



University of British Columbia

CPSC 414 Computer Graphics

### Sampling

Week 7, Fri 17 Oct 2003

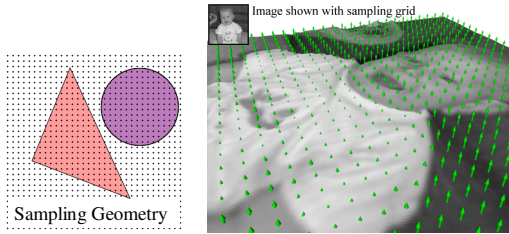
- p1 demos
- sampling

### News

- hw 1 solutions out
  - no more accepted as of right now
- next week
  - Mon: midterm
    - no Mon office hours, I'm away at conferences
  - Wed: Prof. van de Panne on animation
  - Fri: TA Ahbijeet Ghosh on textures
- correct p1 grades posted on web site now
- project 1
  - finish hall of fame demos

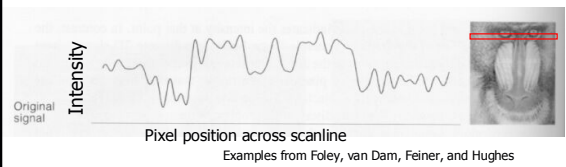
### Point Sampling

- multiply sample grid by image intensity to obtain a discrete set of points, or samples.

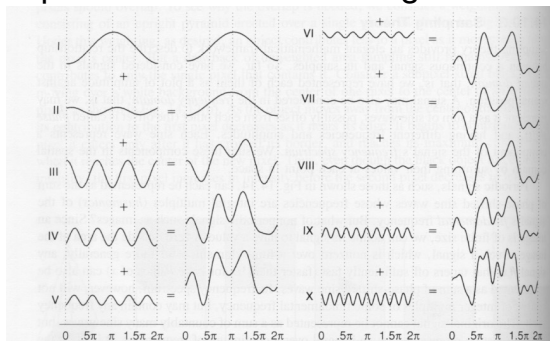


### Spatial Domain

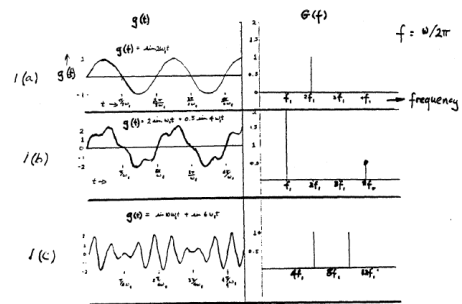
- image as spatial signal



### Spatial Domain: Summing Waves

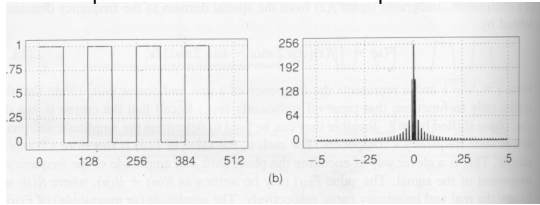


### Frequencies: Summing Spikes



## Frequency Domain

- position: frequency
- height: strength of each frequency
  - sine wave: impulse
  - square wave: infinite train of impulses



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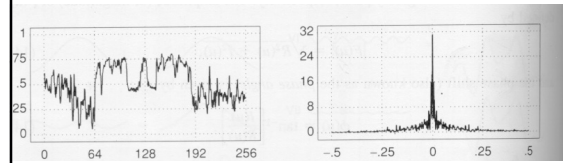
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## Fourier Transform Example

spatial domain

frequency domain



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## Sampling

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## Sampling Theorem

continuous-time signal can be completely recovered from its samples iff the sampling rate is greater than twice the maximum frequency present in the signal.

- Claude Shannon

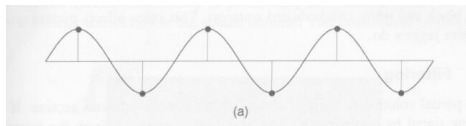
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## Nyquist Rate

- the lower bound on the sampling rate equals twice the highest frequency component in the image's spectrum
- this lower bound is the Nyquist Rate



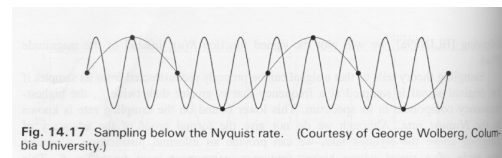
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## Falling Below Nyquist Rate

- when sampling below Nyquist Rate, resulting signal looks like a lower-frequency one
  - this is **aliasing!**



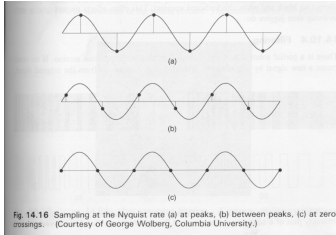
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## Flaws with Nyquist Rate

- samples may not align with peaks

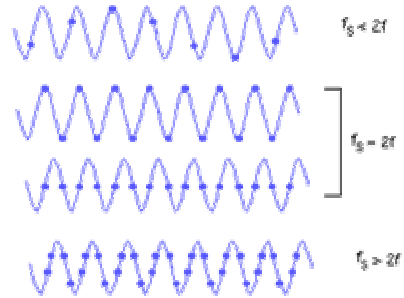


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## Nyquist Rate



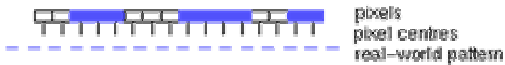
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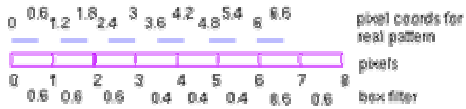
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## Nyquist and Checkerboards

- point sampled 1D checkerboard: aliases



- unweighted area sample: still have aliasing



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## Band-limited Signals

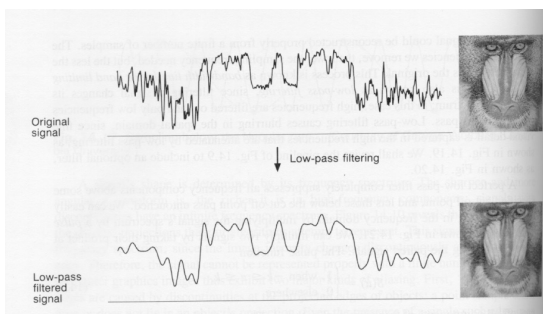
- if you know a function contains no components of frequencies higher than  $x$ 
  - band-limited implies original function will not require any ideal functions with frequencies greater than  $x$
  - facilitates reconstruction
  - avoids Nyquist Limit mistakes
- to lower Nyquist rate, remove high frequencies from image: *low-pass filter*
  - only low frequencies remain: band-limited

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## Low-Pass Filtering

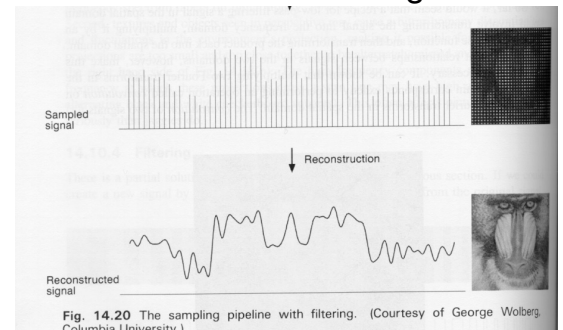


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## Low-Pass Filtering



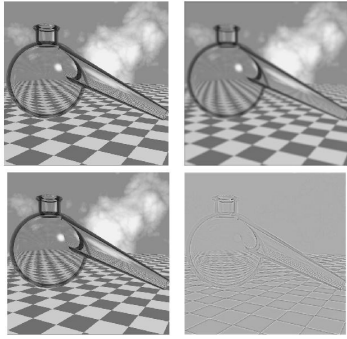
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### Filtering

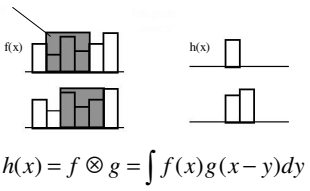
- low pass
  - blur
  
- high pass
  - edge finding



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### Filtering in Spatial Domain

- blurring or averaging pixels together

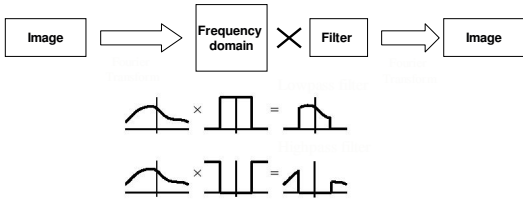


$$h(x) = f \otimes g = \int f(x)g(x-y)dy$$

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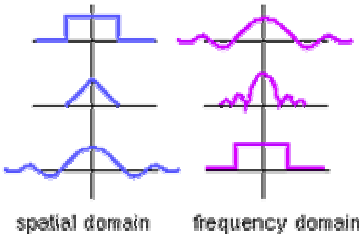
### Filtering in Frequency Domain

- multiply signal's spectrum by pulse function



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### Common Filters

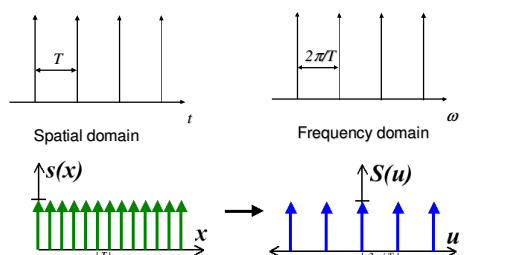


spatial domain      frequency domain

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### Dualities

- inverse relationship between size
  - T large -> 2π/T small

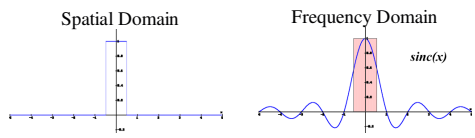


Spatial domain      Frequency domain

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### Sinc Function

- sinc (pulse) function is common filter:
  - $\text{sinc}(x) = \sin(\pi x)/\pi x$
  - infinite in frequency domain

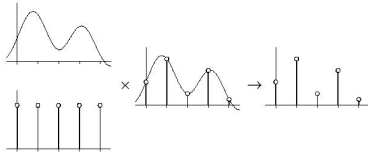


Spatial Domain      Frequency Domain

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## Sampling in Spatial Domain

- Q: what is sampling (i.e. evaluating a continuous function at evenly spaced points)?
- A: multiplication of the sample with a regular train of delta functions (spikes).



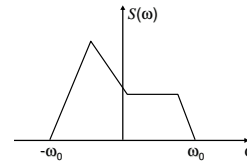
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## Sampling in Frequency Domain

- multiple copies of spectrum
- example: given spectrum  $S(\omega)$  of a signal  $s(t)$



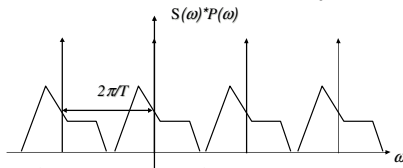
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## Sampling in Frequency Domain

- multiple shifted copies of  $S(\omega)$  are added up during sampling
- if  $2\pi T$  is **large** enough ( $T$  is **small** enough)
  - individual spectrum copies do not overlap
  - depends on maximum frequency  $\omega_0$  in  $s(t)$



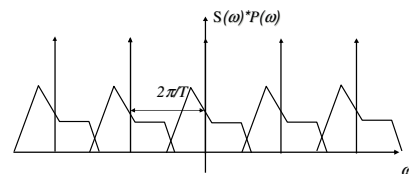
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## Sampling in Frequency Domain

- if  $T$  is too **large** ( $2\pi T$  is **small**), overlap occurs
  - this is **aliasing**

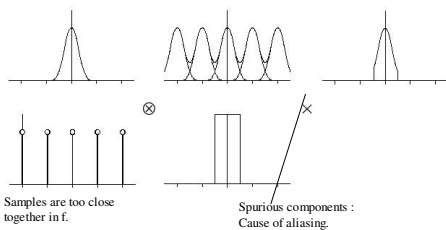


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## Undersampling leads to aliasing.



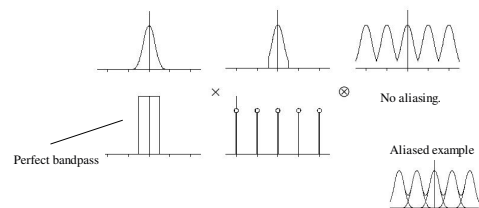
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## How do we remove aliasing ?

- perfect solution - prefilter with perfect bandpass filter.



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## How do we remove aliasing ?

- perfect solution - prefilter with perfect bandpass filter.
  - difficult/Impossible to do in frequency domain
- convolve with sinc function in space domain
  - optimal filter - better than area sampling.
  - sinc function is infinite !!
  - computationally expensive

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## How do we remove aliasing ?

- cheaper solution : take multiple samples for each pixel and average them together → supersampling.
- can weight them towards the centre → weighted average sampling
- stochastic sampling
- importance sampling

Removing aliasing is called *antialiasing*

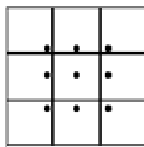
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## Weighted Sampling

- multiple samples per pixel



3x3 Bartlett

1	2	1
2	4	2
1	2	1

5x5 Bartlett

1	2	3	2	1
2	4	6	4	2
3	6	9	6	3
2	4	6	4	2
1	2	3	2	1

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## Stochastic Supersampling

- high frequency noise preferable to aliases

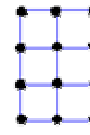
sampling grid



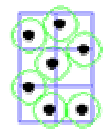
jittered



poisson



regular



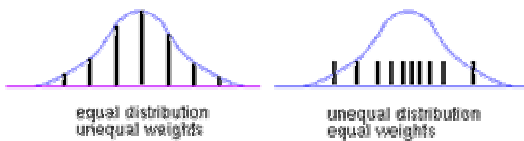
poisson disc

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## Importance Sampling



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