AI Applications

CPSC322 Lecture 3

		Environment	
Problem		Deterministic	Stochastic
Static	Constraint Satisfaction	Variables + Constraints Search Arc Consistency Local Search	
	Query	<i>Logics</i> Search	Bayesian (Belief) Networks Variable Elimination
Sequential	Planning	STRIPS Search	Decision Networks Variable Elimination

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(Adversarial) Search: Checkers

Game playing was one of the first tasks undertaken in Al

- Arthur Samuel at IBM wrote programs to play checkers (1950s)
 - initially, they played at a strong amateur level
 - however, they used some (simple) machine learning techniques, and soon outperformed Samuel



Source: IBM Research

Chinook's program was declared the Man-Machine World Champion in checkers in 1994!

...and **completely solved** by a program in 2007!

(Adversarial) Search: Chess

In 1996 and 1997, Gary Kasparov, the world chess grandmaster played two tournaments against Deep Blue, a program written by researchers at IBM





Source: IBM Research

(Adversarial) Search: Chess

Deep Blue's Results in the first tournament:

- won 1 game, lost 3 and tied 1
 - \checkmark first time a reigning world champion lost to a computer



(Adversarial) Search: Chess

Deep Blue's Results in the second tournament:

• second tournament: won 3 games, lost 2, tied 1



- 30 CPUs + 480 chess processors
- Searched 126,000,000 nodes per sec
- Generated 30 billion positions per move reaching depth 14 routinely



Sample A* applications

- An Efficient A* Search Algorithm For Statistical Machine Translation. (2001)
- The Generalized A* Architecture. Journal of Artificial Intelligence Research (2007)
 - Machine Vision
- Factored A*search for models over sequences and trees. International Conference on AI (2003)
 - applied to NLP and BioInformatics
- Finding shortest paths on real road networks: the case for A*. International Journal of Geographical Information Science (2009)

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CSPs: Crossword Puzzles

Daily Puzzles

370 puzzles from 7 sources.

Summary statistics:

- 95.3% words correct (miss three or four words per puzzle)
- 98.1% letters correct
- 46.2% puzzles completely correct







Source: Michael Littman

Slide 10

CSPs: Radio link frequencies

Assigning frequencies to a set of radio links defined between pairs of sites in order **to avoid interference**.

Constraints on frequency depend on **position of the links** and on **physical environment**.

Source: INRIA



Example: RNA secondary structure design

RNA strand made up of four bases: cytosine (C), guanine (G), adenine (A), and uracil (U) 2D/3D structure RNA strand folds into is important for its function

Predicting structure for a strand is "easy": O(n³)

But what if we want a strand that folds into a certain structure?



One of the best algorithms to date: Local search algorithm RNA-SSD developed at UBC [Andronescu, Fejes, Hutter, Condon, and Hoos, Journal of Molecular Biology, 2004]

Constraint optimization problems

Optimization under constraints (similar to CSP) E.g. mixed integer programming (software: IBM CPLEX)

- Linear program: max $c^T x$ such that $Ax \le b$
- Mixed integer program: additional constraints, $x_i \in \mathbb{Z}$ (integers)
- NP-hard, widely used in operations research and in industry



Transportation/Logistics: SNCF, United Airlines UPS, United States Postal Service, ...



Supply chain management software: Oracle, SAP,...

Production planning and optimization: Airbus, Dell, Porsche, Thyssen Krupp, Toyota, Nissan, ...

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CSP/logic: formal verification





Hardware verification (e.g., IBM) Software verification (small to medium programs)

Much of recent progress based on: Encodings into propositional satisfiability (SAT)



Logic: CycSecure

"scans a computer network to build a formal representation of the network, based on Cyc's pre-existing ontology of networking, security, and computing concepts:

This formal representation also allows users to interact directly with the model of the network, allowing testing of proposed changes."

- Knowledge
 Representation
- Web Mining & Semantic Web !



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Planning & Scheduling: Logistics

Dynamic Analysis and Replanning Tool (Cross & Walker)

- logistics planning and scheduling for military transport
- used in the 1991 Gulf War by the US
- problems had 50,000 entities (e.g., vehicles); different starting points and destinations



Planning: Spacecraft Control

NASA: Deep Space One spacecraft operated autonomously for two days in May, 1999:

- determined its precise position using stars and asteriods
 - ✓ despite a malfunctioning ultraviolet detector
- planned the necessary course adjustment
- fired the ion propulsion system to make this adjustment



For another space application see the Spike system for the Hubble telescope

Source:

Slide 19





Hours	8 12 16 20 24 28 37 36 40 44 4 33h12m Sbs
Planner	Idle Idle Filde Idle
Attitude	RAX S C C C Constant Poil Constant Poin 🛛 🗰 Constant P C C
Camera Mode	RAX 8 Stuck Of Plan Step Started On
Camera Actions	RAX S Idle I Start time: 33:12:56 I I It Idle
Main Engine	RAX S Standby Standby Stand Standby Standby Standby
Navigation	RAX S Idle Idle

Source: cs221 stanford



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Reasoning under Uncertainty: Diagnosis



Reasoning Under Uncertainty

Texture classification using Support Vector Machines

• foliage, building, sky, water



Source: *Mike Cora, UBC*

Reasoning Under Uncertainty

E.g. motion tracking: track a hand and estimate activity:

• drawing, erasing/shading, other



Source: *Kevin Murphy,* Slide 24 *UBC*





Watson : analyzes natural language questions and content well enough and fast enough to compete and win against champion players at <u>Jeopardy!</u>
 "This Drug has been shown to relieve the symptoms of ADD with relatively few side effects."



Statistical Machine Translation



Source: cs221 Stanford

Recommender Systems

Suggesting new content/products based on what you have already viewed/consumed



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Decision Network in Finance for venture capital decision



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Planning Under Uncertainty

Learning and Using POMDP models of Patient-Caregiver Interactions During Activities of Daily Living

Goal: Help Older adults living with cognitive disabilities (such as Alzheimer's) when they:



- forget the proper sequence of tasks that need to be completed
- they lose track of the steps that they have already completed.

Source: Jesse Hoey UofT 2007 Slide 30

Military applications: ethical issues

- Robot soldiers
 - Existing: robot dog carrying heavy materials for soldiers in the field
 - The technology is there
- Unmanned airplanes
- Missile tracking
- Surveillance



Decision Theory: Decision Support Systems

E.g., Computational Sustainability

Interdisciplinary field, AI is a key component

- Models and methods for decision making concerning the management and allocation of resources
- to solve most challenging problems related to sustainability
- Often constraint optimization problems. E.g.
 - Energy: when are where to produce green energy most economically?
 - Which parcels of land to purchase to protect endangered species?
 - Urban planning: how to use budget for best development in 30 years?



Source: http://www.computational-sustainability.org/

Dimensions of Representational Complexity in CPSC322

We've already discussed:

- Deterministic versus stochastic domains
- Static versus sequential domains
- Some other important dimensions of complexity:
- Explicit state or propositions or relations
- Flat or hierarchical
- Knowledge given versus knowledge learned from experience
- Goals versus complex preferences
- Single-agent vs. multi-agent

Multiagent Systems: Poker



Search Space: 1.2 quintillion nodes

"In full 10-player games Poki is **better than a typical low-limit casino player** and wins consistently; however, **not as good as most experts** New programs being developed for the 2-player game are quite a bit better, and we believe they will very soon surpass all human players"

Source: The University of Alberta GAMES Group

Multiagent Systems: Robot Soccer







Source: *RoboCup web site*

Extremely complex

- Stochastic
- Sequence of actions
- Multiagent

robotic soccer competition was proposed by LCI (UBC) in 1992 (which became *Robocup* in 1997).