

Branch & Bound

Say LP $\max \vec{c}^T \vec{x}$ s.t. $A\vec{x} \leq \vec{b}$, $\vec{x} \geq 0$

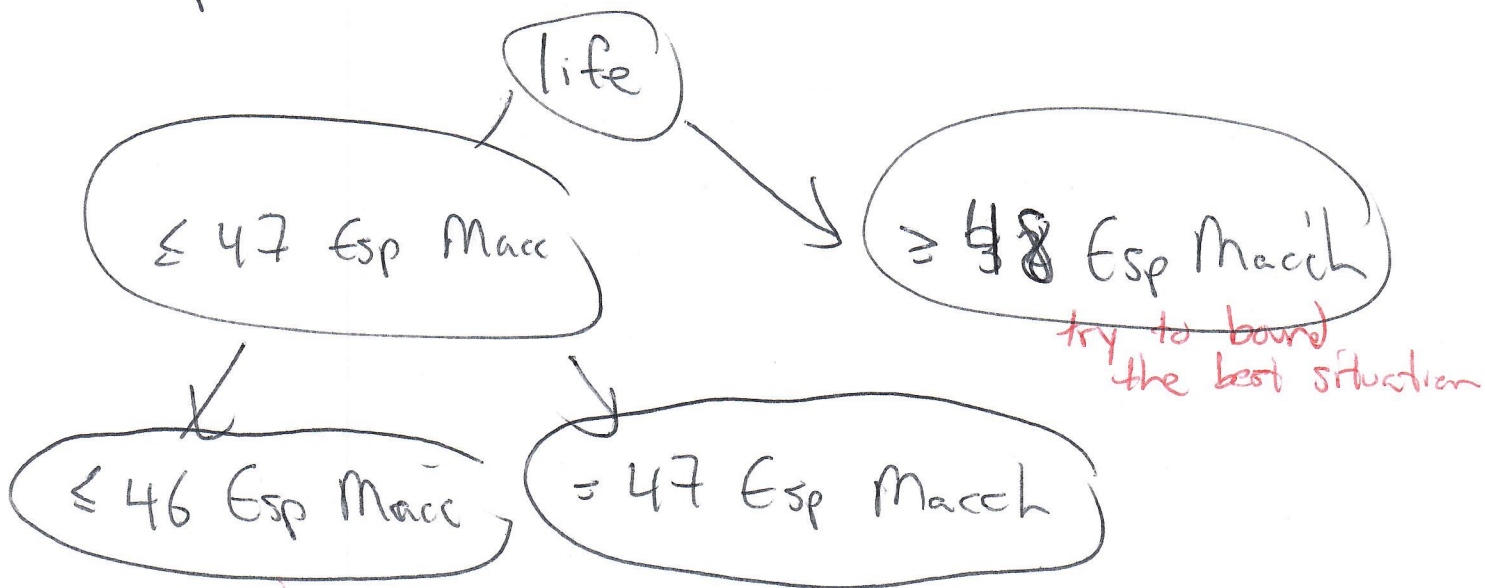
- Usually \vec{x} varies over the reals;
- the ILP (integer LP) means $\vec{x} \in \mathbb{Z}^n$,
 x has integer coefficients

- say that we think $x_1 = 31$ Lett's

$x_2 = 47$ Esp. Macch.

maybe best

is optimal:



Examples: $\max 4x_1 + 5x_2$ s.t.

$x_1 + 2x_2 \leq$	8	18.07	
$x_1 + x_2 \leq$	5	11.05	
$2x_1 + x_2 \leq$	8	18	
$x_1, x_2 \geq 0$	first	second (Easy)	third (Trickier)

First: Say x_1, x_2 have to be integers.

- Solved the LP where x_1, x_2 any reals.

- This is called the relaxation.

- Found: LP optimized at $x_1=2, x_2=3$. Done!

Second: Constraints 18.07, 11.05, 18

- LP optimized at $x_1=4.03, x_2=7.02$

Easy LP: $\max \vec{c}^T \vec{x}$ s.t. $A\vec{x} \leq \vec{b}$, $\vec{x} \geq 0$

Standard production from resources: A, \vec{b}, \vec{c}
non-neg components/entries.

- We want x_1, x_2 to be integers.

- Solved LP, found optimum:

- ~~Esattes~~ $x_1 = 4.03$

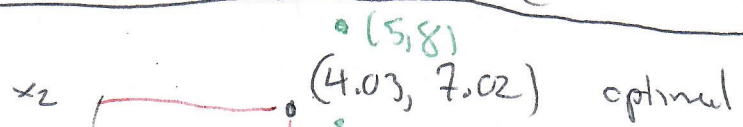
Esp M. $x_2 = 7.02$

objective $z = z(4.03, 7.02) = 51.22$



- However $x_1 = 4, x_2 = 7$ feasible, $x_1, x_2 \in \mathbb{Z}$

$obj(4,7) = 51$ (close to 51.22) (integers)



- Is (5,8) feasible? NO !!!
- Could (5,7) be feasible? Maybe !!
- Could (4,8) " " ? Maybe !!
- Is (4,7) feasible? Yes !!

Branch: $Esp \geq 8$ ---

$Esp \leq 7$ ---