

### ConTour: Data-Driven Exploration of Multi-Relational Datasets for Drug Discovery

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### Domain Problem

#### UNDERSTANDING DRUG DISCOVERY

**Scenario 1:** Targeted interaction, understood mechanism, desired outcome

- blue rectangle = biological receptor
- orange rectangle = biological target
- green triangle = chemical compound
- dashed line = potential target
- solid line = direct target
- red double line = inhibits target

### Domain Problem

#### UNDERSTANDING DRUG DISCOVERY

**Scenario 2:** Indirect interaction, understood mechanism, desired outcome

- blue rectangle = biological receptor
- orange rectangle = biological target
- green triangle = chemical compound
- dashed line = potential target
- solid line = direct target
- red double line = inhibits target

### Domain Problem

#### UNDERSTANDING DRUG DISCOVERY

**Scenario 3:** Complex interactions, mechanism poorly understood, multiple outcomes

- blue rectangle = biological receptor
- orange rectangle = biological target
- green triangle = chemical compound
- dashed line = potential target
- solid line = direct target
- red double line = inhibits target

### Drug Discovery Main Goals

- Identify a drug's mechanism of action
- Identify the biological process a drug modulates
- Identify new drugs for specific therapeutic indications

### ConTour

Pathway View | History View | Compound View | Relationship View | Filter View

### Data Abstraction

Pathways Genes Activities Compounds derived\* Therapeutic Groups

Fingerprints Clusters

NOVARTIS INNOVATION

\* Derived using a scheme propose by the Proust Integrity database

### Data Abstraction

Pathways Genes Activities Compounds Therapeutic Groups

Fingerprints Clusters

"The drug discovery domain problem can be **generalized** to the problem of analysing **multi-relational** datasets [...] Consequently, we argue that our approach is **applicable to many other problems.**"

### Data Abstraction

Pathways Genes Activities Compounds Therapeutic Groups

Fingerprints Clusters

"The multi-relational data exploration problem can be interpreted as a **graph exploration problem** where each item of each dataset represents a node and the relationships between the items are the edges"

### Task Analysis

**T1: Identify Related Items**

**Item selection and highlighting**  
Clicking, not hovering, on an item also moves all related items in columns to the top

### Task Analysis

**T1: Identify Related Items**

**Selection-based filters**  
Filter choices when multiple items are selected

union mode: intersection mode:

### Task Analysis

**T1: Identify Related Items**

**Nesting**  
Simple Nesting

### Task Analysis

**T1: Identify Related Items**

**Nesting**  
Recursive Nesting

### Task Analysis

**T2: Identify Items that Share a Relationships with a Set of Items**

**Nesting**  
Simple Nesting | Recursive Nesting

### Task Analysis

**T3: Analyse Network Enrichment**

**Enrichment Score**  
Judging how specific two items are when compared to a third

$s_{i,j}(K) = \frac{|K_i \cap K_j|}{|K_i| |K_j|}$

Where:  
i = clusters  
K = compounds  
J = Pathways  
S(i,j) = pair score

\*I assume they take care of divide by 0?

### Task Analysis

**T4: Rank Items**

**Sorting by interest**  
Sort alpha-numerically

**Enrichment Score**  
Sort by enrichment score



