

VIGOR: INTERACTIVE VISUAL EXPLORATION OF GRAPH QUERY RESULTS



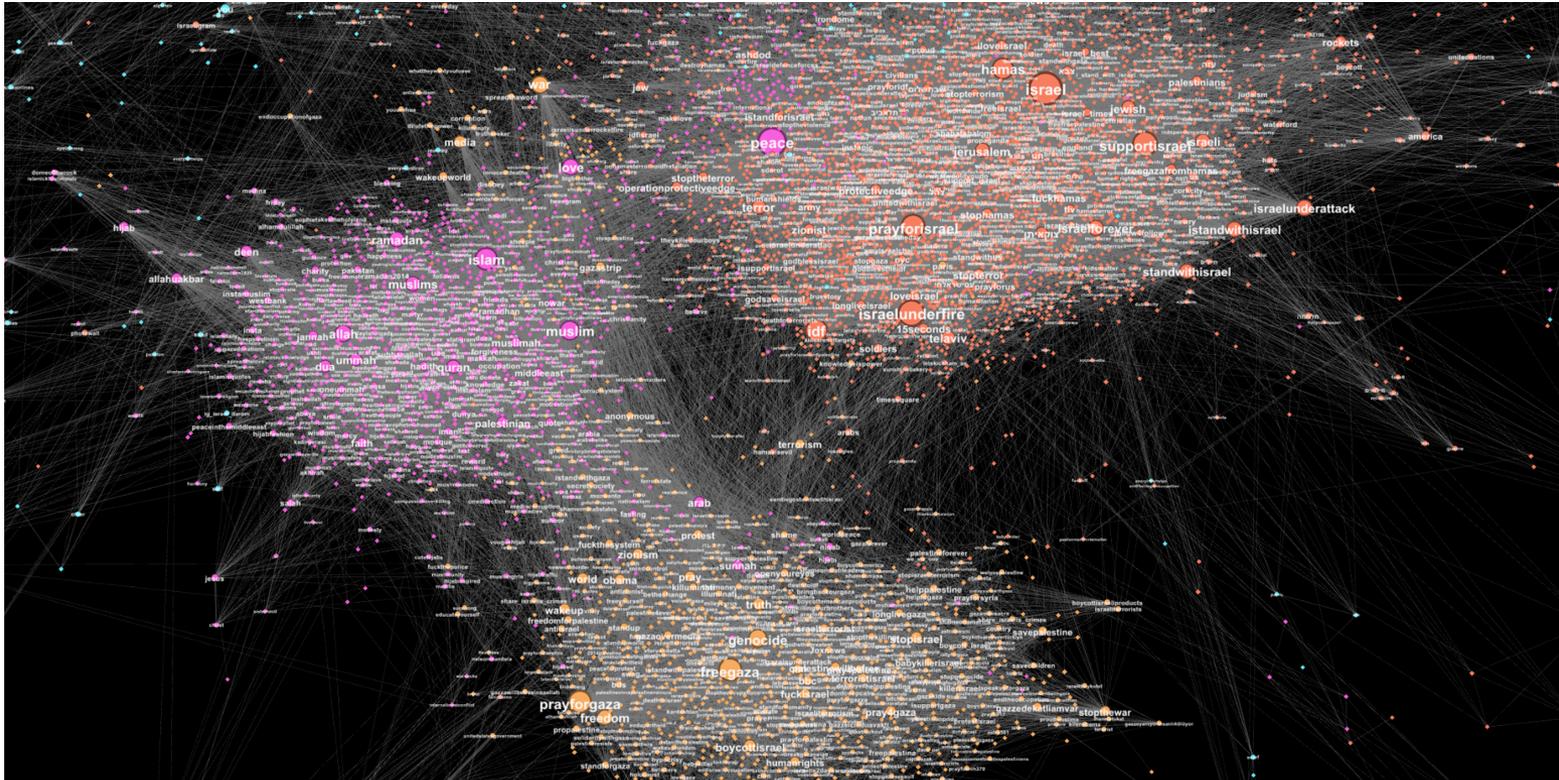
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Nov, 20th, 2017

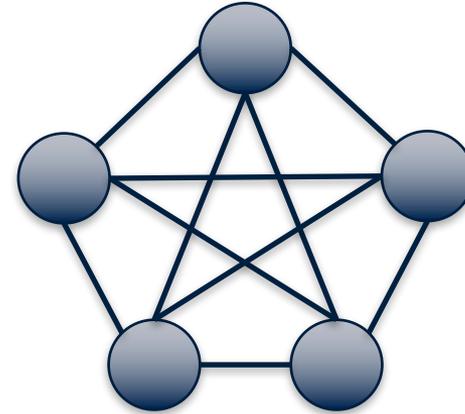
BACKGROUND



How can we extract useful information from large scale network?

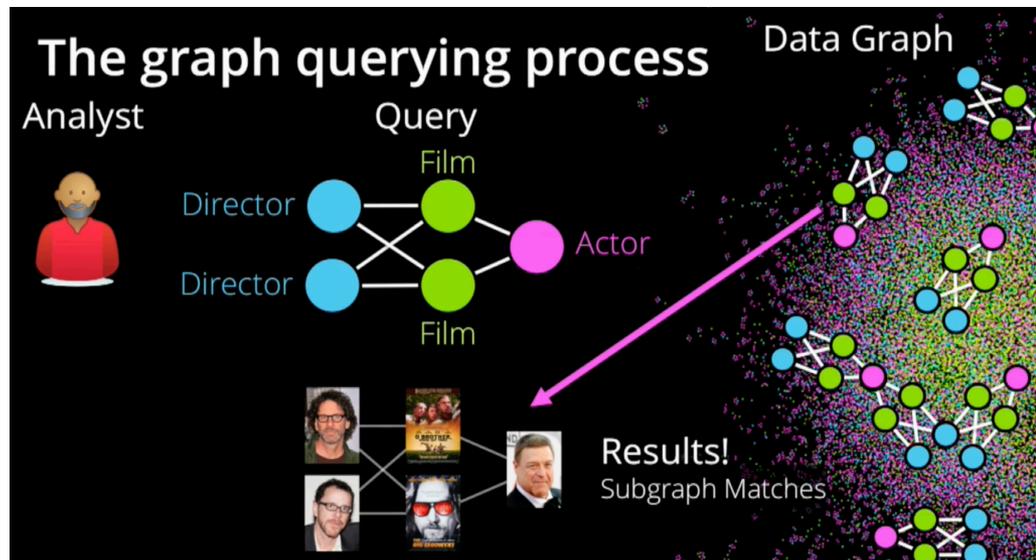
BACKGROUND

- Graph querying: locate entities with specific relationships among them
 - financial transaction networks
 - flag “near cliques” formed among company insiders
 - money-laundering
 - online auctions
 - uncover fraudsters and their accomplices
 - Bioinformatics
 - Social network analysis



BACKGROUND

- Few work focused on developing visualization system to help understand graph structure and rich data.
 - underlying data from the nodes
 - structure of each subgraph result
 - large number of results
 - potential overlap in node and edges among



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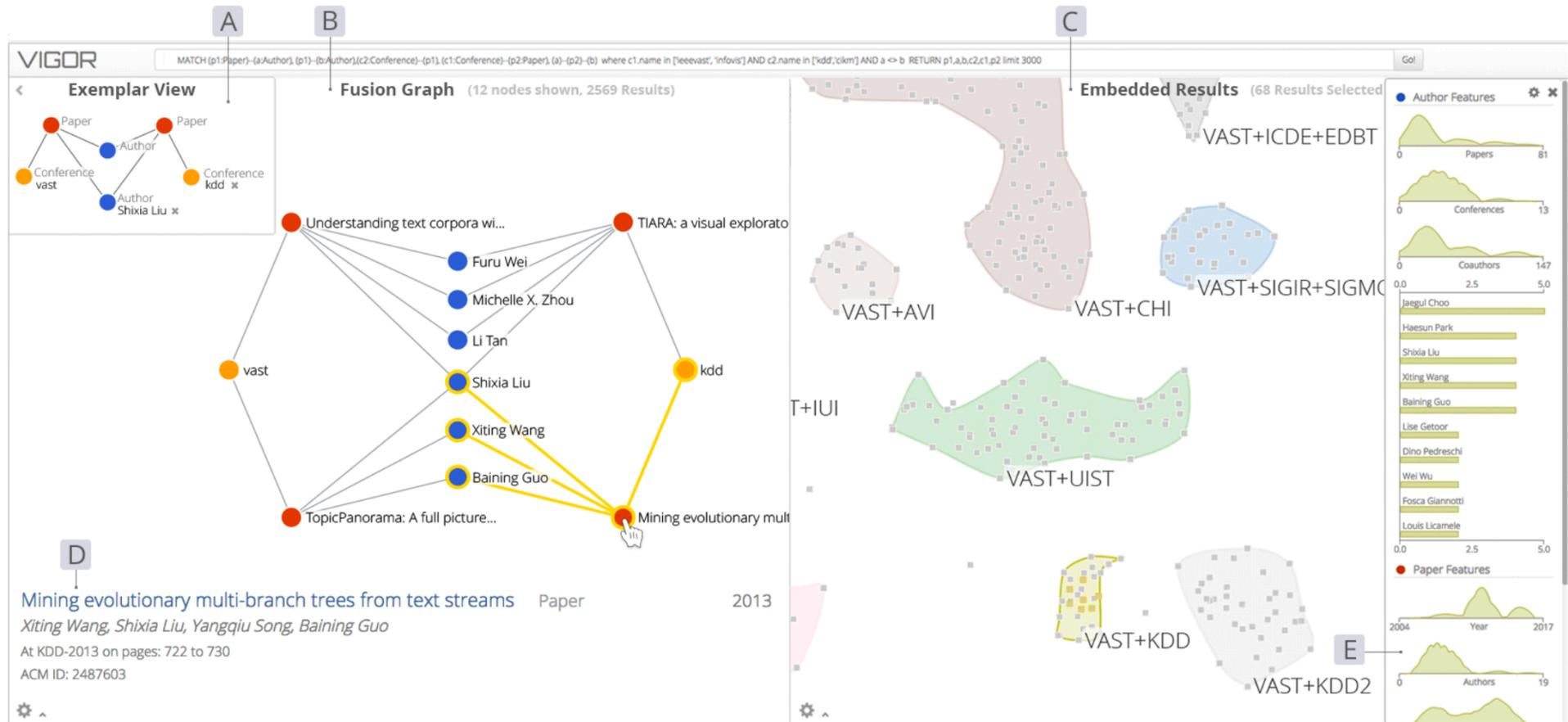
DATA TO VIS AND DERIVED RESULTS

- DBLP Dataset.
- DBLP is a computer science bibliography website.
- Co-authorship network of DBLP's computer science bibliography data, focusing on the the data mining and information visualization communities
 - 59,655 authors; 48,677 papers; 7,236 sessions
 - 417 proceedings; 21 conferences; 1,634,742 relations
- Derived results
 - a novel interactive visual analytics system, for exploring and making sense of query results



VAD Idiom	VIGOR
What: Data	Network data with vertex and edges
What: Derived	Subgraph and feature clusters
Why: Tasks	Find subgraph according to query results and cluster features
Scale	Millions of relations and tens of thousands of co-authors

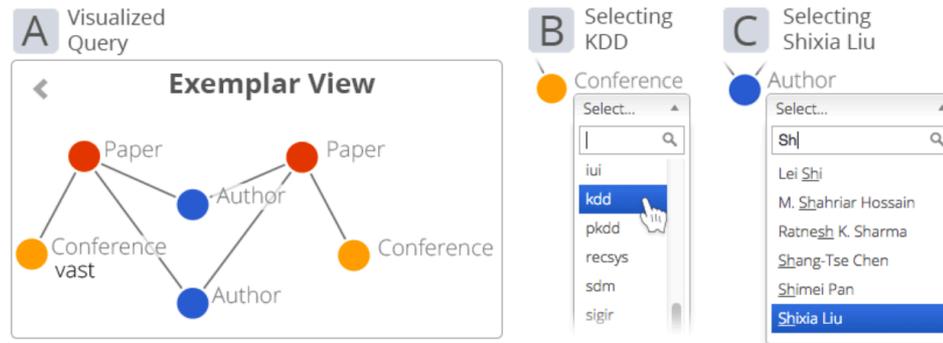
OVERVIEW



ILLUSTRATIVE USAGE SCENARIO

Exemplar View

- The analyst starts with only the structure of the graph query, then incrementally adds node value constraints to narrow in on specific results
- Choose conference by name
- Narrows down the network by choosing mutual authors.

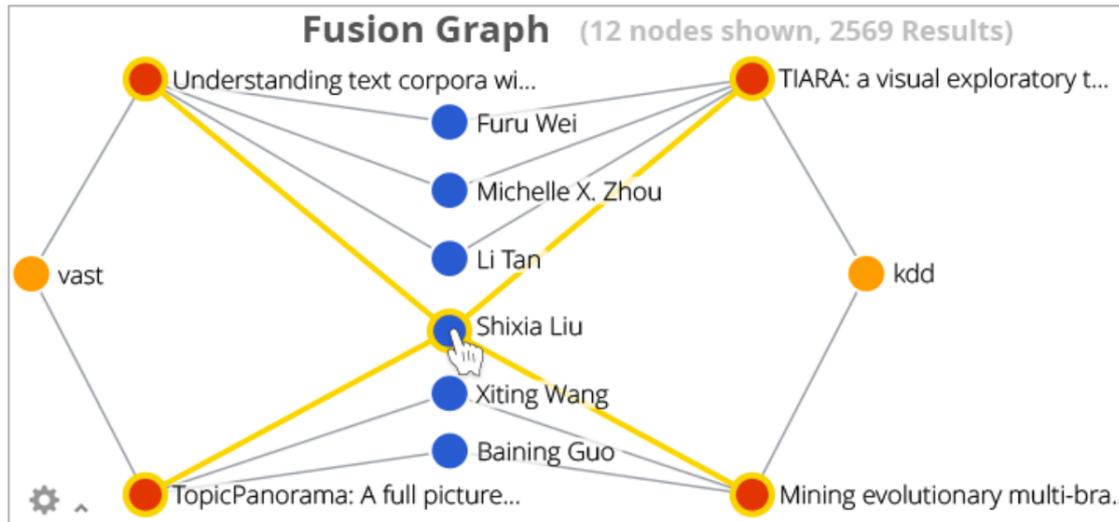


VAD Idiom	VIGOR
How: Encode	Use lines to show connected relationships; colors for different nodes
How: Reduce	Item filtering

ILLUSTRATIVE USAGE SCENARIO

Fusion Graph

- After adding Exemplar View filters, induced subgraph of all the combined results from the original query will be generated in Fusion Graph.
- Shixia Liu's papers and co-authors who have published papers together at VAST and KDD.



VAD Idiom

How: Manipulate

VIGOR

Reorder, realign, hovering highlight

ILLUSTRATIVE USAGE SCENARIO

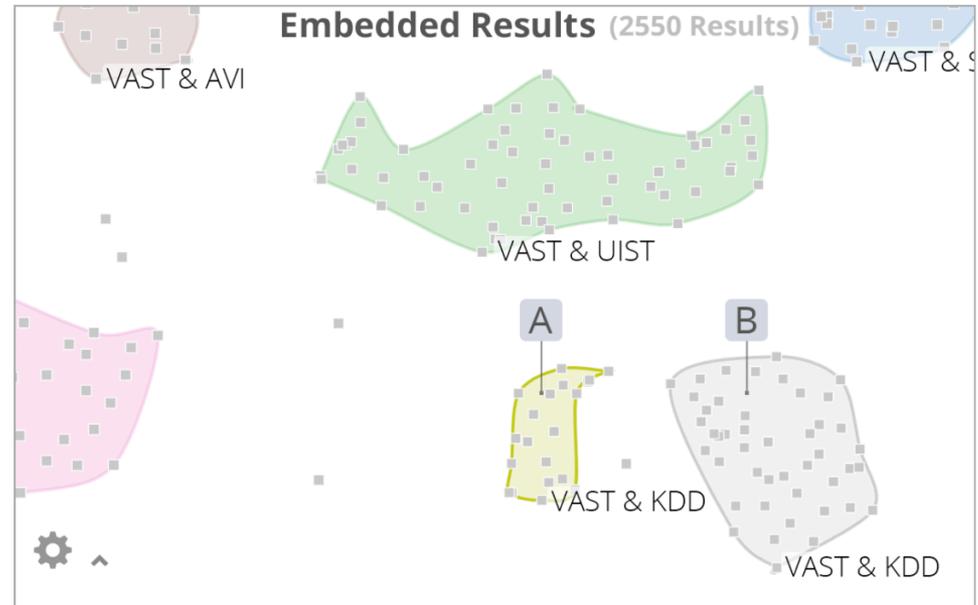


The screenshot displays the VIGOR web application interface. At the top left, the word "VIGOR" is visible. To its right is a search bar containing the text "MATCH (at:Author)" and a "Go" button. The main content area is divided into three panels: "Exemplar View" on the left, "Fusion Graph (0)" in the center, and "Embedded Results (0)" on the right. A semi-transparent grey box is overlaid on the bottom right of the "Embedded Results" panel, containing the text "Entity Query" and "Entity Query Results". At the bottom left and bottom center of the interface, there are gear icons with small upward-pointing arrows, indicating settings or expandable menus.

ILLUSTRATIVE USAGE SCENARIO

Subgraph Embedding

- Query: an author who has published two papers with a co-author, where the papers were published to VAST and another conference will return 2550 results.
- Subgraph Embedding view provides an overview of all results by clustering

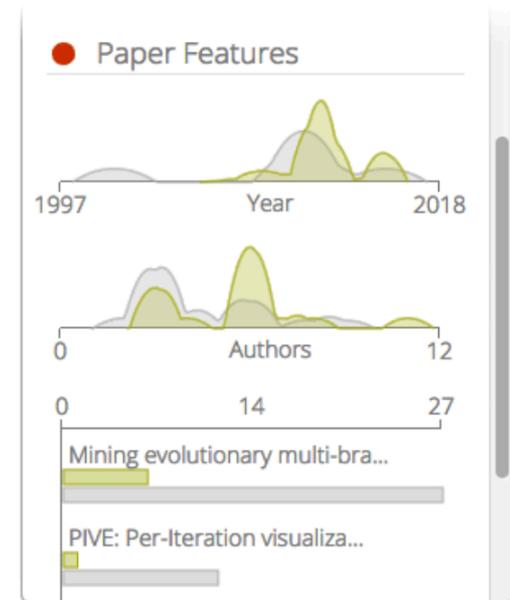


VAD Idiom	VIGOR
How: Facet	Linked highlighting
How: Encode	colors for different clusters

ILLUSTRATIVE USAGE SCENARIO

Feature Explorer

- Compare two cluster in the Feature Explorer
- Color: same as the cluster color
- X-axis: # Papers/ # co-authors/publication year/ # authors
- Y-axis: number of papers
- The bar charts show the top-k most common values,



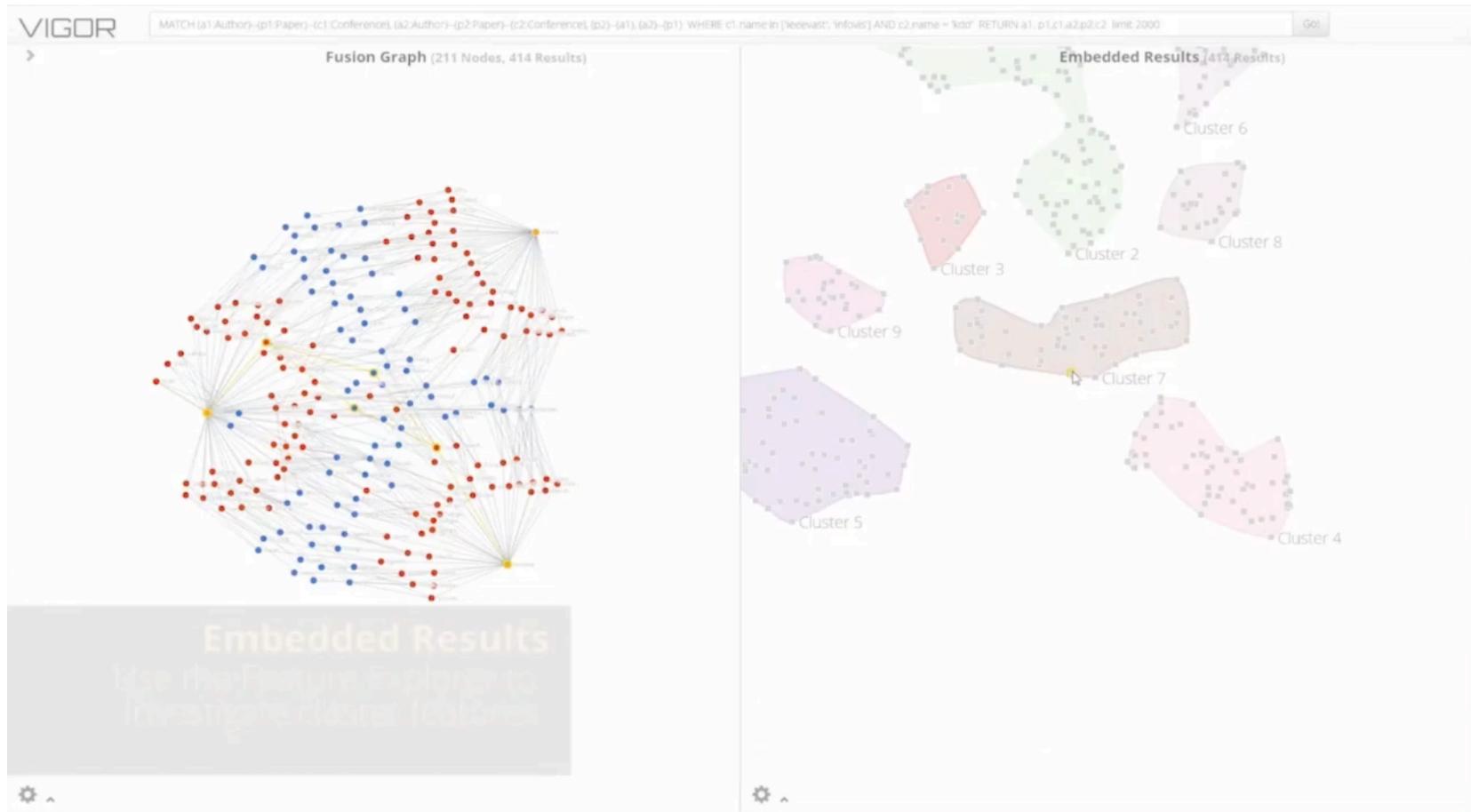
VAD Idiom

How: Encode

VIGOR

colors for different clusters

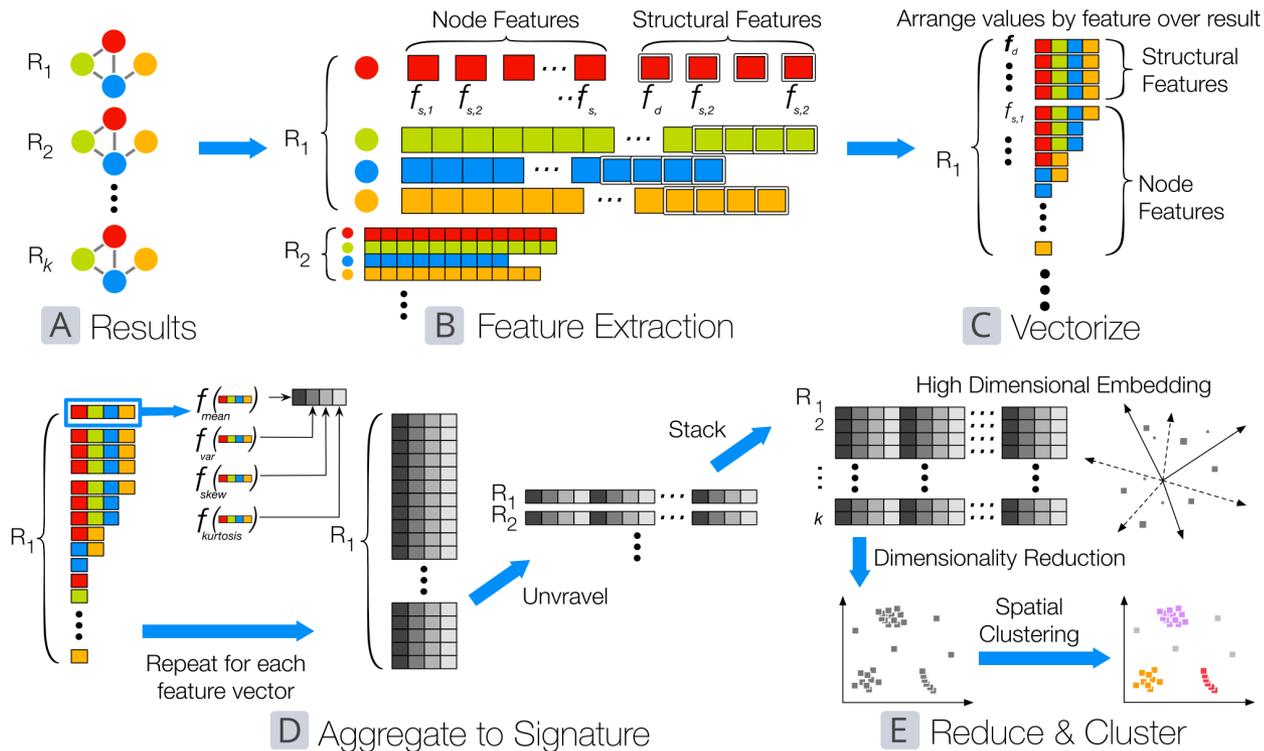
ILLUSTRATIVE USAGE SCENARIO



METHODOLOGY & ARCHITECTURE



- Extract Features - Calculate the topological- and node-features.
- Vectorize - Merge the common features into per-result vectors.
- Aggregate & Normalize into Signature - Reduce the large input vectors into uniform signatures.
- Reduce & Cluster - Reduce the signatures using dimensionality reduction.



METHODOLOGY & ARCHITECTURE (CONT'D)

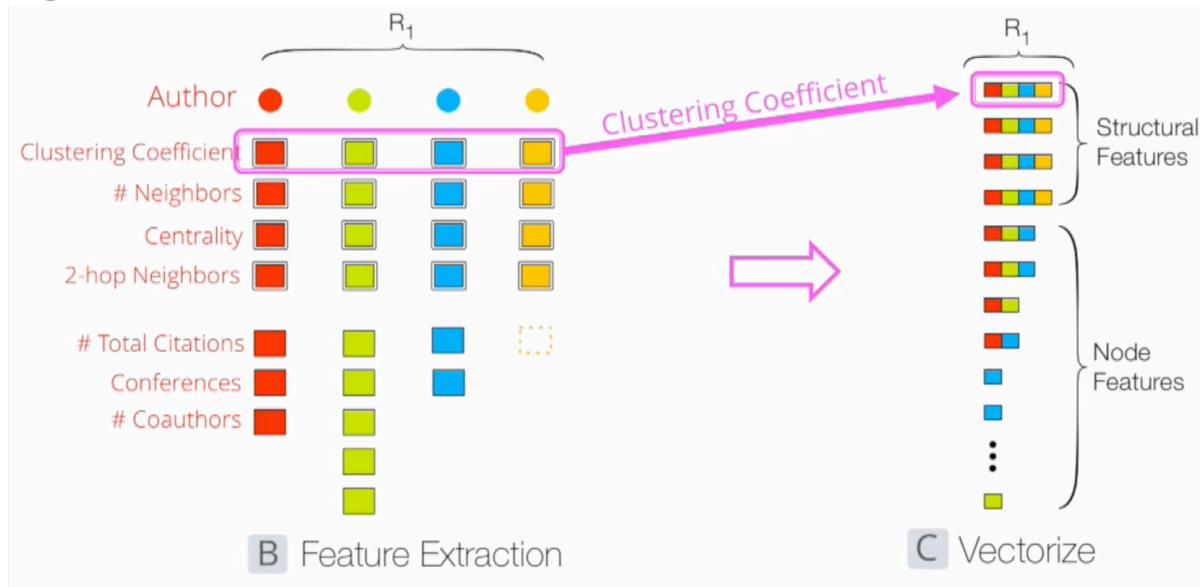


- **Extract Features.**
- Structural features
 - Subgraph neighborhood and egonet information
 - An egonet of a node, i , is (a) the neighbor nodes of i , (b) the edges to these neighbors and (c) all the edges among neighbors.
- Node degree – number of neighbors
 - $d_i = |N(i)|$, $N(i)$ is the neighboring nodes of node i
- Egonet edges - a unweighted graph, simply counting the number of edges
 - $E(ego(i)) = \sum_{j \in N(i)} (\sum_{e_{jk} \in E(j)} \delta_{ik})$
 - $\delta_{ik} = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } k \in N(i) \\ 0, & \text{if } k \notin N(i) \end{cases}$
- Egonet neighboring nodes - the number of neighbor nodes of neighbor nodes
 - $|N(ego(i))| = |\cup_{j \in N(i)} N(j)|$
- Clustering coefficient – ratio of closed loop subgraph and total number of edges
 - $c_i = \frac{2|e_{jk} \in E(i): j, k \in N(i)|}{|N(i)| \cdot (|N(i)| - 1)}$

METHODOLOGY & ARCHITECTURE (CONT'D)

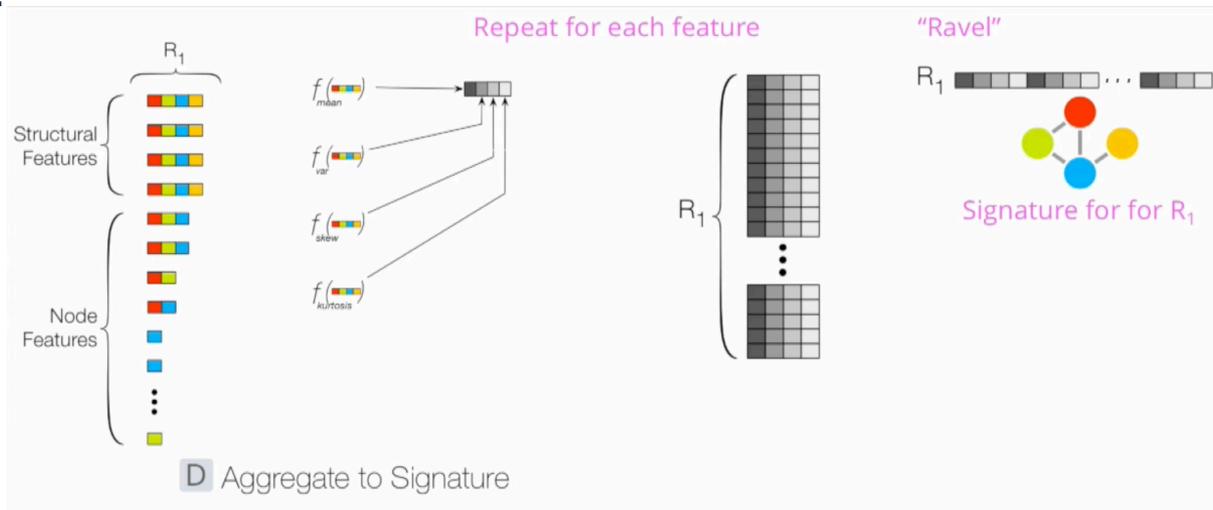
- **Vectorize**

- Nodes feature
 - Author name
 - Number of co-authors
 - Number of conference
- Merge common feature



METHODOLOGY & ARCHITECTURE (CONT'D)

- **Aggregate & Normalize**
- For each feature, statistic characteristics are extracted: mean, variance, skewness, and kurtosis
- Generate feature at same length: $4 \cdot (|f_s| + |f_t|)$
- **Reduce & Cluster**
- Dimensionality reduction reduces the feature dimension to 2D, which helps to vis.



VAD Idiom	VIGOR
How: Encode	Attribute aggregation

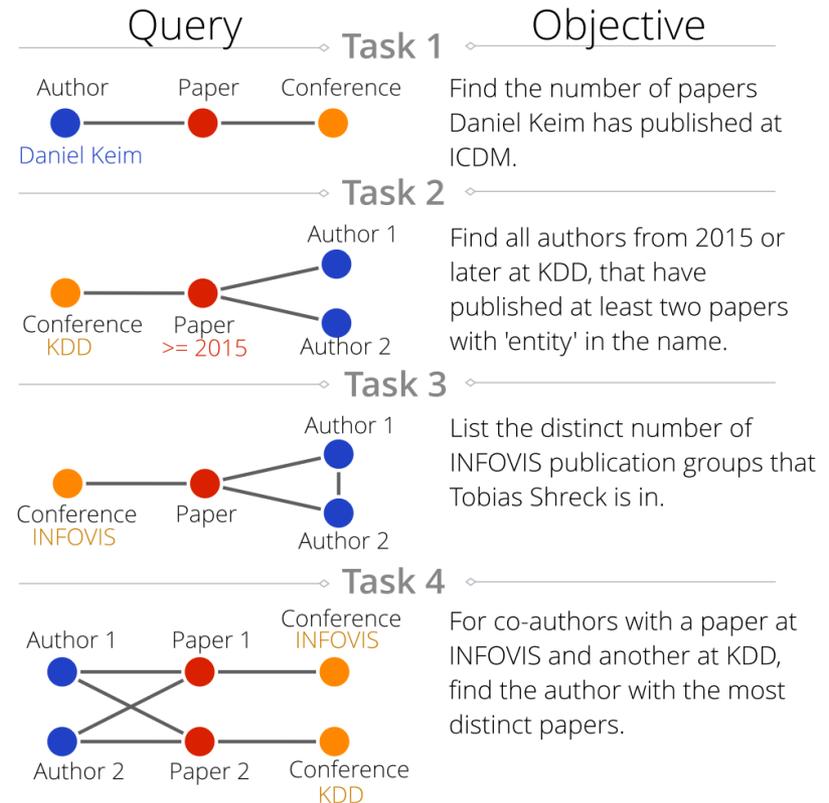
EVALUATION

- User Study
 - 12 participants from computing related majors.
 - 7 female, 5 male
 - age 21 to 31
 - Paid \$10 for 70 minutes test.
 - Dataset: DBLP co-authorship network
- Real World Application: Discovering Cybersecurity Blindspots



USER STUDY

- Tasks 1: Find the count of ICDM conference papers by Daniel Keim.
- Task 2: From the last two years of KDD publications, find and list the authors who are on more than one paper with “entity” in the name.
- Task 3: Find the number of distinct groups of researchers that Tobias Shreck is in from INFOVIS publications.
- Task 4: Among coauthors of at least two papers together at INFOVIS and KDD, who has the most publications.

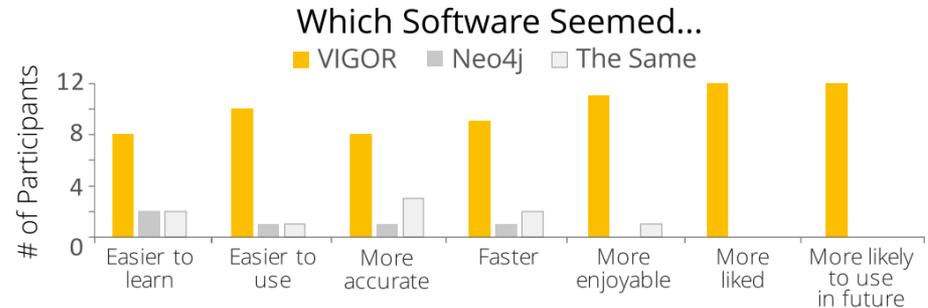
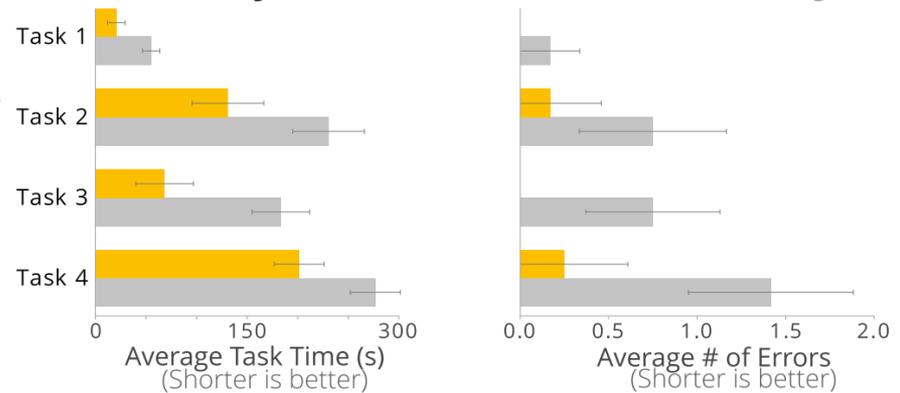


USER STUDY

- Quantitative Results
 - Tasks: find out the software affect by executing four task and exam the average task time, and average # of errors.
- Observations and Subjective Results
 - Participants rate various aspects comparing both systems



User Study Results for VIGOR & Neo4j



CONTRIBUTIONS OF VIGOR

- Novel visual analytics system, VIGOR
- Exploring and making sense of graph querying results
- Exemplar-based interactive exploration
 - bottom-up: how many similar values are matched to each query-node
 - top-down: how a particular node value filters the results from the whole structure
- Novel result summarization through feature-aware subgraph result embedding and clustering.
 - VIGOR provides a top-down, high-level overview
 - Clustering node-feature and structural result similarity
- An integrated system fusing multiple coordinated views
 - Brushable linked views among Exemplar View, Subgraph Embedding View, and the Fusion Graph



CRITIQUE

- The number of people for user study might not enough and they are all professional users.
- Query sentence is hard to generate for non-professionals.
- The co-authorship is limited to one-hop





THE UNIVERSITY OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

Thank you!