## **Research Papers and Process** Tamara Munzner Department of Computer Science University of British Columbia CPSC 547, Information Visualization

-Worse: Mon (21), Wed (24), Thu (20) reminder -we do have class next time (Tue Dec 3), since started a week late -peer reviews 2 • do remember to submit your peer review slides • for this one, also upload notes as comments

Course requirements vs research paper standards

mid-level discussion of implementation is required

-part of my judgement is about how much work you did

- medium level: what pre-existing features did you use/adapt

-low level **not** required: manual of how to use, data structure details

-different in flavour between design study projects and technique projects

-user studies, extensive computational benchmarks, utility to target audience

• specifics of what you wrote vs what existing libraries/toolkits/components do

-include scenarios of use illustrated with multiple screenshots of your software

• screenshots should be png (lossless compression) not jpg (lossy compression)!

-lessons learned: what do you know now that you didn't when you started?

-reflect on your approach: strengths, weaknesses, limitations

-future work: what would you do if you had more time?

- relevant vocabulary/ideas, your own background/connection

Data/Task Abstraction, Related Work (same as above)

walk reader through how your interface succeeds (or falls short) of solving intended problem

• report on evaluation you did (eg deployment to target users, computational benchmarks)

Final presentations timing

• ML final: 12-2?? 12:30-3:30??

-Best availability: 3-7 Tue (28)

research novelty not required

design justification is required

– (unless analysis/survey project)

-high level: what toolkits etc did you use

-technique explanation alone is not enough

publication-level validation not required

Sample outlines: Design study III

-breakdown of who did what work

discussion and future work

Sample outlines: Analysis (diffs)

• Abstract, Intro (same as above)

• Domain Background

-medium-level implementation description

implementation

results

 final presentations timing -Original plan: I-5 Tue (26)

> -Process and Pitfalls in Writing Information Visualization Research Papers. Tamara Munzner. In: Information Visualization: Human-Centered Issues and Perspectives. Andreas Kerren, John T. Stasko, Jean-Daniel Fekete, Chris North, eds. Springer LNCS Volume 4950, p 134-153, 2008. • other research pitfalls and process -review reading, review writing, conference talks · reproducible and replicable research

low level: necessary but not sufficient

medium level: order of explanations

-sometimes subsection or paragraph level

- http://www.cs.ubc.ca/~tmm/writing.html#refs

see page for implementation project types

Sample outlines: Other types

-different than abstract since reader has seen all the details

-make sure to use real references for work that's been published academically

• check arxiv papers, many have forward link to final publication venue - use that too!

-be consistent! most online sources require cleanup including IEEE/ACM DLs

• do pay attention to my instructions for checking reference consistency

Sample outlines: Design study IV

-summarize what you've done

· motivation: why should I care

· overview: what did you do

· details: how did you do it

· overview then details

· high through low level: why/what before how

Report structure: General

-correct grammar/spelling

- sentence flow

-build up ideas

-paper level

-section level

conclusions

bibliography

• final papers and final presentations

writing infovis papers: pitfalls to avoid

-course paper vs research paper expectations

• finalize final presentation slot: Tue Dec 10 3-7pm

**Today** 

presentations

Sample outlines: Design study

www.cs.ubc.ca/~tmm/courses/547-17F/projectdesc.html#examp

-include both work aimed at similar problems and similar solutions

-cover both academic and relevant non-academic work

-you might reorder to have this section later

-less emphasis on scenarios with particular target users

- still definitely include screenshots of the system in action

• Discussion / Future Work, Conclusions, Bibliography (same as above)

-more emphasis on characterizing the breadth of possible uses

Sample outlines: Technique (diffs)

· Abstract, Introduction (same as above)

-give big picture, establish scope, some background material might be appropriate

-no requirement for research novelty, but still frame how your work relates to it

- big focus on similar solutions, some discussion of similar problems (same task/data combo)

-describing proposed idiom exactly, not justifying its use for particular domain problem

-as above, analyze in terms of design choices, justify why appropriate vs alternatives

-much shorter than the corresponding one for design studies, framing context not core contrib

-concise summary of your project

-do not include citations

introduction

related work

Related Work

Results

Final Papers & Presentations

Final reports • PDF, use InfoVis templates http://junctionpublishing.org/vgtc/Tasks/camera\_tvcg.html -your choice to use Latex/Word/whatever

26 November 2019

Wrapup:

 no length cap: illustrate freely with screenshots! -design study / technique: aim for at least 6-8 pages -analysis / survey: aim for at least 15-20 pages ok to re-use text from proposal, interim writeup

http://www.cs.ubc.ca/~tmm/courses/547-19

encourage looking at my writing correctness and style guidelines -http://www.cs.ubc.ca/~tmm/writing.html strongly encourage looking at previous examples -www.cs.ubc.ca/~tmm/courses/547-19/projectdesc.html#examp - Example Past Projects -browse 2015, 2014,... reports

Sample outlines: Design study II data and task abstractions -analyze your domain problem according to book framework (what/why) -include both domain-language descriptions and abstract versions -could split into data vs task, then domain vs abstract - or vice versa!

-typically data first then task, so that can refer to data abstr within task abstr solution -describe your solution idiom (visual encoding and interaction) -analyze it according to book framework (how) -justify your design choices with respect to alternatives

Sample outlines: Survey (diffs)

- if significant algorithm work, discuss algorithm and data structures

 Abstract (same as above) Introduction

- discuss the scope of what you're covering, why it's interesting/reasonable partition compared

to visualization as a whole

- analyze visualizations proposed in these papers in terms of what/why/how framework

 Related Work • focus on how your work is similar to or different from them, especially wrt coverage

- only previous surveys - break up into sections based on your own synthesis of themes of work covered - you might want a Background section at the start if domain-focused survey • where there's important vocabulary/ideas to establish before diving into main discussion

Discussion / Future Work, Conclusions, Bibliography (same as above)

· include images from papers

 Methods and Tools -how has it previously/normally been analyzed Analysis

· can be interleaved or in separate section at end

- strengths/weaknesses of your approach (idioms and tools)

• Discussion / Future Work, Conclusions, Bibliography (same as above)

- explain what idioms you chose and justify those choices; same for tools - present results of your visual data analysis, including screenshots of tools in action - specifics of what you learned in terms of the domain problem -your reflection on how visualization choices helped you understand it

 interactive explanations -meet with me in advance to discuss

-implementation

www.cs.ubc.ca/~tmm/courses/547-19/projectdesc.html#outlines

probable marking scheme (may change!)

• design study & technique: 12.5% each for -intro, related work, abstractions, solution, implementation, results, discussion, style

-style: 10% main, 2.5% bibliography

(52%), discussion (8%), style (8%)

-report is 25%, presentation is 15%

• survey: intro (10%), relwork (10%), main (60%), style (20%)

• reminder: project content is 60% of entire project mark

• analysis: intro/domain (8%), abstr (8%), relwork (8%), methods/tools (8%), analysis

-you may include more material, you may choose alternate orderings

· required: at least material I've listed

• Implementation (same as above)

Report marking

| Code / Video  • required: submit your code  - so I can see what you've done, but I will not post  - include README file at root with brief roadmap/overview of organization  • which parts are your code vs libraries  • how to compile and run  • I do not necessarily expect your code compiles on my machine  • encouraged but not required  - submit live demo URL  - open-source your code (if so, fine to just send me that URL)  - submit supporting video   | Showcase image  • showcase image for projects page  - 300x300 image  - call it showcase.png or showcase.jpg   | Logistics  • Assignments: Final Presentations on Canvas  - upload due Tue Dec 10 6pm  - (upload due I hr before presentations if using my laptop)  • Assignments: Final Report on Canvas  - upload due Fri Dec 13 11:59pm  • required & posted: report, showcase image  • required but not posted: code including README  • encouraged: live demo URL, video  | Final presentations  • context  - CS department will be invited, also feel free to invite others  - refreshments will be served, two short breaks  - order: alphabetical by first name  • code freeze  - no additional work on project after presentation deadline  - additional three days to get it all written down coherently for final report   |
|---|---|---|--|
| • with or without voiceover  • very nice to have later, software bitrot makes demos not last forever!  — can be same or different from what you show in final presentation  | 7   | 18  | 20   |
| Final presentations: Tue Dec 13 3-7 (!) FSC 2300A  • length (19 projects)   | Final presentations marking   | Marking: Course overall   | Come talk!   |
| I length (17 projects)  I win for 3-person teams, 12 min for 2-person teams, 10 min for 1-person teams  Includes questions: aim for 1 min (brief questions only)  Session structure  Order alphabetical by first name, as on project page [shift if conflicts]  I breaks, between each set of 6 presentations  dept invited, friends welcome, refreshments served  presentation structure  I slides required (remember slide numbersl)  demo or video encouraged  if plan is for demo, screenshots and/or video for backup strongly encouraged  but do practice, demos eat up time!  -should be standalone  don't assume audience has read proposal or updates (or remembers your pitch)  slide upload  upload to Canvas Assignments: Final Presentations  post your slides by 6pm if using your laptops (best), or by 11am if using mine | last year's template         -Intro/Framing:         -Main:         -Limitations/Critique/Lessons:         -Slides:         -Style:         -Demo/Video:         -Timing:         -Question Handling:   | • 50% Project, summative assessment at end     -15% Final Presentation     -25% Final Report     -60% Content     -(penalty to 20% for missed Milestones, pass/fail)     • pitch, proposal, peer review I, peer review 2      • 20% Presentations     -75% Content:     • Summary 50%, Analysis 25%, Critique 25%     -25% Delivery:     • Presentation Style 50%, Slide Quality 50%      • 30% Participation     -60% Written Questions     • 6 weeks, 10% each     -40% In-Class Discussion & Group Work (pass/fail)     • 4 weeks, 10% each     • marking by buckets     -great 100%     -good 89%     -poor 67%     -zero 0%                          | encourage meeting with me to get advice/feedback before final present     -chance to get feedback while you can still act on it     -optional, not mandatory     -do send email to schedule, can't meet with all 19 teams in last few days!  |
| Process & Pitfalls for InfoVis Papers   | Idiom pitfalls  • Unjustified Visual Encoding  -should justify why visual encoding design choices appropriate for problem  -prerequisite: clear statement of problem and encoding!  • Hammer In Search of Nail  -should characterize capabilities of new technique if proposed in paper  • Color Cacophony  -avoid blatant disregard for basic color perception issues  • huge areas of highly saturated color  • categorical color coding for 15+ category levels  • red/green without luminance differences  • encoding 3 separate attributes with RGB  • Rainbows Just Like In The Sky  -avoid hue for ordered attribs, perceptual nonlinearity along rainbow gradient   | <ul> <li>Later pitfalls: Strategy</li> <li>What I Did Over My Summer Vacation <ul> <li>don't focus on effort rather than contribution</li> <li>don't be too low level, it's not a manual</li> </ul> </li> <li>Least Publishable Unit <ul> <li>avoid tiny increment beyond (your own) previous work</li> <li>bonus points: new name for old technique</li> </ul> </li> <li>Dense As Plutonium <ul> <li>don't cram in so much content that can't explain why/what/how</li> <li>fails reproducibility test</li> </ul> </li> <li>Bad Slice and Dice <ul> <li>two papers split up wrong</li> <li>neither is standalone, yet both repeat</li> </ul> </li> </ul> | Later pitfalls: Tactics  • Stealth Contributions  — don't leave them implicit, it's your job to tell reader explicitly!  — consider carefully, often different from original project goals   |
| Contributions in research papers  | Later pitfalls: Tactics   | Later pitfalls: Results   | Final pitfalls: Style  |
| <ul> <li>what are your research contributions? <ul> <li>-what can we do that wasn't possible before?</li> <li>-how can we do something better than before?</li> <li>-what do we know that was unknown or unclear before?</li> </ul> </li> <li>determines everything <ul> <li>-from high-level message to which details worth including</li> </ul> </li> <li>often not obvious <ul> <li>-diverged from original goals, in retrospect</li> </ul> </li> <li>state them explicitly and clearly in the introduction <ul> <li>-don't hope reviewer or reader will fill them in for you</li> <li>-don't leave unsaid should be obvious after close reading of previous work</li> <li>-goal is clarity, not overselling (limitations typically later, in discussion section)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Stealth Contributions         <ul> <li>don't leave them implicit, it's your job to tell reader explicitly!</li> <li>consider carefully, often different from original project goals</li> </ul> </li> <li>I Am So Unique         <ul> <li>don't ignore previous work</li> <li>both on similar problems and with similar solutions</li> </ul> </li> <li>Enumeration Without Justification         <ul> <li>"X did Y" not enough</li> <li>must say why previous work doesn't solve your problem</li> <li>what limitations of their does your approach fix?</li> </ul> </li> <li>I Am Utterly Perfect         <ul> <li>no you're not; discussion of limitations makes paper stronger!</li> </ul> </li> </ul> | Unfettered By Time - choose level of detail for performance numbers - detailed graphs for technique papers, high-level for design & eval papers  Straw Man Comparison - compare appropriately against state-of-the-art algorithms - head-to-head hardware is best (re-run benchmarks yourself, all on same machine)  Tiny Toy Datasets - compare against state-of-the-art dataset sizes for technique (small ok for eval)  But My Friends Liked It - asking labmates not convincing if target audience is domain experts  Unjustified Tasks - use ecologically valid user study tasks: convincing abstraction of real-world use                           | <ul> <li>Deadly Detail Dump         <ul> <li>explain how only after what and why; provide high-level framing before low-level detail</li> </ul> </li> <li>Story-Free Captions         <ul> <li>optimize for flip-through-pictures skimming</li> </ul> </li> <li>My Picture Speaks For Itself         <ul> <li>explicitly walk them through images with discussion</li> </ul> </li> <li>Grammar Is Optional         <ul> <li>good low-level flow is necessary (but not sufficient), native speaker check good if ESL</li> </ul> </li> <li>Mistakes Were Made         <ul> <li>don't use passive voice, leaves ambiguity about actor             <ul> <li>your research contribution or done by others?</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul> |

| Final pitfalls: Style 2  • Jargon Attack  - avoid where you can, define on first use  • all acronyms should be defined  • Nonspecific Use Of Large  - quantify! hundreds? 10K? 100K? millions? billions?  | Final pitfalls: Submission  • Slimy Simultaneous Submission  • often detected when same reviewer for both  • instant dual rejection, often multi-conference blacklist  • Resubmit Unchanged  • respond to previous reviews: often get reviewer overlap, irritated if ignored   | Generality  • encoding: visualization specific  • strategy: all research  • tactics: all research  • results: visualization specific  • style: all research, except  - Story-Free Captions, My Picture Speaks For Itself  | Research Process & Pitfalls   |
|---|--|---|---|
| Review reading pitfalls  Reviewers Were Idiots  - rare: insufficient background to judge worth  - if reviewer didn't get your point, many readers won't  - your job: rewrite so clearly that nobody can misunderstand  Reviewers Were Threatened By My Brilliance  - seldom: unduly harsh since intimately familiar with area  I Just Know Person X Wrote This Review  - sometimes true, sometimes false  - don't get fixated, try not to take it personally  It's The Writing Not The Work  - sometimes true: bad writing can doom good work (good writing may save borderline)  - sometimes false: weak work common! reinvent the wheel worse than previous one | Review writing pitfalls  • Uncalibrated Dismay  - remember you've only read the best of the best!  - most new reviewers are overly harsh  • It's Been Done, Full Stop  - you must say who did it in which paper, full citation is best  • You Didn't Cite Me  - stop and think whether it's appropriate  - be calm, not petulant  • You Didn't Channel Me  - don't compare against paper you would have written  • review the paper they submitted   | Conference talk pitfalls  Results As Dessert  - don't save until the end as a reward for the stalwart!  - showcase early to motivate  A Thousand Words, No Pictures  - aggressively replace words with illustrations  - most slides should have a picture  Full Coverage Or Bust  - cannot fit all details from paper  - communicate big picture  - talk as advertising: convince them it's worth their time to read paper!   | Paper writing process suggestions  • pre-paper talk  - write and give talk first, as if presenting at conference  - iterate on talk slides to get structure, ordering, arguments right  - then create paper outline from final draft of slides  • encourages concise explanations of critical ideas, creation of key diagrams  • avoids wordsmithing digressions and ratholes  • easier to cut slides than prose you agonized over  • pre-paper/practice talk feedback session: at least 2-3x talk length  - global comments, then slide by slide detailed discussion  - nurture culture of internal critique (build your own critique group if necessary)  • have non-authors read paper before submitting  - internal review can catch many problems  - ideally group feedback session as above |
| Reproducible and Replicable<br>Research   | Reproducible research  • 5: 15 minutes with free tools  • 4: 15 minutes with proprietary tools  • 3: considerable effort  • 2: extreme effort  • 1: cannot seem to be reproduced  • 0: cannot be reproduced  [Vandewalle, Kovacevic and Vetterli. Reproducible Research in Signal Processing - What, why, and how. IEEE Signal Processing Magazine, 26(3):37-47, May 2009.]  | Why bother with reproducibility  • moral high ground  -for Science!  • enlightened self-interest  -make your own life easier  -you'll be cited more often by academics  -your work is more likely to be used by industry  | Reproducibility: Levels to consider  • paper  - post it online  - make sure it stays accessible when you move on to new place  - external archives are better yet (arxiv.org)  • algorithm  - well documented in paper itself  - document further with supplemental materials  • code  - make available as open source  - pick right spot on continuum of effort involved, from minimal to massive  • just put it up warts and all, minimal documentation  • well documented and tested  • (build a whole community - not the common case)  |
| Reproducibility: Levels to consider, cont.  • data  -make available  • technique/algorithm: data used by system  - tricky issue in visualization: data might not be yours to release!  • evaluation: user study results  - ethics approval possible if PII (personally identifiable information) sanitized, needs advance planning  • parameters  - how exactly to regenerate/produce figures, tables  - example: http://www.cs.utah.edu/~gk/papers/vis03/  | View from industry  Increasing the Impact of Visualization Research panel, VIS 2017  This Wongsuphasawat, Data Visualization Scientist, Twitter  WHAT LEADS TO SUCCESSFUL ADOPTION?  WHAT LEADS TO SUCCESSFUL ADOPTION?  What Leads to successful adoption of the second and successful adoption of the second adoption of the se | Replication: crisis in psychology, medicine, etc  • early rumblings left me with (ignorable) qualms  - papers: Is most published research false?, Storks Deliver Babies (p= 0.008), The Earth is spherical (p < 0.05), False-Positive Psychology  • groundswell of change for what methods are considered legitimate  - out: QRPs (questionable research practices)  • p-hacking / p-value fishing / data dredging  • Hypothesizing After Results are Known (HARKing)  - in  • replication  • pre-registration  - brouhaha with bimodal responses  • some people doubling down and defending previous work  • many willing to repudiate (their own) earlier styles of working | Remarkable introspection on methods  • thoughtful willingness to change standards of field  - Andrew Gelman's commentary on the Susan Fiske article  • http://andrewgelman.com/2016/09/21/what-has-happened-down-here-is-the-winds-have-changed/  - Simine Vazire's entire Sometimes I'm Wrong blog  • http://sometimesimwrong.typepad.com/  • especially posts on topic Scientific Integrity  - Joe Simmons Data Colada blog post What I Want Our Field to Prioritize  • http://datacolada.org/53/  - Dana Carvey's brave statement on her previous power pose work  • http://faculty.haas.berkeley.edu/dana_carney/pdf_My%20position%20on%20power%20poses.pdf   |

## When and how will this storm hit visualization?

- they're ahead of us
- -they have some paper retractions
- we don't (yet) have any retractions for methodological considerations
- they agonize about difficulty of getting failure-to-replicate papers accepted
- we hardly ever even try to do such work
- -they are a much older field
- we're younger: might our power hierarchies thus be less entrenched??...
- -they are higher profile
- we don't have vis research results appear regularly in major newspapers/magazines
- -they have rich fabric of blogs as major drivers of discussion
- crosscutting traditional power hierarchies
- we have far fewer active bloggers
- replication crisis was focus of BELIV 2018 workshop at IEEEVIS
- -evaluation and BEyond methodoLogIcal approaches for Visualization
- http://beliv.cs.univie.ac.at/

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