

Black-Box Optimization Benchmarking Template for Noiseless Function Testbed

Draft version *

Forename Name

ABSTRACT

Categories and Subject Descriptors

G.1.6 [Numerical Analysis]: Optimization—*global optimization, unconstrained optimization*; F.2.1 [Analysis of Algorithms and Problem Complexity]: Numerical Algorithms and Problems

General Terms

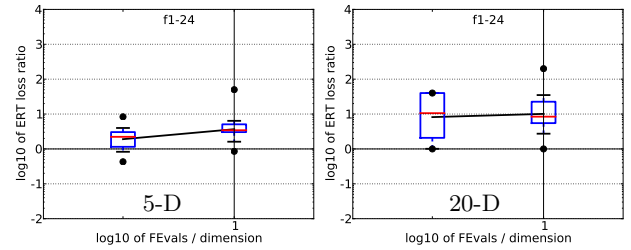
Algorithms

Keywords

Benchmarking, Black-box optimization

1. RESULTS

Results of SMBO0 from experiments according to [?] on the benchmark functions given in [?, ?] are presented in Figures ??, ?? and ?? and in Tables ?? and ??.



<i>f1-f24 in 5-D, maxFE/D=10</i>						
#FEs/D	best	10%	25%	med	75%	90%
2	0.43	0.79	1.1	2.2	3.1	4.4
10	0.85	1.5	2.9	3.4	5.1	6.6
100	4.0	4.5	11	17	31	95
RL _{US} /D	10	10	10	10	10	10

<i>f1-f24 in 20-D, maxFE/D=10</i>						
#FEs/D	best	10%	25%	med	75%	90%
2	1.0	1.0	2.1	11	40	40
10	1.0	1.9	5.4	8.4	24	39
100	1.0	13	27	56	78	1.3e2
RL _{US} /D	10	10	10	10	10	10

Figure 3: ERT loss ratio versus the budget (both in number of f -evaluations divided by dimension). The target value f_t for a given budget FEvals is the best target f -value reached within the budget by the given algorithm. Shown is the ERT of the given algorithm divided by best ERT seen in GECCO-BBOB-2009 for the target f_t , or, if the best algorithm reached a better target within the budget, the budget divided by the best ERT. Line: geometric mean. Box-Whisker error bar: 25-75%-ile with median (box), 10-90%-ile (caps), and minimum and maximum ERT loss ratio (points). The vertical line gives the maximal number of function evaluations in a single trial in this function subset. See also Figure ?? for results on each function subgroup.

*Submission deadline: March 28th.

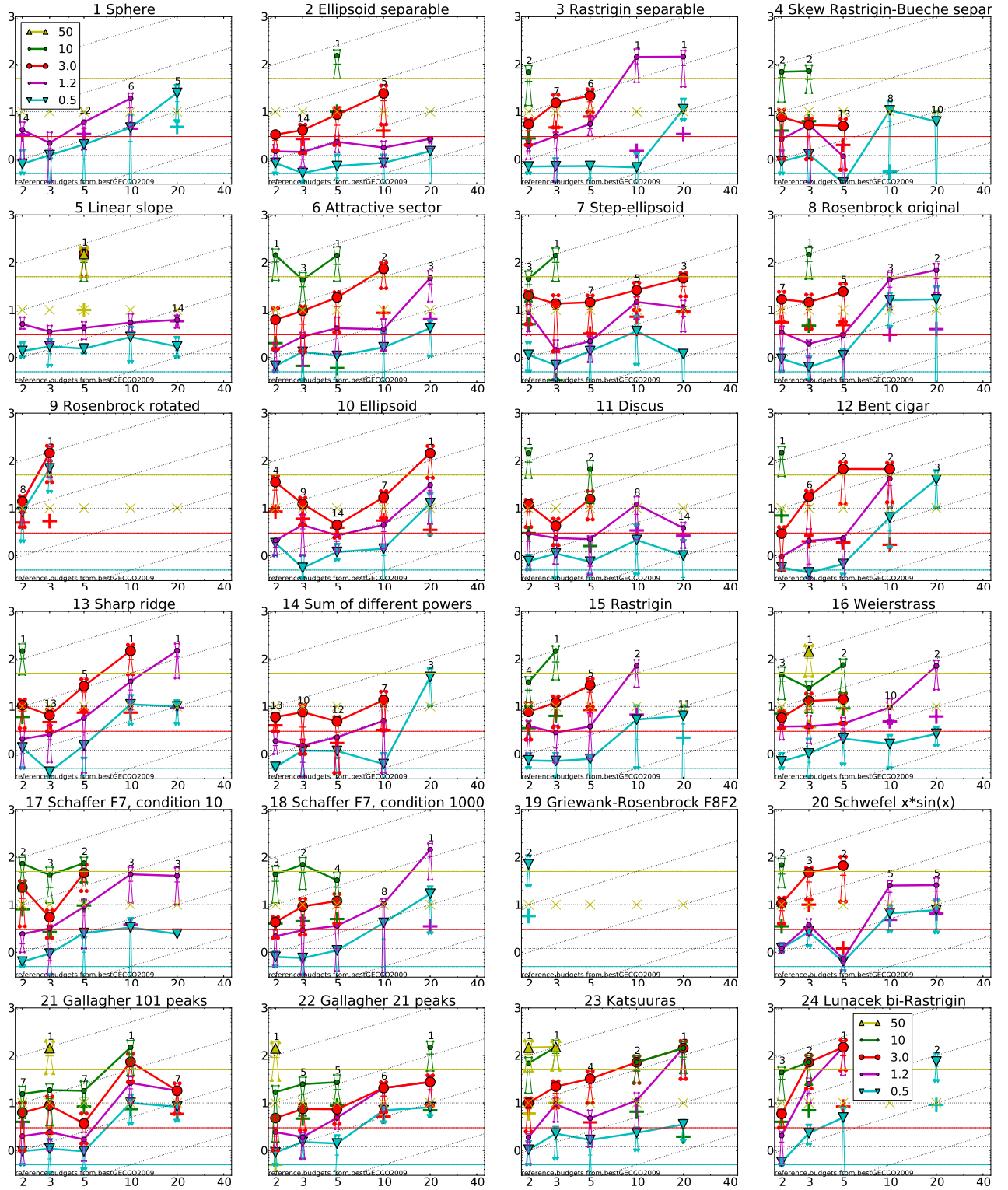


Figure 1: Expected number of f -evaluations (ERT, lines) to reach $f_{\text{opt}} + \Delta f$; median number of f -evaluations (+) to reach the most difficult target that was reached not always but at least once; maximum number of f -evaluations in any trial (×); interquartile range with median (notched boxes) of simulated runlengths to reach $f_{\text{opt}} + \Delta f$; all values are divided by dimension and plotted as \log_{10} values versus dimension. Shown is the ERT for targets just not reached by the GECCO-BBOB-2009 best algorithm within the given budget $k\text{DIM}$, where k is shown in the legend. Numbers above ERT-symbols indicate the number of trials reaching the respective target. Slanted grid lines indicate a scaling with $\mathcal{O}(\text{DIM})$ compared to $\mathcal{O}(1)$ when using the respective 2009 best algorithm.

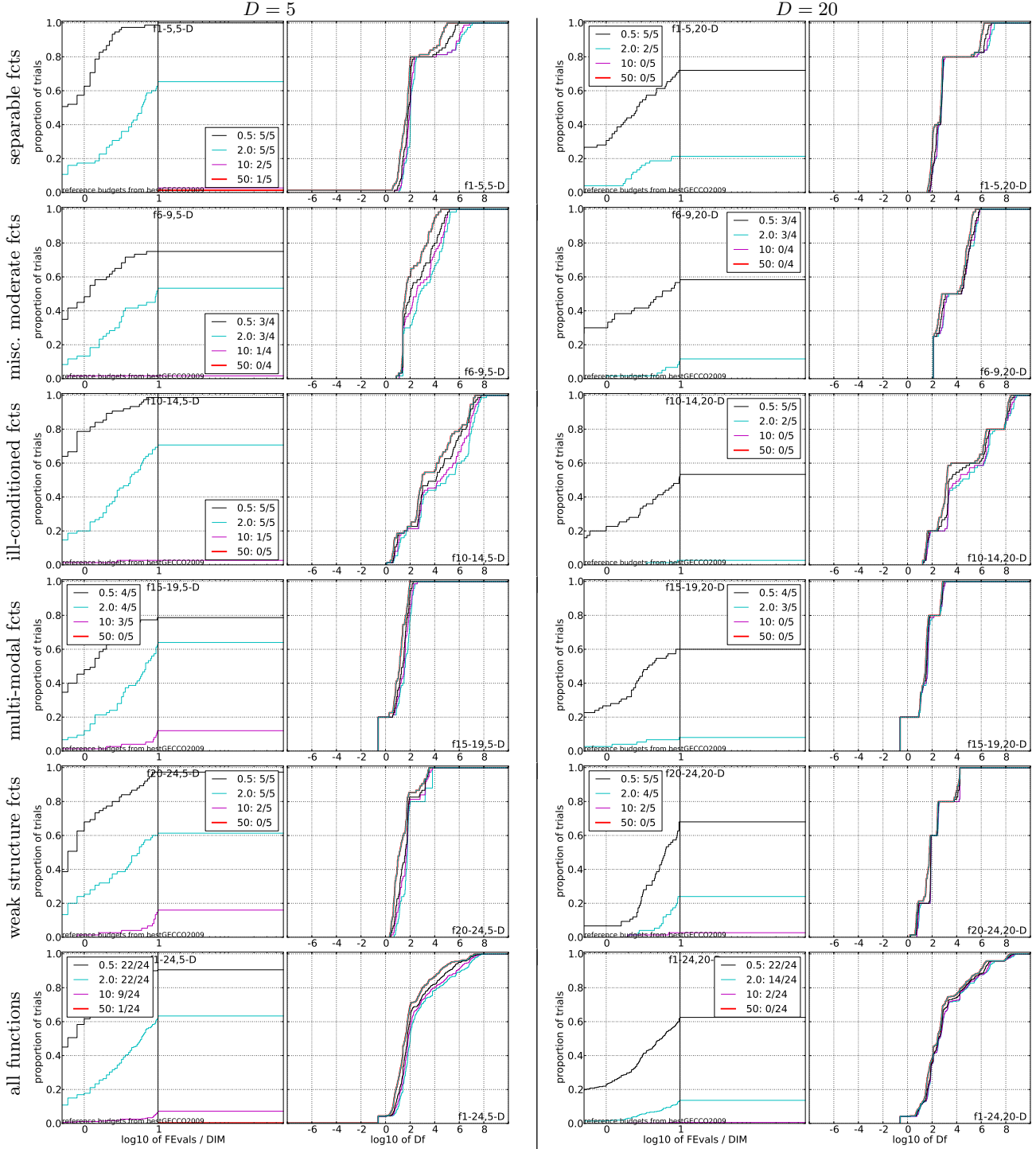


Figure 2: Empirical cumulative distribution functions (ECDF), plotting the fraction of trials with an outcome not larger than the respective value on the x -axis. Left subplots: ECDF of number of function evaluations (FEvals) divided by search space dimension D , to fall below $f_{\text{opt}} + \Delta f$ where Δf is the target just not reached by the GECCO-BBOB-2009 best algorithm within a budget of $k \times \text{DIM}$ evaluations, where k is the first value in the legend. Legends indicate for each target the number of functions that were solved in at least one trial within the displayed budget. Right subplots: ECDF of the best achieved Δf for running times of $0.5D, 1.2D, 3D, 10D, 100D, 1000D, \dots$ function evaluations (from right to left cycling cyan-magenta-black...) and final Δf -value (red), where Δf and Df denote the difference to the optimal function value.

5-D							20-D						
#FEs/D	0.5	1.2	3.0	10	50	#succ	#FEs/D	0.5	1.2	3.0	10	50	#succ
f₁	<i>2.5e+1:4.8</i> 2.1(3)	<i>1.6e+1:7.6</i> 4.0(5)	<i>1.0e-8:12</i> ∞	<i>1.0e-8:12</i> ∞	<i>1.0e-8:12</i> ∞	15/15 0/15	f₁	<i>6.3e+1:24</i> 20(21)	<i>4.0e+1:42</i> ∞	<i>1.0e-8:43</i> ∞	<i>1.0e-8:43</i> ∞	<i>1.0e-8:43</i> ∞	15/15 0/15
f₂	<i>1.6e+6:2.9</i> 1.3(1)	<i>4.0e+5:11</i> 1.0(1)	<i>4.0e+4:15</i> 2.9(3)	<i>6.3e+2:58</i> 13(14)	<i>1.0e-8:95</i> ∞	15/15 0/15	f₂	<i>4.0e+6:29</i> 1.0(1.0)	<i>2.5e+6:42</i> 1.3(2)	<i>1.0e+5:65</i> ∞	<i>1.0e+4:207</i> ∞	<i>1.0e-8:412</i> ∞	15/15 0/15
f₃	<i>1.6e+2:4.1</i> 0.87(1)	<i>1.0e+2:15</i> 1.9(2)	<i>6.3e+1:23</i> 4.6(5)	<i>2.5e+1:73</i> ∞	<i>1.0e+1:716</i> ∞	15/15 0/15	f₃	<i>6.3e+2:33</i> 6.8(8)	<i>4.0e+2:44</i> 65(75)	<i>1.6e+2:109</i> ∞	<i>1.0e+2:255</i> ∞	<i>2.5e+1:3277</i> ∞	15/15 0/15
f₄	<i>2.5e+2:2.6</i> 0.62(0.8)	<i>1.6e+2:10</i> 0.59(0.5)	<i>1.0e+2:19</i> 1.3(1)	<i>4.0e+1:65</i> ∞	<i>1.6e+1:434</i> ∞	15/15 0/15	f₄	<i>6.3e+2:22</i> 5.8(9)	<i>4.0e+2:91</i> ∞	<i>2.5e+2:250</i> ∞	<i>1.6e+2:332</i> ∞	<i>6.3e+1:1927</i> ∞	15/15 0/15
f₅	<i>6.3e+1:4.0</i> 1.9(0.8)	<i>4.0e+1:10</i> 2.1(1)	<i>1.0e-8:10</i> 75(82)	<i>1.0e-8:10</i> 75(80)	<i>1.0e-8:10</i> 75(80)	15/15 1/15	f₅	<i>2.5e+2:19</i> 1.8(2)	<i>1.6e+2:34</i> 3.6(2)	<i>1.0e-8:41</i> ∞	<i>1.0e-8:41</i> ∞	<i>1.0e-8:41</i> ∞	15/15 0/15
f₆	<i>1.0e+5:3.0</i> 1.8(2)	<i>2.5e+4:8.4</i> 2.5(2)	<i>1.0e+2:16</i> 5.7(7)	<i>2.5e+1:54</i> 13(15)	<i>2.5e-1:254</i> ∞	15/15 0/15	f₆	<i>2.5e+5:16</i> 5.2(5)	<i>6.3e+4:43</i> 22(22)	<i>1.6e+4:62</i> ∞	<i>1.6e+2:353</i> ∞	<i>1.6e+1:1078</i> ∞	15/15 0/15
f₇	<i>1.6e+2:4.2</i> 1.6(1)	<i>1.0e+2:6.2</i> 1.8(2)	<i>2.5e+1:20</i> 3.6(4)	<i>4.0e+0:54</i> ∞	<i>1.0e+0:324</i> ∞	15/15 0/15	f₇	<i>1.0e+3:11</i> 2.2(4)	<i>4.0e+2:39</i> 5.8(6)	<i>2.5e+2:74</i> 13(14)	<i>6.3e+1:319</i> ∞	<i>1.0e+1:1351</i> ∞	15/15 0/15
f₈	<i>1.0e+4:4.6</i> 1.2(2)	<i>6.3e+3:6.8</i> 2.2(4)	<i>1.0e+3:18</i> 6.9(8)	<i>6.3e+1:54</i> ∞	<i>1.6e+0:258</i> ∞	15/15 0/15	f₈	<i>4.0e+4:19</i> 18(21)	<i>2.5e+4:35</i> 39(45)	<i>4.0e+3:67</i> ∞	<i>2.5e+2:231</i> ∞	<i>1.6e+1:1470</i> ∞	15/15 0/15
f₉	<i>2.5e+1:20</i> ∞	<i>1.6e+1:26</i> ∞	<i>1.0e+1:35</i> ∞	<i>4.0e+0:62</i> ∞	<i>1.6e-2:256</i> ∞	15/15 0/15	f₉	<i>1.0e+2:357</i> ∞	<i>6.3e+1:560</i> ∞	<i>4.0e+1:684</i> ∞	<i>2.5e+1:756</i> ∞	<i>1.0e+1:1716</i> ∞	15/15 0/15
f₁₀	<i>2.5e+6:2.9</i> 2.1(2)	<i>6.3e+5:7.0</i> 1.9(2)	<i>2.5e+5:17</i> 1.3(1)	<i>6.3e+3:54</i> ∞	<i>2.5e+1:297</i> ∞	15/15 0/15	f₁₀	<i>1.6e+6:15</i> 17(20)	<i>1.0e+6:27</i> 22(26)	<i>4.0e+5:70</i> 41(43)	<i>6.3e+4:231</i> ∞	<i>4.0e+3:1015</i> ∞	15/15 0/15
f₁₁	<i>1.0e+6:3.0</i> 1.2(1)	<i>6.3e+4:6.2</i> 1.8(2)	<i>6.3e+2:16</i> 4.9(6)	<i>6.3e+1:74</i> 4.5(5)	<i>6.3e-1:298</i> ∞	15/15 0/15	f₁₁	<i>4.0e+4:11</i> 1.8(2)	<i>2.5e+3:27</i> 2.8(3)	<i>1.6e+2:313</i> ∞	<i>1.0e+2:481</i> ∞	<i>1.0e+1:1002</i> ∞	15/15 0/15
f₁₂	<i>4.0e+7:3.6</i> 0.93(1)	<i>1.6e+7:7.6</i> 1.5(2)	<i>4.0e+6:19</i> 17(20)	<i>1.6e+4:52</i> ∞	<i>1.0e+0:268</i> ∞	15/15 0/15	f₁₂	<i>1.0e+8:23</i> 35(43)	<i>6.3e+7:39</i> ∞	<i>2.5e+7:76</i> ∞	<i>4.0e+6:209</i> ∞	<i>1.0e+1:1042</i> ∞	15/15 0/15
f₁₃	<i>1.0e+3:2.8</i> 2.7(6)	<i>6.3e+2:8.4</i> 3.4(5)	<i>6.3e+2:17</i> 8.0(8)	<i>6.3e+1:52</i> ∞	<i>6.3e-2:264</i> ∞	15/15 0/15	f₁₃	<i>1.6e+3:28</i> 7.2(6)	<i>1.0e+3:64</i> 46(49)	<i>6.3e+2:79</i> ∞	<i>4.0e+1:211</i> ∞	<i>2.5e+0:1724</i> ∞	15/15 0/15
f₁₄	<i>1.6e+1:3.0</i> 1.9(1)	<i>1.0e+1:10</i> 1.1(1)	<i>6.3e+0:15</i> 1.6(2)	<i>2.5e-1:53</i> ∞	<i>1.0e-5:251</i> ∞	15/15 0/15	f₁₄	<i>2.5e+1:15</i> 57(65)	<i>1.6e+1:42</i> ∞	<i>1.0e+1:75</i> ∞	<i>1.6e+0:219</i> ∞	<i>6.3e-4:1106</i> ∞	15/15 0/15
f₁₅	<i>1.6e+2:3.0</i> 1.3(2)	<i>1.0e+2:13</i> 1.5(2)	<i>6.3e+1:24</i> 5.7(5)	<i>4.0e+1:55</i> ∞	<i>1.6e+1:289</i> ∞	5/5 0/15	f₁₅	<i>6.3e+2:15</i> 8.3(10)	<i>4.0e+2:67</i> ∞	<i>2.5e+2:292</i> ∞	<i>1.6e+2:846</i> ∞	<i>1.0e+2:1671</i> ∞	15/15 0/15
f₁₆	<i>4.0e+1:4.8</i> 2.2(3)	<i>2.5e+1:16</i> 1.4(0.8)	<i>1.6e+1:46</i> 1.5(1)	<i>1.0e+1:120</i> 3.1(3)	<i>4.0e+0:334</i> ∞	15/15 0/15	f₁₆	<i>4.0e+1:26</i> 2.0(2)	<i>2.5e+1:127</i> 11(13)	<i>1.6e+1:540</i> ∞	<i>1.6e+1:540</i> ∞	<i>1.0e+1:1384</i> ∞	15/15 0/15
f₁₇	<i>1.0e+1:5.2</i> 2.4(5)	<i>6.3e+0:26</i> 1.7(2)	<i>4.0e+0:57</i> 4.1(4)	<i>2.5e+0:110</i> 3.4(3)	<i>6.3e-1:412</i> ∞	15/15 0/15	f₁₇	<i>1.6e+1:11</i> 4.6(9)	<i>1.0e+1:63</i> 13(16)	<i>6.3e+0:305</i> ∞	<i>4.0e+0:468</i> ∞	<i>1.0e+0:1030</i> ∞	15/15 0/15
f₁₈	<i>6.3e+1:3.4</i> 1.6(3)	<i>4.0e+1:7.2</i> 2.5(3)	<i>2.5e+1:20</i> 3.0(3)	<i>1.6e+1:58</i> 2.8(3)	<i>1.6e+0:318</i> ∞	15/15 0/15	f₁₈	<i>4.0e+1:116</i> 2.9(4)	<i>2.5e+1:252</i> 11(13)	<i>1.6e+1:430</i> ∞	<i>1.0e+1:621</i> ∞	<i>4.0e+0:1090</i> ∞	15/15 0/15
f₁₉	<i>1.6e-1:172</i> ∞	<i>1.0e-1:242</i> ∞	<i>6.3e-2:675</i> ∞	<i>4.0e-2:3078</i> ∞	<i>2.5e-2:4946</i> ∞	15/15 0/15	f₁₉	<i>1.6e-1:2.5e5</i> ∞	<i>1.0e-1:3.4e5</i> ∞	<i>6.3e-2:3.4e5</i> ∞	<i>4.0e-2:3.4e5</i> ∞	<i>2.5e-2:3.4e5</i> ∞	3/15 0/15
f₂₀	<i>6.3e+3:5.1</i> 0.61(0.2)	<i>4.0e+3:8.4</i> 0.43(0.3)	<i>4.0e+1:15</i> 22(28)	<i>2.5e+0:69</i> ∞	<i>1.0e+0:851</i> ∞	15/15 0/15	f₂₀	<i>1.6e+4:38</i> 4.0(5)	<i>1.0e+4:42</i> 12(13)	<i>2.5e+2:62</i> ∞	<i>2.5e+0:250</i> ∞	<i>1.6e+0:2536</i> ∞	15/15 0/15
f₂₁	<i>4.0e+1:3.9</i> 1.2(1)	<i>2.5e+1:11</i> 0.81(0.9)	<i>1.6e+1:31</i> 0.60(0.5)	<i>6.3e+0:73</i> 1.2(1)	<i>1.6e+0:347</i> ∞	5/5 0/15	f₂₁	<i>6.3e+1:36</i> 4.6(4)	<i>4.0e+1:77</i> 4.7(4)	<i>4.0e+1:77</i> 4.7(4)	<i>1.6e+1:456</i> ∞	<i>4.0e+0:1094</i> ∞	15/15 0/15
f₂₂	<i>6.3e+1:3.6</i> 1.9(3)	<i>4.0e+1:15</i> 1.6(1)	<i>2.5e+1:32</i> 1.1(1)	<i>1.0e+1:71</i> 1.9(2)	<i>1.6e+0:341</i> ∞	5/5 0/15	f₂₂	<i>6.3e+1:45</i> 3.6(2)	<i>4.0e+1:68</i> 8.2(7)	<i>4.0e+1:68</i> 8.2(8)	<i>1.6e+1:231</i> 13(15)	<i>6.3e+0:1219</i> ∞	15/15 0/15
f₂₃	<i>1.0e+1:3.0</i> 2.8(5)	<i>6.3e+0:9.0</i> 2.7(3)	<i>4.0e+0:33</i> 4.9(6)	<i>2.5e+0:84</i> ∞	<i>1.0e+0:518</i> ∞	15/15 0/15	f₂₃	<i>6.3e+0:29</i> 2.5(3)	<i>4.0e+0:118</i> 24(28)	<i>2.5e+0:306</i> 9.3(10)	<i>2.5e+0:306</i> 9.3(10)	<i>1.0e+0:1614</i> ∞	15/15 0/15
f₂₄	<i>6.3e+1:15</i> 1.7(2)	<i>4.0e+1:37</i> 20(23)	<i>4.0e+1:37</i> 20(22)	<i>2.5e+1:118</i> ∞	<i>1.6e+1:692</i> ∞	15/15 0/15	f₂₄	<i>2.5e+2:208</i> 7.1(7)	<i>1.6e+2:918</i> ∞	<i>1.0e+2:6628</i> ∞	<i>6.3e+1:9885</i> ∞	<i>4.0e+1:31629</i> ∞	15/15 0/15

Table 1: Expected running time (ERT in number of function evaluations) divided by the best ERT measured during BBOB-2009. The ERT and in braces, as dispersion measure, the half difference between 90 and 10%-tile of bootstrapped run lengths appear in the second row of each cell, the best ERT (preceded by the target Δf -value in *italics*) in the first. #succ is the number of trials that reached the target value of the last column. The median number of conducted function evaluations is additionally given in *italics*, if the target in the last column was never reached. Bold entries are statistically significantly better (according to the rank-sum test) compared to the best algorithm in BBOB-2009, with $p = 0.05$ or $p = 10^{-k}$ when the number $k > 1$ is following the \downarrow symbol, with Bonferroni correction by the number of functions.

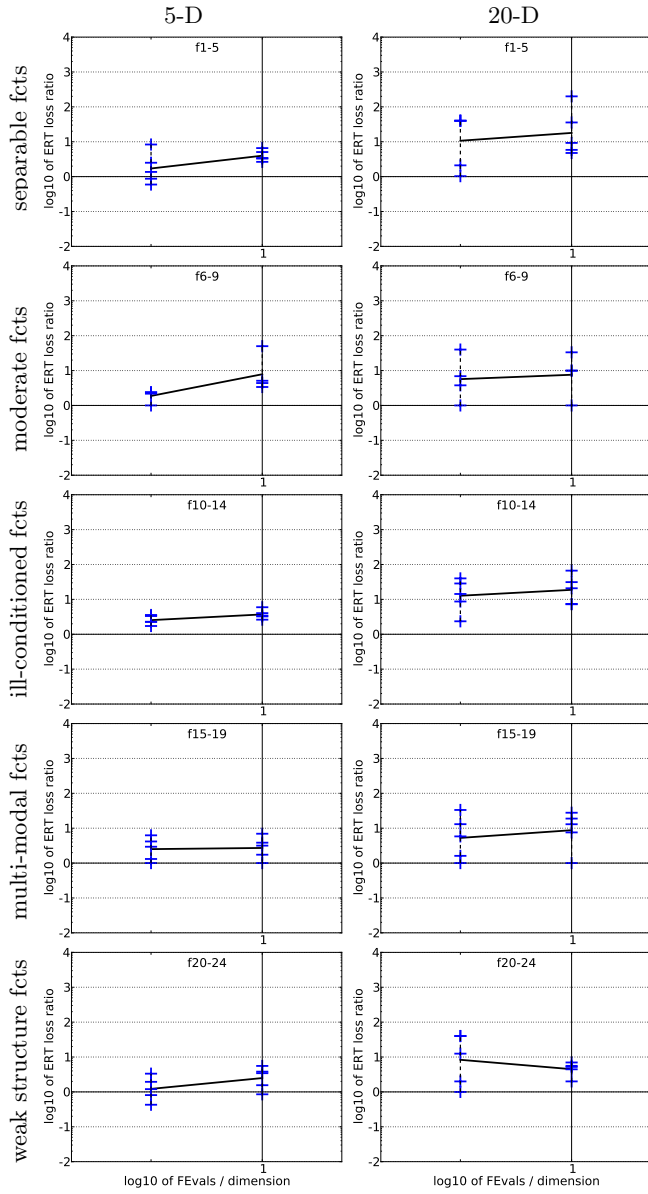


Figure 4: ERT loss ratios (see Figure ?? for details). Each cross (+) represents a single function, the line is the geometric mean.