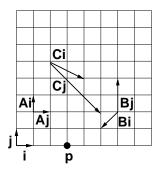
CPSC 314, Written Homework 1: Transformations

Out: Mon 21 Jan 2008 Due: Wed 6 Feb 2008 1pm sharp Value: 4% of final grade Total Points: 100

1. (21 pts) The point coordinate P can be expressed as P = 3*i + 0*j, where i and j are basis vectors of unit length along the x and y axes, respectively. Describe the point P in terms of the 3 other coordinate systems given below.



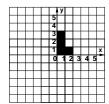
- 2. (3 pts) Write down the 4x4 matrix for scaling an object by 2 in y and 3 in Z.
- 3. (10 pts) Give the OpenGL commands required to encode M. You may assume the matrix stack has been initialized with glidentity().

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array}\right]$$

- 4. (6 pts) Homogenize the point (2,10,8,4).
- 5. (20 pts) Give the 4x4 OpenGL modelview matrix at the four lines A, B, C, and D below.

```
glLoadIdentity();
glTranslate(2,3,0);
A
glRotate(90, 0,1,0);
B
glPushMatrix();
glScale(1,.5,1);
glTranslate(1,1,0);
C
glPopMatrix();
glScale(2,1,1);
D
```

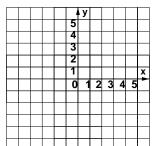
6. (40 pts) For each equation below, sketch the new location L' of the L shape on the grid and provide the OpenGL sequence needed to carry out those operations. Use the function drawL(), which draws an L shape with the lower left corner at the current origin as shown below. You may assume the matrix mode is $GL_MODELVIEW$ and that the stack has been initialized with glLoadIdentity(). For reference, the OpenGL command syntax is glRotatef(angle, x, y, z), glTranslatef(x, y, z), glScalef(x, y, z).



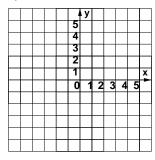
drawL();

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{B} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{C} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{D} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

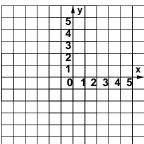




b)
$$L' = ACD L$$



c)
$$L' = BAB L$$



d) L' = CBAD L

