

Perception

Lecture 5 CPSC 533C, Spring 2004

26 Jan 2004

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Information visualization

interactive visual representation of abstract data
· help human perform some task more effectively

external representation
· reduces load on working memory

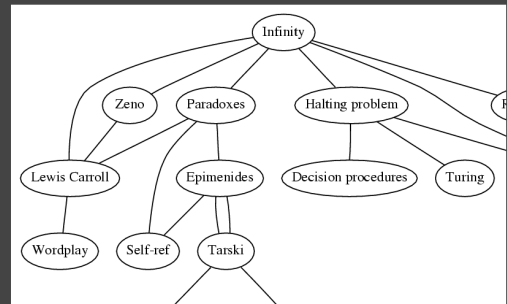
External representation example

book topic relationships
· [Godel, Escher, Bach, Hofstadter 1979]

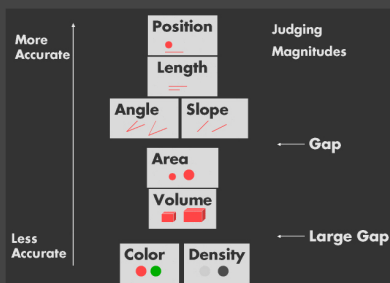
- Paradoxes – Lewis Carroll
- Turing – Halting problem
- Halting problem – Infinity
- Paradoxes – Infinity
- Infinity – Lewis Carroll
- Infinity – Unpredictably long searches
- Infinity – Recursion
- Infinity – Zeno
- Infinity – Paradoxes
- Lewis Carroll – Zeno
- Lewis Carroll – Wordplay
- Halting problem – Decision procedures
- BlooP and FlooP – AI
- Halting problem – Unpredictably long searches
- BlooP and FlooP – Unpredictably long searches
- BlooP and FlooP – Recursion
- Tarski – Truth vs. provability
- Tarski – Epimenides
- Tarski – Undecidability
- Paradoxes – Self-ref
- [...]

External representation example

offload cognition to visual systems
read off answer

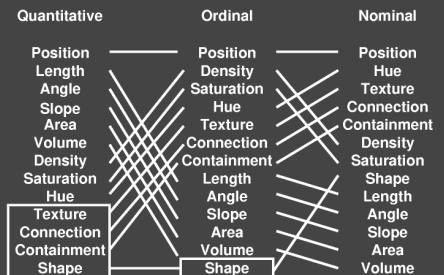


Dimensional ranking



Dimensional ranking varies by data type

spatial position best for all types



Cleveland's study

Position	position along common scale
Length	positions along nonaligned scales
Angle	length, direction, angle
Slope	area
Area	volume, curvature
Volume	shading, color saturation
Density	
Saturation	
Hue	
Texture	
Connection	
Containment	
Shape	

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Human Perception

sensors/transducers
 · psychophysics: determine characteristics

relative judgements: strong
 absolute judgements: weak
 · continuing theme

different optimizations than most machines
 · eyes are not cameras
 · perceptual dimensions not nD array
 · (brains are not hard disks)

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Psychophysical Measurement

JND: just noticeable difference

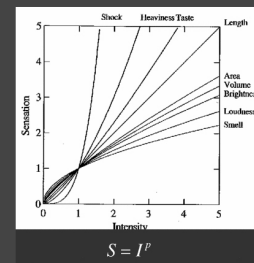
increment where human detects change

average to create "subjective" scale

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Nonlinear perception of magnitudes

sensory modalities **not** equally discriminable
 · Stevens power law

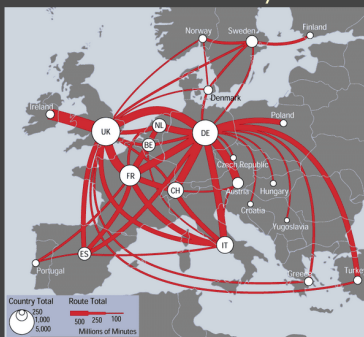


[Stevens, On the Theory of Scales of Measurement, Science 103:2684, 1946]

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Dimensional dynamic range

linewidth: limited discriminability



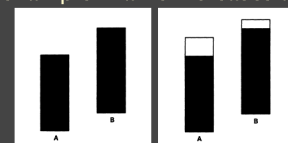
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Weber's Law

ratio of increment threshold to background intensity is constant
 · relative judgements within modality

$$\frac{\Delta I}{I} = K$$

Cleveland example: frame increases accuracy



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Cleveland suggestions

dot chart over pie or bars

direct differences over superimposed curves

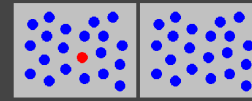
framed rectangles over shading on maps

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Preattentive visual dimensions

color (hue) alone: preattentive

- attentional system not invoked
- search speed independent of distractor count



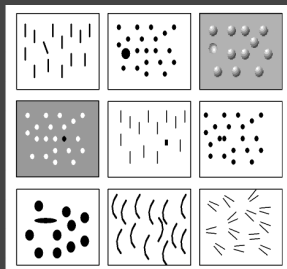
[Chris Healey, Preattentive Processing, www.csc.ncsu.edu/faculty/healey/PP/PP.html]

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Preattentive visual dimensions

many preattentive dimensions of visual modality

- hue
- shape
- texture
- length
- width
- size
- orientation
- curvature
- intersection
- intensity
- flicker
- direction of motion
- stereoscopic depth
- lighting direction

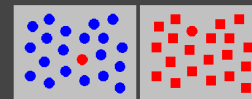


[Chris Healey, Preattentive Processing, www.csc.ncsu.edu/faculty/healey/PP/PP.html]

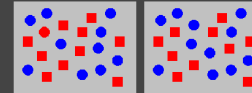
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Preattentive visual dimensions

color alone: preattentive
shape alone: preattentive



combined hue and shape: multimodal



- requires attention
- search speed linear with distractor count

[Chris Healey, Preattentive Processing, www.csc.ncsu.edu/faculty/healey/PP/PP.html]

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Integral vs. separable dimensions



red-green
yellow-blue

x-size
y-size

size
orientation

color
shape

color
motion

color
location

[Colin Ware, Information Visualization: Perception for Design, Morgan Kaufmann 1999]

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Gestalt Laws

principles of pattern perception

- "gestalt": German for "pattern"
- original proposed mechanisms wrong
- rules themselves still useful

Pragnatz

- simplest possibility wins

subsequent examples from

- Information Visualization: Perception for Design
- Colin Ware
- Morgan Kaufmann, 2000

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Gestalt Principles

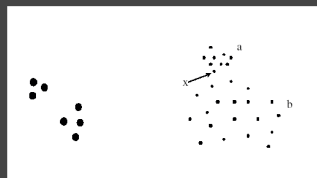
proximity, similarity,
continuity/connectedness/good continuation
closure, symmetry
common fate (things moving together)

[psychlab1.hanover.edu/classes/Sensation/sld013.htm]

figure/ground, relative sizes

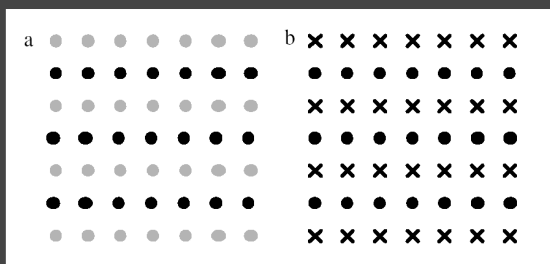
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Proximity



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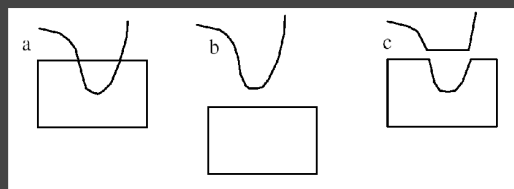
Similarity



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Continuity

smooth not abrupt change
overrules proximity

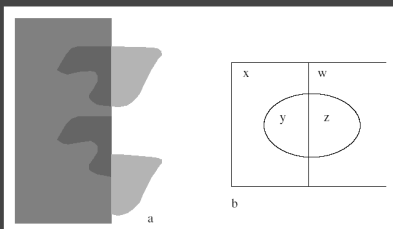


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Transparency

needed for perception

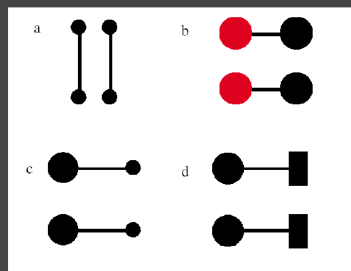
- continuity
- color correspondence



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Connectedness

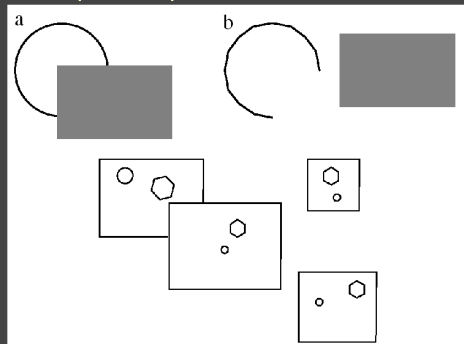
can overrule size, shape



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Closure

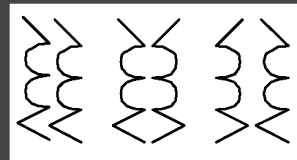
overrides proximity



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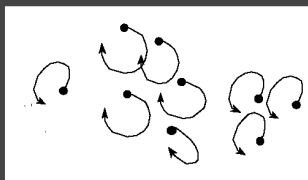
Symmetry

emphasizes relationships



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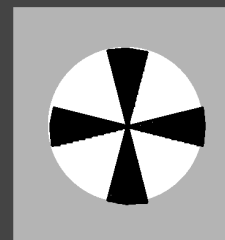
Common Fate



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Relative Size

smaller components perceived as objects



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Figure/Ground

determined by combination of previous laws



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Graph Drawing Tension

node placement

close

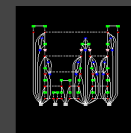
· proximity

far

· visual popout of long edge

either

· connectedness



www.research.att.com/sw/tools/graphviz/

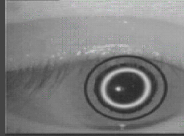
tradeoffs abound in infovis!

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Eyes

saccades [video]

- high-resolution samples
- brain makes collage
- vision perceived as entire simultaneous field
- fixation points: dwell 200–600ms
- moving: 20–100ms



[vision.arc.nasa.gov/personnel/jbm/home/projects/osa98/osa98.html/

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Fovea

foveal vision

- high resolution
- thumbnail at arm's length

(foveal touch: star-nosed mole)



[www.nature.com/nsu/010329/010329-6.html
brain.nips.ac.jp/event/work131030/Catania_and_Kaas,_1997.pdf]

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Ears

perceived as temporal stream

- but also samples over time
- hard to filter out when not important
- visual vs auditory attention

implications

- harder to create overview?
- hard to use as separable dimension?

'sonification' still very niche area

- alternative: supporting sound enhances immersion