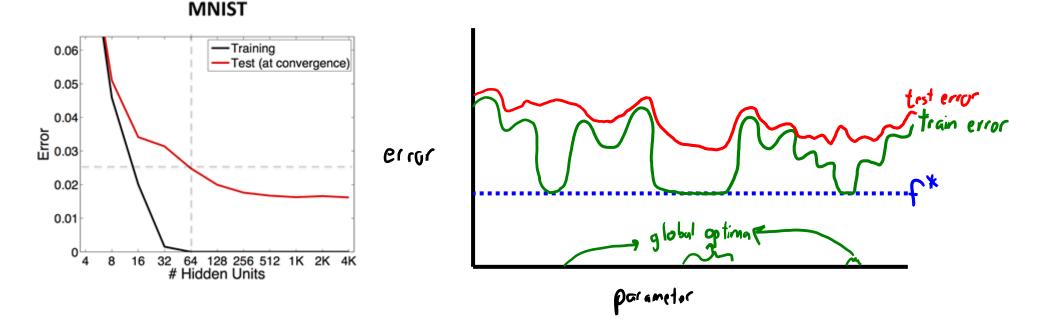
CPSC 440: Machine Learning

Double Descent Curves Winter 2021

Last Time: "Hidden" Regularization from SGD?

• Fitting single-layer neural network with SGD and no regularization:



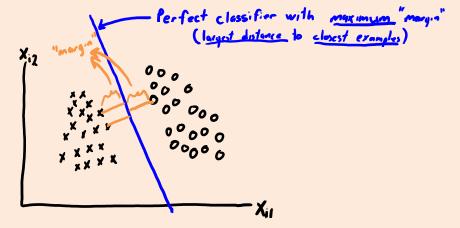
- Global minima achieved for "large enough" networks.
 - But different "global minima" of training error may have different test errors.
 - SGD looks like it finds a "regularized" global minimum.

Implicit Regularization of SGD

- There is growing evidence that using SGD regularizes parameters.
 We call this the "implicit regularization" of the optimization algorithm.
- Beyond empirical evidence, we know this happens in simpler cases.
- Example of implicit regularization:
 - Consider a least squares problem where there exists a 'w' where Xw=y.
 - Residuals are all zero, we fit the data exactly.
 - You run [stochastic] gradient descent starting from w=0.
 - Converges to solution Xw=y that has the minimum L2-norm.
 - So using SGD is equivalent to L2-regularization here, but regularization is "implicit".

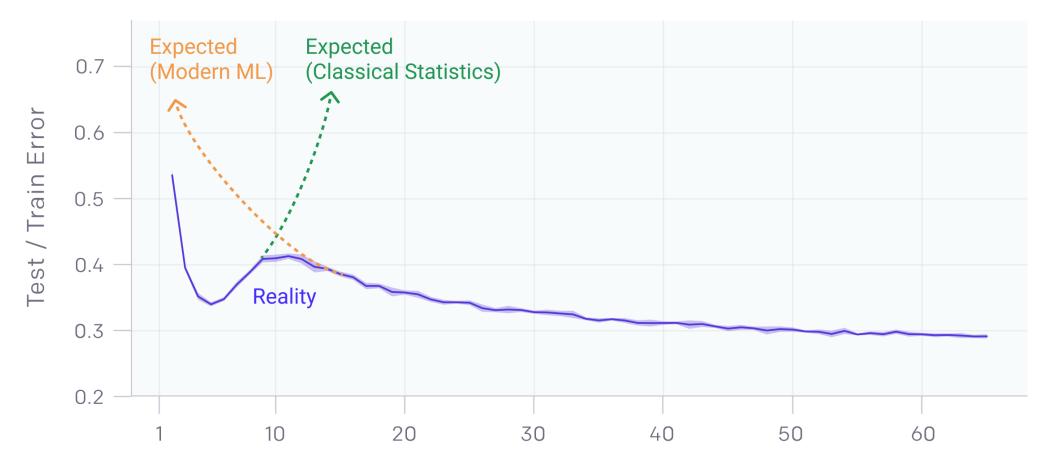
Implicit Regularization of SGD

- Example of implicit regularization:
 - Consider a logistic regression problem where data is linearly separable.
 - We can fit the data exactly.
 - You run gradient descent from any starting point.
 - Converges to max-margin solution of the problem.
 - So using gradient descent is equivalent to encouraging large margin.



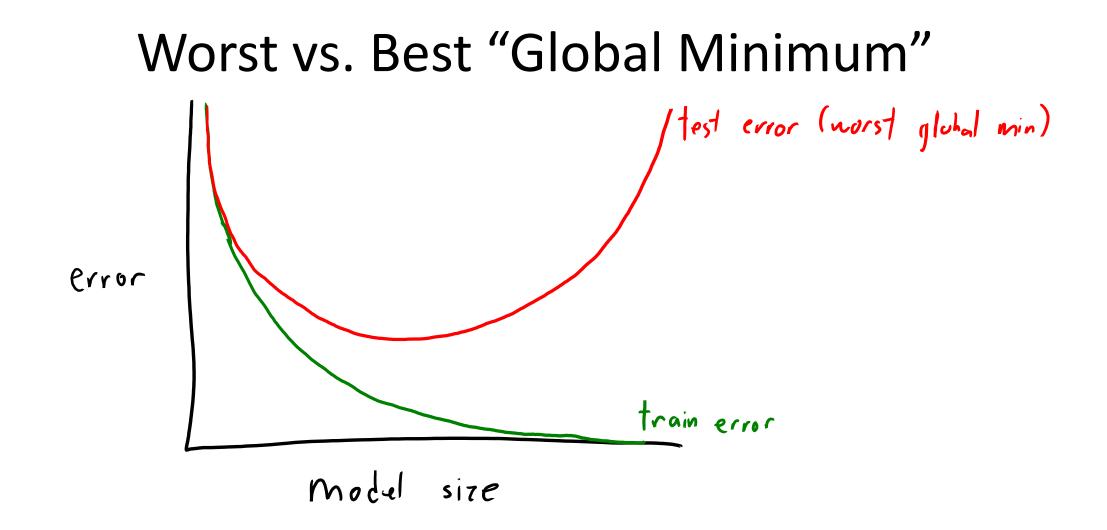
• Similar result known for boosting and matrix factorization.

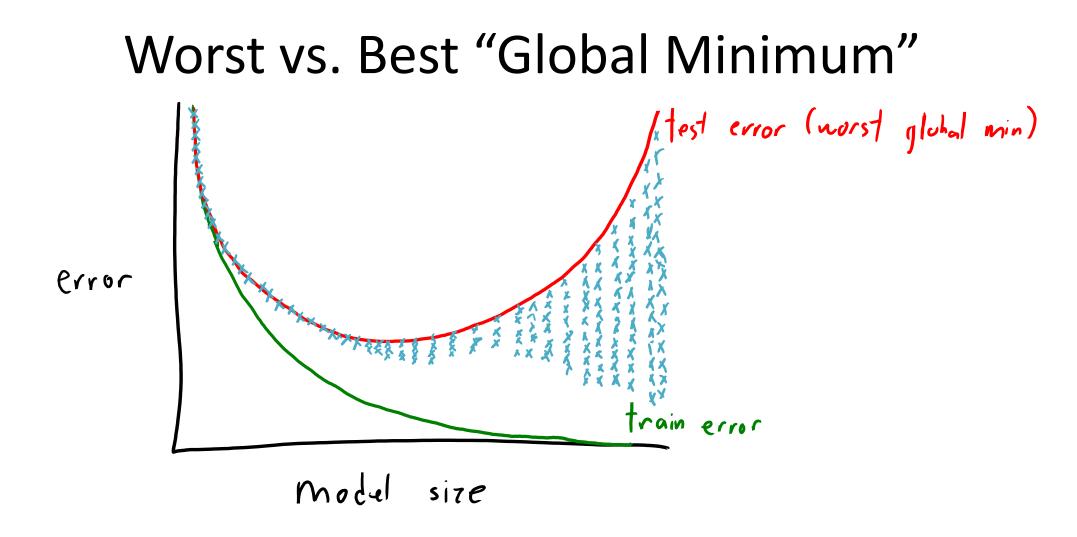
Double Descent Curves



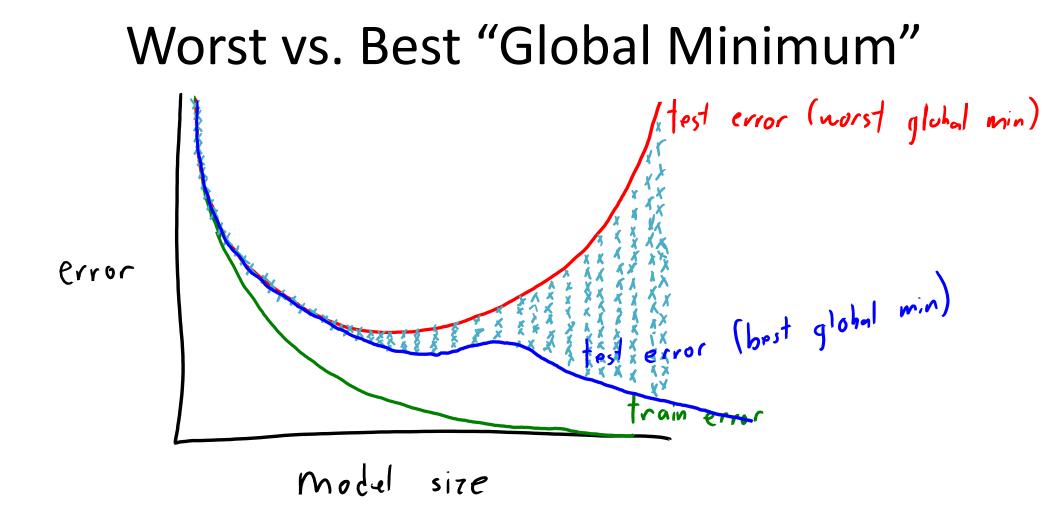
Model Size (ResNet18 Width)

• What is going on???

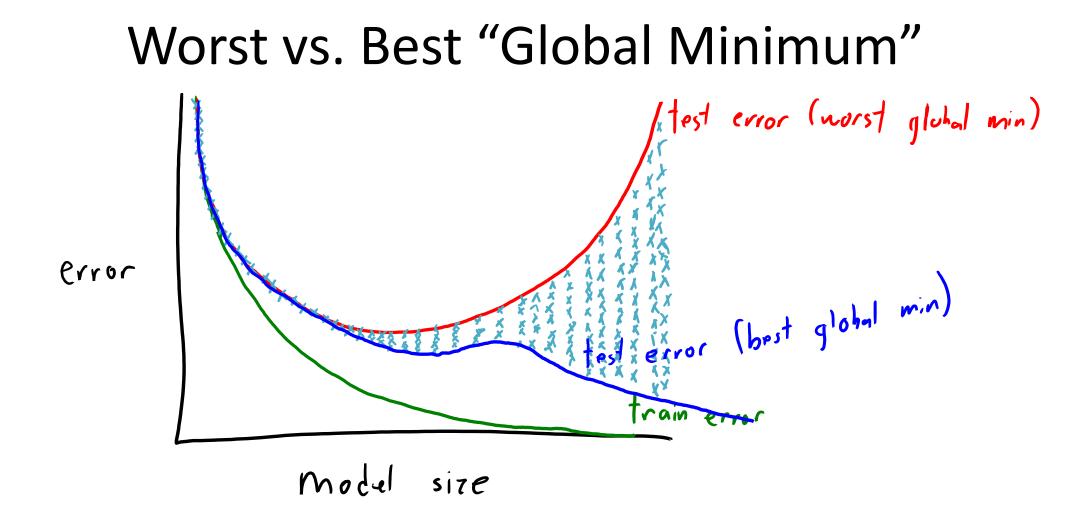




- Learning theory results analyze global min with worst test error.
 - Actual test error for different global minima will be better than worst case bound.
 - Theory is correct, but maybe "worst overfitting possible" is too pessimistic?



- Consider instead the global min with best test error.
 - With small models, "minimize training error" leads to unique (or similar) global mins.
 - With larger models, there is a lot of flexibility in the space of global mins (gap between best/worst).
- Gap between "worst" and "best" global min can grow with model complexity.



- Can get "double descent" curve in practice if parameters roughly track "best" global min shape.
 - One way to do this: increase regularization as you increase model size.
- Maybe "neural network trained with SGD" has "more implicit regularization for bigger models"?
 - But this behavior is not specific to implicit regularization of SGD and not specific to neural networks.

Implicit Regularization of SGD (as function of size)

- Why would implicit regularization of SGD increase with dimension?
 - Maybe SGD finds low-norm solutions?
 - In higher-dimensions, there is flexibility in global mins to have a low norm?
 - Maybe SGD stays closer to starting point as we increase dimension?
 - This would be more like a regularizer of the form $||w w^0||$.

