# while loops in ArtLab

## pattern of circles

```
1. int counter;

2. g2.setPaint ( green );

3. width = 100;

4. height = 100;

5. counter = 0;

6. while (counter < 10)

7. {

8. newShape();

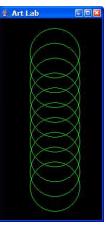
9. x = 200;

10. y = 20 + counter * 30;

11. g2.drawOval(x, y, width, height);

12. counter = counter + 1;
```

13.}



## exercises

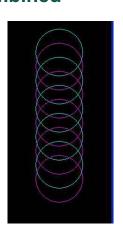
what would happen if:

- line 6 were changed to: while (counter < 8)</li>
- line 5 were changed to: counter = 5;

# ifs and whiles combined

Here is what happens if line 11 is replaced with:

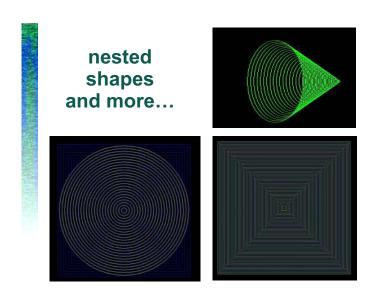
```
11a. if (counter%2==0)
11b. { g2.setPaint(cyan); }
11c. else
11d. { g2.setPaint(magenta); }
11e. g2.drawOval(x, y, width, height);
```



### more exercises

how might you:

- arrange the circles in a horizontal line?
- arrange the circles along a diagonal line?
- arrange the circles to be nested in each other?



# sample code (top right picture)

```
counter = 0;
   while (counter < 30)
   {
       newShape ();
       x = 300 - counter * 5;
       y = 280 - counter * 5;
       width = counter * 3;
       height = counter * 10;
       g2.drawOval(x, y, width, height);
       counter = counter + 1;
}</pre>
```

```
shapes in circles
```

# sample code (top right picture)

```
counter = -100;

while (counter < 100)

{

    newShape();

    x = 150 + counter;

    y = (int) Math.sqrt(10000 - (x-150)*(x-150));

    width = 100;

    height = 100;

    if ( (counter % 2) == 0) { g2.setPaint (yellow); }

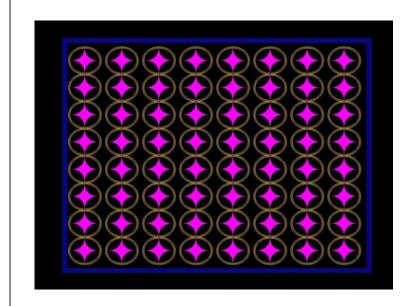
    else { g2.setPaint (black); }

    g2.drawRect(x, 120 + y, width, height);

    g2.drawRect(x, 120 - y, width, height);

    counter = counter + 3;

}
```



```
int counter. counter2:
counter = 0:
while (counter < 8)
{ counter2 = 0;
 x = 50 + counter*150
 while (counter2 < 8)
 {y = 50 + counter2*110};
  g2.setPaint (magenta);
  g2.fillRect(x, y, 100, 100);
  g2.setPaint (black);
  g2.fillOval(x-50, y-50, 100, 100);
  g2.fillOval(x+50, y-50, 100, 100);
  g2.fillOval(x-50, y+50, 100, 100);
  g2.fillOval(x+50,y+50, 100, 100);
  counter2 = counter2 + 1; }
 counter = counter+1; }
```

```
g2.setPaint (orange); counter = 0;
while (counter < 8)
{ counter2 = 0;
 x = 50 + counter*150;
 while (counter2 < 8)
 \{ y = 50 + counter2*110; \}
   g2.drawOval(x-10, y, 120, 100);
   g2.drawOval(x-12, y-2, 125, 105);
   g2.drawOval(x-15, y-5, 130, 110);
   g2.drawOval(x-17, y-7, 135, 115);
   counter2 = counter2 + 1; }
 counter = counter+1; }
g2.setPaint (blue); counter=0;
while (counter < 10)
{ g2.drawRect (10+counter*2,
   10+counter*2,1250-4*counter,
   950-4*counter);
 counter = counter+1; }
```

### resources

- cs015 web page at Brown University
  - http://www.cs.brown.edu/courses/cs015/
  - click on "lectures" to see course slides and draft of book by Kate Sanders and Andries van Dam
- java.sun.com
  - java compilers (free) and tutorials
  - 2D graphics tutorial at http://java.sun.com/docs/books/tutorial/2d/

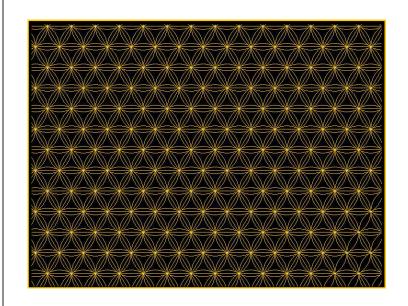
### more resources

note from class at Dartmouth on art and math:

http://www.dartmouth.edu/~matc/math5.pattern/syllabus.html

• simple lessons on geometry in Islamic art:

http://www.askasia.org/frclasrm/lessplan/l000030.htm



# project idea

Using tools of the java ArtLab, figure out how to generate traditional geometric designs; explain your goals and approach.

### resources

- programming environment designed by the MIT media lab for artists: http://processing.org/
- article about René Jodoin: http://www.awn.com/mag/issue5.07/5.07pages/ robinsonjodoin.php3