University of British Columbia CPSC 111, Intro to Computation Jan-Apr 2006 Tamara Munzner	News labs this week midterms returned work through what you got wrong on midterm can earn back up to 5 out of 70 points
Interfaces, Polymorphism II	 if you don't finish during your normal lab, can show TAs your work next week or at other labs this week
Lecture 21, Thu Mar 23 2006	 Assignment 2 handed back at end of class most, but not all
based on slides by Kurt Eiselt and Paul Carter	 Assignment 3 posted due Friday Apr 7, 5pm
http://www.cs.ubc.ca/~tmm/courses/cpsc111-06-spr	2

Recap: Method Overloading

- Can have multiple methods of same name
- Distinguishes between them with signature
 method name, parameter types and order
- Cannot have two methods with same signature
- Return type is not part of signature
- Any method can be overloaded
 - constructors are very common case

Recap: Interfaces

- Interface is collection of constants and abstract methods
 - different meaning than set of public methods that are documented, as in API
 - to implement interface must provide definitions for all its methods
- Abstract methods have no implementation or body
 - method header followed by semicolon
 - specifies how to communicate with method, not what it does

4



3







Selection Sort For Int Primitives	Wrappers
<pre>uplic class SortTest1 { full is static void main(String[] args) { (nt[] numbers = (16,3,19,8,12); int min, temp; //select location of next sorted value for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length-1; i++) { min = i; //find the smallest value in the remainder of //find the smallest value in the array for (int j = i+1; j < numbers.length; j++) f if (numbers[j] < numbers[min]) min = j; } //swap two values in the array temp = numbers[i]; numbers[i] = numbers[min]; numbers[i] = numbers[min]; numbers[i] = temp; } System.out.println("Printing sorted result"); for (int i = 0; i < numbers[i]); { system.out.println(numbers[i]); } } }</pre>	 Many classes implement Comparable interface Byte, Character, Double, Float, Integer, Long, Short, String each implements own version of compareTo Wrapper classes wraps up (encapsulates) primitive type Double: object wrapping primitive double NO: sort(double[] myData); Yes: sort(Double[] myData);

Multiple Interfaces

 Classes can implement more than one interface at once

}

 contract to implement all abstract methods defined in every interface it implements

public class MyClass implements Interface1, Interface2, Interface3 {

15