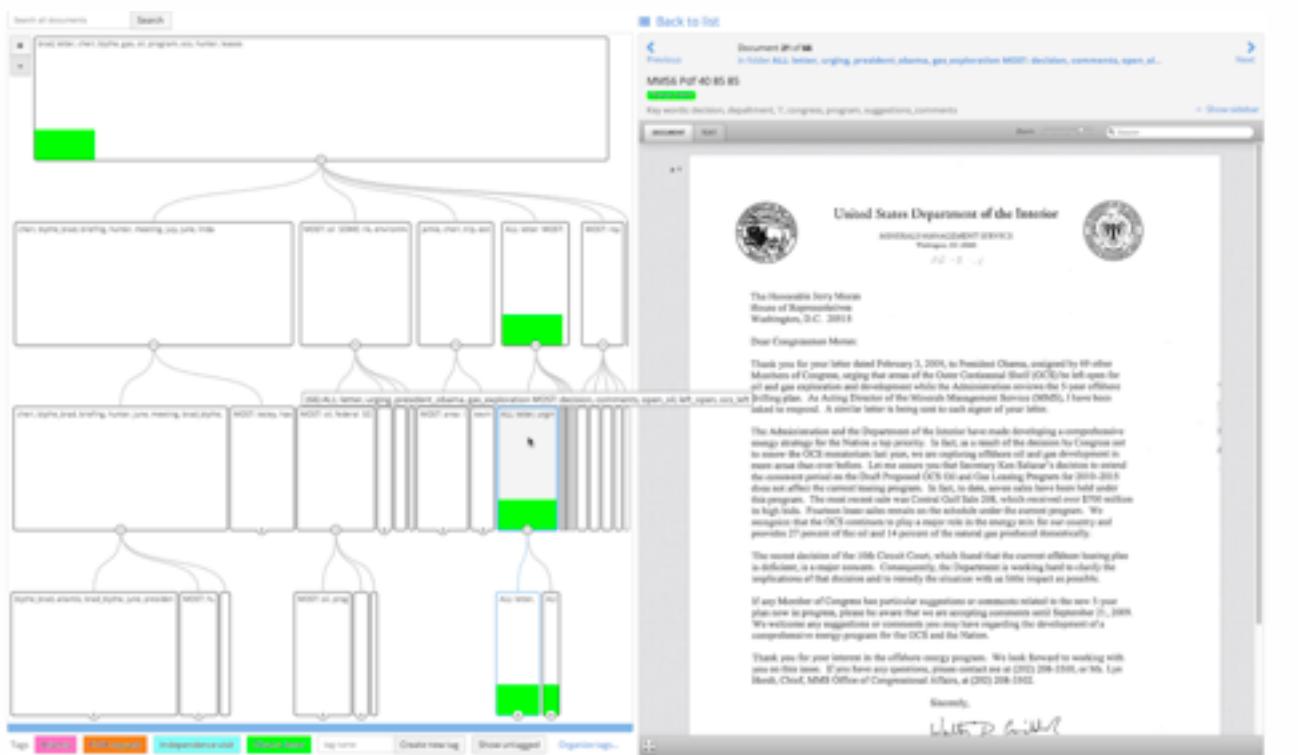


07/2014 [BOOK]:

[Visualization Analysis and Design](#)

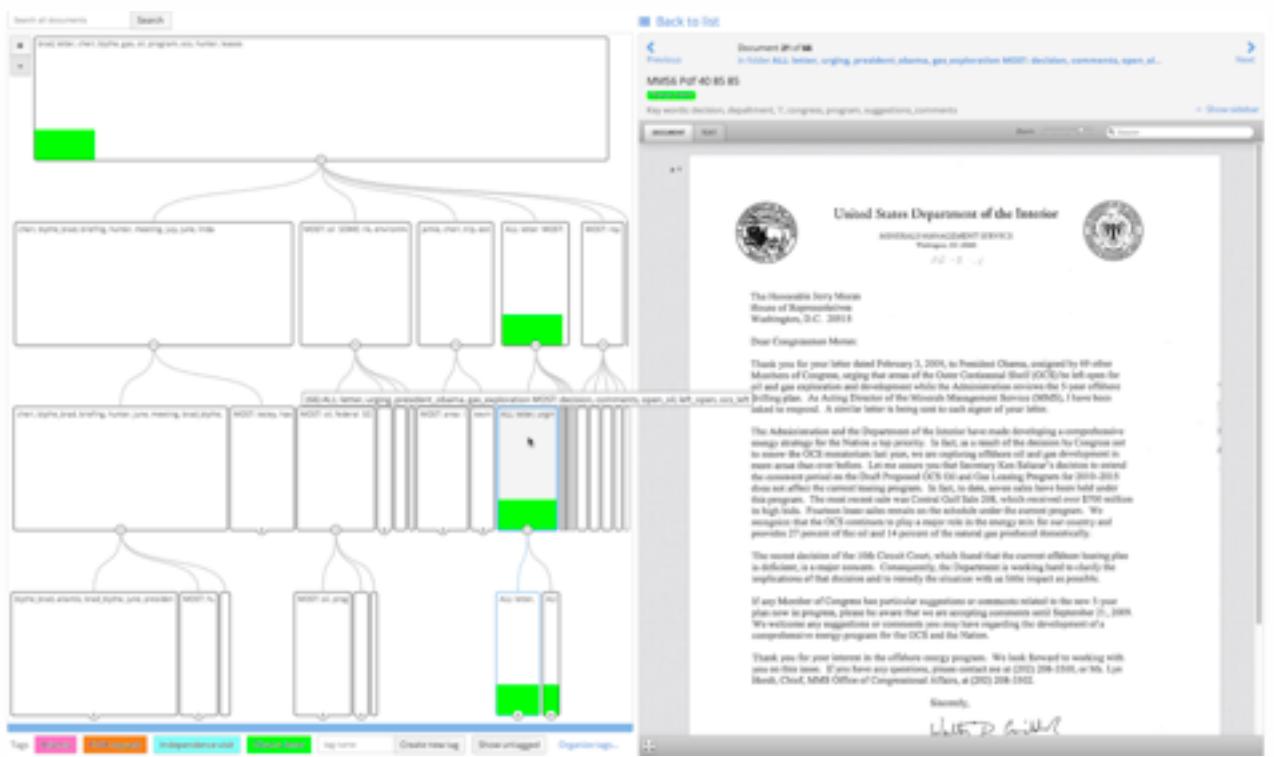
Overview design evolution

v4



Overview design evolution

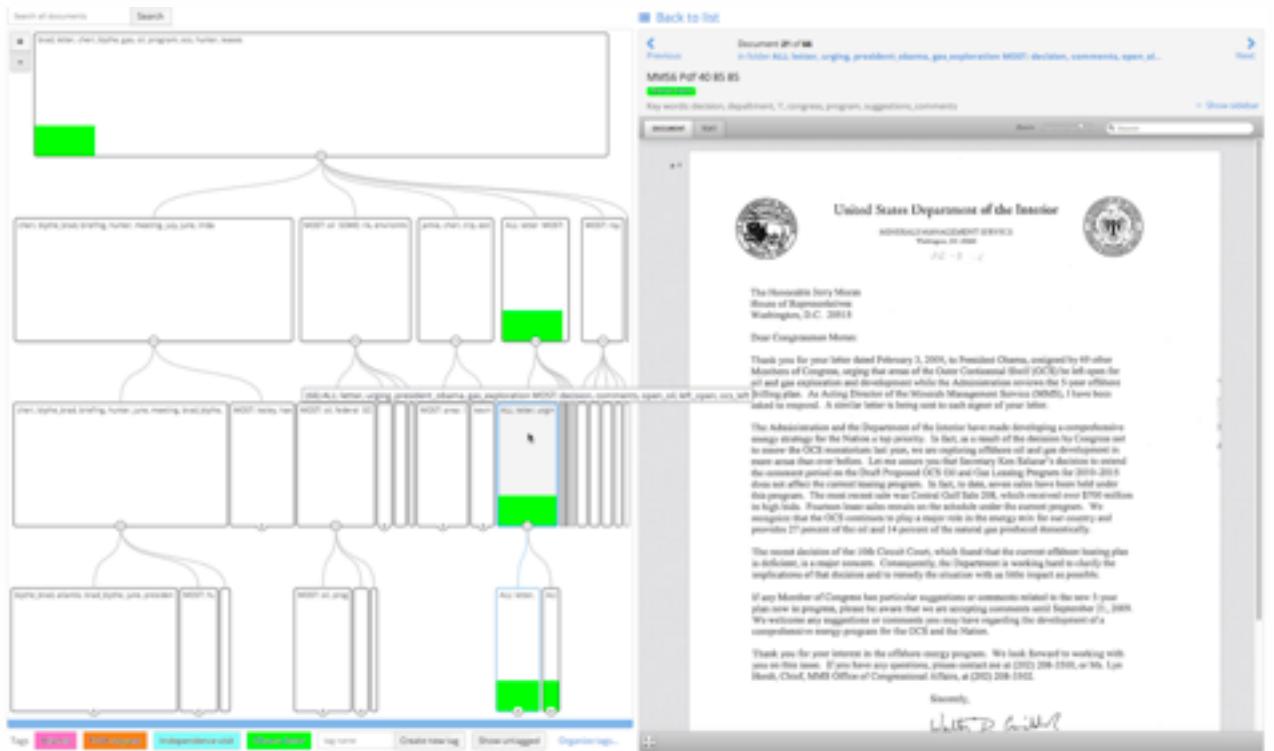
v4



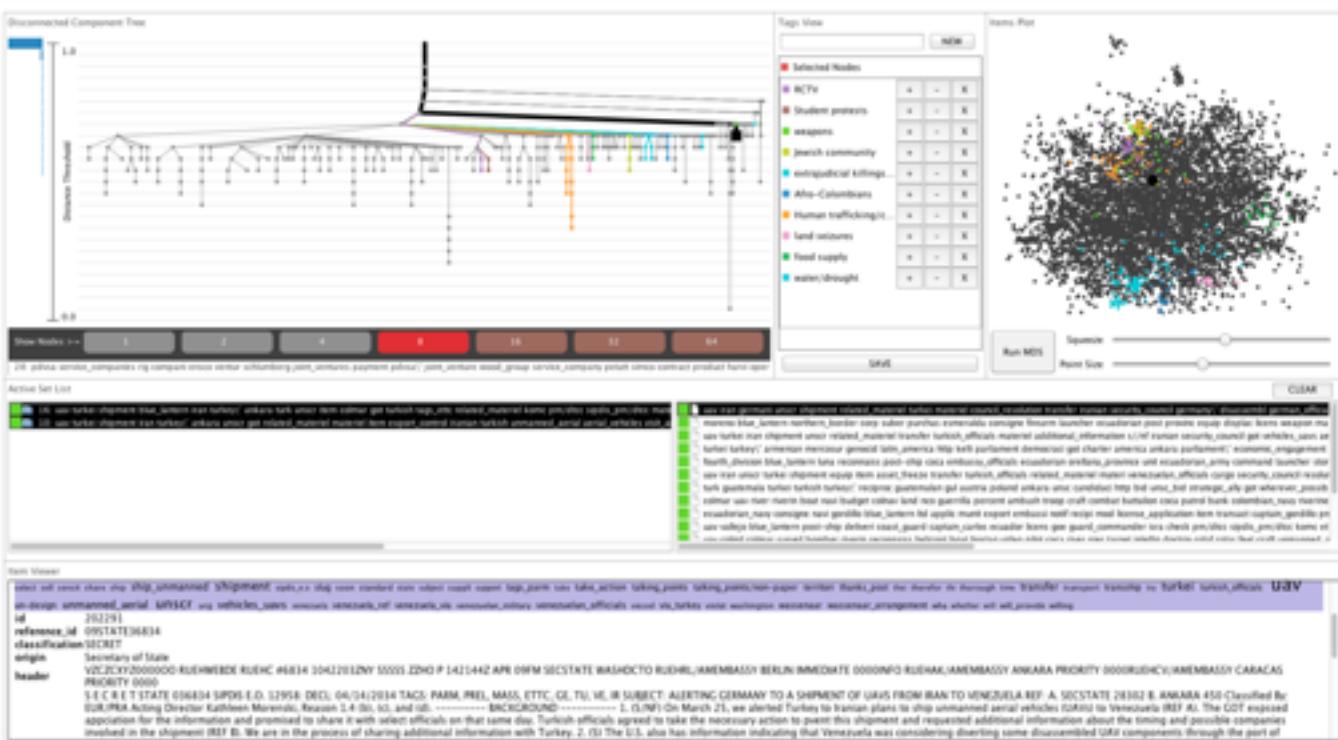
- how to find the needle in the haystack?
- how to convince that the haystack has no needles?

Overview design evolution

v4



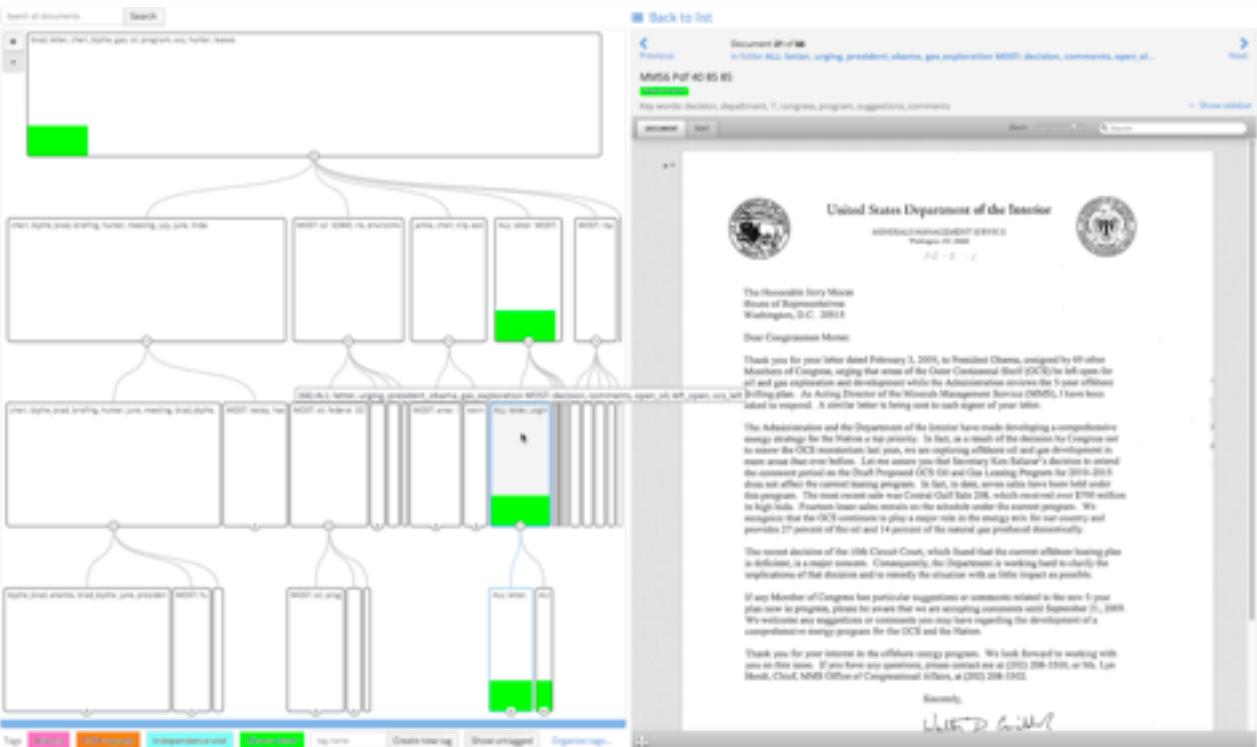
v1



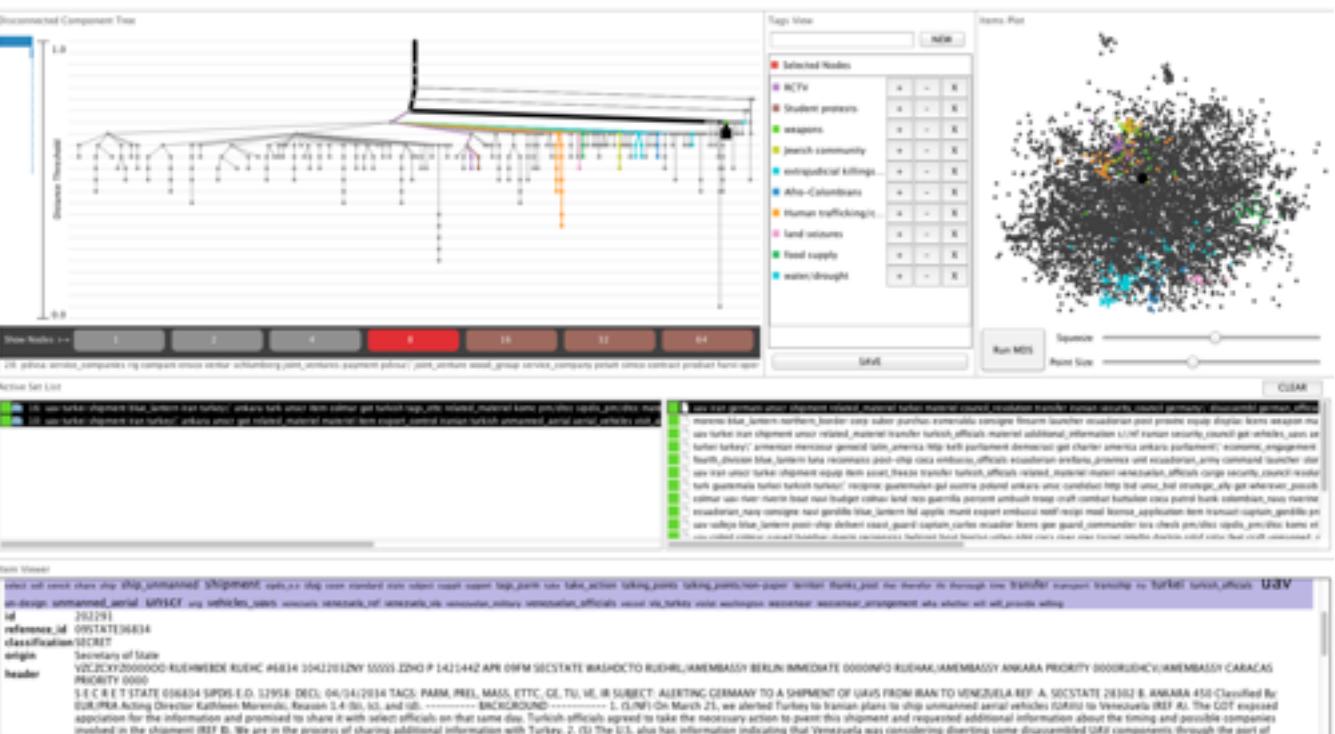
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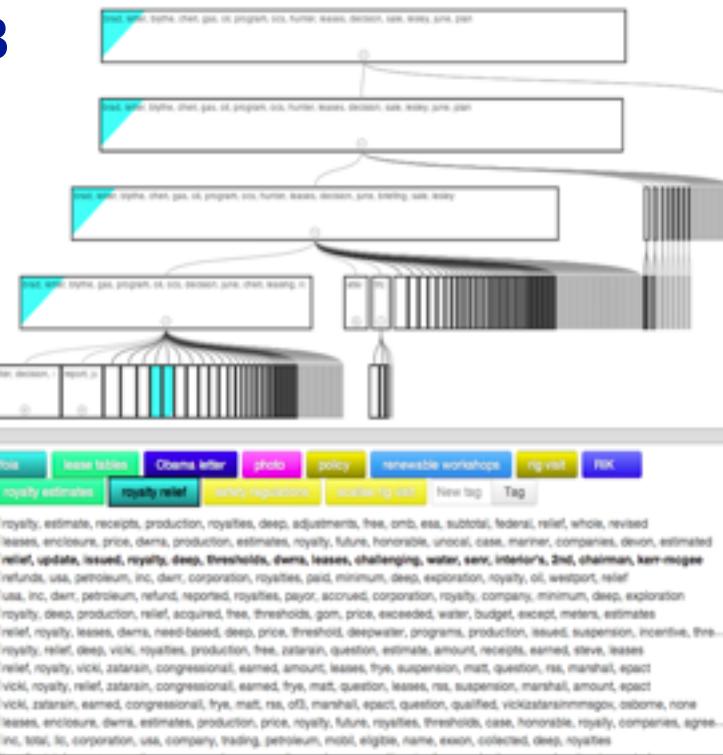
v4



v1



v3



- how to find the needle in the haystack?
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Overview origin story: WikiLeaks meets Glimmer

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- WikiLeaks: hacker-journalist Jonathan Stray analyzing Iraq warlogs
 - conjecture that existing label classification falls short of showing all meaningful structure in data
 - friendly action, criminal incident, ...
 - had some NLP, needed better vis tools



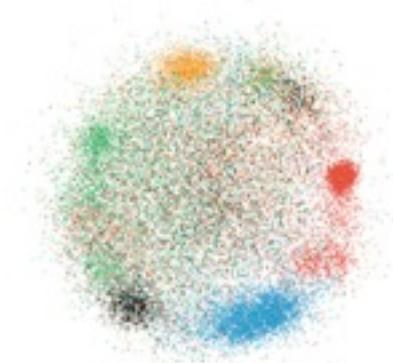
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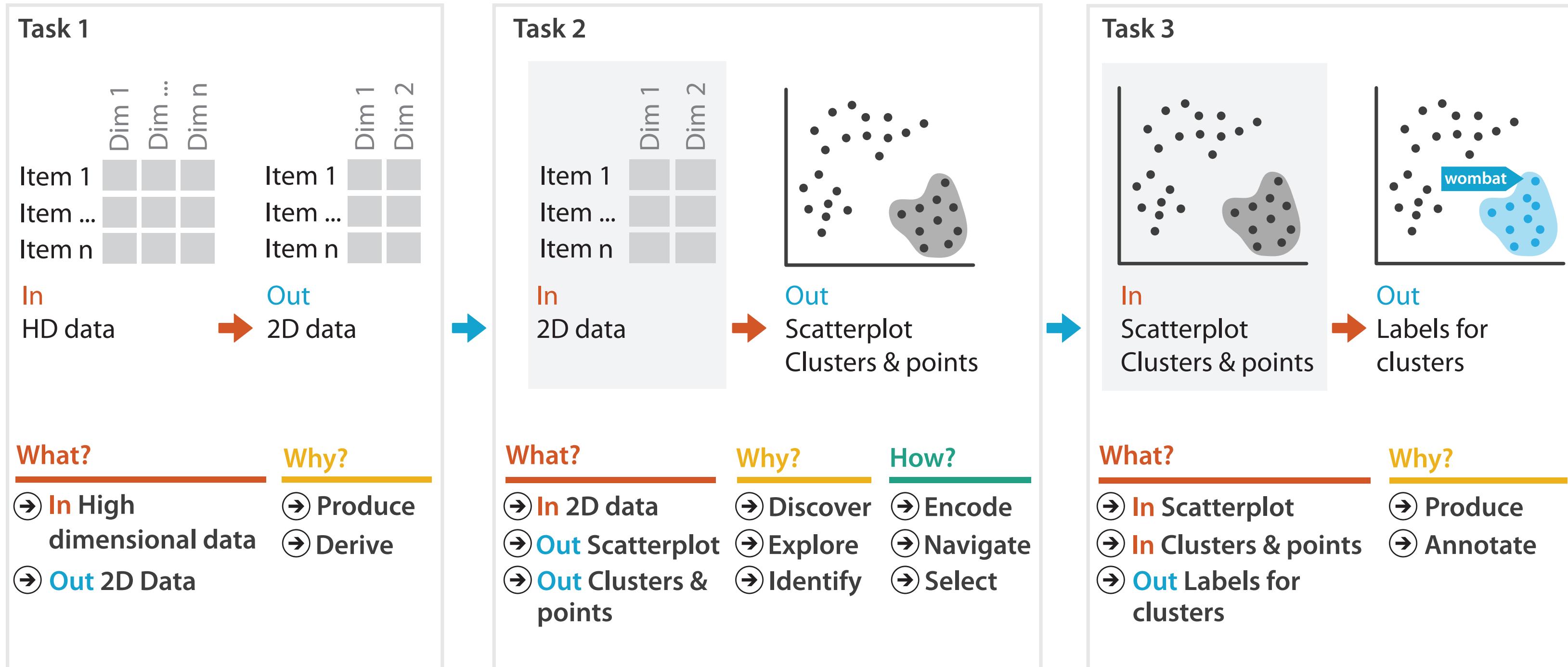


- Glimmer: multilevel dimensionality reduction algorithm
 - scalability to 30K documents and terms

[Glimmer: Multilevel MDS on the GPU.
Ingram, Munzner, Olano. IEEE TVCG 15(2):249-261, 2009.]



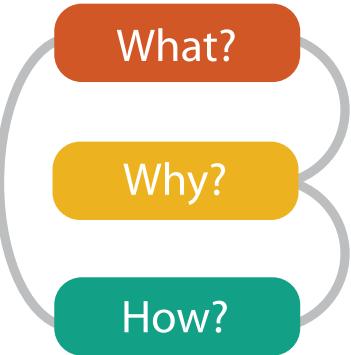
Visual dimensionality reduction for document datasets



- more on visual DR: hour-long talk *Dimensionality Reduction from Several Angles*

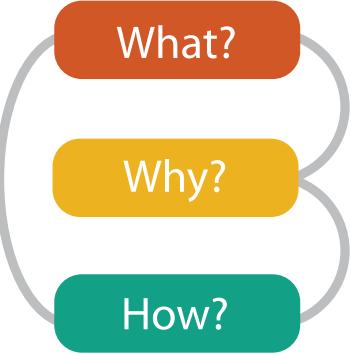
<http://www.cs.ubc.ca/~tmm/talks.html#linz14>

What/Why/How interplay



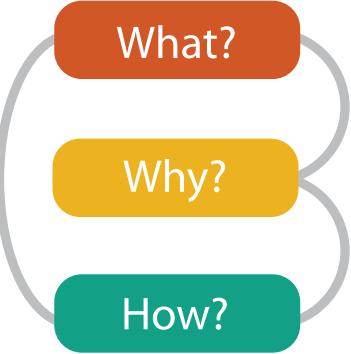
What/Why/How interplay

- **why:** understand clusters



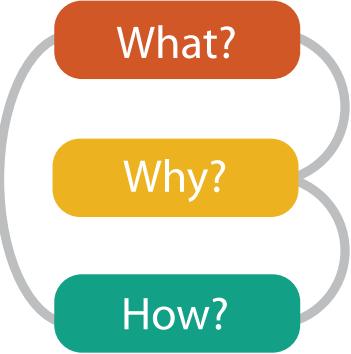
What/Why/How interplay

- **why:** understand clusters
- **what:** derive data of full cluster hierarchy



What/Why/How interplay

- **why:** understand clusters
- **what:** derive data of full cluster hierarchy
 - explore space of possible clusterings

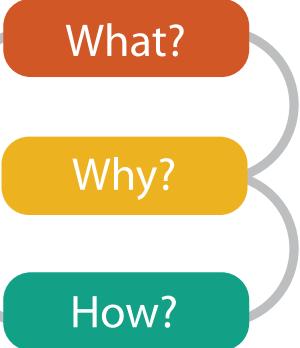
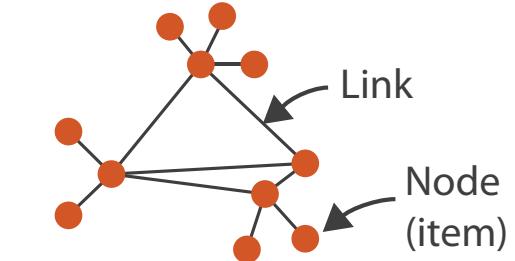


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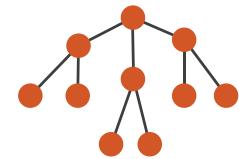
- why: understand clusters
- what: derive data of full cluster hierarchy
 - explore space of possible clusterings

→ Dataset Types

→ Networks



→ Trees

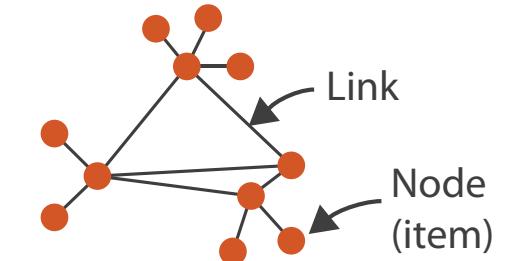


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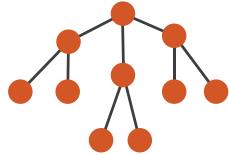
→ Dataset Types

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- what: derive data of full cluster hierarchy
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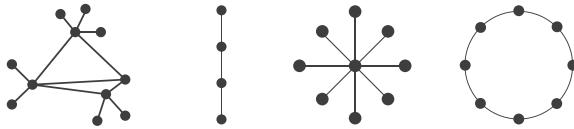
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Targets

→ Network Data

→ Topology



→ Paths

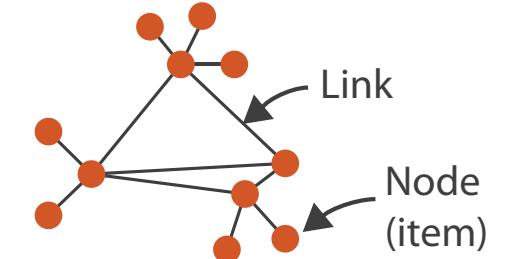


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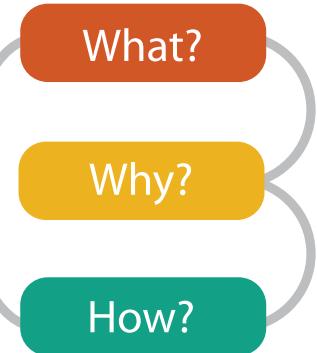
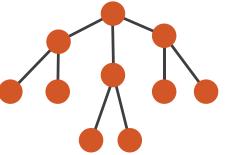
- why: understand clusters
- what: derive data of full cluster hierarchy
 - explore space of possible clusterings
- how: show cluster hierarchy

→ Dataset Types

→ Networks



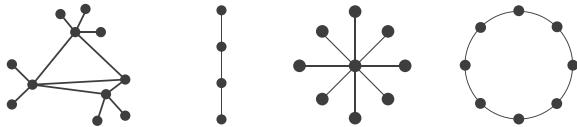
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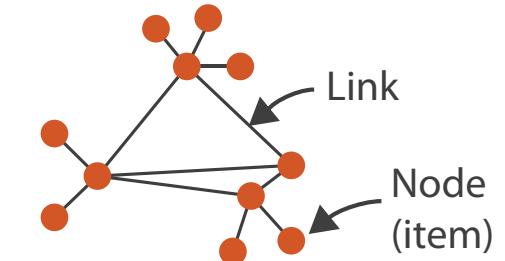


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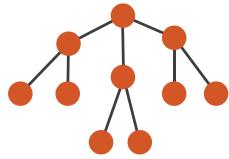
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- how: show cluster hierarchy
 - arrange space: node-link

→ Dataset Types

→ Networks



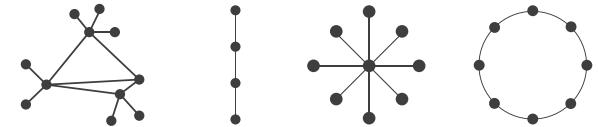
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Targets

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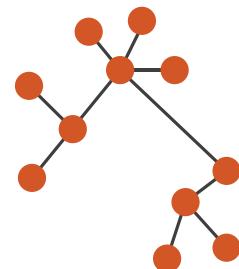
Arrange Networks And Trees

→ Node-link Diagrams

Connections and Marks

✓ NETWORKS

✓ TREES

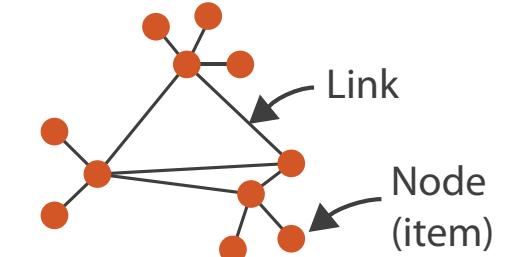


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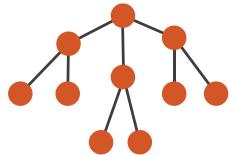
- why: understand clusters
- what: derive data of full cluster hierarchy
 - explore space of possible clusterings
- how: show cluster hierarchy
 - arrange space: node-link
- how: support tagging clusters/docs

→ Dataset Types

→ Networks



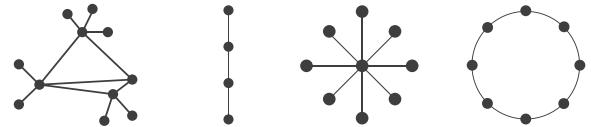
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Targets

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→ Paths



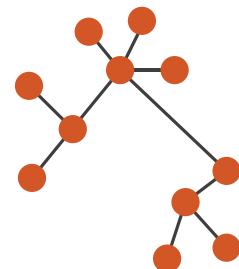
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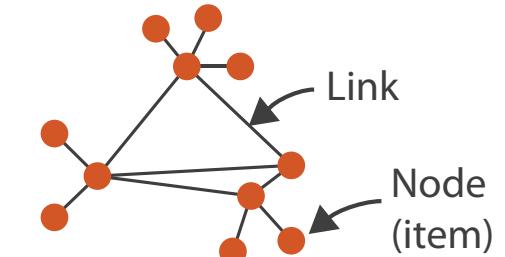


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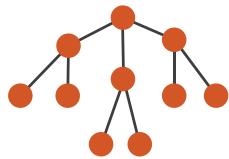
→ Networks



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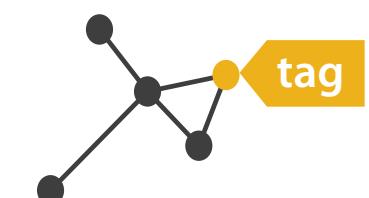
- how: show cluster hierarchy

- arrange space: node-link

- how: support tagging clusters/docs

→ Produce

→ Annotate



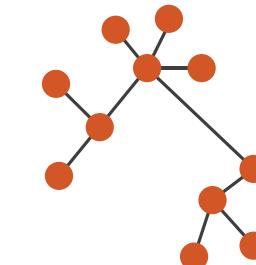
Arrange Networks And Trees

→ Node-link Diagrams

Connections and Marks

✓ NETWORKS

✓ TREES

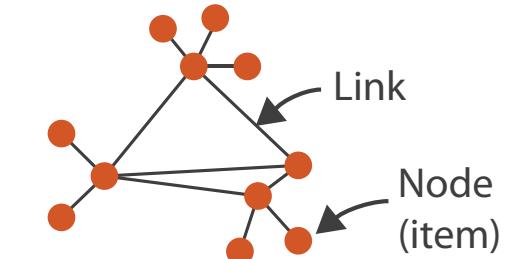


What/Why/How interplay

- why: understand clusters

→ Dataset Types

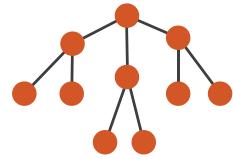
→ Networks



- what: derive data of full cluster hierarchy

- explore space of possible clusterings

→ Trees



- how: show cluster hierarchy

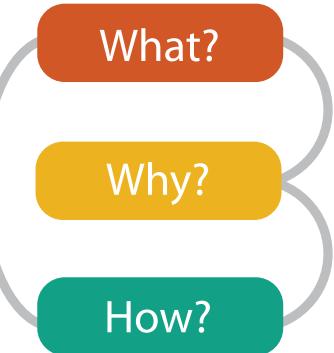
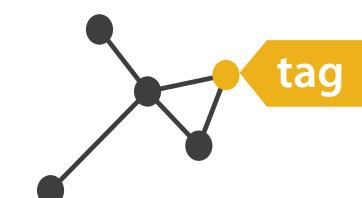
- arrange space: node-link

- how: support tagging clusters/docs

- following or cross-cutting hierarchy!

→ Produce

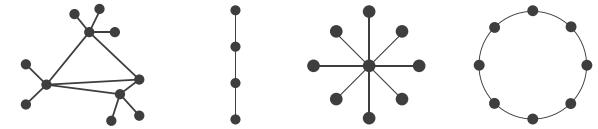
→ Annotate



Targets

→ Network Data

→ Topology



→ Paths



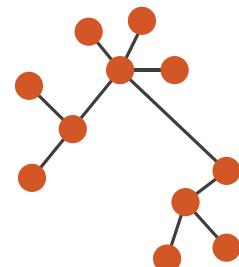
Arrange Networks And Trees

→ Node-link Diagrams

Connections and Marks

✓ NETWORKS

✓ TREES

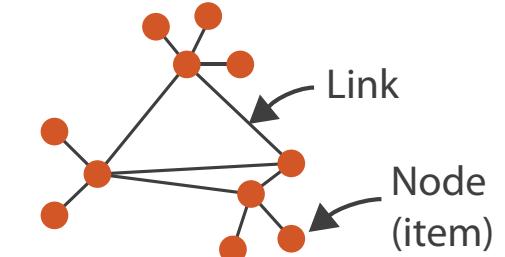


What/Why/How interplay

- why: understand clusters

→ Dataset Types

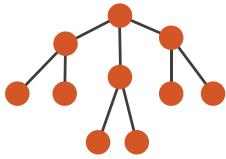
→ Networks



- what: derive data of full cluster hierarchy

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→ Trees



- how: show cluster hierarchy

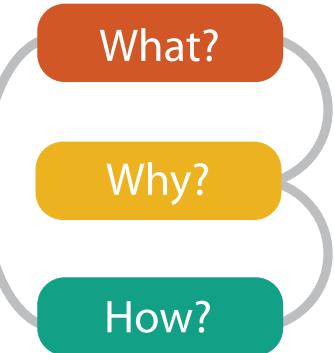
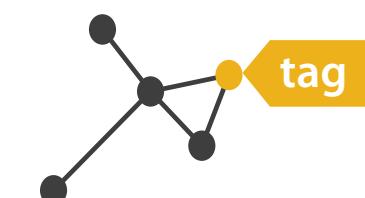
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- how: support tagging clusters/docs

- following or cross-cutting hierarchy!

→ Produce

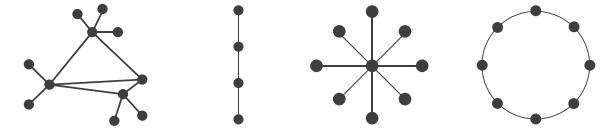
→ Annotate



Targets

→ Network Data

→ Topology



→ Paths



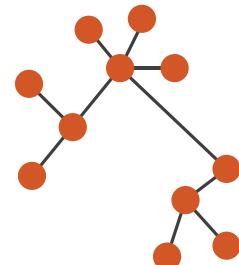
Arrange Networks And Trees

→ Node-link Diagrams

Connections and Marks

✓ NETWORKS

✓ TREES

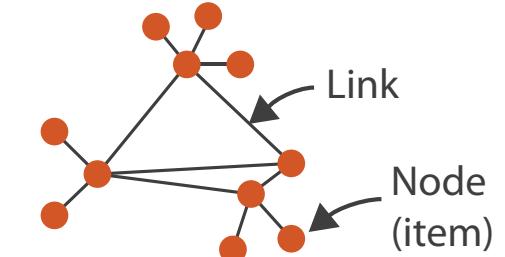


What/Why/How interplay

- why: understand clusters

→ Dataset Types

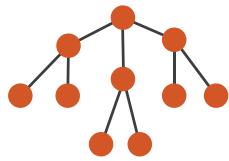
→ Networks



- what: derive data of full cluster hierarchy

- explore space of possible clusterings

→ Trees



- how: show cluster hierarchy

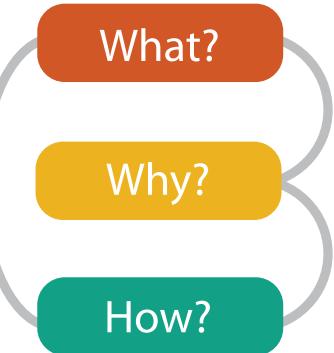
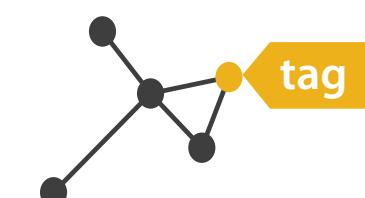
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- how: support tagging clusters/docs

- following or cross-cutting hierarchy!

→ Produce

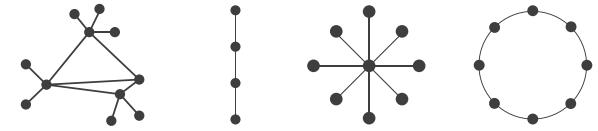
→ Annotate



Targets

→ Network Data

→ Topology



→ Paths



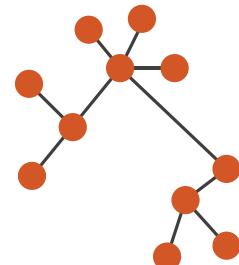
Arrange Networks And Trees

→ Node-link Diagrams

Connections and Marks

✓ NETWORKS

✓ TREES

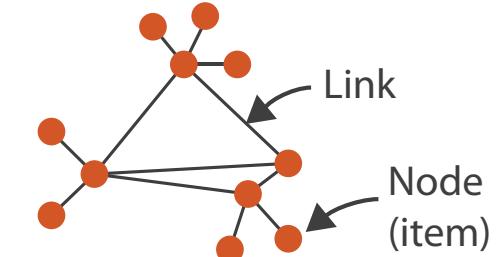


What/Why/How interplay

- why: understand clusters

→ Dataset Types

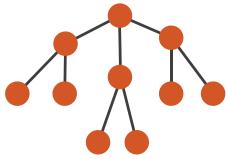
→ Networks



- what: derive data of full cluster hierarchy

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→ Trees



- how: show cluster hierarchy

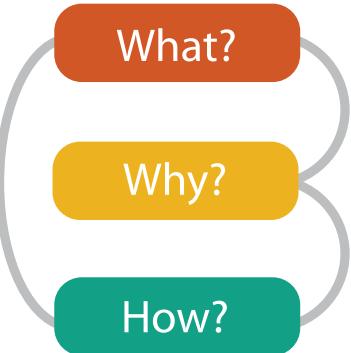
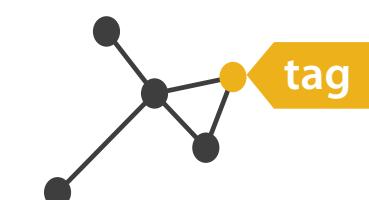
- arrange space: node-link

- how: support tagging clusters/docs

- following or cross-cutting hierarchy!

→ Produce

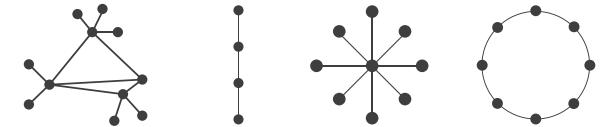
→ Annotate



Targets

→ Network Data

→ Topology



→ Paths



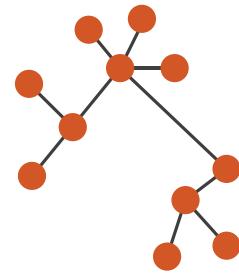
Arrange Networks And Trees

→ Node-link Diagrams

Connections and Marks

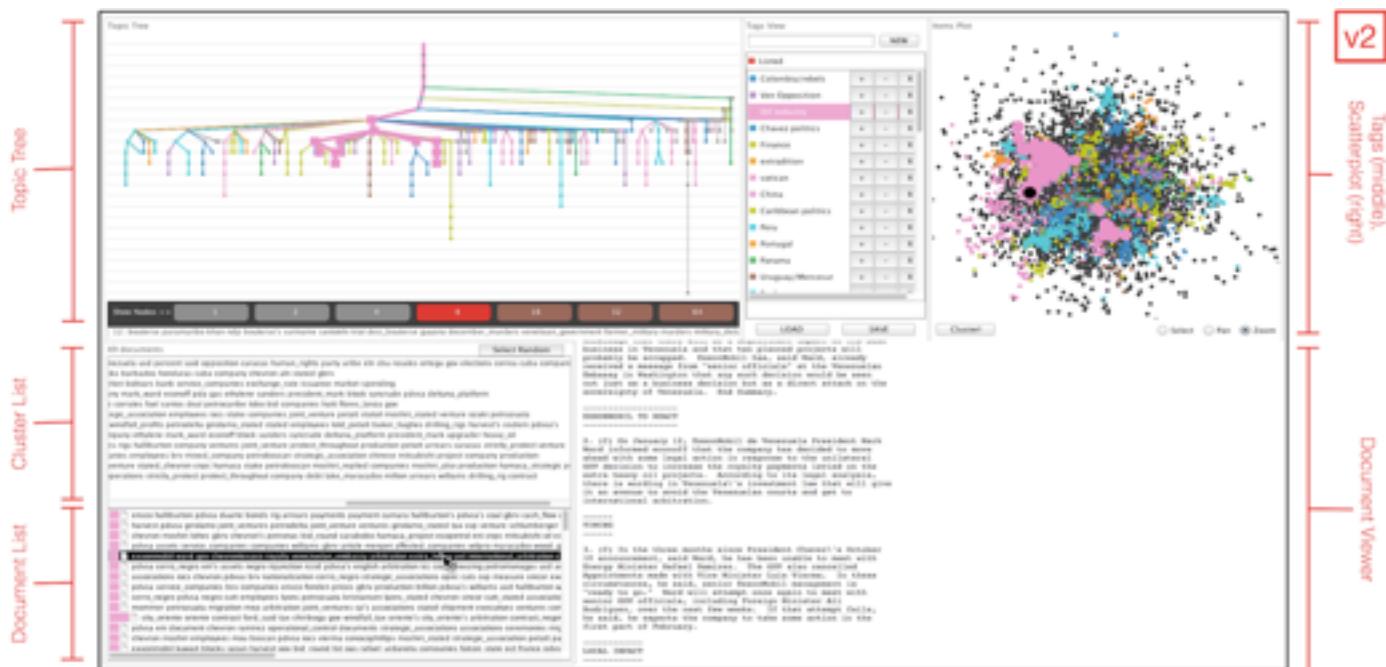
✓ NETWORKS

✓ TREES



How: Idiom design decisions

- facet: juxtapose linked views
 - linked color coding
 - cluster hierarchy tree
 - DR scatterplot
 - reading text/keywords
 - cluster list
 - doc reader



→ Juxtapose and Coordinate Views

→ Share Encoding: Same/Different

→ Linked Highlighting



→ Identity Channels: Categorical Attributes

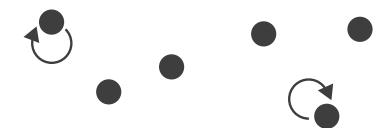
Spatial region



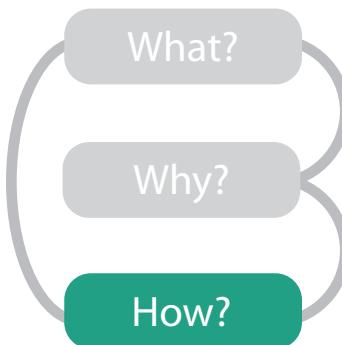
Color hue



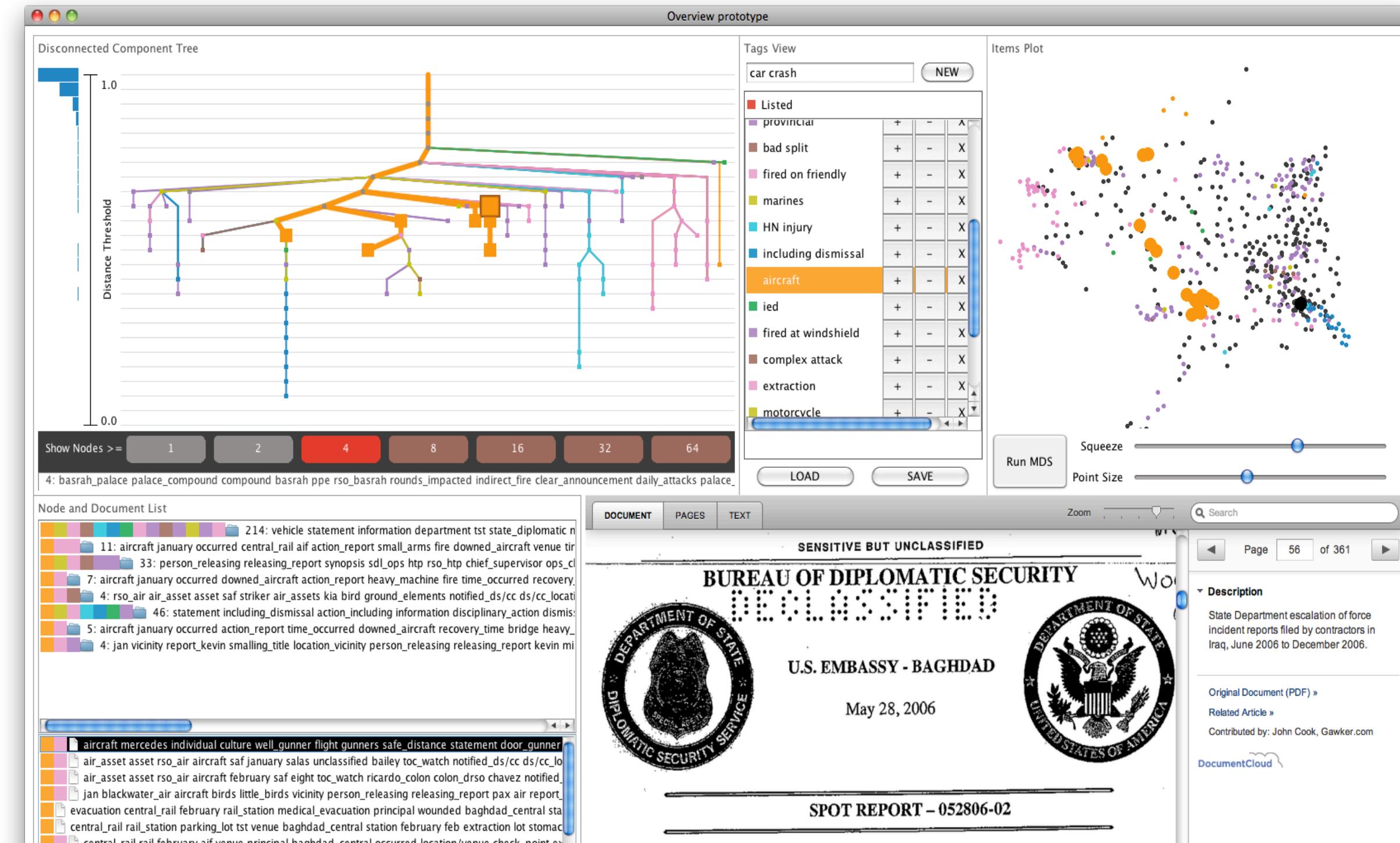
Motion



Shape



Overview video (version 1)



<http://www.cs.ubc.ca/labs/imager/tr/2012/modiscotag/>

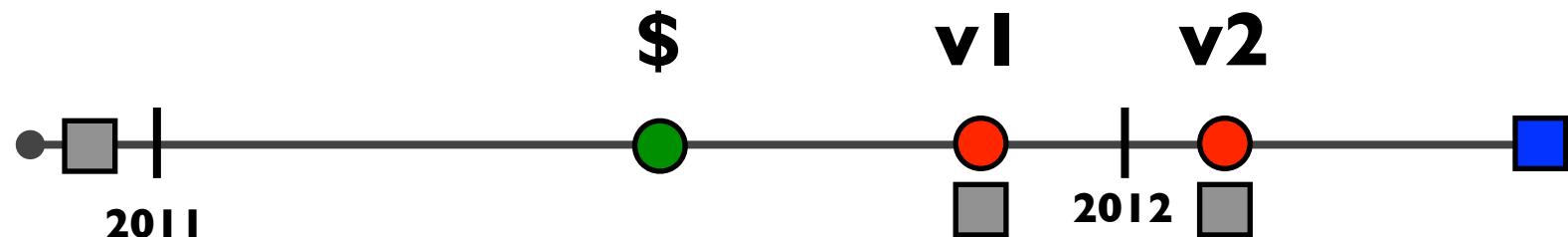
Path to adoption

- version I
 - fast cluster hierarchy construction for sparse data
 - research prototype by PhD student
 - positive initial assessment from AP Caracas bureau chief
 - barrier to adoption: difficult install/load process



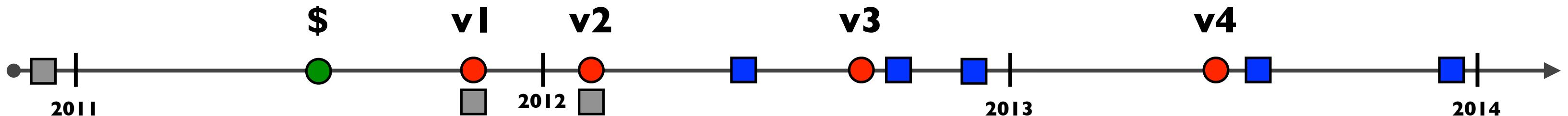
Path to adoption

- version 1
 - fast cluster hierarchy construction for sparse data
 - research prototype by PhD student
 - positive initial assessment from AP Caracas bureau chief
 - barrier to adoption: difficult install/load process
- version 2
 - web deployment, DocumentCloud integration, usability
 - many months of engineering
 - Knight Foundation funding to the rescue!
 - published story by unaffiliated reporter: police corruption in Tulsa

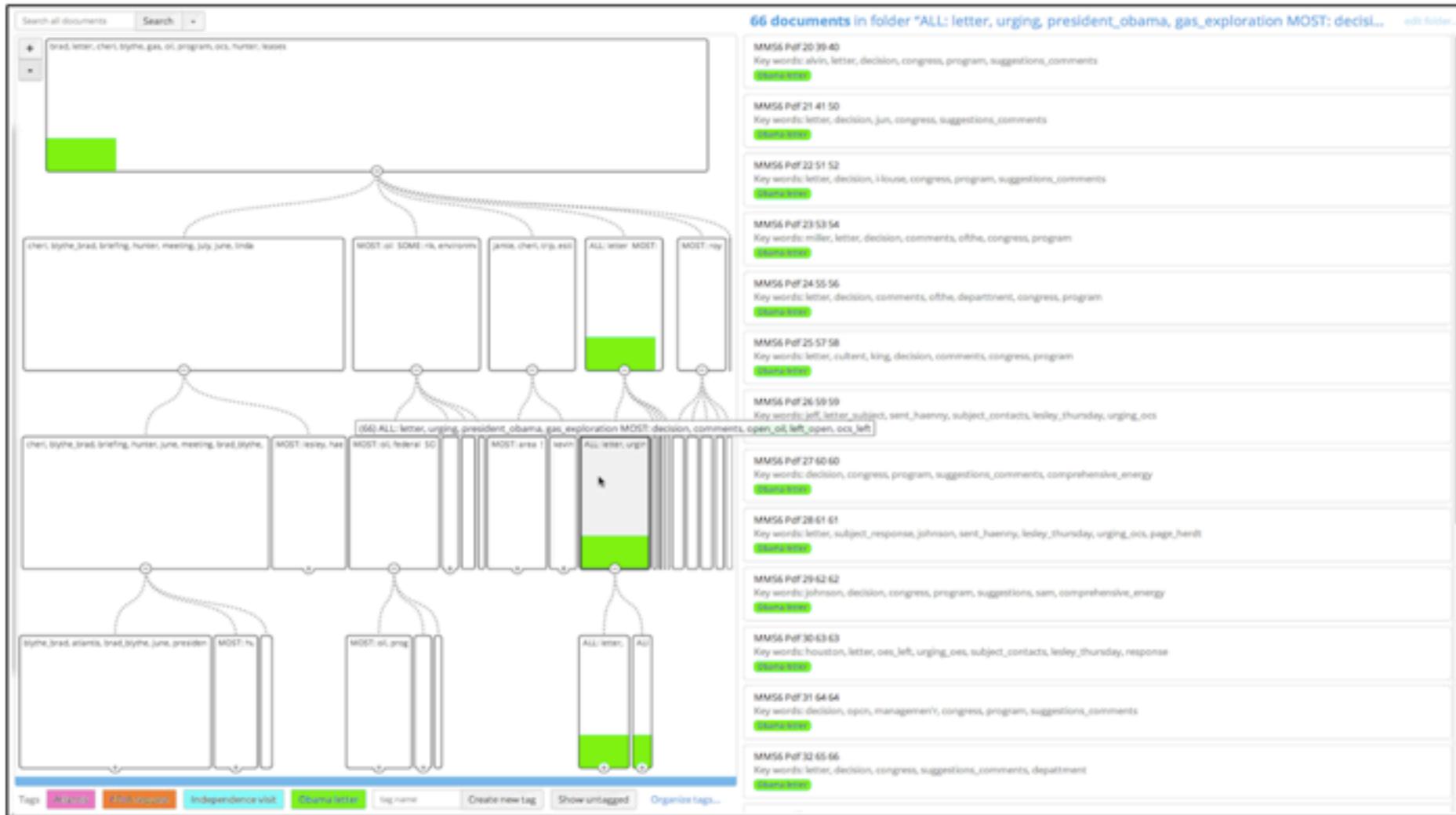


Path to adoption

- even more rounds of what/why/how interplay
 - which views needed? what should they show? how should they show it?
 - usability and utility
- version 3
 - published story: VP candidate Ryan asked for federal help even as championed cuts
 - published story: gun control debate
- version 4
 - followup investigation: government corruption in Texas
 - published story: police misconduct in New York (*Pulitzer prize finalist!*)

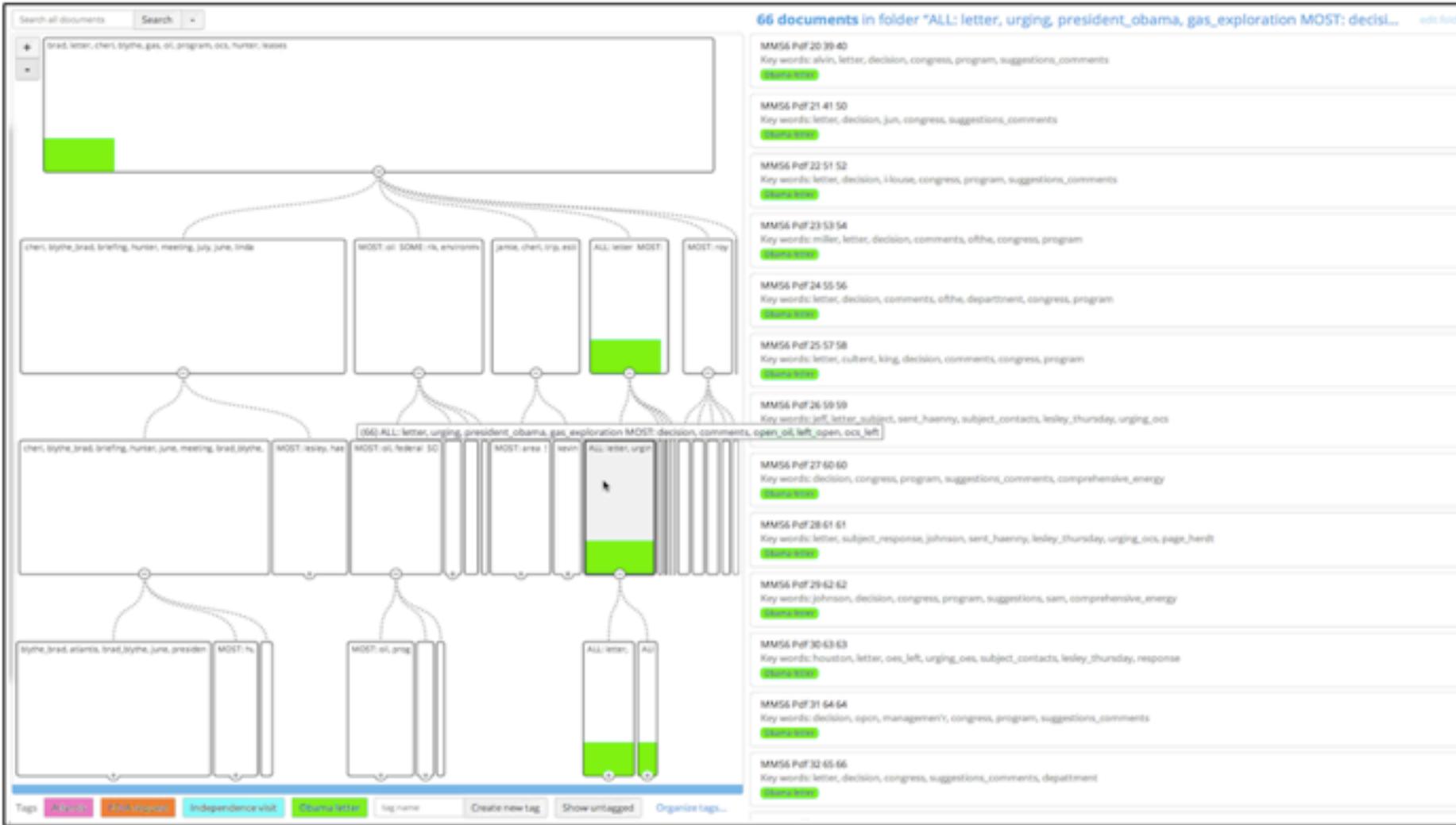


Overview video v4



<http://vimeo.com/71483614>

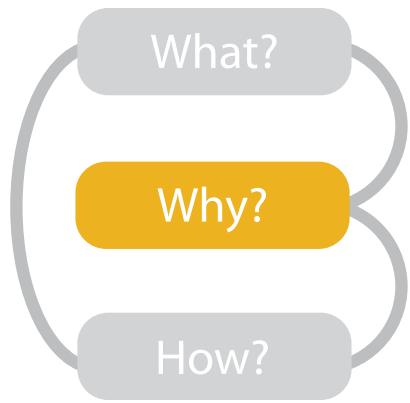
Overview video v4



<http://vimeo.com/71483614>

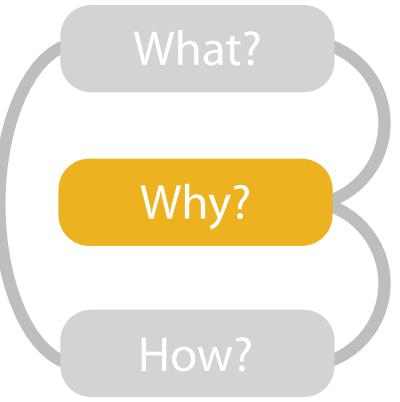
- versions 3 and 4
 - no DR scatterplot
 - tree arrangement emphasizing nodes not links
 - combined doc/cluster viewer

Why: Task abstractions



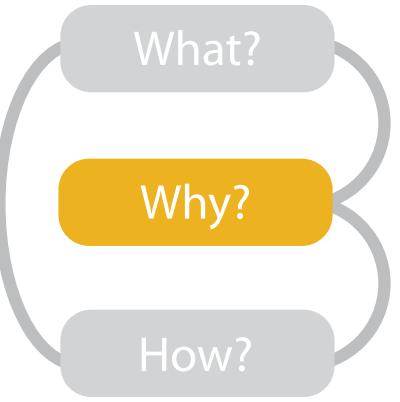
Why: Task abstractions

- what's in this collection?
(of leaked docs)



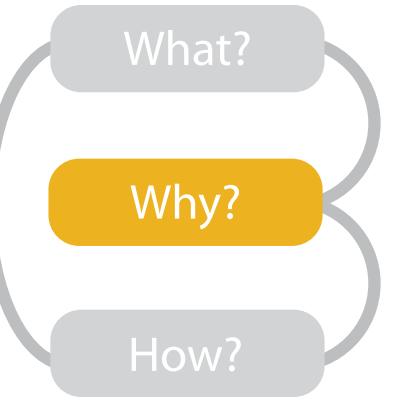
Why: Task abstractions

- what's in this collection?
(of leaked docs)
 - *generate hypothesis*



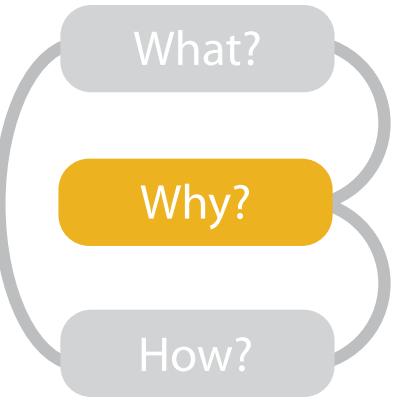
Why: Task abstractions

- what's in this collection?
(of leaked docs)
 - *generate hypothesis*
 - *summarize clusters*



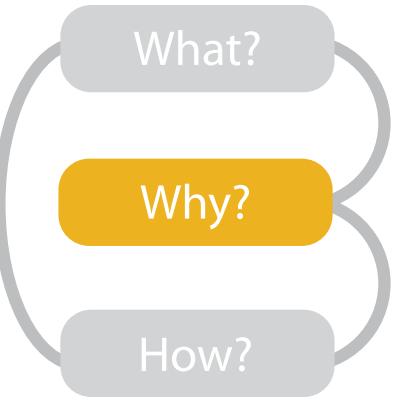
Why: Task abstractions

- what's in this collection?
(of leaked docs)
 - generate hypothesis
 - summarize clusters
 - explore clusters



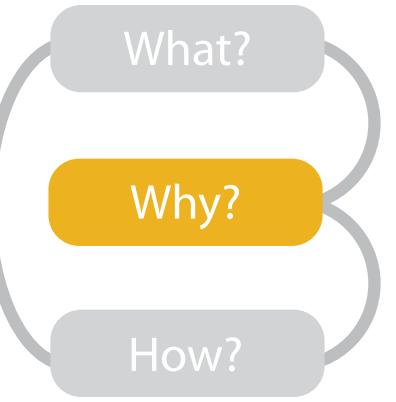
Why: Task abstractions

- what's in this collection?
(of leaked docs)
 - generate hypothesis
 - summarize clusters
 - explore clusters
- locate evidence
(within FOIA dump)



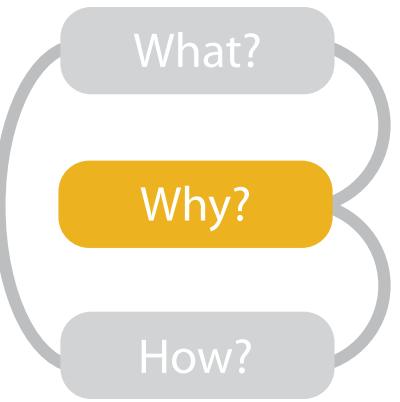
Why: Task abstractions

- what's in this collection?
(of leaked docs)
 - generate hypothesis
 - summarize clusters
 - explore clusters
- locate evidence
(within FOIA dump)
 - verify hypothesis



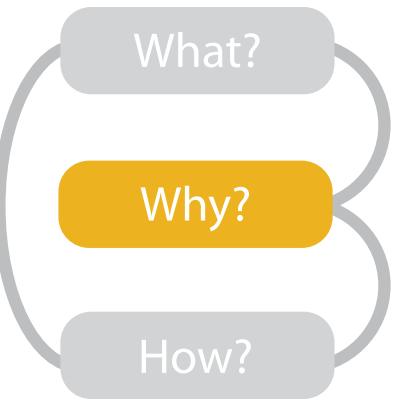
Why: Task abstractions

- what's in this collection?
(of leaked docs)
 - generate hypothesis
 - summarize clusters
 - explore clusters
- locate evidence
(within FOIA dump)
 - verify hypothesis
 - identify clusters/documents



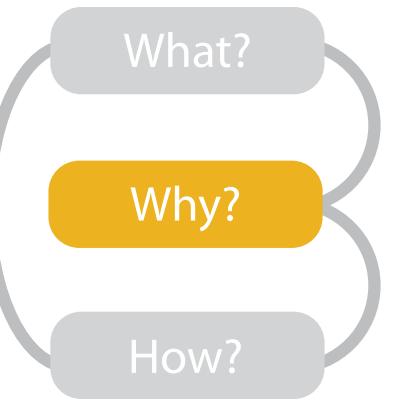
Why: Task abstractions

- what's in this collection?
(of leaked docs)
 - generate hypothesis
 - summarize clusters
 - explore clusters
- locate evidence
(within FOIA dump)
 - verify hypothesis
 - identify clusters/documents
 - locate clusters/documents



Why: Task abstractions

- what's in this collection?
(of leaked docs)
 - generate hypothesis
 - summarize clusters
 - explore clusters
- locate evidence
(within FOIA dump)
 - verify hypothesis
 - *identify clusters/documents*
 - *locate clusters/documents*



Why: Task abstractions

- what's in this collection?
(of leaked docs)

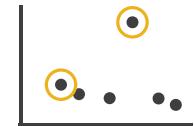
- generate hypothesis
 - summarize clusters
 - explore clusters



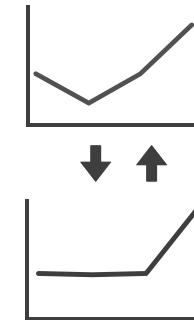
- locate evidence
(within FOIA dump)
- verify hypothesis
 - identify clusters/documents
 - locate clusters/documents

→ **Query**

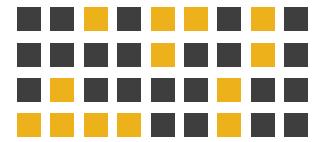
→ Identify



→ Compare



→ Summarise



What?

Why?

How?

Why: Task abstractions

- what's in this collection?
(of leaked docs)

- generate hypothesis
- summarize clusters
- explore clusters

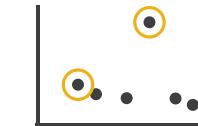


- locate evidence
(within FOIA dump)

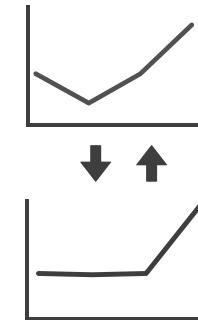
- verify hypothesis
- identify clusters/documents
- locate clusters/documents

→ **Query**

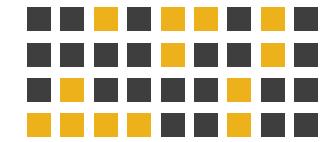
→ Identify



→ Compare



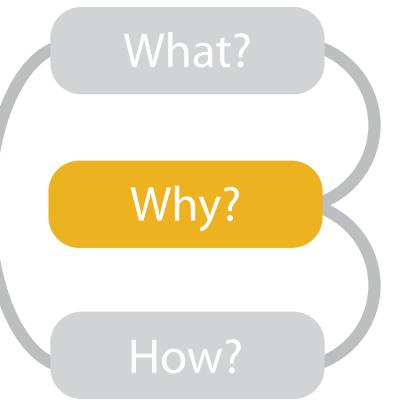
→ Summarise



→ **Search**

	Target known	Target unknown
Location known	••• <i>Lookup</i>	••• <i>Browse</i>
Location unknown	◁•○▷ <i>Locate</i>	◁•○▷ <i>Explore</i>

[A Multi-Level Typology of Abstract Visualization Tasks.
Brehmer and Munzner. IEEE TVCG 19(12):2376-2385,
2013 (Proc. InfoVis 2013).]



Why: Task abstractions

- what's in this collection?
(of leaked docs)

- generate hypothesis
- summarize clusters
- explore clusters



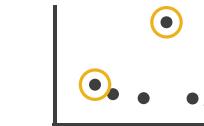
- locate evidence
(within FOIA dump)

- verify hypothesis
- identify clusters/documents
- locate clusters/documents

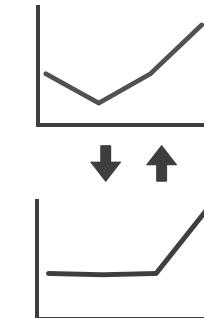
- prove non-existence of evidence

→ **Query**

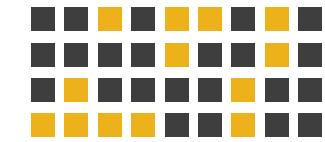
→ Identify



→ Compare



→ Summarise



→ **Search**

	Target known	Target unknown
Location known	••• <i>Lookup</i>	••• <i>Browse</i>
Location unknown	◁•○▷ <i>Locate</i>	◁•○▷ <i>Explore</i>

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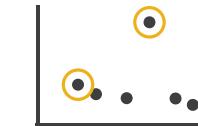
Why: Task abstractions

- what's in this collection?
(of leaked docs)
 - generate hypothesis
 - summarize clusters
 - explore clusters
- locate evidence
(within FOIA dump)
 - verify hypothesis
 - identify clusters/documents
 - locate clusters/documents
- prove non-existence of evidence
 - even harder!

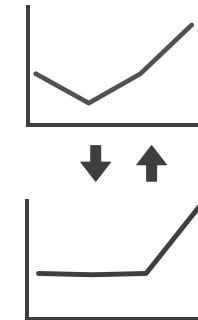


→ **Query**

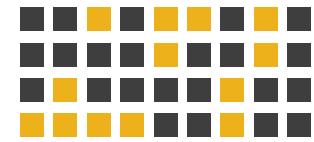
→ Identify



→ Compare



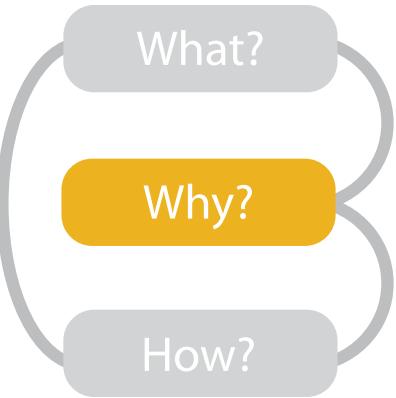
→ Summarise



→ **Search**

	Target known	Target unknown
Location known	••• <i>Lookup</i>	••• <i>Browse</i>
Location unknown	◁•○▷ <i>Locate</i>	◁•○▷ <i>Explore</i>

[A Multi-Level Typology of Abstract Visualization Tasks.
Brehmer and Munzner. IEEE TVCG 19(12):2376-2385,
2013 (Proc. InfoVis 2013).]



Why: Task abstractions

- what's in this collection?
(of leaked docs)

- generate hypothesis
- summarize clusters
- explore clusters



- locate evidence
(within FOIA dump)

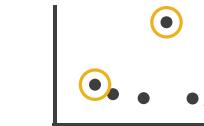
- verify hypothesis
- identify clusters/documents
- locate clusters/documents

- prove non-existence of evidence

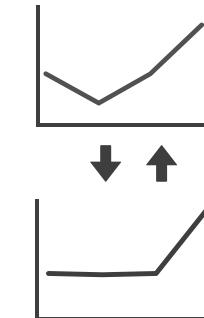
- even harder!
- exhaustive reading vs filtering out irrelevant

→ **Query**

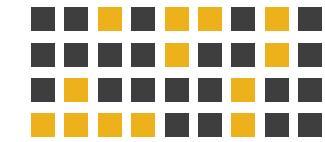
→ Identify



→ Compare



→ Summarise



→ **Search**

	Target known	Target unknown
Location known	••• <i>Lookup</i>	••• <i>Browse</i>
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[A Multi-Level Typology of Abstract Visualization Tasks.
Brehmer and Munzner. IEEE TVCG 19(12):2376-2385,
2013 (Proc. InfoVis 2013).]

Now what?



- continuing adoption
 - food stamp distribution delays in North Carolina
 - Surprise! Many credit card agreements allow repossession
 - The brilliance of Louis C.K.'s emails: He writes like a politician
 - Private memo reveals winding tale involving John McCain, the NRA, and... condors
- continuing development
 - Knight Foundation funds v5: named entity recognition, plugin API
- InfoVis14 paper

[Overview: The Design, Adoption, and Analysis of a Visual Document Mining Tool For Investigative Journalists. Brehmer, Ingram, Stray, and, Munzner.](#)

<http://www.cs.ubc.ca/labs/imager/tr/2014/Overview/>

Algorithm: Spinoff series

- dimensionality reduction for huge text collections
 - great algorithm problem in its own right!
 - t-SNE: fast and high-quality DR for millions of documents
 - key feature: handle sparseness appropriately

[Dimensionality Reduction for Documents with Nearest Neighbor Queries.

Ingram and Munzner. Neurocomputing (Special Issue on Visual Analytics using Multidimensional Projections), to appear 2014.]

<http://www.cs.ubc.ca/labs/imager/tr/2014/QSNE/>

