

TECHNICAL
REPORT

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* PASCAL/UBC Summary *
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by

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Technical Manual TM-1

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PASCAL/UBC SUMMARYNotation

Capitalized words should appear as given.
word is means "the definition of word is"

{ }	a syntactic object
[....]	optional item
[....]*	optional item, may appear zero or more times
[....]+	optional item, may appear one or more times
...	repeat previous construct zero or more times
,...	as above, separate occurrences with commas
;...	as above, separate occurrences with semicolons
	separates alternatives
b	a required blank (one or more)

Special Symbols

AND	ARRAY	BEGIN	CASE	CONST	DIV	DO	DOWNTO	ELSE	END	FILE	FOR
FUNCTION	GOTO	IF	IN	LABEL	MOD	NIL	NOT	OF	OR	PROCEDURE	
RECORD	REPEAT	SET	THEN	TO	TYPE	UNTIL	VALUE	VAR	WHILE	WITH	
+ - * / & ^ . ; := : @ ..	= <> ~= < <= >= >	:	"								
() (* *) (. .)											

Comments

" comment " or (* comment *)

Identifiers (called 'id' below)

letter [letter | digit | _]*

Constants

digits [. digits][E [+ | -] digits]
#hexdigits
TRUE FALSE MAXINT ECL NIL
'any EBCDIC characters'
(A quote within a string must appear as '').)

Characters

letter	ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
digit	0123456789
hexdigit	0123456789ABCDEF

Sets

SET ([expression,...])
(. [expression,...] .)

<u>Operator</u>	<u>Operation</u>	<u>Operand Type(s)</u>	<u>Result Type</u>
<code>:=</code>	assignment	all except files	---

Arithmetic

<code>+</code>	unary +	integer, real	integer, real
<code>-</code>	unary -	integer, real	integer, real
<code>+</code>	addition	integer, real	integer, real
<code>-</code>	subtraction	integer, real	integer, real
<code>*</code>	multiplication	integer, real	integer, real
<code>DIV</code>	integer division	integer	integer
<code>/</code>	real division	integer, real	real
<code>MOD</code>	modulus	integer	integer

Relational

<code>=</code>	equality	SSSP	Boolean
<code><> ~=</code>	inequality	SSSP	Boolean
<code><</code>	less than	scalar, string	Boolean
<code>></code>	greater than	scalar, string	Boolean
<code><=</code>	less or equal,	scalar, string,	Boolean
	set inclusion	set	
<code>>=</code>	greater or equal,	scalar, string,	Boolean
	set inclusion	set	
<code>IN</code>	set membership	1st operand scalar 2nd operand set	Boolean

Logical

<code>AND &</code>	conjunction	Boolean	Boolean
<code>OR </code>	disjunction	Boolean	Boolean
<code>NOT ~</code>	negation	Boolean	Boolean

Set

<code>+</code>	union	any set type T	T
<code>-</code>	set difference	any set type T	T
<code>*</code>	intersection	any set type T	T

SSSP is scalar, set, string, or pointer

Procedure and Function Declarations

```
PROCEDURE id [ ( { [VAR] id,... : typeid |
                     PROCEDURE id,... |
                     FUNCTION id,... : typeid } ;... ) ]
```

```
FUNCTION id [ ( { [VAR] id,... : typeid |
                     PROCEDURE id,... |
                     FUNCTION id,... : typeid } ;... ) ]
                     : typeid
```

Body

```
[ LABEL  label,... ; ]
[ CONST  [ id = constant ; ]+ ]
[ TYPE   [ id = type ; ]+ ]
[ VAR    [ id,... : type ; ]+ ]
[ VALUE   [ id = constant ;
            id = { { digits * } constant },... ) ; ]+ ]
[ { Procedure | Function }... ]
BEGIN statement;... END
```

Procedures, Functions, and Main Programs

A Procedure is Procedure Declaration ; body ;
 A Function is Function Declaration ; body ;
 A Main Program is body .

Procedures and Functions may have their bodies replaced by FORWARD or FORTRAN.

Statements

variable := expression Must have compatible types.
 The precedence of operators from highest to lowest is:

4	NOT	-						
3	*	/	DIV	MOD	AND	&		
2	+	-	OR					
1	<	<=	=	>=	>	<>	-=	IN

Procedure call
 BEGIN statement;... END
 WHILE Boolean expression DO statement
 REPEAT statement;... UNTIL Boolean expression
 FOR id := expression1 [TO | DOWNT0] expression2
 DO statement
 The control variable must be of non-real scalar type.
 IF Boolean expression THEN statement [[;] ELSE statement]
 CASE expression OF [constant,... : statement] ;... END
 <> : denotes the "default case".
 GOTO label
 WITH variable,... DO statement

A statement may be empty.
 Statements may be labeled: label : statement
 Only one label may appear per statement.
 label is an integer such that 0<label<=9999.
 Boolean expression is an expression yielding the value
 TRUE or FALSE.

Types

```

simpletype
ARRAY (. simpletype,... .) OF type
ARRAY ( simpletype,... ) OF type
RECORD fieldlist END
SET OF simpletype
FILE OF type
@typeid

fieldlist is [ id,... : type ] ;...
      [ CASE [ id : ] typeid OF
          { constant,... : [ ( fieldlist ) ] } ;... ]
simpletype is INTEGER | CHAR | BOOLEAN | ( id,... ) |
constant .. constant |
any typeid designating one of these.
REALs are "simple" in some contexts.
FILES may not be components of RECORDS, ARRAYS, or FILES.

```

All objects must be declared before they are used except:
 Pointers where the pointed to object is defined later;
 @typeid where, "typeid" is defined later;
 Procedures may make forward references so long as the
 referenced procedure has been declared "FORWARD"
 or "FORTRAN" before the reference is made.

MTS Commands for PASCAL/UBC

```
$RUN PASC:GO SCARDS=source SPUNCH=object SPRINT=listing
PAR=options fileassignments b : comments
```

```
$RUN PASC:COMP      -ditto-
$RUN object+PASC:MON -ditto-
```

options (separated by commas)

BATCH	- disable all interactive features
DUMP	- produce dump of PSW and registers on run error
EX=#	- maximum number execution stack memory pages
GO	- no compile; execute file -P.OBJ
GO=fname	- no compile; execute file fname
LI=fname	- use file fname as a run time library
NERRS=#	- maximum number of allowed run time errors
NEW=#	- maximum number 'NEW' stack memory pages
NOGO	- compile only; no execution
NOPMD	- omit post mortem dump on run error
PAGES=#	- maximum number of printed pages
TIME=#	- maximum amount of cpu time
TR=fname	- use the translator in file fname

= a positive integer fname = a file or device name

fileassignment is [b PASCALname=MTSname]*

Compiler Options

Compiler options appear in comments as follows:

(*\$list of options separated by commas*)

e.g., "\$A+,B-,C-,D-,E-,K+,L+,N-,P-,Q-,S-,T+,U+,X+,7+,_+"

<u>Option</u>	<u>Default</u>	<u>Meaning</u>
A	+ on	Perform subrange checking on Assignments
B	- off	Allow Byte allocation. Default is half-word
C	- off	Print object Code as each statement is processed
D	- off	Output snapshot & post mortem dump Debug tables
E	- off	Eject: force current line to start a new page
K	+ on	Forces an error if Case index out of range
L	+ on	List source program
N	- off	Allow Non-alignment of data
P	- off	Print object code after each procedure
Q	- off	Sequence nos.: on = cols 1-72; off = cols 1-100
S	- off	Force Standard Revised PASCAL
T	+ on	Force Testing: = A, K, X
U	+ on	Auto Underlining: on in batch; off interactively
X	+ on	Check index range in subscripts
7	+ on	Compile code for IBM 370
_	+ on	Permit underbar as an alphabetic character

Standard Functions and Procedures

ABS(I)	: IR	- func: absolute value
ARCTAN(R)	: R	- func: arctangent
CHR(I)	: C	- func: convert integer to character
COS(R)	: R	- func: cosine
EOF[(F)]	: B	- func: end-of-file
EOLN[(F)]	: B	- func: end-of-line
EXP(R)	: R	- func: exponential
GET(F)		- proc: input next object
HALT		- proc: terminate execution
INSERT(I,J,K)	: I	- func: shift I left J bits, 'OR' with K
LINENO(F)	: I	- func: last read line number of file F
LN(R)	: R	- func: natural logarithm
NEW(P[,T,...])		- proc: instantiate a new P
ODD(I)	: B	- func: true if I odd
CRD(C)	: I	- func: convert character to integer
PACK(A,S,D)		- proc: FOR J:=U TO V DO D(J):=A(J-U+I)
PAGE[(F)]		- proc: start new page on F
PRED(S)	: S	- func: predecessor
PUT(F)		- proc: output next object
READ[(F[,O,...])]		- proc: read values
READLN[(F[,O,...])]		- proc: read values; to EOL
RESET(F[,G])		- proc: rewind F; attach to fname G
REWRITE(F[,G])		- proc: close F; attach to fname G
ROUND(R)	: I	- func: round to nearest integer

SIN(R) : R	- func: sine
SQR(IR) : IR	- func: square
SQRT(R) : R	- func: square root
SUBSTR(A,S,N) : B	- func: substring of A start=I, length=N
SUCC(S) : S	- func: successor
TRUNC(R) : I	- func: truncate to integer
UNPACK(D,A,S)	- proc: FOR J:=U TO V DO A(J-U+I) := D(J)
WRITE[(F[,0,...])]	- proc: write values
WRITELN[(F[,0,...])]	- proc: write values; terminate line
I,J,K = integer	R = real
IR = integer,real	B = Boolean
S = scalar	C = character
F = file	P = pointer
N = integer constant	T = optional tag
A = ARRAY(.U..V.) OF CHAR	(a string)
D = ARRAY(.W..X.) OF CHAR	(a string)
G = ARRAY(1..N) OF CHAR	(a [logical] file name b)
C = any variable except file (input)	
	any expression except file (output)

Predefined Objects

```

CONST      MAXINT   = 2147483647;

TYPE       BOOLEAN  = (FALSE,TRUE);
           TEXT     = FILE OF CHAR;
           ALFA    = ARRAY(1..10) OF CHAR;

VAR        INPUT,OUTPUT : TEXT;
           RCODE    : -32767..+32767;
"Return Code -- automatically set on return from a
FORTRAN routine. May be set by the user as well."

```