

## MotionVis

Donovan Parks

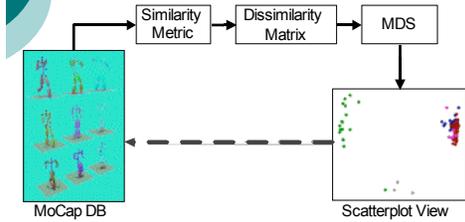
## Introduction

- Large motion capture DB's widely used in the film and video game industries
- This has created a desire to be able to search these databases for similar motions
- Bases of automated methods for synthesizing new motions from MoCap data

## Project Goal

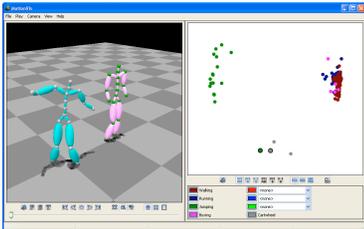
- Numerous similarity metrics have been proposed:
  - Which of these should be preferred?
  - What are their respective strengths and weaknesses?
  - How can a given metric be improved?
- Develop an environment for analyzing the structure of a motion capture DB under a given similarity metric

## Project Overview



## Proposed Solution

- Couple scatterplot view with a "details-on-demand" view



## Remaining Work

- Tighter coupling between views:
  - Clicking a skeleton should highlight associated point in scatterplot
  - Hovering over a point should highlight associated row and column in dissimilarity matrix
- Select "good" colours for skeletons
- Plus the other 10 items on my to-do list

## Literature

- Implemented similarity metric:
  - Chuanjun Li and B. Prabhakaran. *Indexing of motion capture data for efficient and fast similarity search*, 2006.
- Other similarity metrics:
  - Lucas Kovar and Michael Gleicher. *Automated extraction and parameterization of motions in large data sets*. *ACM Trans. Graph.*, 23(3):559-568, 2004.
  - Meinard Müller, Tido Röder, and Michael Clausen. *Efficient content-based retrieval of motion capture data*. *ACM Trans. Graph.*, 24(3):677-685, 2005.
- Related InfoVis papers:
  - Chris Roussin, Rich DeJordy, Stephen P. Borgatti and Daniel S. Halgin. *Visualizing proximity data*, 2007.
  - Jonathan C. Roberts. *State of the art: coordinated and multiple views in exploratory visualization*. *Proc. Conference on Coordinated and Multiple Views in Exploratory Visualization*, 2007.