

Computer & Network Security

Lecture 7-2

Computers & Society (CPSC 430)

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<https://www.cs.ubc.ca/~kevinlb/teaching/cs430>

Electronic Money

- Financial transactions are increasingly moving online
- Advantages
 - easier transactions
 - easier access to credit
 - discourages black market economy
 - prevents businesses from having to carry cash floats
- Disadvantages
 - empowers a few corporations
 - less anonymity
 - security risks
- *Other advantages/disadvantages? What do you think?*

Blockchain

- Distributed ledgers offer an alternative approach to electronic money that works more like cash
- What is:
 - blockchain?
 - mining?
 - what stops someone from spending the same digital money twice?
 - what's an NFT
- But, the currency is incredibly volatile (and, not everyone even agrees that it makes sense to think of it as money)

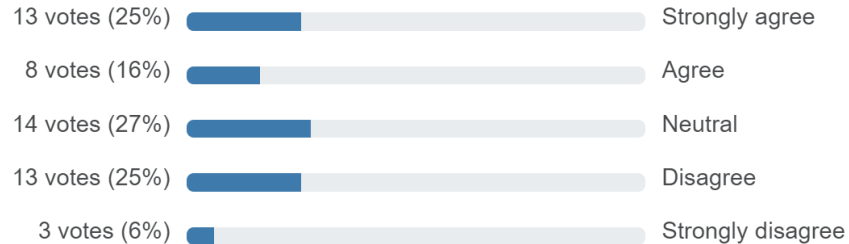
What do you think? Should governments encourage blockchain-based currencies? Do you use them?

Computer and Network Security

“Canadians should be able to vote online in federal, provincial and municipal elections.”

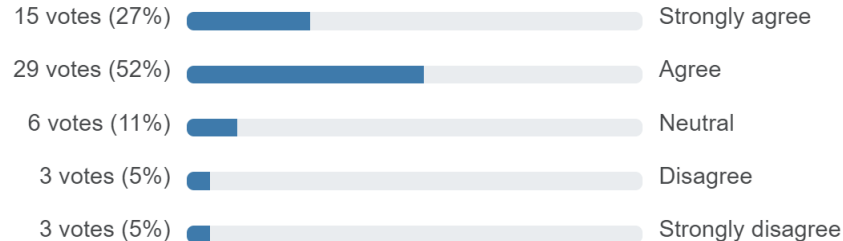
Section 101

A total of 51 voter(s) in 1157 hours



Section 102

A total of 56 voter(s) in 1156 hours



Online Voting

- **Motivation:**

- More people would vote
- Votes would be counted more quickly
- Cost less money
- Avoid disputed elections like Florida 2000
- Eliminate ballot box tampering
- Software can prevent accidental over-, under-voting

- **Risks:**

- Gives unfair advantage to those with computers
- More difficult to preserve voter privacy
- More opportunities for vote selling
- Obvious target for a DDoS attack
- Security of election depends on security of home computers
- Susceptible to phony vote servers, manipulation by foreign governments
- No paper copies of ballots for auditing or recounts
- Reduction in perceived legitimacy of elections even if everything works

