ATCGes - A Tool for Curating Genome Expression Signatures

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Central Dogma [For Computer Scientists]

• REVIEW: Compiling Source Code



Central Dogma [For Biologists]

• NEW: Compiling Life





Microarrays - Measure all the genes!

Magnets Microarrays - How Do They Work?!



Problem!

Microarray Data Measures Raw Abundance

- When comparing two samples, is difference from No. of cells or strength of expression?
- How do we account for genes that are just used more? i.e higher background signal?
- How do you figure out the percell-type contribution?
- Confounding Factors



Solution!

Deconvolution

- Mixed sample is being measured
- Figure out how to unmix them
- Can either be done physically (FACS, flow cytometry) or computationally
- Computational deconvolution requires a signature matrix, a set of genes that uniquely identifies each cell



Identify a set of biomarkers (genes) that can distinguish between the samples (cells).

Data Abstraction

- Tabular data
 - Key = gene_id, cell_id, replicate_no. [Categorical]
 - Value = Luminance Measure [Quantitative]
- Scales
 - ~20k genes
 - ~2 dozen cells
 - ~ 5 replicates
 - Luminance between 0-100,000

Task

- For each cell, identify a gene that is differentially expressed when compared to other cells.
- The ideal biomarker has low variance, and whose signal doesn't overlap with the other cells.

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Normalized Expression

Demo!















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Normalized Expression

Implementation









Gene Expression Omnibus



Strengths And Weaknesses

Strengths

- Filtering worked really well
- Visual occlusion was initially a big setback for the variance plot, but opacity makes it a great idiom.
- Partial solution is very powerful, allows for modifying the signature in an iterative fashion

Weaknesses

- Lots of Clicking
- Skewed expression signatures doesn't use the full color range
- Expressions are scattered between the top and bottom of the range. Inversions would make it much more consistent in both the heatmap and the variance bars

Future Work

Future Work

- Integration into the full toolchain to benchmark against deconvolution output
- Better UI/UX with confirm/modify idiom rather than hunt and peck
- Drill-down + Roll-up capabilities to dig into a particular group of cells that are too similar. Re-normalizes the colormap so that we can actually separate out similar cells.

Lessons Learned and Conclusion

- Roadblocks are sometimes blessings in disguise
- Colour encoding is difficult but the correct scheme qualitatively changes your task effectiveness (at least feels that way).

- ACTGes met initial goals of curating a gene expression signature
- Focused on information density and fully presenting partial solution
- Iterative signature selection is a powerful paradigm

Thank You!