

FAQ for SMAC version v2.02.00-master

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FAQ

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1 My target algorithm fails to run, what should I do?

Consult the logs, and see what error messages are recorded. In some cases you may have to turn on additional options such as **--logAllProcessOutput**, and see what information is available.

If it's not clear what the problem is consult the logs to determine the call string used (available from the logs), and try executing the target algorithm directly on the environment that it failed on. If direct execution fails, then the problem is specific to the target algorithm and/or your scenario options *i.e.* The algorithm executable cannot be found .

If the call succeeds, the next step would be to replace the target algorithm that is being executed with a debug script/program that outputs all of the environment variables, and the call string it sees directly from SMAC. If nothing here seems to be relevant to your problem, then you will probably want to contact us for more advice.

NOTE: If the call string that SMAC is using is not in the correct format, you probably need to use a wrapper to format it, and you should consult the *Algorithm executable / wrapper* section in the manual.

NOTE: In certain Java implementations (such as Sun's Java 6) there is a bug ¹ that causes the `LD_LIBRARY_PATH` variable to be modified internally by Java, and then the target algorithm sees the modification. In most cases this is benign, as it merely adds the location of the JVM libraries, and restates the location of the system libraries. However if library incompatibilities exist, this can cause problems. You will need to use a wrapper script to manually fix the `LD_LIBRARY_PATH` or upgrade Java.

2 How can I report a bug or documentation error?

Please e-mail both of the developers above.

3 Why does SMAC do weird things to my console (change colors, set the title, etc...)?

SMAC outputs a dump of the environment variables to console when `DEBUG` logging is enabled. If any of these characters are terminal escape sequences they may unintentionally cause the terminal's behaviour to change.

4 Should I make a parameter categorical or numeric integral?

Numeric integral parameters are internally treated as numeric continuous parameters, and only when a call to the target algorithm is made, is the value rounded to an integer.

There is no hard and fast rule governing which method is better. If the value really is numeric and smooth, then using a numeric integral is likely to result in better predictions. If on the other hand the value is used as an index to a switch, then categorical should be better.

To illustrate using extreme examples of this:

If your value represents a bit-mask, used to control four separate options, where the most meaningful split would be based on the least significant bit (*i.e.*, the best split would be into even and odd numbers), a numeric integral value with domain $[0, 15]$ could never capture this, nor would the model ever detect it. On the other extreme, if the value really is numeric integral (*e.g.* $[0, 1024]$) then values that have never been seen will be randomly assigned to leafs, not capturing any smoothness.

To help inform the decision, from a SMAC internal point of view there are two places in the code where this distinction will matter. The first is during neighbourhood searches. All numeric parameters will only have 4 neighbours selected, and those neighbours will be sampled from a distribution $N(\mu, 0.2)$ where μ is the existing (*standardized* to $[0, 1]$) value. Any samples that fall outside of this range will be rejected.

The next distinction is within the random forest itself. Categorical values can be split arbitrarily but numeric values are always split at some constant c , with values $>$ than c going to the right, and values \leq going to the left.

5 Should I use a wrapper or modify my program to execute directly?

Either will work. It may be easier to use a wrapper but this can introduce more overhead, which (depending on the runtime of the target algorithm) may be significant (we typically see overheads up to a second). When

¹ See http://bugs.sun.com/view_bug.do?bug_id=6670965

using a wrapper it is important not to poll the output stream of the process: if the target algorithm outputs lots of data this can result in a high degree of lock contention and significantly affect the runtime performance.

6 SMAC seems to take so much longer than tunerTimeout to execute, what can I do?

Consider using the `--wallClockLimit` option to limit the amount of wall clock time that SMAC will execute for. Additionally consider looking at the `run_and_results` file for the run (see *State Files* in the SMAC Manual) and see how large the difference between the recorded wall clock time and the reported runtime is.

7 Does SMAC support validation?

Yes, see *Offline Validation* in the manual.

8 Does SMAC support validating more than one incumbent?

Yes, by setting `--validateOnlyLastIncumbent` to false. Additionally see Validation Options in the SMAC Manual appendix for options that control which incumbents can be selected.

9 What does the name after the dash in version refer to?

The name refers to the git branch, almost every public release should be *master*. Development releases are *development*.

10 What are the performance consequences of executing in parallel (i.e. setting `--maxConcurrentAlgoExecs > 1`)?

It largely depends on how SMAC ends up exploring the configuration space. The largest change one could expect for a series of N algorithm executions, given infinite concurrent processors would be from $O(N)$ to $O(\lg(N))$. NOTE: This case would generally occur when we have lots of runs for the incumbent, and challengers perform very close to the incumbent's performance. If the configurations SMAC finds can be shown to perform poorly fairly quickly, then the runtime would still be about $O(N)$, and there would be no significant improvement.

Additionally when using adaptive capping with M processors, all parallel runs will be scheduled as if the other runs took 0 seconds. In other words, if we want to exploit the parallelism of running on M processors, we have to run each algorithm for M times as long, thus nullifying any advantage.

For validation however, given infinite processors the runtime would be $O(1)$, and depending on the scenario validation can be more than 50% of the runtime.

11 Can I continue a finished run of SMAC (e.g., after a crash or running out of time)?

Yes, see *State Restoration* in the manual.

12 SMAC's state files eat up alot of disk space, can I turn them off?

Yes, set the `--stateSerializer` to `NULL`. Beginning in version 2.02, the default was to only save the files needed to restore the final set of runs, and not necessarily every iteration before hand.

13 Can I save more than just the final set of runs?

Yes, set the `--cleanOldStateOnSuccess` option to false, and a complete state will be saved on every 2^n $n \in \mathbb{N}$ iteration.

14 How can I see what iterations I can restore SMAC to?

Using the `smac-possible-restores` utility. Point it to the directory that contains the state you'd like to restore.

15 Can I change the settings of SMAC when restoring state (e.g.,add more instances, change objectives)?

Yes, the only thing that is restored with the state is the runs, and the state of the random objects. Everything else comes from the configuration supplied. You may want to look at the source code of `LegacyStateDeserializer` to see exactly what can be changed and what can't. NOTE: some invariants of SMAC may no longer be in force, and care must be taken. The incumbent may no longer be the best found under the new objectives, and/or the incumbent may no longer have the most number of runs ².

16 My environment can be flaky, I don't want to ABORT but don't want to blindly continue with CRASHED

Consider using the `--abortOnCrash` option in conjunction with `--retryTargetAlgorithmRunCount`. This will allow you to retry several times before ultimately giving up.

17 Is the source code for SMAC available?

The source code for SMAC is included in the files `smac-src.jar`, `aclib-src.jar`, and `fastrf-src.jar`.

²If you don't include the `java_obj_dump` file the incumbent should be recalculated for you. The calculated incumbent will be the one that has the most runs, and performs the best on the objective. Additionally you also lose the random object state.

18 I don't have any instance features, is there any benefit I can get from running SMAC?

Yes, SMAC can also run without features, and sometimes continues to show state-of-the-art performance. Additionally, we have noticed that the performance of the default configuration on all instances is a good instance feature in many situations.

19 There is a lack of logging options available, I need something more specific

SMAC uses slf4j (<http://www.slf4j.org/>), a library that allows for abstracting and replacing the logging system with ease, and uses logback (<http://logback.qos.ch/>) as the default logging system. While there is limited ability to change logging options via the command line (e.g., `--logLevel`, `--consoleLogLevel`, `--logAllCallStrings`, `--logAllProcessOutput`), one can edit `conf/logback.xml`, to get much more control over the logging of SMAC. For more details of how to edit this file consult the logback documentation.

NOTE: If you replace the logger in SMAC or modify the configuration file, the logging command line options may no longer work.

20 Can I use a different logger for SMAC?

Yes, you should be able to simply replace the logback.jar with something else that slf4j supports and it should work out of the box.

21 What are the differences between SMAC and ParamILS?

See *Differences Between SMAC and ParamILS* in the manual.

22 I would like to optimize something that doesn't lend itself to simple command line execution, and/or would like to use something more advanced (e.g., database caching, running on remote machines, etc...)

You probably need to implement a `TargetAlgorithmEvaluator`. See the *Target Algorithm Evaluator* section in the manual.

23 I would like to use different objective functions than are provided

You will have to modify the source code, namely the `RunObjective` and `OverallObjective` classes to support the new objective. Also see Question 24.

24 Why doesn't SMAC support as many objective functions as ParamILS?

The Random Forests currently only optimize for **MEAN** and so other objective functions may have to deal with a poorer model quality. As we do not currently have other scenarios, we were unable to measure how bad the performance was and have disabled these options in the code. When **-executionMode** is set to **ROAR** this shouldn't be an issue.

25 What are the relevant articles / papers about SMAC?

Several papers led up to SMAC, but the most important/up-to-date ones are (in bibtex format):

```
@InProceedings{HutHooLey11-SMAC,
  author = {F. Hutter and H.~H. Hoos and K. Leyton-Brown},
  title = {Sequential Model-Based Optimization for General
    Algorithm Configuration},
  booktitle = {LION-5},
  series = {LNCS},
  year = {2011},
  pages = {507--523}
}

@InProceedings{HutHooLey11-censoring,
  author = {F. Hutter and H.~H.~Hoos and K. Leyton-Brown},
  title = {Bayesian Optimization With Censored Response Data},
  booktitle = {2011 NIPS workshop on Bayesian Optimization,
    Sequential Experimental Design, and Bandits},
  year = {2011},
  Note = {Published online}
}

@INPROCEEDINGS{HutHooLey12-ParallelAC,
  author = {Frank Hutter and Holger~H. Hoos and Kevin Leyton-Brown},
  title = {Parallel Algorithm Configuration},
  booktitle = {LION-6},
  year = {2012},
  series = {LNCS},
  note = {To appear}
}
```

26 I'm using SMAC in academic work, what article should I cite?

Please cite the above LION-5 paper when you use SMAC. The above NIPS workshop paper is a reference for adaptive capping in the model-based framework, and the above LION-6 paper for a parallel version of SMAC.

27 I'd like to use SMAC for commercial purposes, what should I do?

Please contact us regarding licensing options.

28 What is the difference between SAT and UNSAT in the algorithm responses?

The short answer is you can use either, as SMAC makes no distinction. The reason two responses are used is a historical hold over for debugging. Essentially it was used as a cross check to ensure that some unknown bug didn't crop up, as a result of the running configuration that would break the solver. SMAC itself doesn't do anything with this information, but it's possible to use the `run_and_results` file to check the responses against the instances, and ensure that no errors were made.

29 What is a Run Hash Code?

These are a mapping from the `<instance>`, `<seed>`, `<configuration setting>` to a hash. Primarily these are of use to developers, who want to ensure that a change in the code does not alter the trajectory of SMAC. Modulo the random noise in target algorithm execution, when you restore state the values should be preserved.