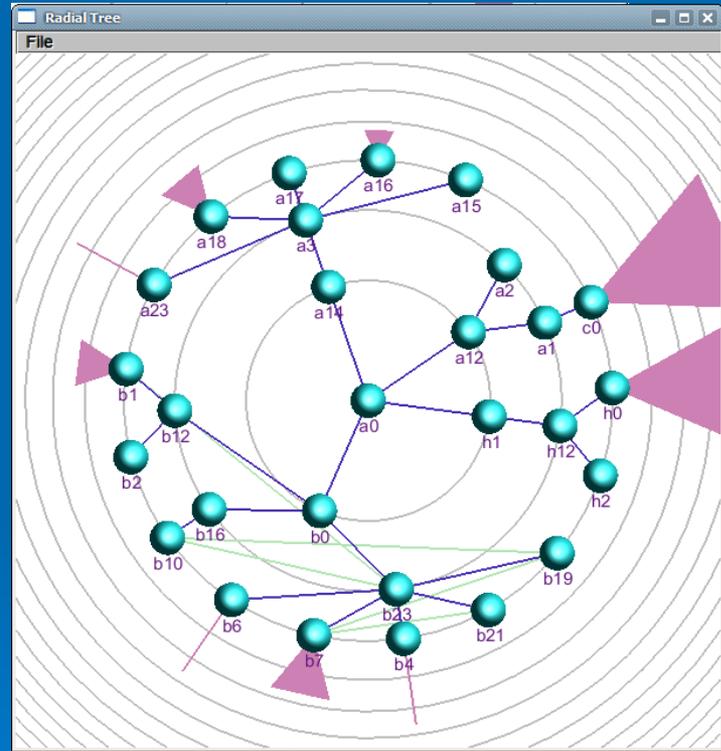
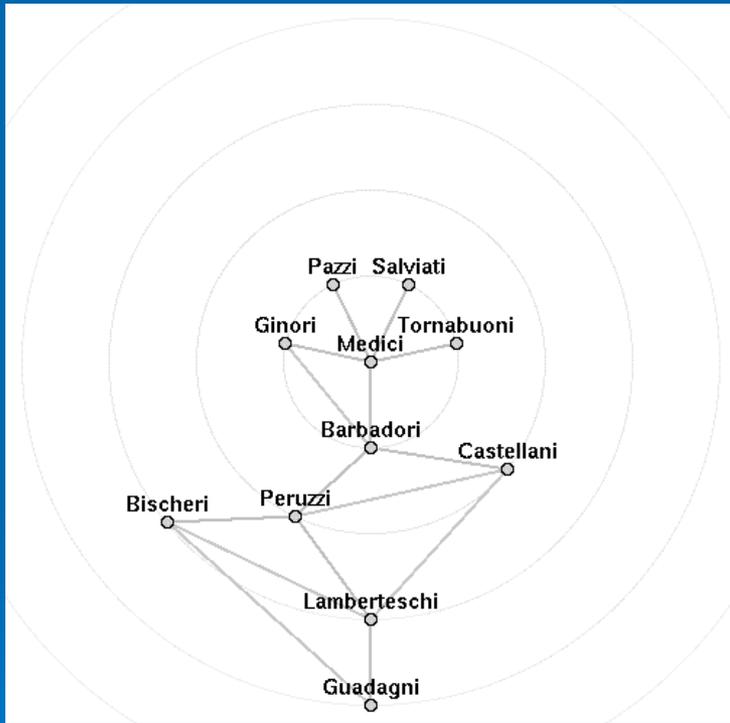


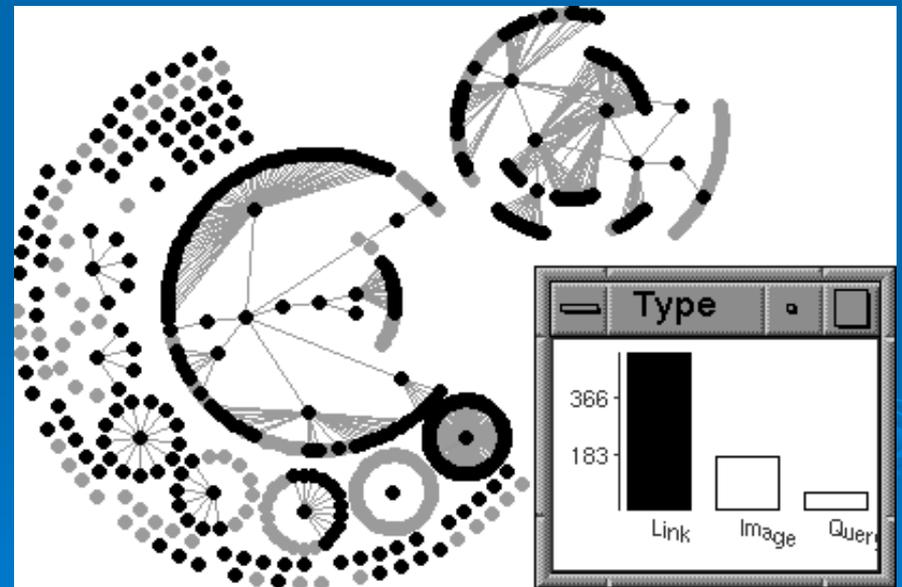
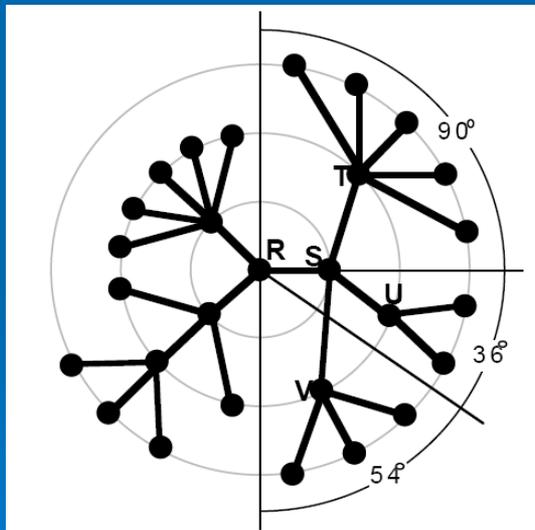
# Pushing the Scale of Radial Graph Drawing



Presentation by Cody Robson

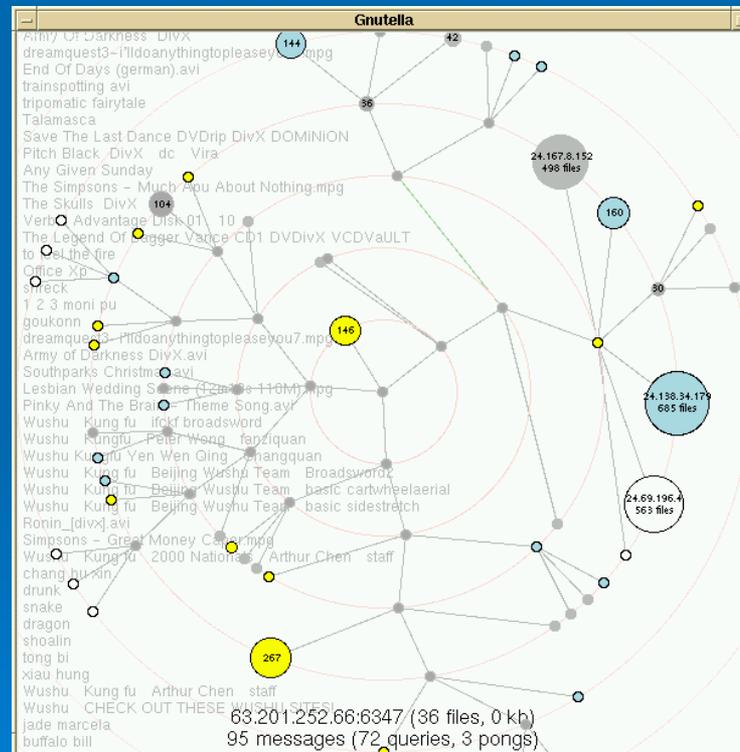
# Radial Graph Drawing Recap

- Radial placement lays out graph as a tree
- Focused node treated as root
- Radians of circles divided amongst children



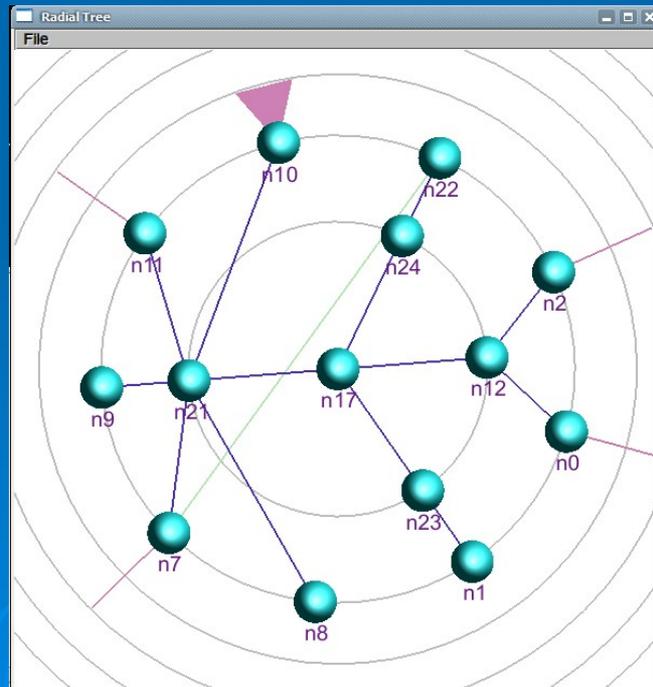
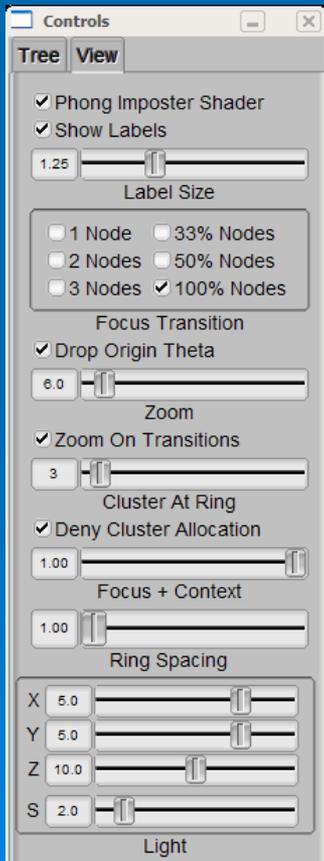
Wills, *NicheWorks – Interactive Visualization of Very Large Graphs*  
Journal of Computational and Graphical Statistics, Vol 8 No 2, 190-212

# Animated Exploration of Dynamic Graphs with Radial Layout



# My Goals

- Technique-driven
- Start with Yee et al.'s feature set
- Add extensions to aid with scaling



# Features of Yee et al.

## *Technique Features*

- Animated focus transitions
- Interpolating Polar Coordinates
- Slow-in Slow-out
- Graph Orientation Constraint
- Constrained Neighbor Ordering

## *Data Features*

- Dynamic Node Addition/Subtraction
- Dynamic Node Sizes

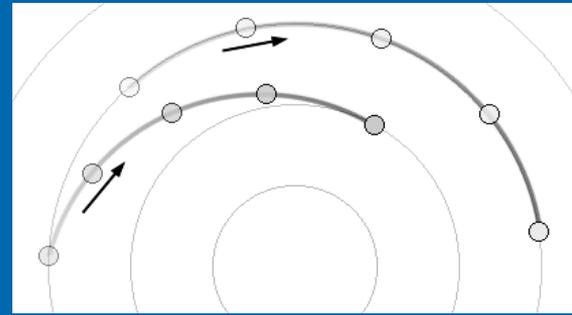
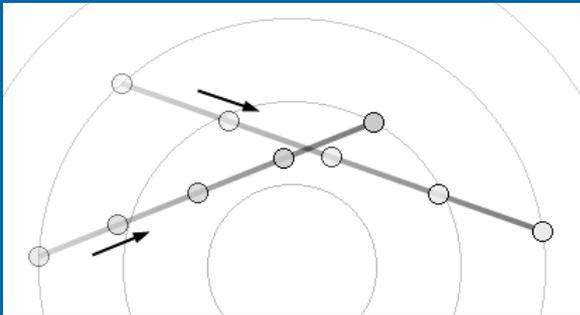
# Scaling of Yee et al.

- Nodes bunch up on wider rings
- Large Transitions are a mess
- Terrible at leaf nodes of trees

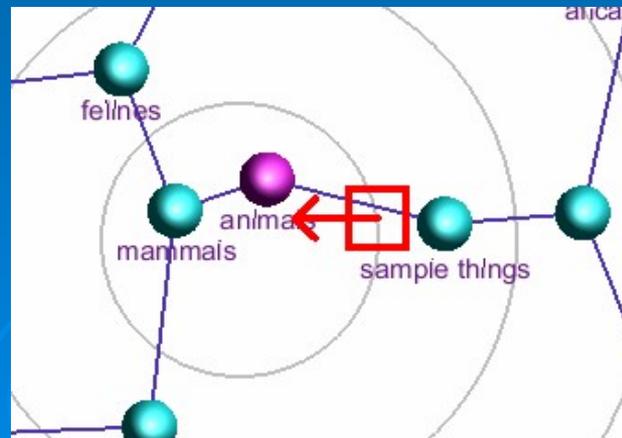


# Polar Interpolation

Motivation: Avoid massive intersection

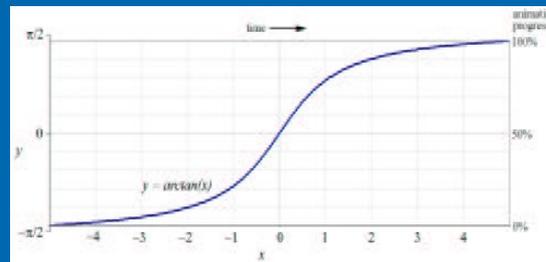


My extension: Dropping orientation at the origin

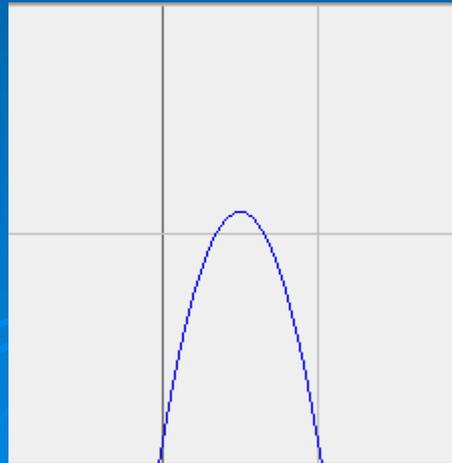


# Slow in Slow out

Yee et al.: Arctangent position function

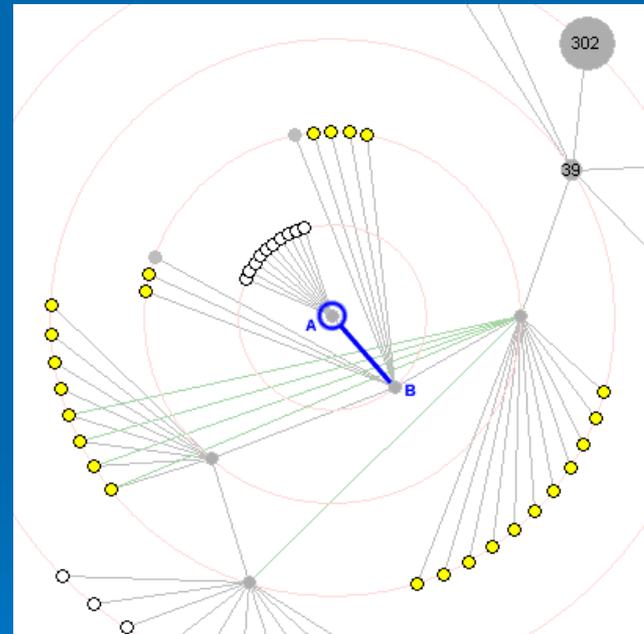
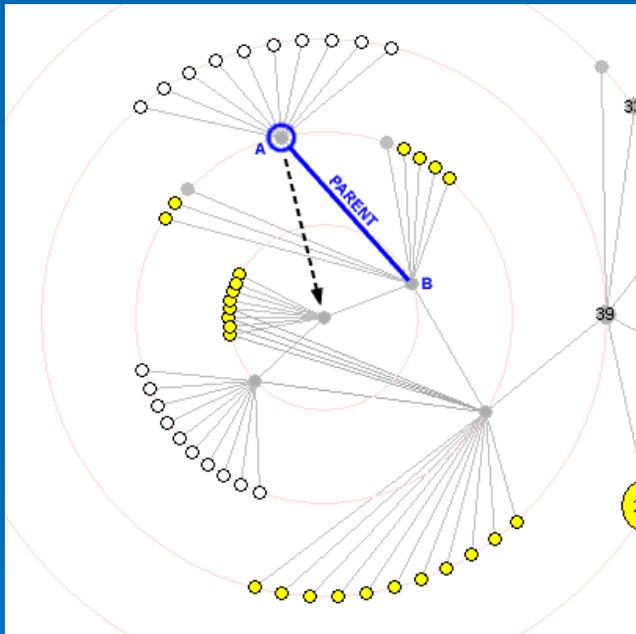


Me: Quadratic velocity function



# Orientation Constraint

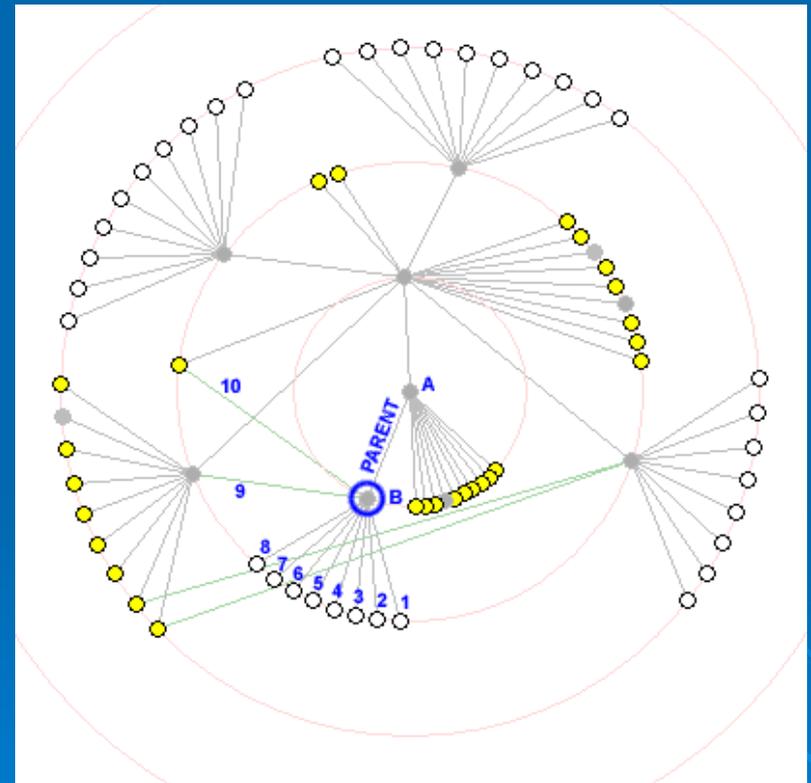
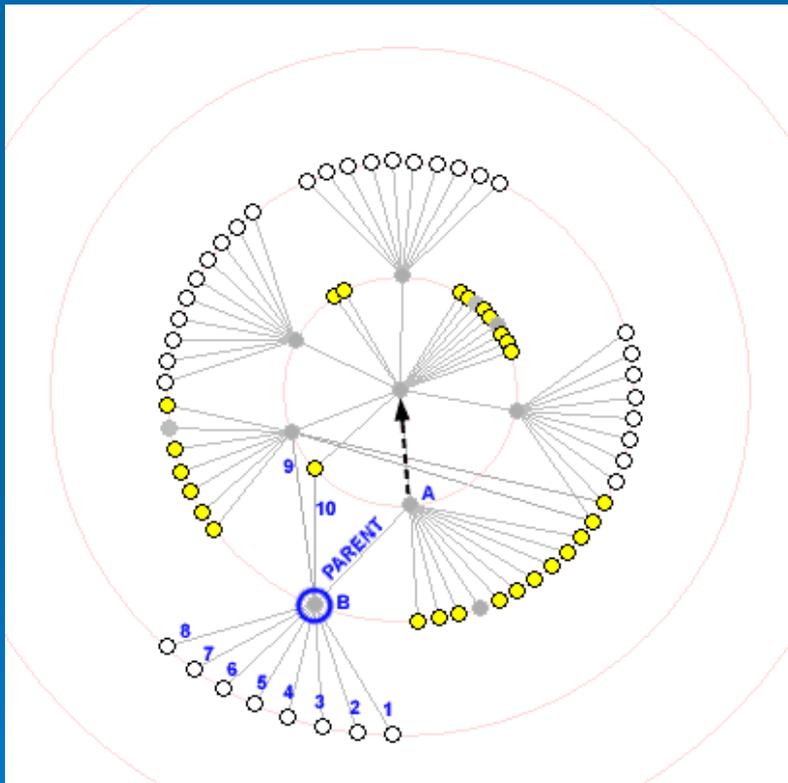
Motivation: Reduce rotational travel



Maintain direction of edge between new focus and parent

# Consistent Neighbor Ordering

Easy: Node's old tree children remain ordered

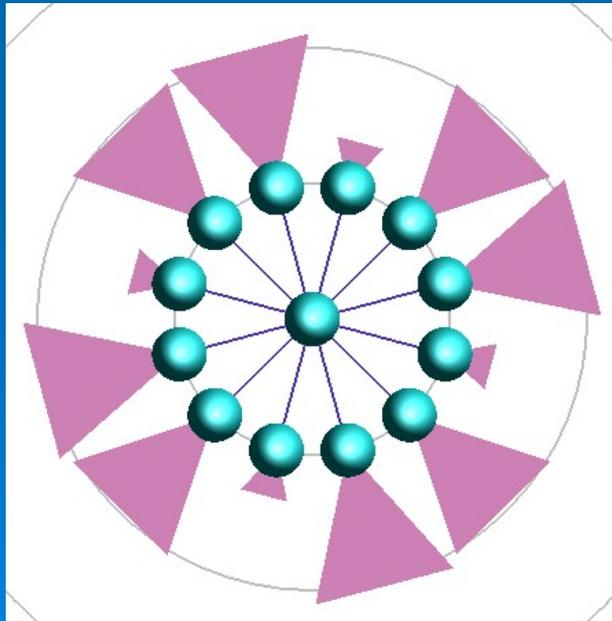


Harder: Node's *new* tree children remain ordered

# Extensions of Yee et al.

Two proposed extensions:

- Intermediate focus transitions
- Node aggregation



# Transition Series

Focus walks along shortest path

|                                  |  |
|----------------------------------|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1 Node  | <input type="checkbox"/> 33% Nodes             |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 2 Nodes | <input type="checkbox"/> 50% Nodes             |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 3 Nodes | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 100% Nodes |

Focus Transition

- One / two /  $n$  node jump
- 33% / 50% node jump

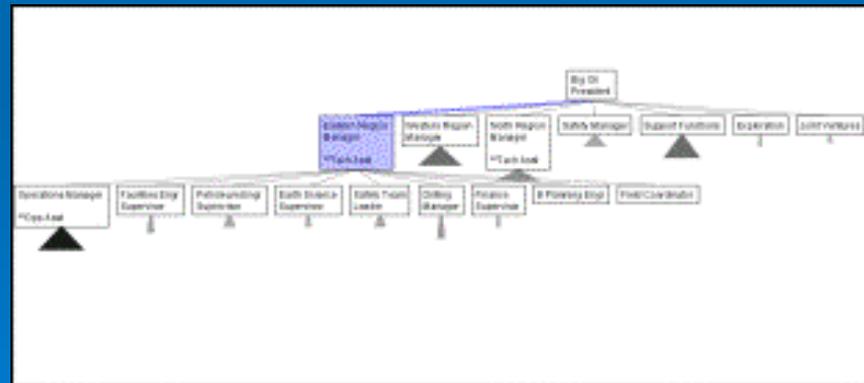
Slow-in Slow-out for each transition!

# Node Aggregation

Cluster nodes or sub trees?

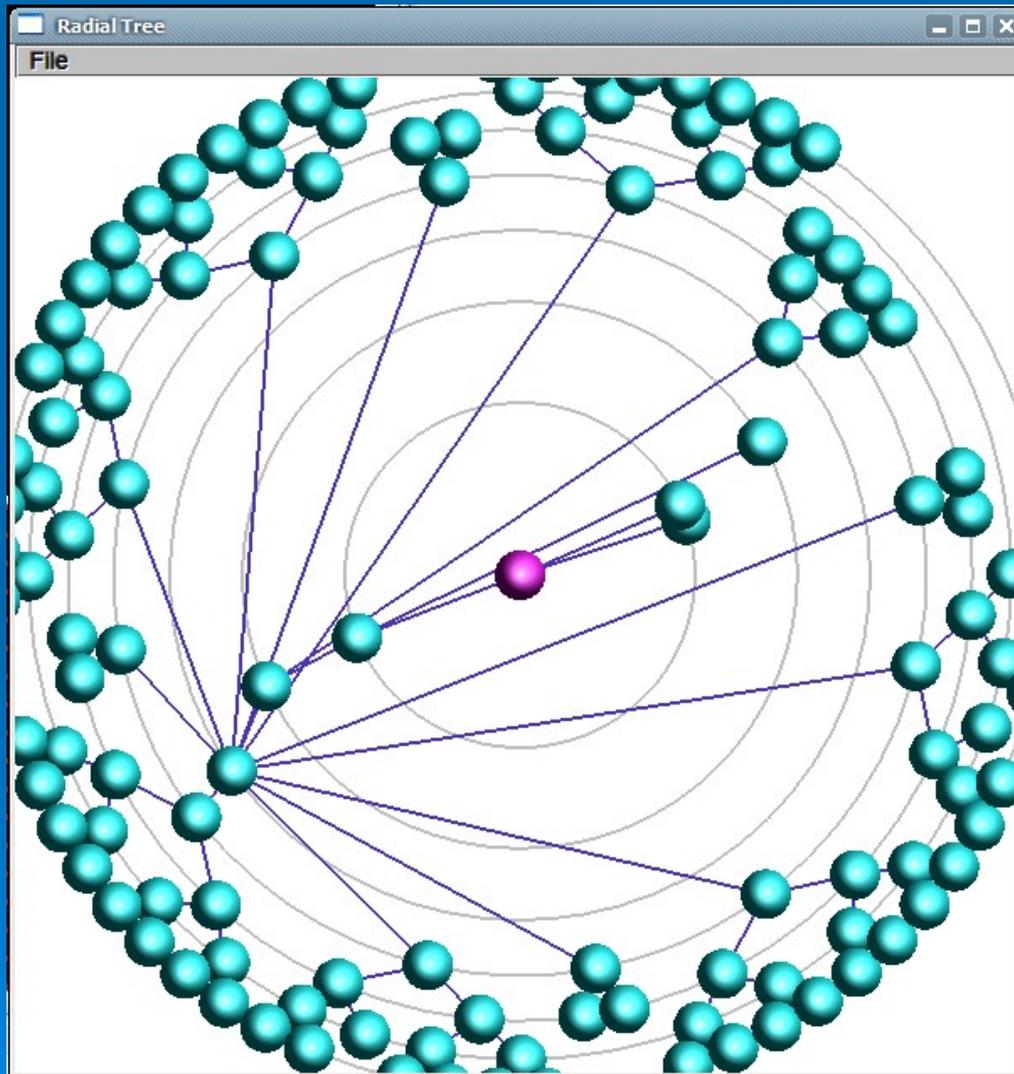
SpaceTree's *Triangular Preview*

- Should scale logarithmically
- Straight Lines for single-width paths

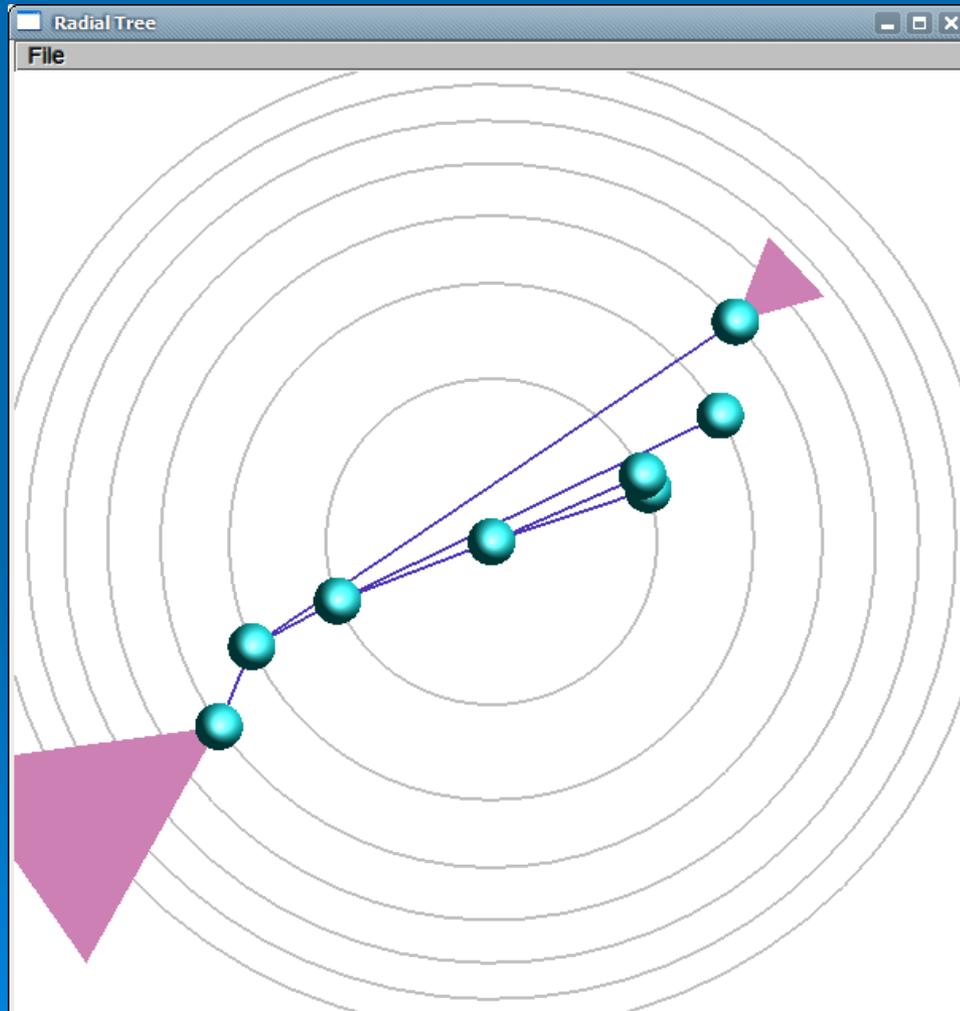


Consider effects on radial layout!

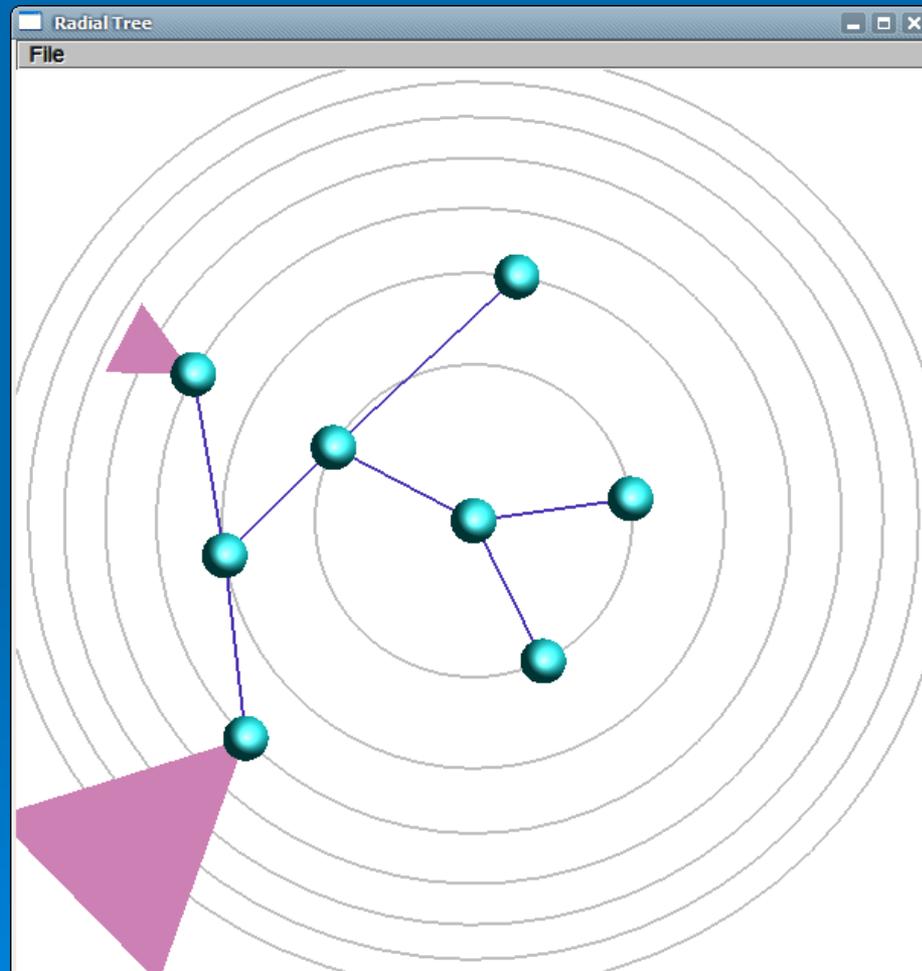
# Radial Layout of Trees



# Radial Layout of Trees

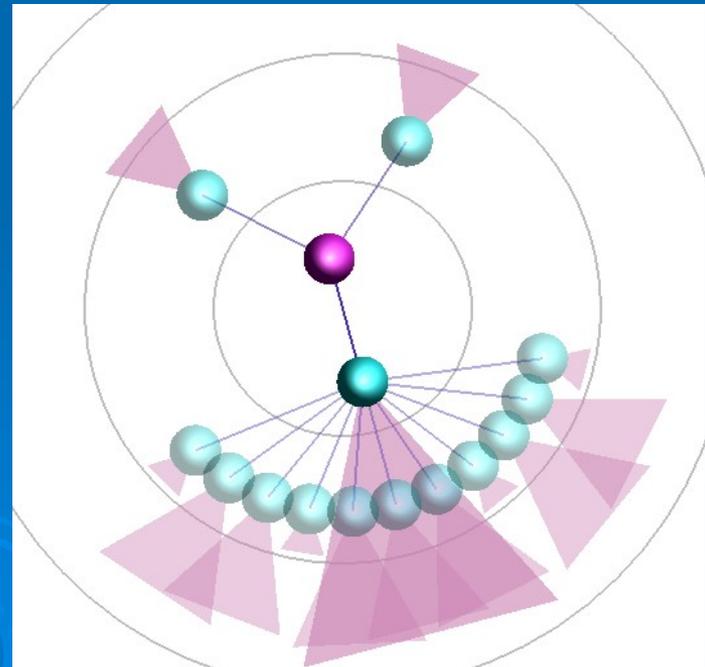


# Radial Layout of Trees

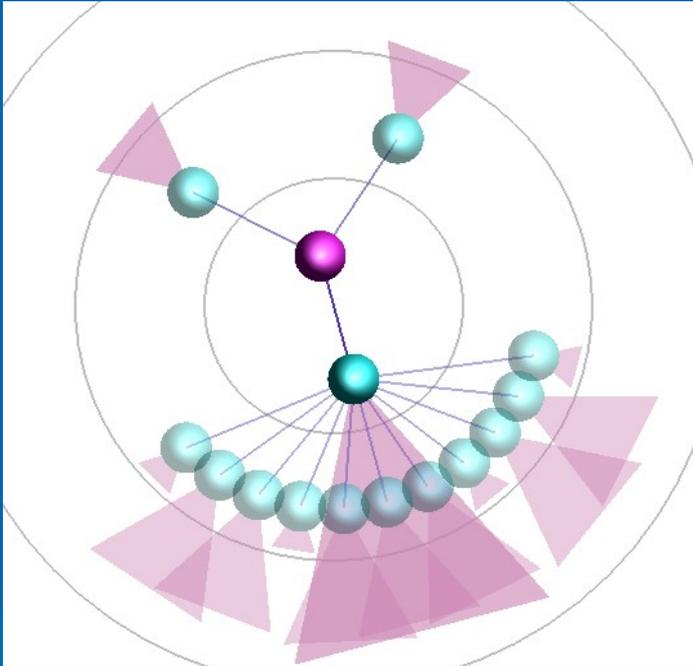


# My Extensions

- Fade-in / fade-out animation
- Focus + Context
- Pan and Zoom
- Aesthetics



# Fade-in Fade-out



Clustering hides:

- Nodes
- Edges

Clustering creates:

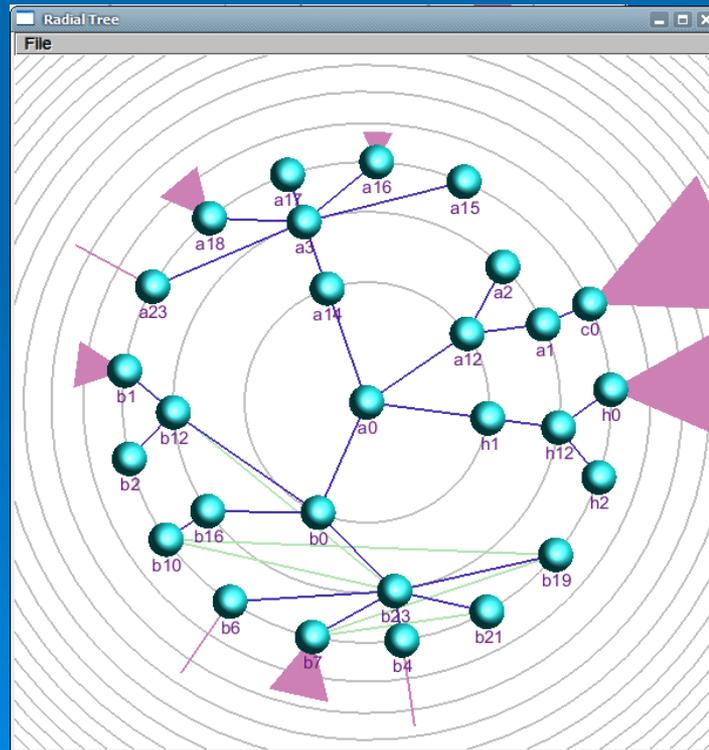
- Triangular Previews

Slow-in Slow-out?

# Focus + Context

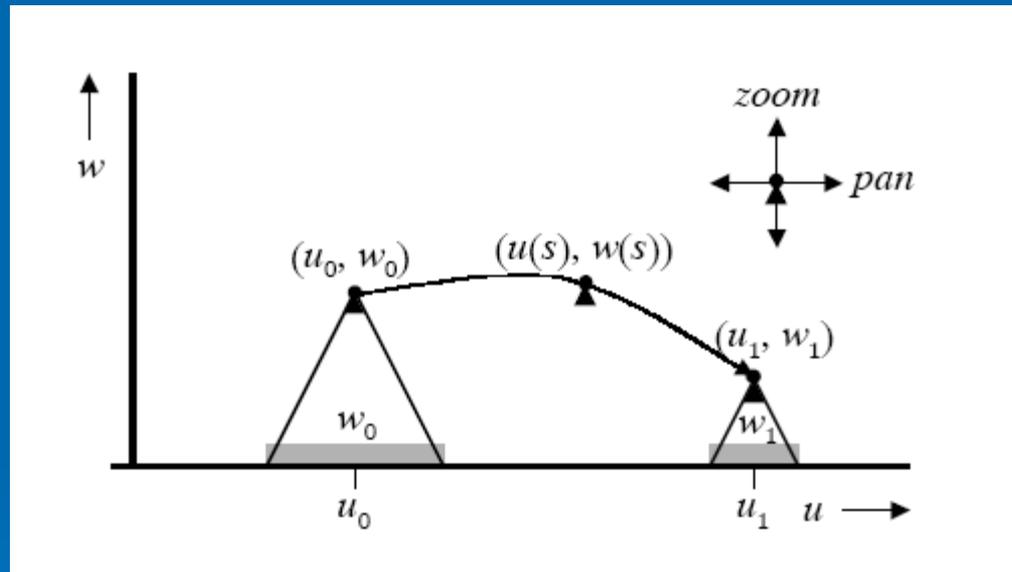
Rings' radius scale with log function

Eventually clustering takes over anyway



# Pan and Zoom

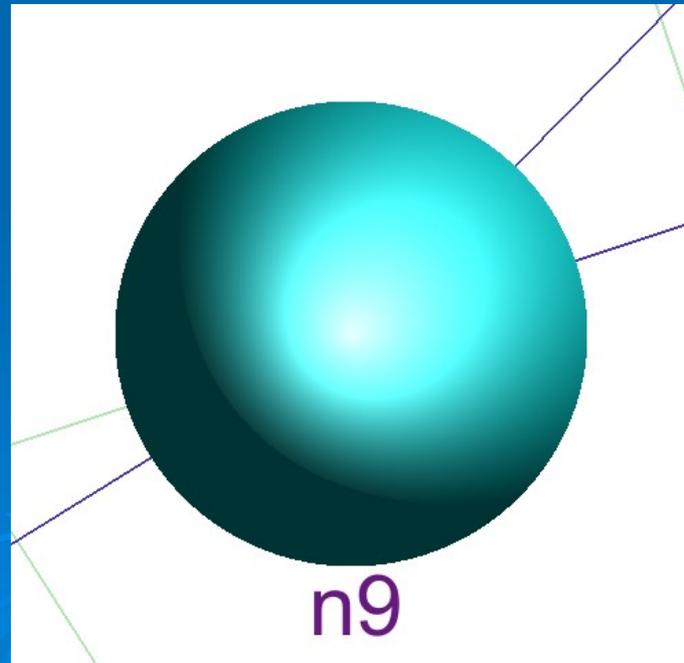
Transition  $\sim$  pan?



van Wijk et al. *Smooth and Efficient Zooming and Panning*  
Proc from InfoVis 2003 pages 21-30

# Aesthetics

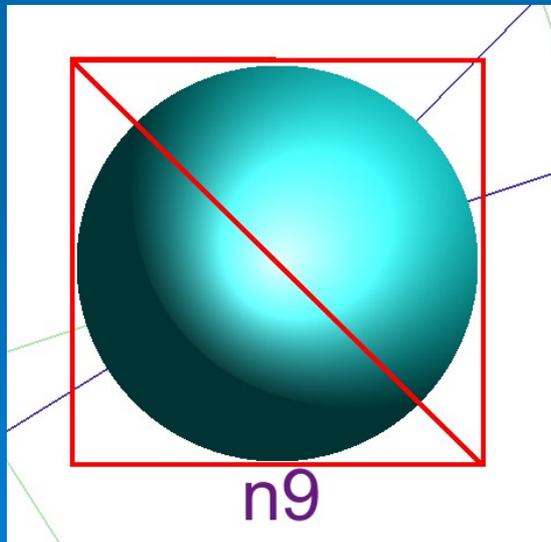
- Modern hardware: no excuse for quality compromises
- Rendering at all scales should be considered



# Node Drawing

Imposter Rendering:

- Replace geometry with billboards
- Calculate normals exactly
- Use “real” lighting



# Label Rendering

Lots of OpenGL font libraries...

FTGL



Pixmap (AntiAliased):

- Look great at all scales
- Expensive

Henry Maddock, [ftgl.wiki.sourceforge.net](http://ftgl.wiki.sourceforge.net)

