



University of British Columbia
CPSC 111, Intro to Computation
2009W2: Jan-Apr 2010

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2D Arrays, Sorting

Lecture 23, Fri Mar 12 2010

borrowing from slides by Kurt Eiselt

<http://www.cs.ubc.ca/~tmm/courses/111-10>

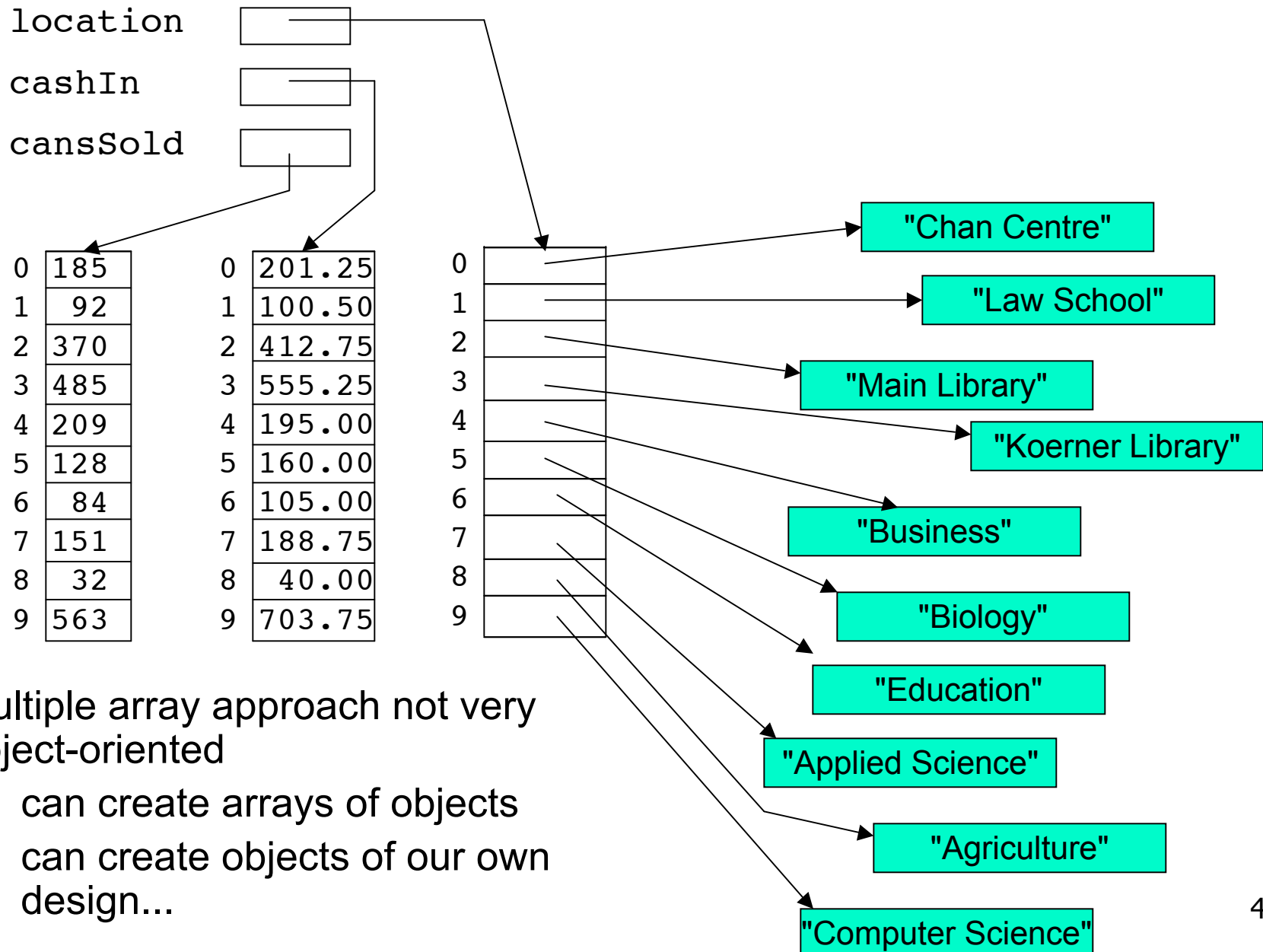
News

- Remember Learning Centre available!
 - Mon-Thu 10-6, Fri 10-4, x150 (near Reboot)
- Upcoming midterm
 - Mon 3/22, 6:30-8pm, FSC 1005

Reading

- Next week: no new reading
 - so no weekly question required

Recap: Arrays and Object Design

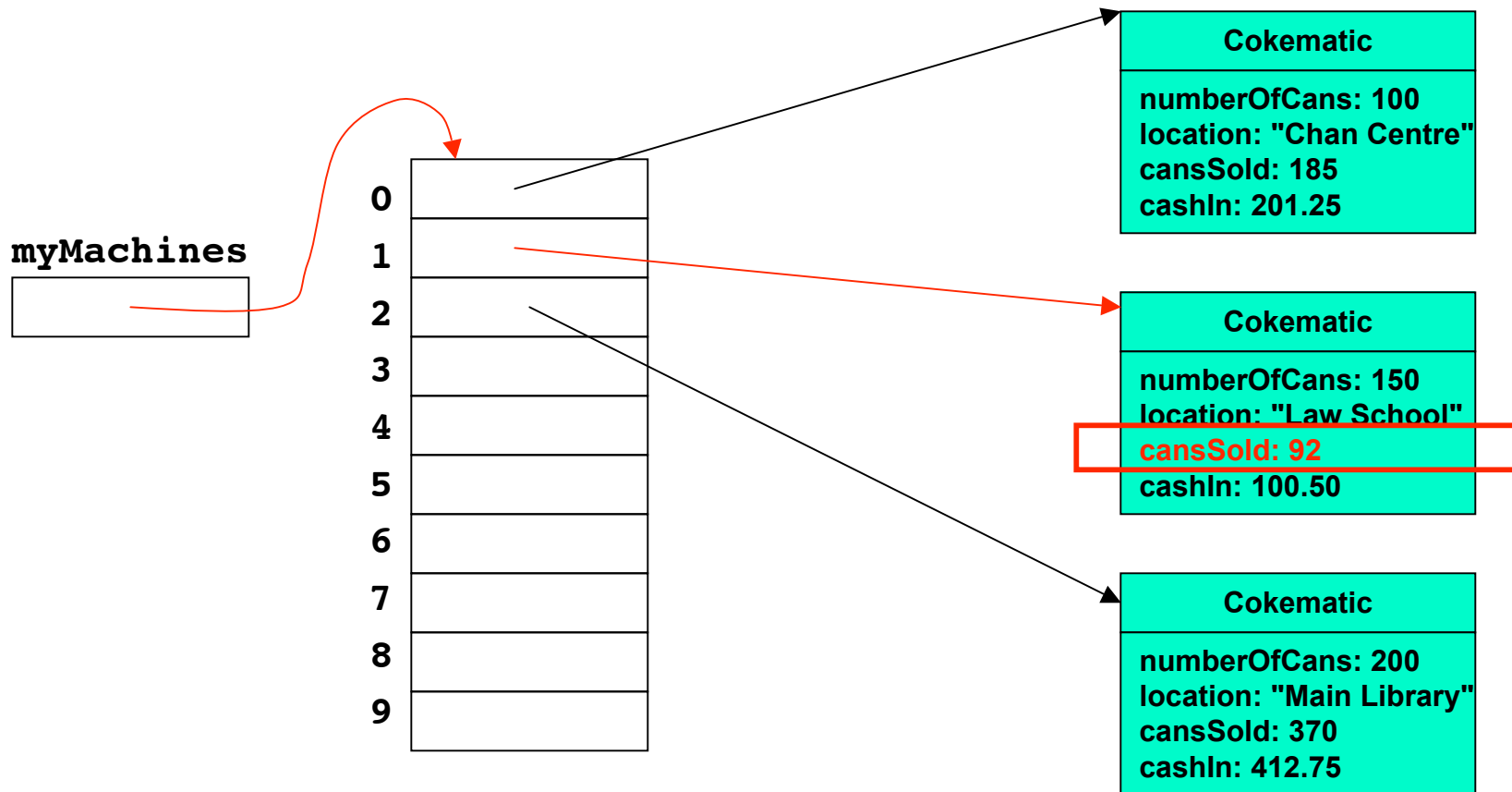


- Multiple array approach not very object-oriented
 - can create arrays of objects
 - can create objects of our own design...

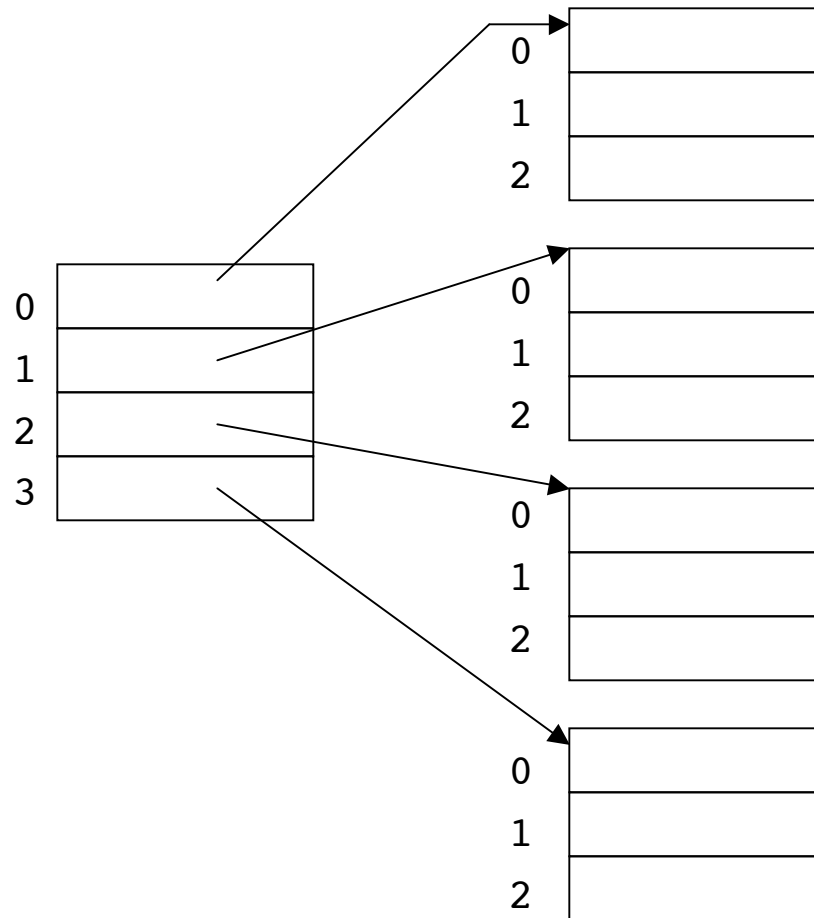
Recap: CokeEmpire

- What does this return?

```
myMachines.getCokematic(1).getCansSold()
```



Recap: Arrays of Arrays



- In any given array, all data must be of same type
- All arrays in array of arrays must be of same type
- So easier to use a two-dimensional array!

Two-Dimensional Arrays

	columns		
	0	1	2
0	0	0	0
1	0	1	2
2	0	2	4
3	0	3	6

rows

- In Java, 2D array implemented internally as array of arrays
 - but externally syntax of 2D array may seem easier to use

Recap: Two-Dimensional Arrays

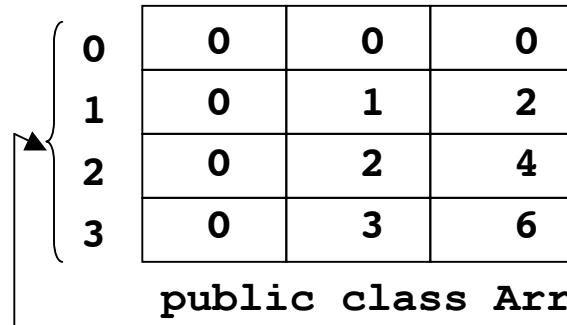
		columns		
		0	1	2
rows	0	0	0	0
	1	0	1	2
	2	0	2	4
	3	0	3	6

- In Java, 2D array implemented internally as array of arrays
 - but externally syntax of 2D array may seem easier to use
- Typical control structure for computing with 2D array is nested loop
 - loop within another loop
- Let's write program to
 - load array with values shown
 - print contents of array

Recap: Two-Dimensional Arrays

columns

0 1 2



A 4x3 grid representing a 2D array. The columns are labeled 0, 1, and 2. The rows are labeled 0, 1, 2, and 3. A vertical arrow on the left points upwards and is labeled 'rows'. A horizontal arrow at the top points to the right and is labeled 'columns'.

0	0	0	0
1	0	1	2
2	0	2	4
3	0	3	6

rows

```
public class ArrayTest5 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int[][] multTable = new int[4][3];

        for (int row = 0; row < multTable.length; row++){
            for (int col = 0; col < multTable[row].length; col++) {
                multTable[row][col] = row * col;
            }
        }

        for (int row = 0; row < multTable.length; row++){
            for (int col = 0; col < multTable[row].length; col++){
                System.out.print(multTable[row][col] + " ");
            }
            System.out.println();
        }
    }
}
```

Example: Per-Student Averages

scores

	0	1	2	3
0	95	82	13	96
1	51	68	63	57
2	73	71	84	78
3	50	50	50	50
4	99	70	32	12

average of row 0 is 71.5
average of row 1 is 59.75
average of row 2 is 76.5
average of row 3 is 50.0
average of row 4 is 53.25

- 2D array
 - each row is student in course
 - values in each row represent student's quiz scores in course
- Print average quiz score for each student
 - for each row of scores
 - add up scores
 - divide by number of quizzes in a row
 - approach: nested loop

Example: Per-Student Averages

```
public class ArrayEx4
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        double[][] scores = {{95, 82, 13, 96},
            {51, 68, 63, 57}, {73, 71, 84, 78}, {50, 50, 50, 50},
            {99, 70, 32, 12}};
        double average;

        // here's where we control looping row by row (student by student)
        for (int row = 0; row < scores.length; row++)
        {
            average = 0;
            // and here's where we control looping through the columns
            // (i.e., quiz scores) within each row
            for (int col = 0; col < scores[row].length; col++)
            {
                average = average + scores[row][col];
            }
            average = average / scores[row].length;
            System.out.println("average of row " + row + " is " + average);
        }
    }
}
```

Example: Per-Quiz Averages

scores

	0	1	2	3
0	95	82	13	96
1	51	68	63	57
2	73	71	84	78
3	50	50	50	50
4	99	70	32	12

average of column 0 is 73.6
average of column 1 is 68.2
average of column 2 is 48.4
average of column 3 is 58.6

- Print average score for each quiz
 - for each column of scores
 - add up all scores
 - divide by number of students
 - approach: again, nested loop
- Switch of outer loop with inner loop, vs. previous

Example: Per-Quiz Averages

```
public class ArrayEx5
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        double[][] scores = {{95, 82, 13, 96},
            {51, 68, 63, 57}, {73, 71, 84, 78}, {50, 50, 50, 50},
            {99, 70, 32, 12}};
        double average;

        // here's where we control looping column by column (quiz by quiz)
        for (int col = 0; col < scores[0].length; col++)
        {
            average = 0;
            // and here's where we control looping through the rows
            // (i.e., students) within each column
            for (int row = 0; row < scores.length; row++)
            {
                average = average + scores[row][col];
            }
            average = average / scores.length;
            System.out.println("average of column " + col + " is " + average);
        }
    }
}
```

Sorting

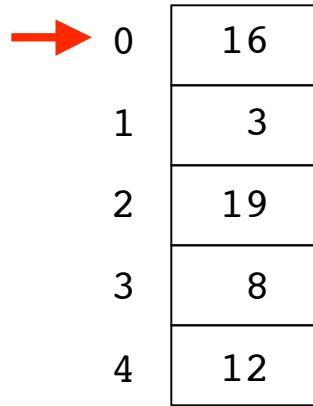
- Computers are essential for keeping track and finding large quantities of data
- Finding data when necessary is much easier when data is sorted in some way
 - computer people think a lot about how to sort things:
 - finding medical records
 - banking information
 - income tax returns
 - driver's license information...
 - even names in a phone book...
 - all depend on the information being sorted

Selection sort

0	16
1	3
2	19
3	8
4	12

- Let's say want to sort array values in increasing order
 - one way to approach problem is to use algorithm called **selection sort**

Selection sort



A table representing an array of numbers. The first column contains indices from 0 to 4, and the second column contains the corresponding values: 16, 3, 19, 8, and 12. A red arrow points to the index 0.

→ 0	16
1	3
2	19
3	8
4	12

- Let's say we want to sort array values in increasing order
 - one way to approach the problem is to use an algorithm called **selection sort**
- Start by setting a pointer to the first element in the array
 - this is where the smallest value in the array will be placed

Selection sort

→	0	16	←
	1	3	
	2	19	
	3	8	
	4	12	

The smallest value
so far is 16

Its index is 0

- Let's say want to sort array values in increasing order
 - one way to approach problem is to use algorithm called **selection sort**
- Start by setting pointer to first element in array
 - this is where smallest value in array will be placed
- Then look at every value in this unsorted array
 - find minimum value

Selection sort

→ 0	16	
1	3	←
2	19	
3	8	
4	12	

The smallest value
so far is 3

Its index is 1

- Let's say want to sort array values in increasing order
 - one way to approach problem is to use algorithm called **selection sort**
- Start by setting pointer to first element in array
 - this is where smallest value in array will be placed
- Then look at every value in this unsorted array
 - find minimum value

Selection sort

→	0	16	
	1	3	
	2	19	←
	3	8	
	4	12	

The smallest value
so far is 3

Its index is 1

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 - one way to approach problem is to use algorithm called **selection sort**
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Selection sort

→	0	16
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	3	8
	4	12

The smallest value
so far is 3

Its index is 1

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- Start by setting pointer to first element in array
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 - find minimum value

Selection sort

→	0	16	
	1	3	
	2	19	
	3	8	
	4	12	←

The smallest value
so far is 3

Its index is 1

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 - one way to approach problem is to use algorithm called **selection sort**
- Start by setting pointer to first element in array
 - this is where smallest value in array will be placed
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 - find minimum value

Selection sort

0	16
1	3
2	19
3	8
4	12

The smallest value so far is 3

Its index is 1

- Let's say want to sort array values in increasing order
 - one way to approach problem is to use algorithm called **selection sort**
- Start by setting pointer to first element in array
 - this is where smallest value in array will be placed
- Then look at every value in this unsorted array
 - find minimum value
- Once we've found the minimum value
 - swap that value with the one we selected at beginning

Selection sort

0	3
1	16
2	19
3	8
4	12

The smallest value so far is 3

Its index is 1

- Let's say want to sort array values in increasing order
 - one way to approach problem is to use algorithm called **selection sort**
- Start by setting pointer to first element in array
 - this is where smallest value in array will be placed
- Then look at every value in this unsorted array
 - find minimum value
- Once we've found the minimum value
 - swap that value with the one we selected at beginning

Selection sort

0	3
→ 1	16
2	19
3	8
4	12

- At this point we know
 - smallest number in array is in first element (index 0)
 - first element is sorted
 - rest of array remains unsorted
- Now select second element of array to be location which will hold next smallest value

Selection sort

0	3
→ 1	16 ←
2	19
3	8
4	12

The smallest value so far is 16

Its index is 1

- At this point we know
 - smallest number in array is in first element (index 0)
 - first element is sorted
 - rest of array remains unsorted
- Now select second element of array to be location which will hold next smallest value
- In other words, do everything again to unsorted part of array
 - in this case, all but first element

Selection sort

0	3
→ 1	16
2	← 19
3	8
4	12

The smallest value so far is 16

Its index is 1

- At this point we know
 - smallest number in array is in first element (index 0)
 - first element is sorted
 - rest of array remains unsorted
- Now select second element of array to be location which will hold next smallest value
- In other words, do everything again to unsorted part of array
 - in this case, all but first element

Selection sort

0	3
→ 1	16
2	19
3	8 ←
4	12

The smallest value so far is 8

Its index is 3

- At this point we know
 - smallest number in array is in first element (index 0)
 - first element is sorted
 - rest of array remains unsorted
- Now select second element of array to be location which will hold next smallest value
- In other words, do everything again to unsorted part of array
 - in this case, all but first element

Selection sort

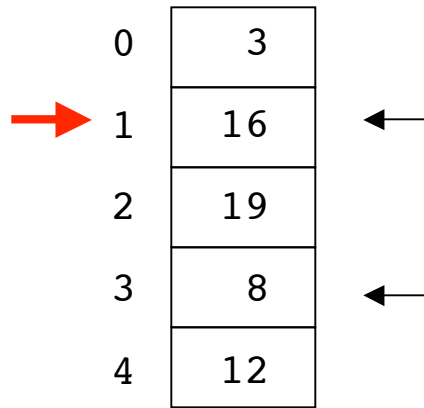
0	3
→ 1	16
2	19
3	8
4	12

The smallest value so far is 8

Its index is 3

- At this point we know
 - smallest number in array is in first element (index 0)
 - first element is sorted
 - rest of array remains unsorted
- Now select second element of array to be location which will hold next smallest value
- In other words, do everything again to unsorted part of array
 - in this case, all but first element

Selection sort

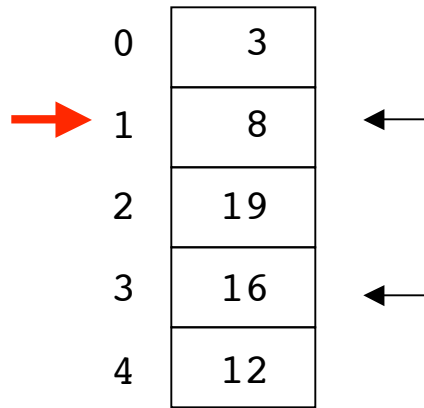


The smallest value so far is 8

Its index is 3

- At this point we know
 - smallest number in array is in first element (index 0)
 - first element is sorted
 - rest of array remains unsorted
- Now select second element of array to be location which will hold next smallest value
- In other words, do everything again to unsorted part of array
 - in this case, all but first element
- Now swap minimum value with selected array value
 - in this case, second element

Selection sort



The smallest value so far is 8

Its index is 3

- At this point we know
 - smallest number in array is in first element (index 0)
 - first element is sorted
 - rest of array remains unsorted
- Now select second element of array to be location which will hold next smallest value
- In other words, do everything again to unsorted part of array
 - in this case, all but first element
- Now swap minimum value with selected array value
 - in this case, second element

Selection sort

0	3
1	8
→ 2	19
3	16
4	12

- Now first two elements of array are sorted
- Select third element of array to be location of next smallest value
 - Search unsorted portion of array for that value, just like before

Selection sort

0	3
1	8
→ 2	19 ←
3	16
4	12

- Now first two elements of array are sorted
- Select third element of array to be location of next smallest value
 - Search unsorted portion of array for that value, just like before

The smallest value
so far is 19

Its index is 2

Selection sort

0	3
1	8
→ 2	19
3	← 16
4	12

- Now first two elements of array are sorted
- Select third element of array to be location of next smallest value
 - Search unsorted portion of array for that value, just like before

The smallest value so far is 16

Its index is 3

Selection sort

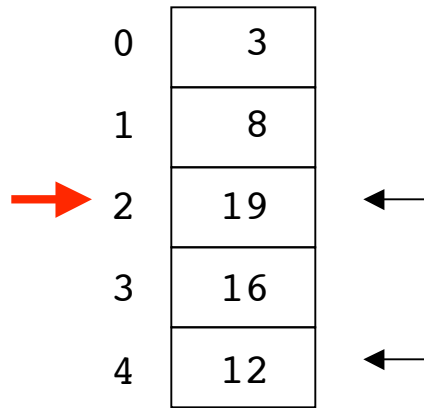
0	3
1	8
→ 2	19
3	16
4	12 ←

- Now first two elements of array are sorted
- Select third element of array to be location of next smallest value
 - Search unsorted portion of array for that value, just like before

The smallest value
so far is 12

Its index is 4

Selection sort

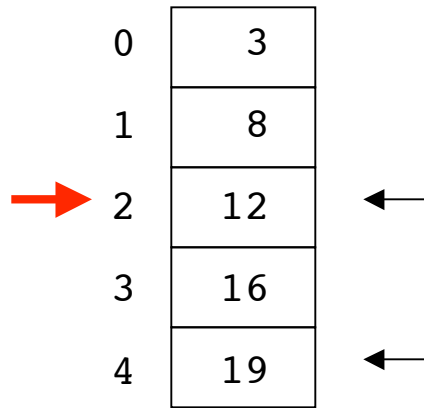


- Now first two elements of array are sorted
- Select third element of array to be location of next smallest value
 - Search unsorted portion of array for that value, just like before
- Again, swap values

The smallest value so far is 12

Its index is 4

Selection sort



- Now first two elements of array are sorted
- Select third element of array to be location of next smallest value
 - Search unsorted portion of array for that value, just like before
- Again, swap values

Selection sort

0	3
1	8
2	12
→ 3	16 ←
4	19

- Now first two elements of array are sorted
- Select third element of array to be location of next smallest value
 - Search unsorted portion of array for that value, just like before
- Again, swap values
 - then do whole thing again

The smallest value so far is 16

Its index is 3

Selection sort

0	3
1	8
2	12
→ 3	16
4	← 19

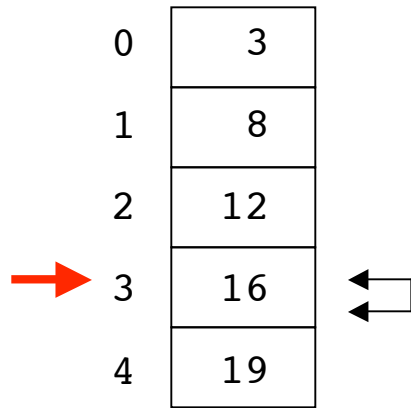
- Now first two elements of array are sorted
- Select third element of array to be location of next smallest value
 - Search unsorted portion of array for that value, just like before
- Again, swap values
 - then do whole thing again

The smallest value so far is 16

Its index is 3

Selection sort

0	3
1	8
2	12
→ 3	16
4	19




The smallest value so far is 16

Its index is 3

- Now first two elements of array are sorted
- Select third element of array to be location of next smallest value
 - Search unsorted portion of array for that value, just like before
- Again, swap values
 - then do whole thing again
- Swap again
 - not actually necessary in this case
 - but we follow algorithm

Selection sort

0	3
1	8
2	12
3	16
 4	19

- Are we done?
 - could select last element of array
 - (index 4)
 - but all of array except for last element is already sorted
 - so last element is largest value in array
 - and that's the right place
- Yes, array is sorted, and we're done
 - no need to select last element

Selection sort

→	0	16	←
	1	3	
	2	19	
	3	8	
	4	12	

- Showed arrows moving down array
 - arrow on left represents one array index variable
 - arrow on right represents different one
- Consider variables being controlled by loop
 - red arrow shows outer loop
 - green arrow shows inner loop inside outer loop
- Nested loop structure again

Selection sort

i	0	16	j
	1	3	
	2	19	
	3	8	
	4	12	

```
// selection sort
public class SortTest1
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int[] numbers = {16,3,19,8,12};
        int min, temp;
        //select location of next sorted value
        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length-1; i++)
        {
            min = i;
            //find the smallest value in the remainder of
            //the array to be sorted
            for (int j = i+1; j < numbers.length; j++)
            {
                if (numbers[j] < numbers[min])
                {
                    min = j;
                }
            }
            //swap two values in the array
            temp = numbers[i];
            numbers[i] = numbers[min];
            numbers[min] = temp;
        }

        System.out.println("Printing sorted result");
        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length; i++)
        {
            System.out.println(numbers[i]);
        }
    }
}
```

Selection sort

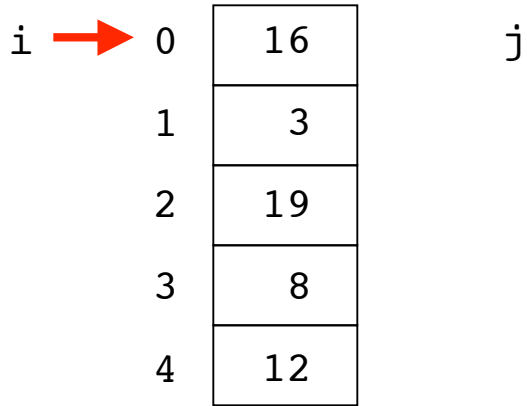
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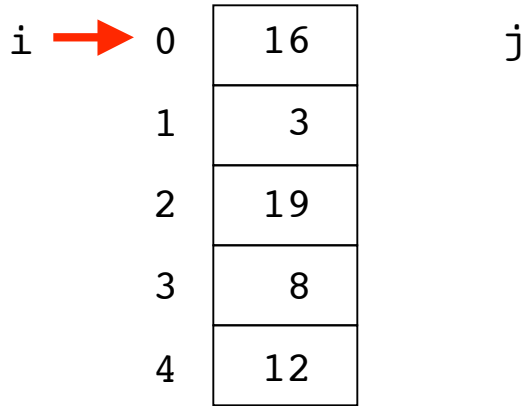
Selection sort



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}
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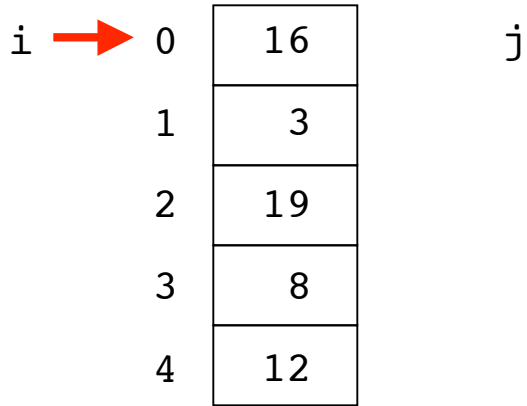
Selection sort



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                }
            }
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        }

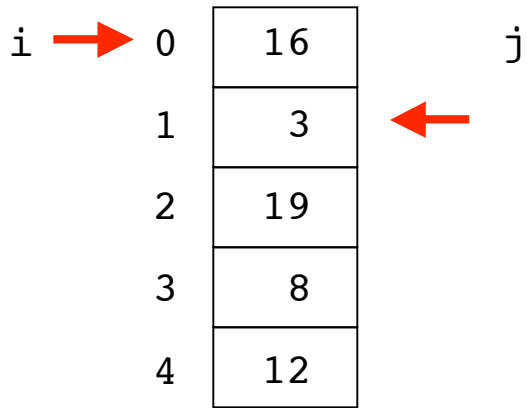
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Selection sort



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            for (int j = i+1; j < numbers.length; j++)
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        }
    }
}
```

Selection sort



i 0

j 1

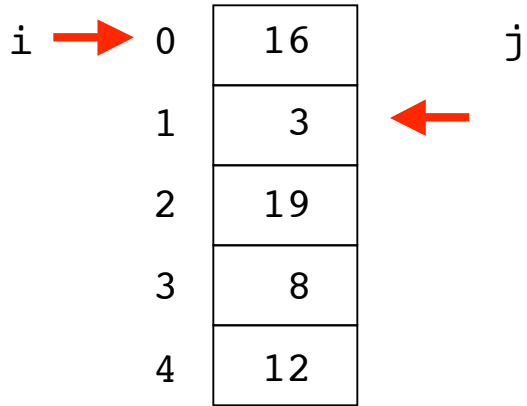
min 0

temp

```
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}
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Selection sort



i 0

j 1

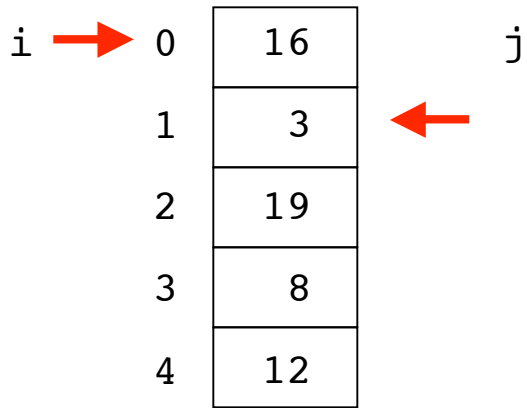
min 0

temp

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        int min, temp;
        //select location of next sorted value
        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length-1; i++)
        {
            min = i;
            //find the smallest value in the remainder of
            //the array to be sorted
            for (int j = i+1; j < numbers.length; j++)
            {
                if (numbers[j] < numbers[min])
                {
                    min = j;
                }
            }
            //swap two values in the array
            temp = numbers[i];
            numbers[i] = numbers[min];
            numbers[min] = temp;
        }

        System.out.println("Printing sorted result");
        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length; i++)
        {
            System.out.println(numbers[i]);
        }
    }
}
```


Selection sort



i 0

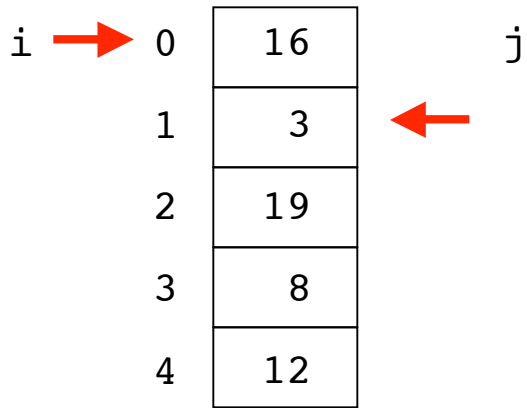
j 1

min 0

temp

```
// selection sort
public class SortTest1
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int[] numbers = {16,3,19,8,12};
        int min, temp;
        //select location of next sorted value
        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length-1; i++)
        {
            min = i;
            //find the smallest value in the remainder of
            //the array to be sorted
            for (int j = i+1; j < numbers.length; j++)
            {
                if (numbers[j] < numbers[min])
                {
                    min = j;
                }
            }
            //swap two values in the array
            temp = numbers[i];
            numbers[i] = numbers[min];
            numbers[min] = temp;
        }
        System.out.println("Printing sorted result");
        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length; i++)
        {
            System.out.println(numbers[i]);
        }
    }
}
```

Selection sort



i 0

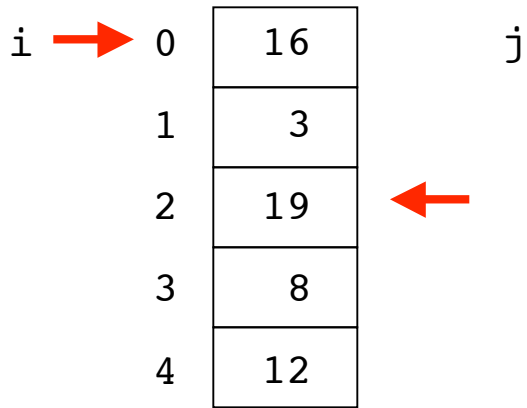
j 1

min 1

temp

```
// selection sort
public class SortTest1
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int[] numbers = {16,3,19,8,12};
        int min, temp;
        //select location of next sorted value
        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length-1; i++)
        {
            min = i;
            //find the smallest value in the remainder of
            //the array to be sorted
            for (int j = i+1; j < numbers.length; j++)
            {
                if (numbers[j] < numbers[min])
                {
                    min = j;
                }
            }
            //swap two values in the array
            temp = numbers[i];
            numbers[i] = numbers[min];
            numbers[min] = temp;
        }
        System.out.println("Printing sorted result");
        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length; i++)
        {
            System.out.println(numbers[i]);
        }
    }
}
```

Selection sort



i 0

j 2

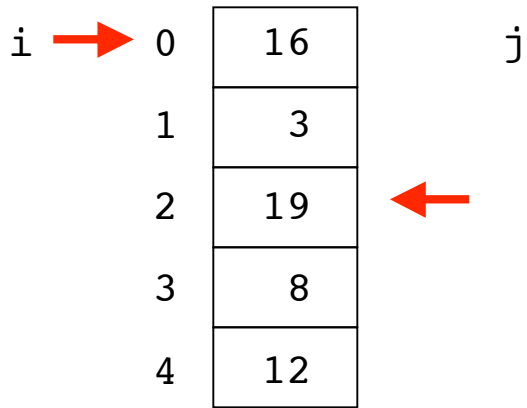
min 1

temp

```
// selection sort
public class SortTest1
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int[] numbers = {16,3,19,8,12};
        int min, temp;
        //select location of next sorted value
        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length-1; i++)
        {
            min = i;
            //find the smallest value in the remainder of
            //the array to be sorted
            for (int j = i+1; j < numbers.length; j++)
            {
                if (numbers[j] < numbers[min])
                {
                    min = j;
                }
            }
            //swap two values in the array
            temp = numbers[i];
            numbers[i] = numbers[min];
            numbers[min] = temp;
        }

        System.out.println("Printing sorted result");
        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length; i++)
        {
            System.out.println(numbers[i]);
        }
    }
}
```

Selection sort



i 0

j 2

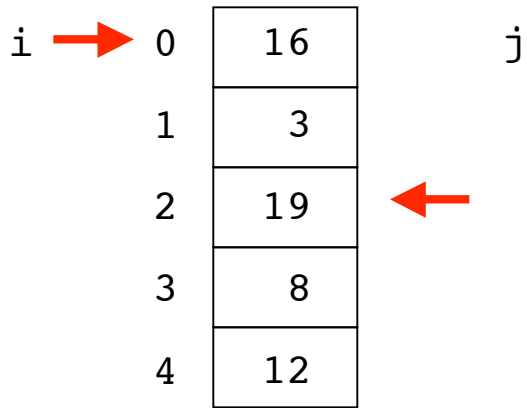
min 1

temp

```
// selection sort
public class SortTest1
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int[] numbers = {16,3,19,8,12};
        int min, temp;
        //select location of next sorted value
        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length-1; i++)
        {
            min = i;
            //find the smallest value in the remainder of
            //the array to be sorted
            for (int j = i+1; j < numbers.length; j++)
            {
                if (numbers[j] < numbers[min])
                {
                    min = j;
                }
            }
            //swap two values in the array
            temp = numbers[i];
            numbers[i] = numbers[min];
            numbers[min] = temp;
        }

        System.out.println("Printing sorted result");
        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length; i++)
        {
            System.out.println(numbers[i]);
        }
    }
}
```

Selection sort



i 0

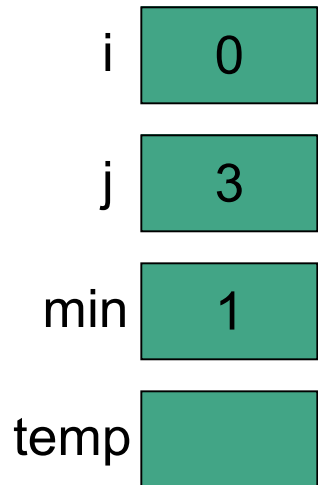
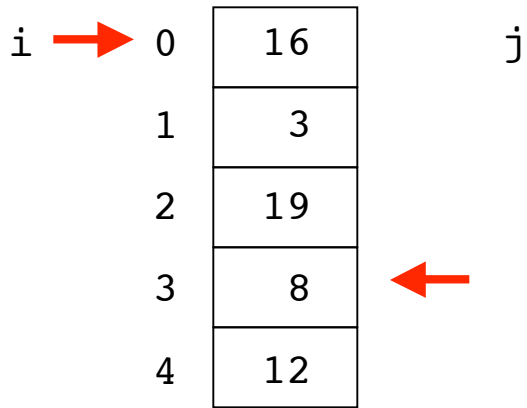
j 2

min 1

temp

```
// selection sort
public class SortTest1
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int[] numbers = {16,3,19,8,12};
        int min, temp;
        //select location of next sorted value
        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length-1; i++)
        {
            min = i;
            //find the smallest value in the remainder of
            //the array to be sorted
            for (int j = i+1; j < numbers.length; j++)
            {
                if (numbers[j] < numbers[min])
                {
                    min = j;
                }
            }
            //swap two values in the array
            temp = numbers[i];
            numbers[i] = numbers[min];
            numbers[min] = temp;
        }
        System.out.println("Printing sorted result");
        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length; i++)
        {
            System.out.println(numbers[i]);
        }
    }
}
```

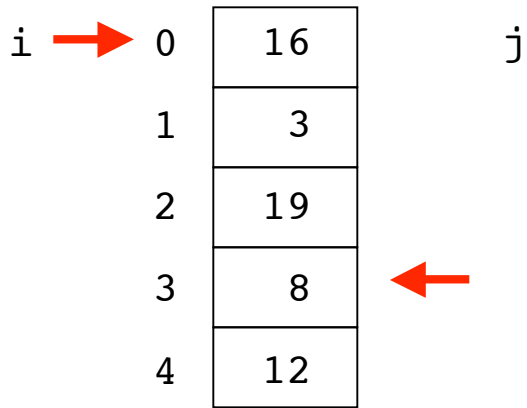
Selection sort



```
// selection sort
public class SortTest1
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int[] numbers = {16,3,19,8,12};
        int min, temp;
        //select location of next sorted value
        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length-1; i++)
        {
            min = i;
            //find the smallest value in the remainder of
            //the array to be sorted
            for (int j = i+1; j < numbers.length; j++)
            {
                if (numbers[j] < numbers[min])
                {
                    min = j;
                }
            }
            //swap two values in the array
            temp = numbers[i];
            numbers[i] = numbers[min];
            numbers[min] = temp;
        }

        System.out.println("Printing sorted result");
        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length; i++)
        {
            System.out.println(numbers[i]);
        }
    }
}
```

Selection sort



i 0

j 3

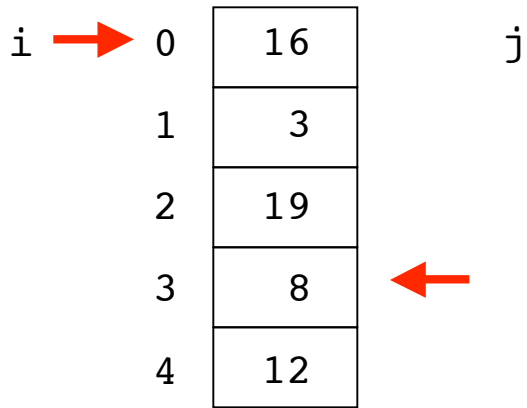
min 1

temp

```
// selection sort
public class SortTest1
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int[] numbers = {16,3,19,8,12};
        int min, temp;
        //select location of next sorted value
        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length-1; i++)
        {
            min = i;
            //find the smallest value in the remainder of
            //the array to be sorted
            for (int j = i+1; j < numbers.length; j++)
            {
                if (numbers[j] < numbers[min])
                {
                    min = j;
                }
            }
            //swap two values in the array
            temp = numbers[i];
            numbers[i] = numbers[min];
            numbers[min] = temp;
        }

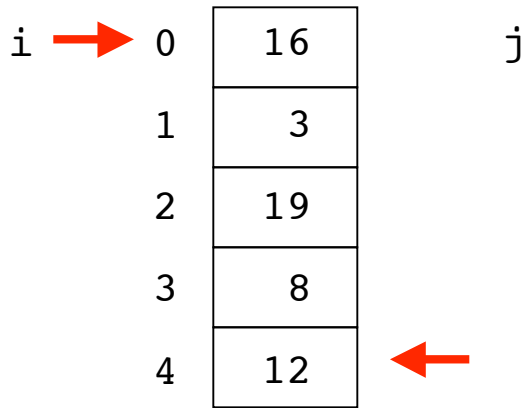
        System.out.println("Printing sorted result");
        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length; i++)
        {
            System.out.println(numbers[i]);
        }
    }
}
```

Selection sort



```
// selection sort
public class SortTest1
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int[] numbers = {16,3,19,8,12};
        int min, temp;
        //select location of next sorted value
        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length-1; i++)
        {
            min = i;
            //find the smallest value in the remainder of
            //the array to be sorted
            for (int j = i+1; j < numbers.length; j++)
            {
                if (numbers[j] < numbers[min])
                {
                    min = j;
                }
            }
            //swap two values in the array
            temp = numbers[i];
            numbers[i] = numbers[min];
            numbers[min] = temp;
        }
        System.out.println("Printing sorted result");
        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length; i++)
        {
            System.out.println(numbers[i]);
        }
    }
}
```


Selection sort



i 0

j 4

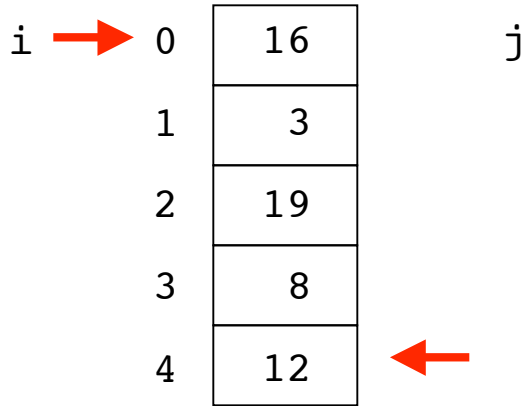
min 1

temp

```
// selection sort
public class SortTest1
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int[] numbers = {16,3,19,8,12};
        int min, temp;
        //select location of next sorted value
        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length-1; i++)
        {
            min = i;
            //find the smallest value in the remainder of
            //the array to be sorted
            for (int j = i+1; j < numbers.length; j++)
            {
                if (numbers[j] < numbers[min])
                {
                    min = j;
                }
            }
            //swap two values in the array
            temp = numbers[i];
            numbers[i] = numbers[min];
            numbers[min] = temp;
        }

        System.out.println("Printing sorted result");
        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length; i++)
        {
            System.out.println(numbers[i]);
        }
    }
}
```

Selection sort



i 0

j 4

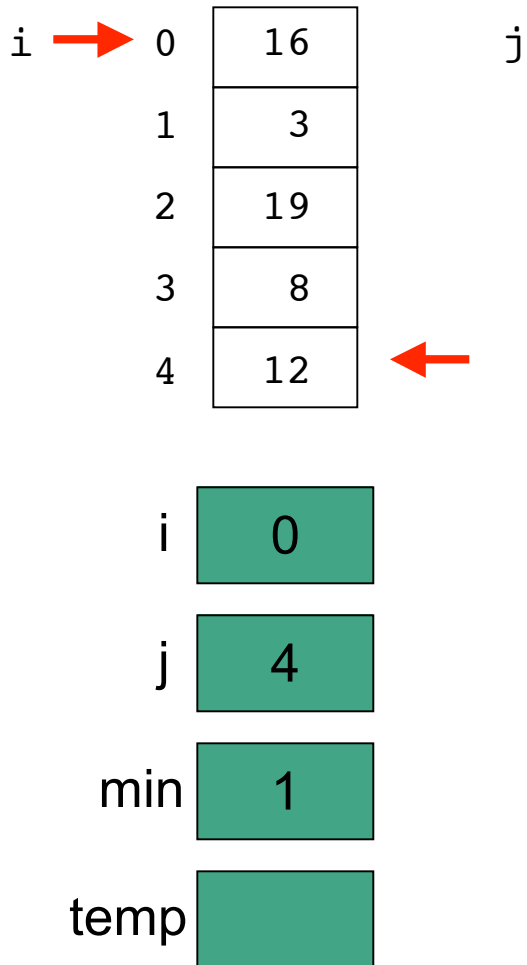
min 1

temp

```
// selection sort
public class SortTest1
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int[] numbers = {16,3,19,8,12};
        int min, temp;
        //select location of next sorted value
        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length-1; i++)
        {
            min = i;
            //find the smallest value in the remainder of
            //the array to be sorted
            for (int j = i+1; j < numbers.length; j++)
            {
                if (numbers[j] < numbers[min])
                {
                    min = j;
                }
            }
            //swap two values in the array
            temp = numbers[i];
            numbers[i] = numbers[min];
            numbers[min] = temp;
        }

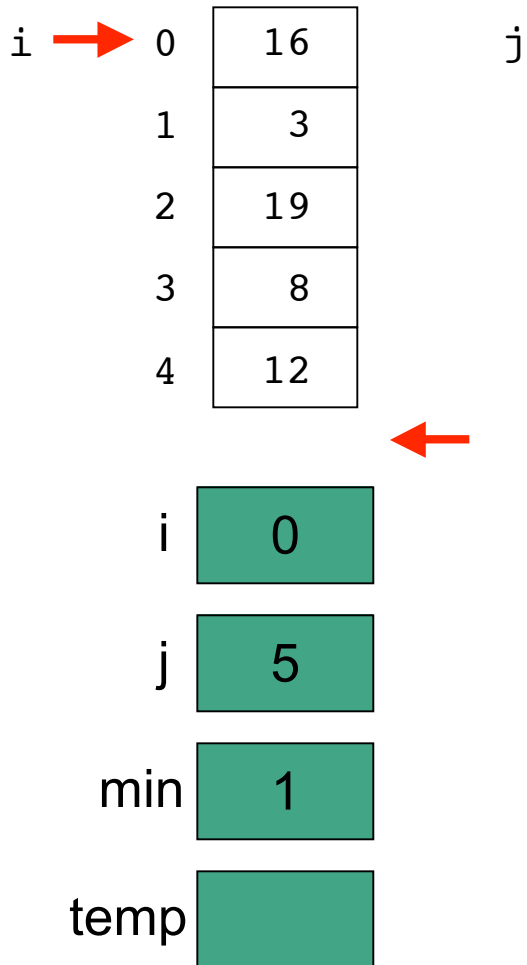
        System.out.println("Printing sorted result");
        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length; i++)
        {
            System.out.println(numbers[i]);
        }
    }
}
```

Selection sort



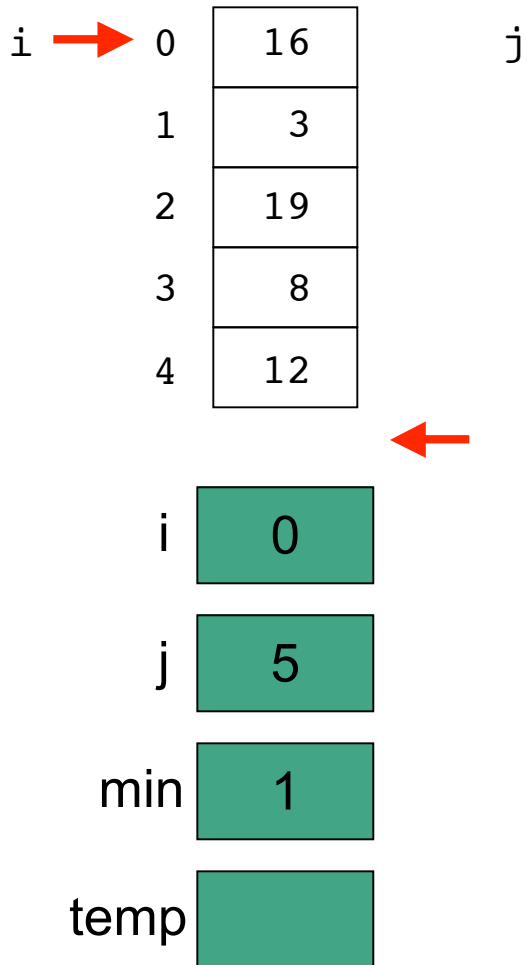
```
// selection sort
public class SortTest1
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int[] numbers = {16,3,19,8,12};
        int min, temp;
        //select location of next sorted value
        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length-1; i++)
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            min = i;
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            //the array to be sorted
            for (int j = i+1; j < numbers.length; j++)
            {
                if (numbers[j] < numbers[min])
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        }
        System.out.println("Printing sorted result");
        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length; i++)
        {
            System.out.println(numbers[i]);
        }
    }
}
```

Selection sort



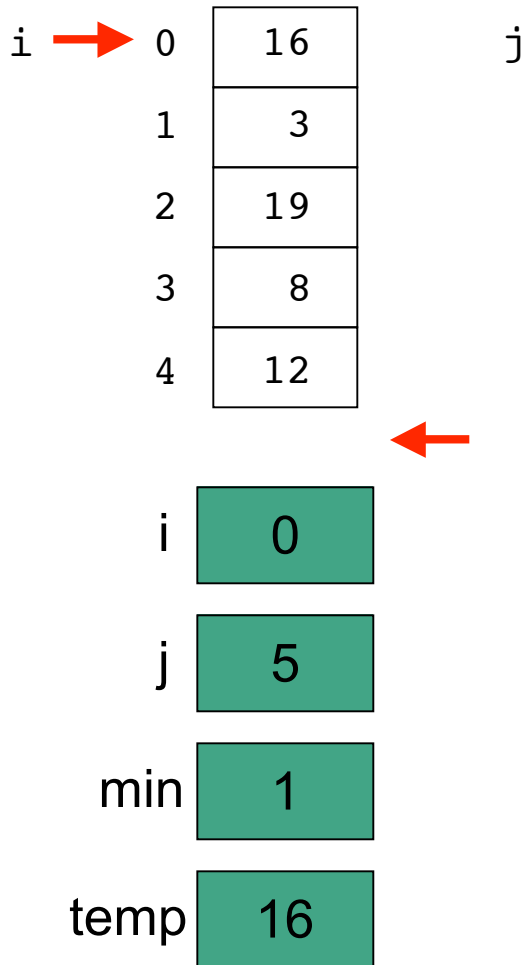
```
// selection sort
public class SortTest1
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int[] numbers = {16,3,19,8,12};
        int min, temp;
        //select location of next sorted value
        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length-1; i++)
        {
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            //the array to be sorted
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                {
                    min = j;
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            }
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            temp = numbers[i];
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        }
        System.out.println("Printing sorted result");
        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length; i++)
        {
            System.out.println(numbers[i]);
        }
    }
}
```

Selection sort



```
// selection sort
public class SortTest1
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int[] numbers = {16,3,19,8,12};
        int min, temp;
        //select location of next sorted value
        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length-1; i++)
        {
            min = i;
            //find the smallest value in the remainder of
            //the array to be sorted
            for (int j = i+1; j < numbers.length; j++)
            {
                if (numbers[j] < numbers[min])
                {
                    min = j;
                }
            }
            //swap two values in the array
            temp = numbers[i];
            numbers[i] = numbers[min];
            numbers[min] = temp;
        }
        System.out.println("Printing sorted result");
        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length; i++)
        {
            System.out.println(numbers[i]);
        }
    }
}
```

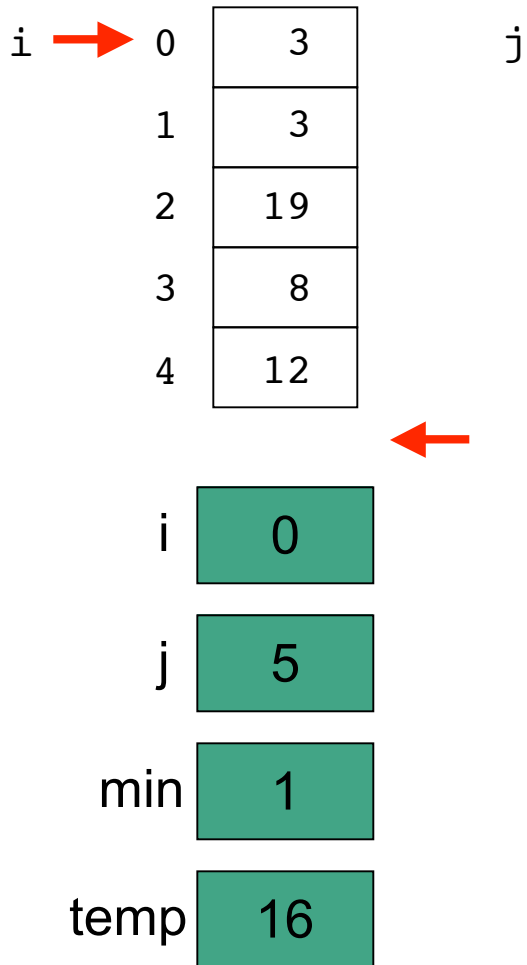
Selection sort



```
// selection sort
public class SortTest1
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int[] numbers = {16,3,19,8,12};
        int min, temp;
        //select location of next sorted value
        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length-1; i++)
        {
            min = i;
            //find the smallest value in the remainder of
            //the array to be sorted
            for (int j = i+1; j < numbers.length; j++)
            {
                if (numbers[j] < numbers[min])
                {
                    min = j;
                }
            }
            //swap two values in the array
            temp = numbers[i];
            numbers[i] = numbers[min];
            numbers[min] = temp;
        }

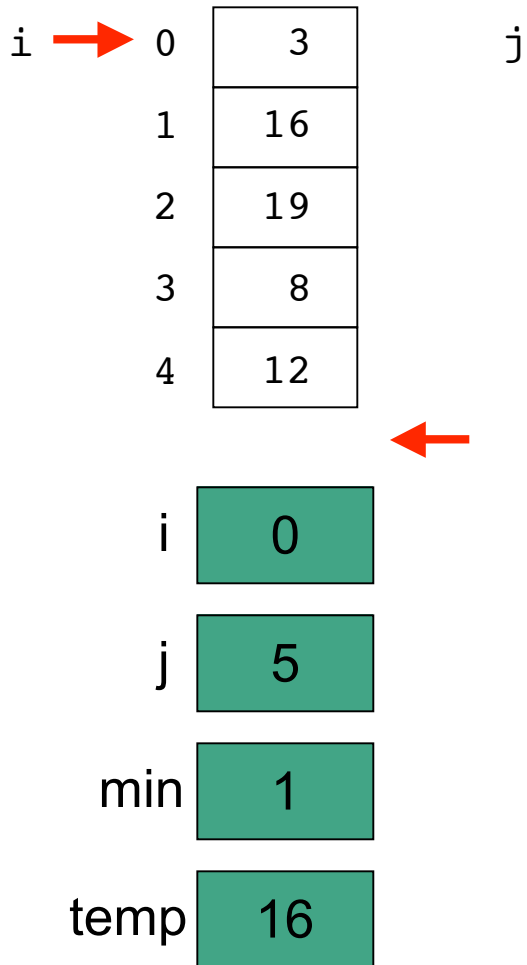
        System.out.println("Printing sorted result");
        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length; i++)
        {
            System.out.println(numbers[i]);
        }
    }
}
```

Selection sort



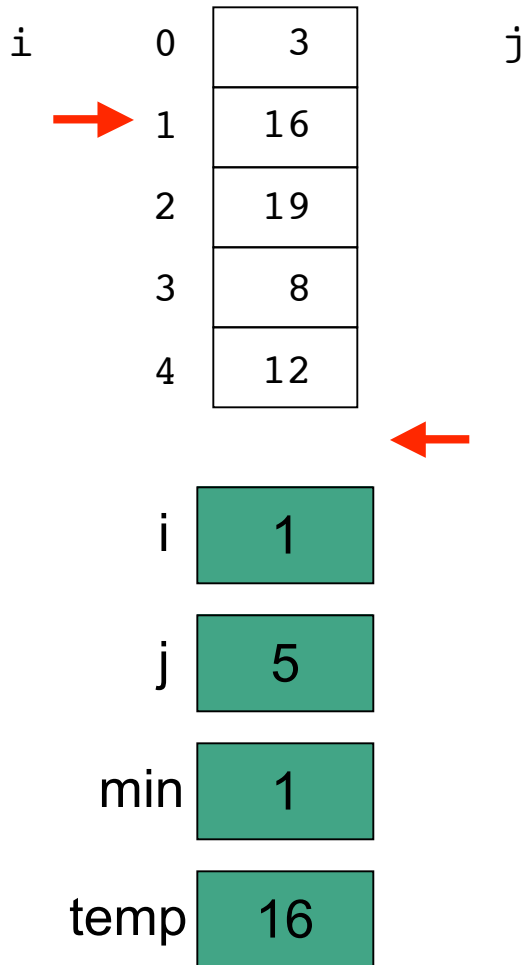
```
// selection sort
public class SortTest1
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int[] numbers = {16,3,19,8,12};
        int min, temp;
        //select location of next sorted value
        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length-1; i++)
        {
            min = i;
            //find the smallest value in the remainder of
            //the array to be sorted
            for (int j = i+1; j < numbers.length; j++)
            {
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                {
                    min = j;
                }
            }
            //swap two values in the array
            temp = numbers[i];
            numbers[i] = numbers[min];
            numbers[min] = temp;
        }
        System.out.println("Printing sorted result");
        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length; i++)
        {
            System.out.println(numbers[i]);
        }
    }
}
```

Selection sort



```
// selection sort
public class SortTest1
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int[] numbers = {16,3,19,8,12};
        int min, temp;
        //select location of next sorted value
        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length-1; i++)
        {
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        }
        System.out.println("Printing sorted result");
        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length; i++)
        {
            System.out.println(numbers[i]);
        }
    }
}
```

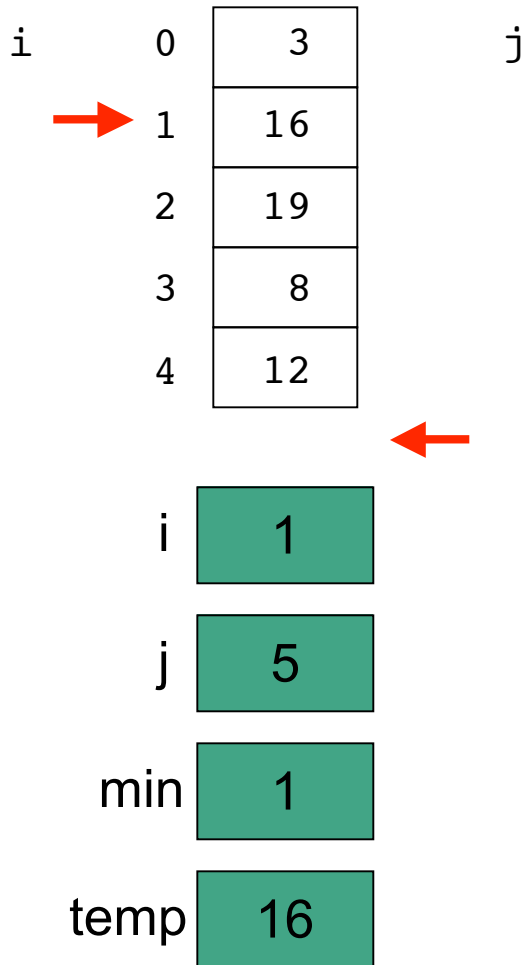

Selection sort



```
// selection sort
public class SortTest1
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int[] numbers = {16,3,19,8,12};
        int min, temp;
        //select location of next sorted value
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        {
            min = i;
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                }
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            temp = numbers[i];
            numbers[i] = numbers[min];
            numbers[min] = temp;
        }

        System.out.println("Printing sorted result");
        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length; i++)
        {
            System.out.println(numbers[i]);
        }
    }
}
```

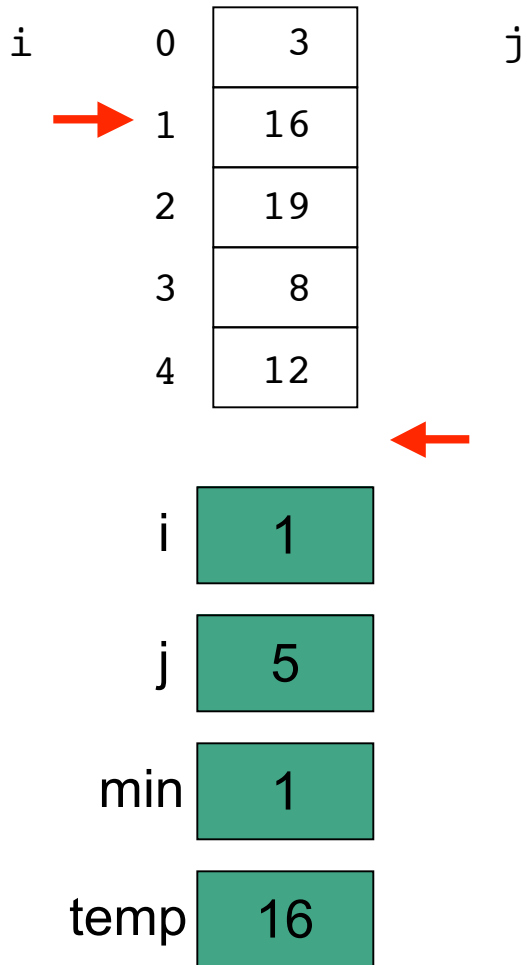
Selection sort



```
// selection sort
public class SortTest1
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int[] numbers = {16,3,19,8,12};
        int min, temp;
        //select location of next sorted value
        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length-1; i++)
        {
            min = i;
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            //the array to be sorted
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            {
                if (numbers[j] < numbers[min])
                {
                    min = j;
                }
            }
            //swap two values in the array
            temp = numbers[i];
            numbers[i] = numbers[min];
            numbers[min] = temp;
        }

        System.out.println("Printing sorted result");
        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length; i++)
        {
            System.out.println(numbers[i]);
        }
    }
}
```

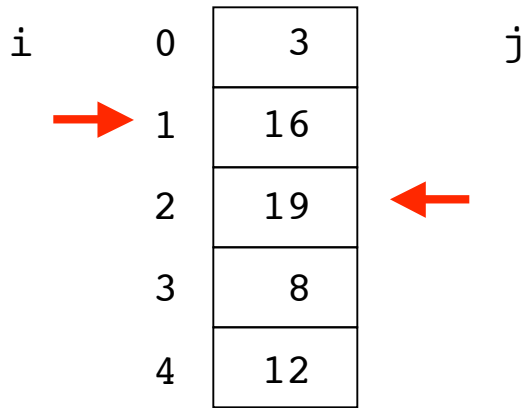
Selection sort



```
// selection sort
public class SortTest1
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int[] numbers = {16,3,19,8,12};
        int min, temp;
        //select location of next sorted value
        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length-1; i++)
        {
            min = i;
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            //the array to be sorted
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                if (numbers[j] < numbers[min])
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            temp = numbers[i];
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        System.out.println("Printing sorted result");
        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length; i++)
        {
            System.out.println(numbers[i]);
        }
    }
}
```

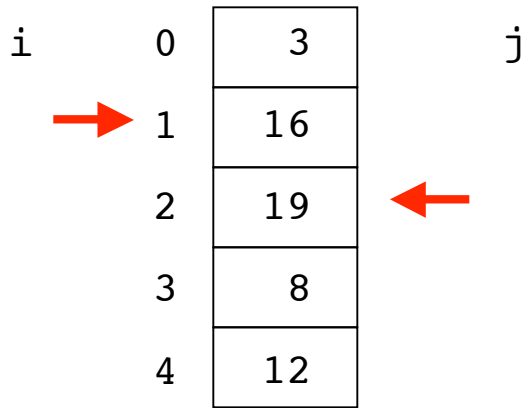
Selection sort



```
// selection sort
public class SortTest1
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int[] numbers = {16,3,19,8,12};
        int min, temp;
        //select location of next sorted value
        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length-1; i++)
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            //the array to be sorted
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                {
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        }
    }
}
```

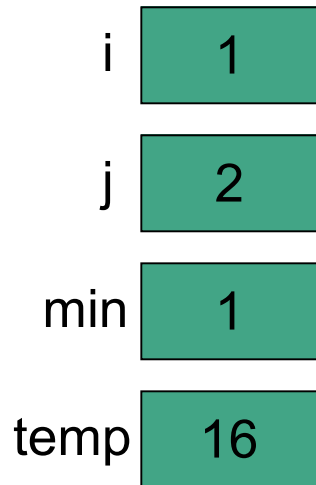
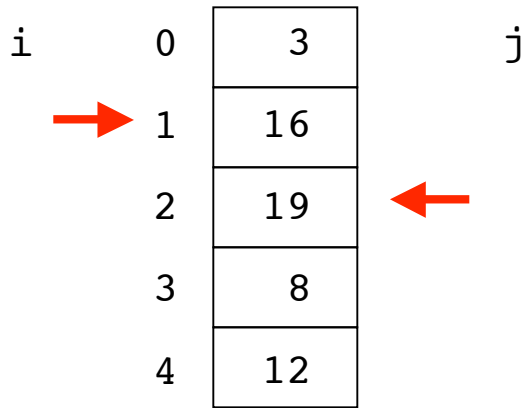
Selection sort



```
// selection sort
public class SortTest1
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int[] numbers = {16,3,19,8,12};
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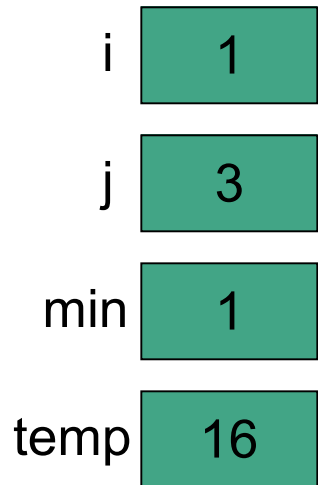
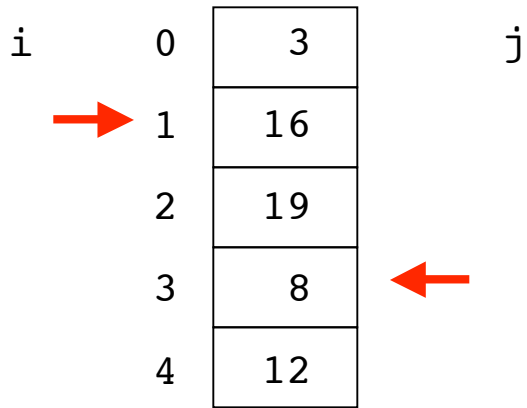
        System.out.println("Printing sorted result");
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        }
    }
}
```

Selection sort



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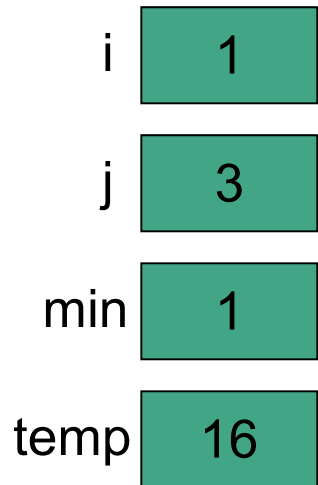
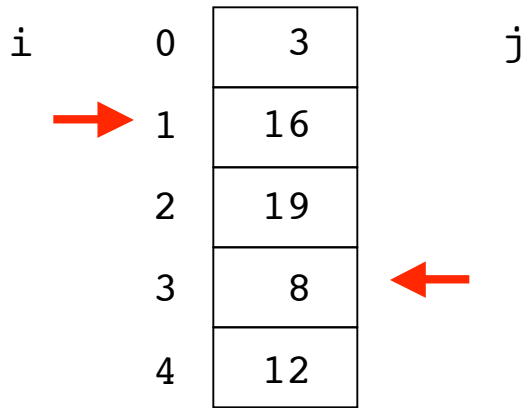
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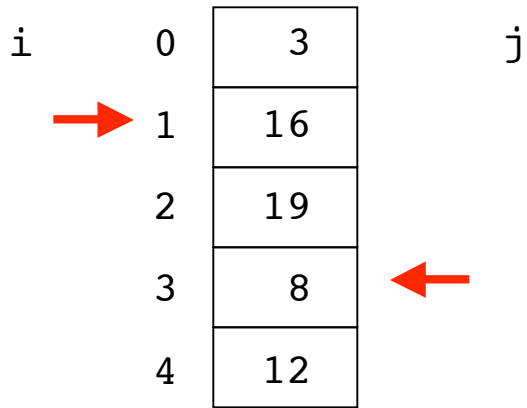
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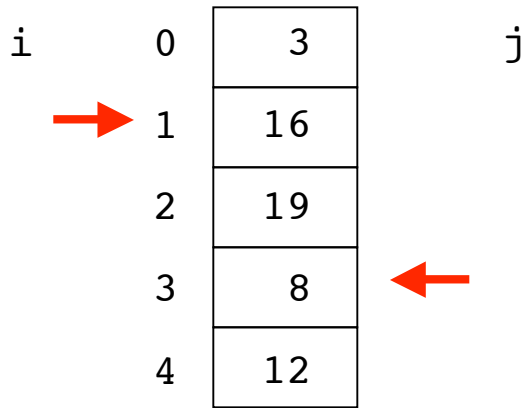
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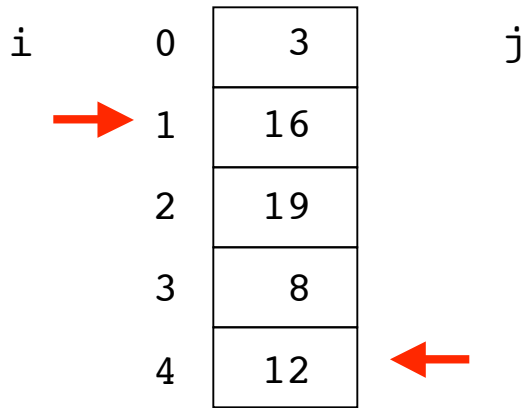
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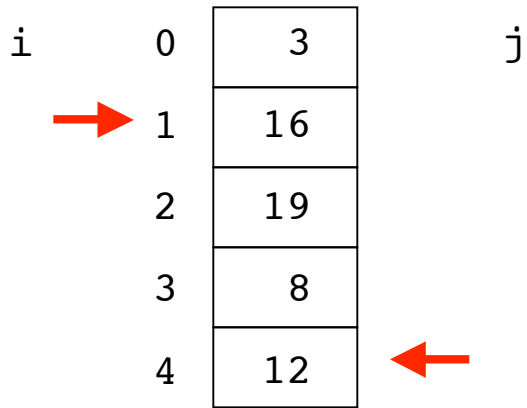
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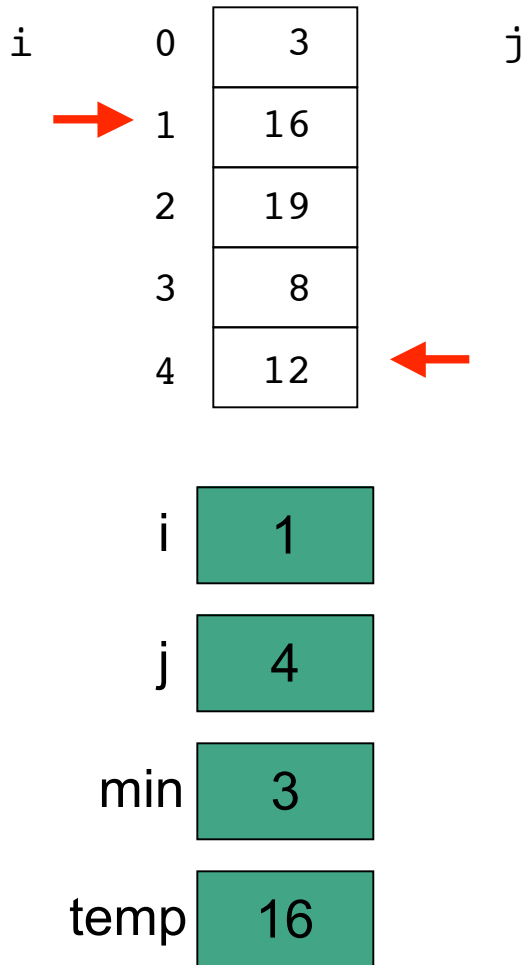
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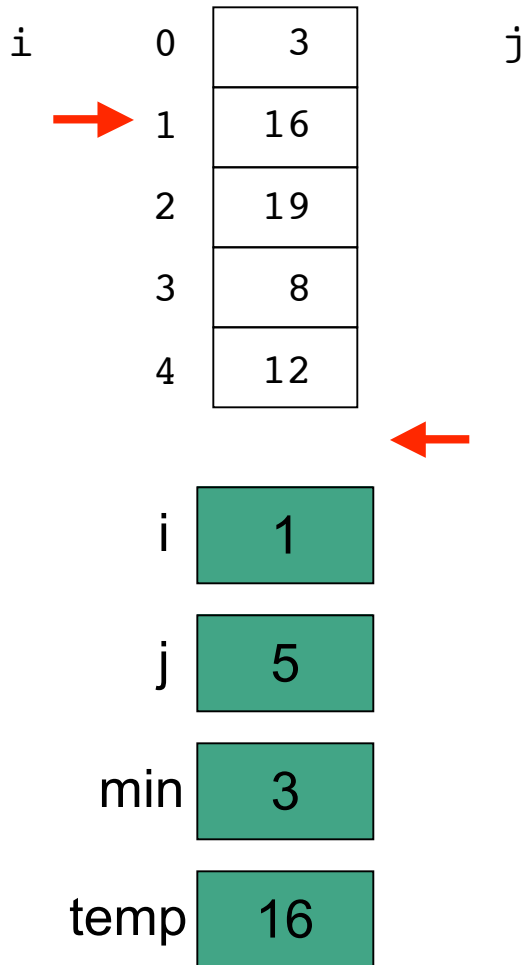
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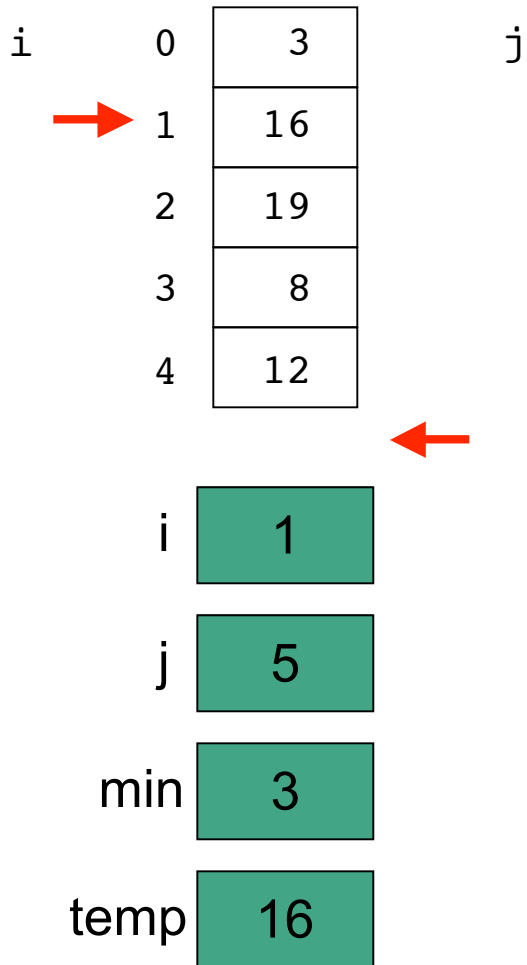
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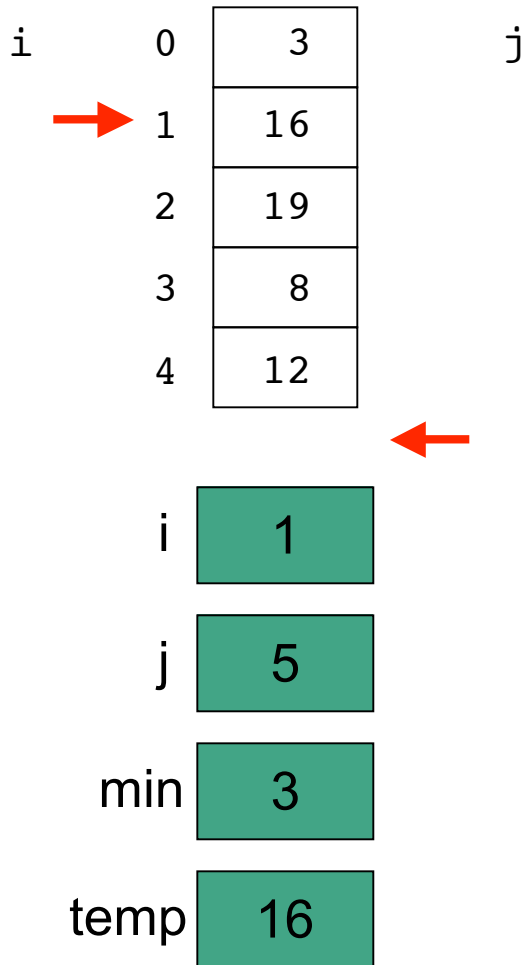
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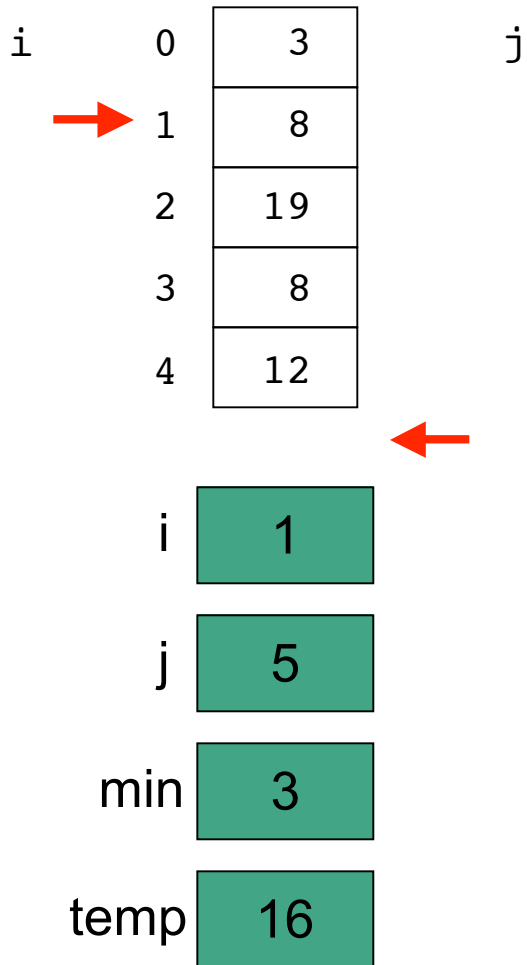
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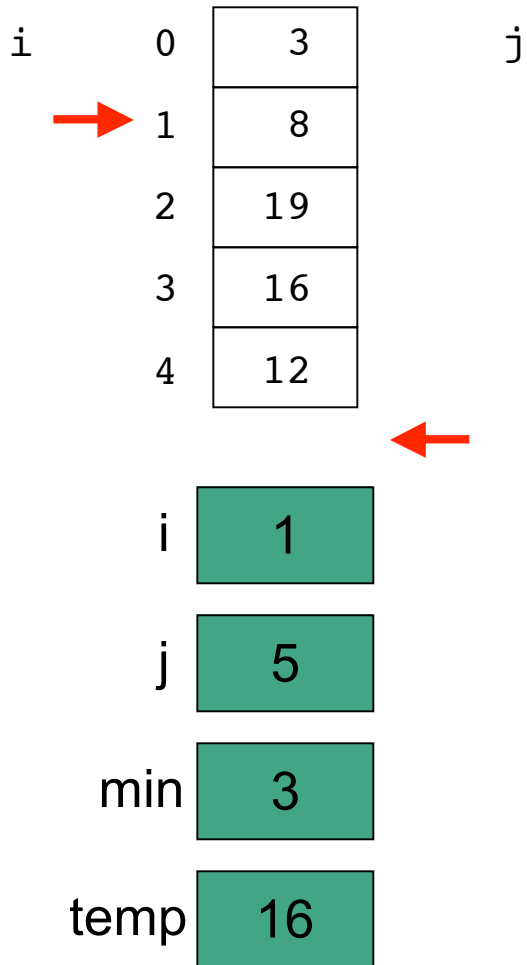
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Selection sort



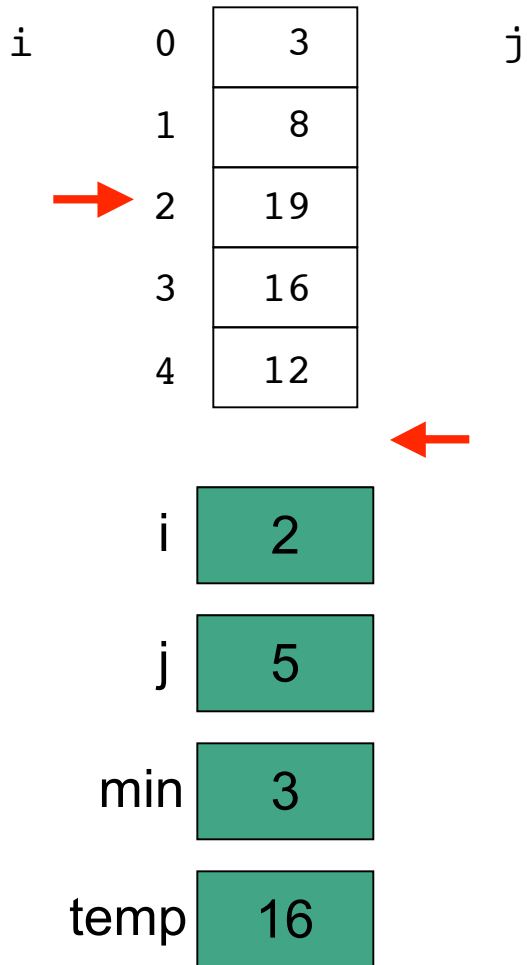
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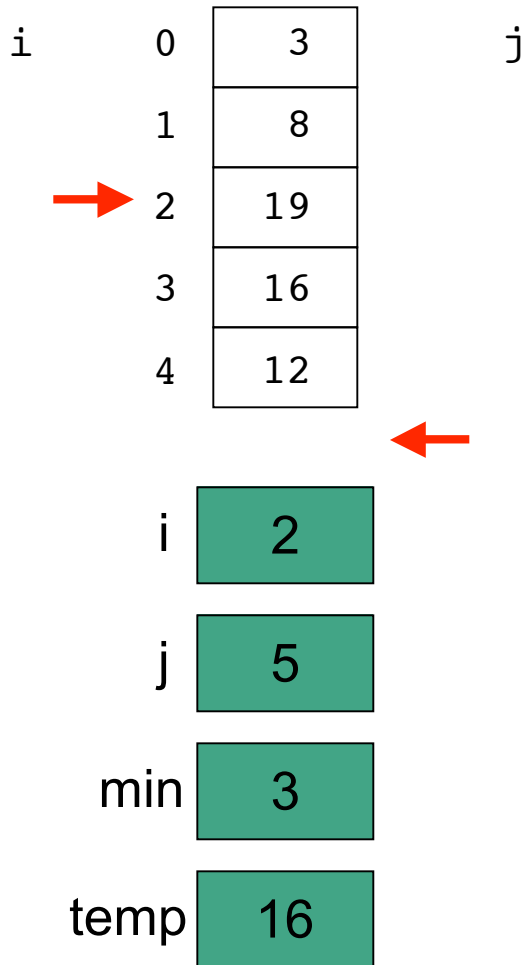
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Selection sort

i	0	3	j
	1	8	
→	2	19	
	3	16	
	4	12	

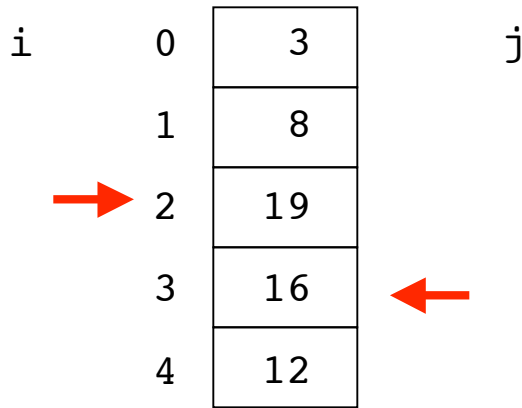


i	2
j	5
min	2
temp	16

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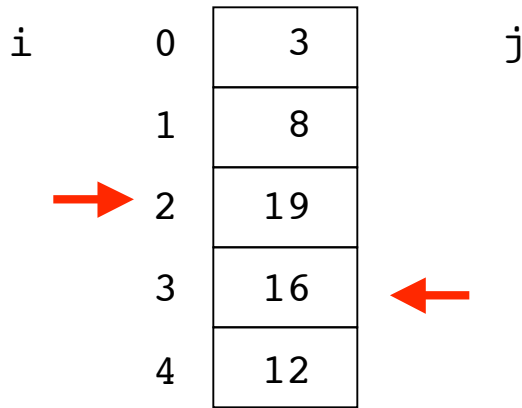
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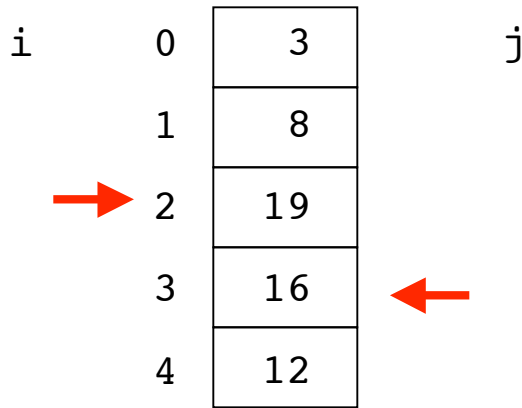
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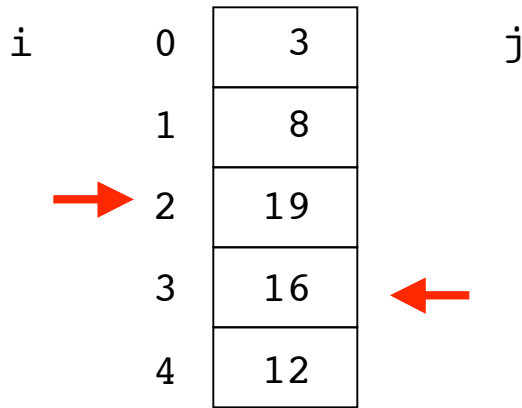
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Selection sort



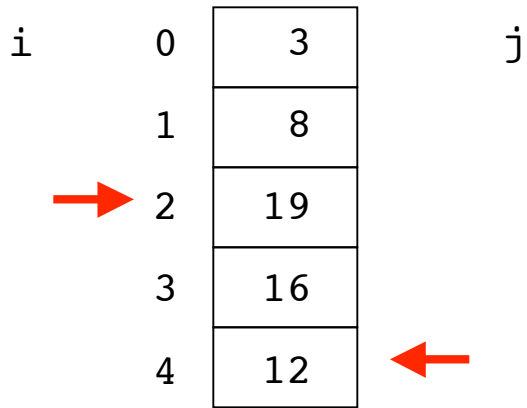
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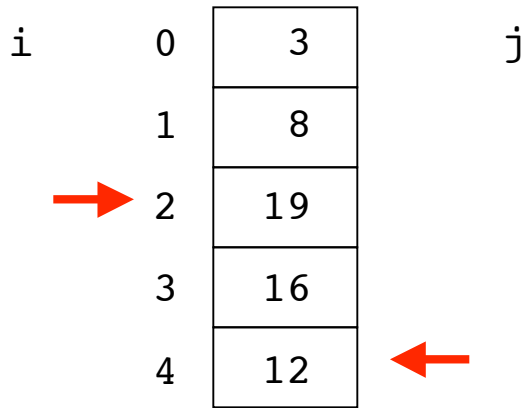
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            }
            //swap two values in the array
            temp = numbers[i];
            numbers[i] = numbers[min];
            numbers[min] = temp;
        }

        System.out.println("Printing sorted result");
        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length; i++)
        {
            System.out.println(numbers[i]);
        }
    }
}
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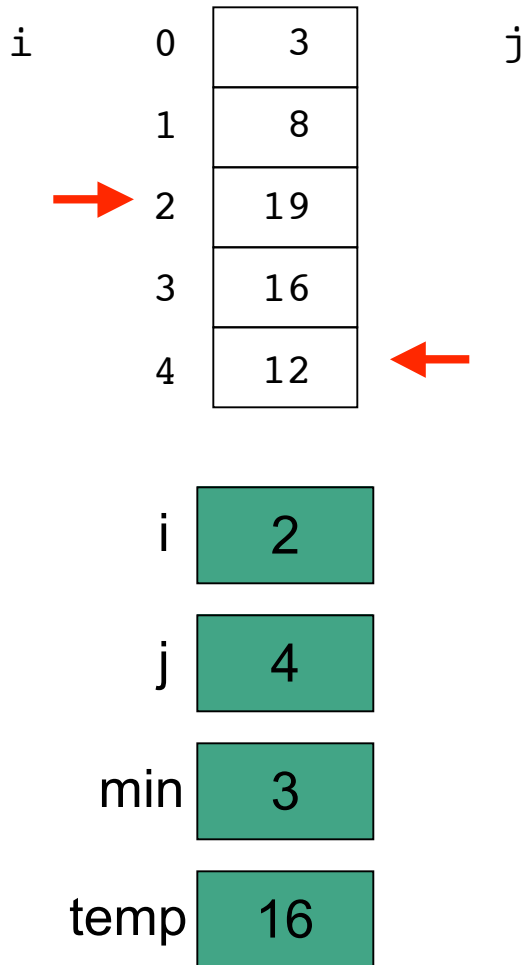
Selection sort



```
// selection sort
public class SortTest1
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int[] numbers = {16,3,19,8,12};
        int min, temp;
        //select location of next sorted value
        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length-1; i++)
        {
            min = i;
            //find the smallest value in the remainder of
            //the array to be sorted
            for (int j = i+1; j < numbers.length; j++)
            {
                if (numbers[j] < numbers[min])
                {
                    min = j;
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            }
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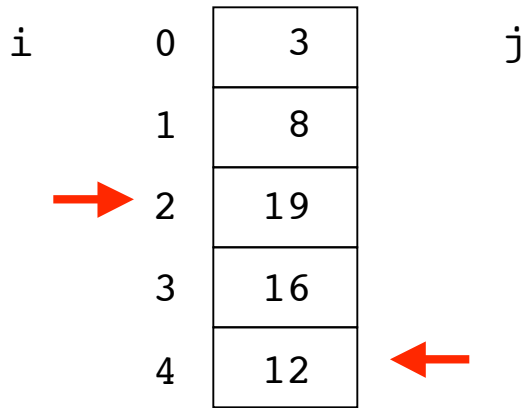
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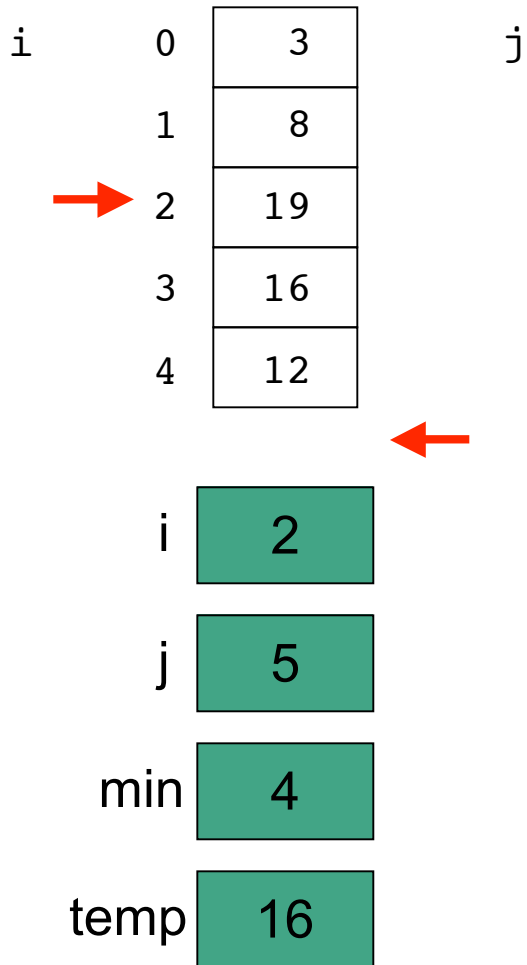
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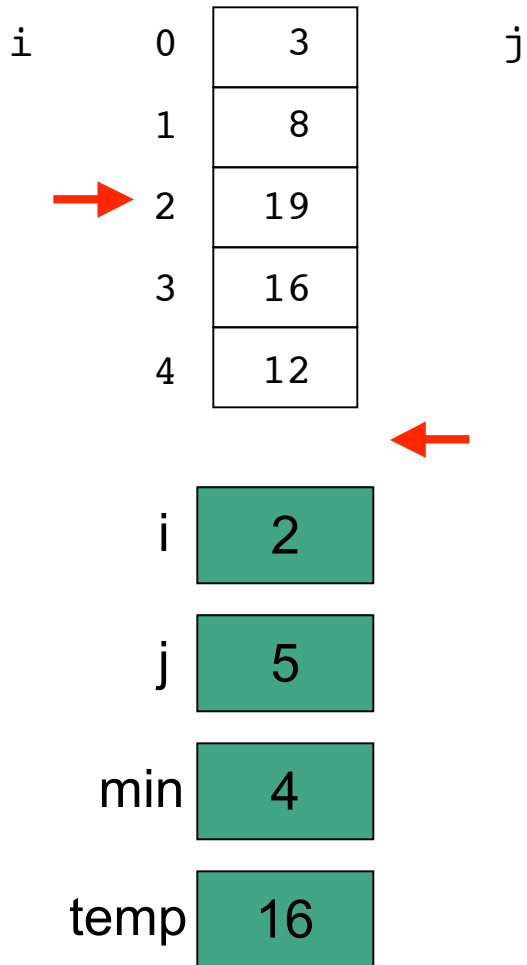
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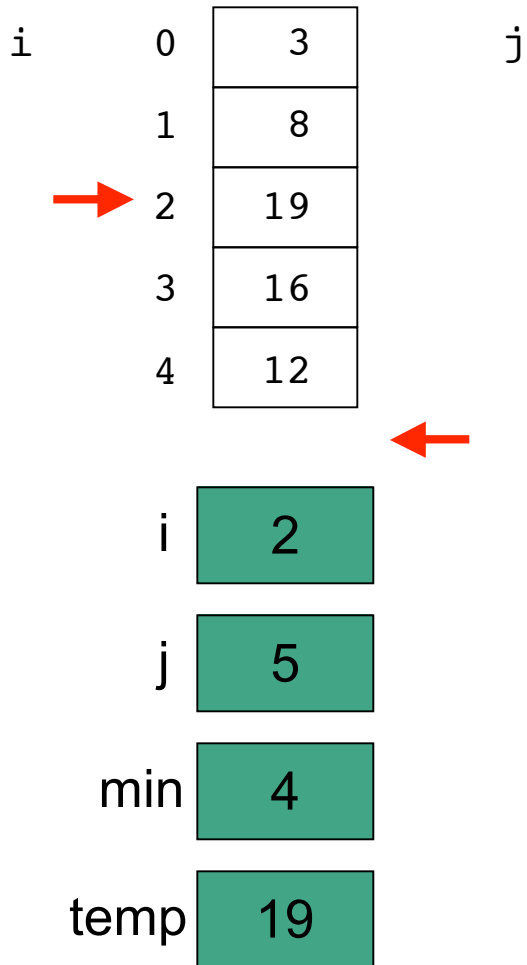
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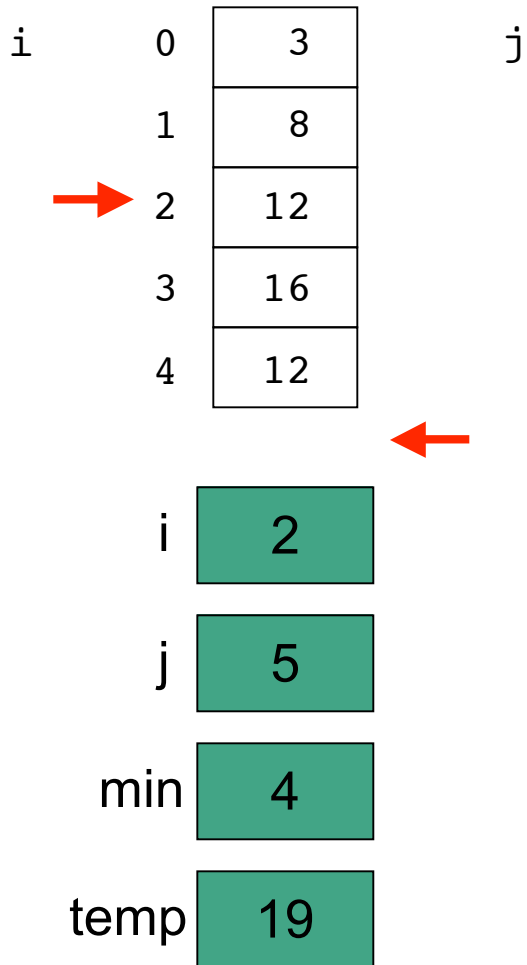
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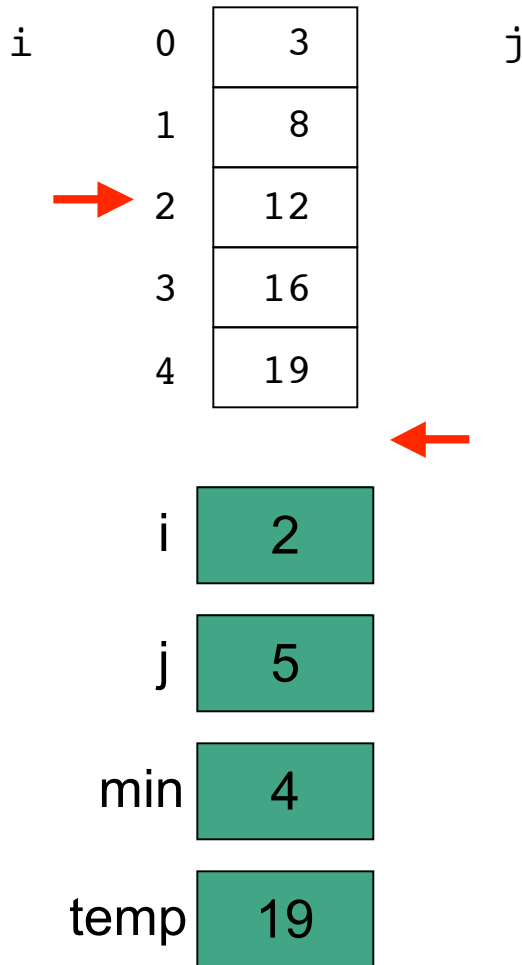
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    }
}
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Selection sort



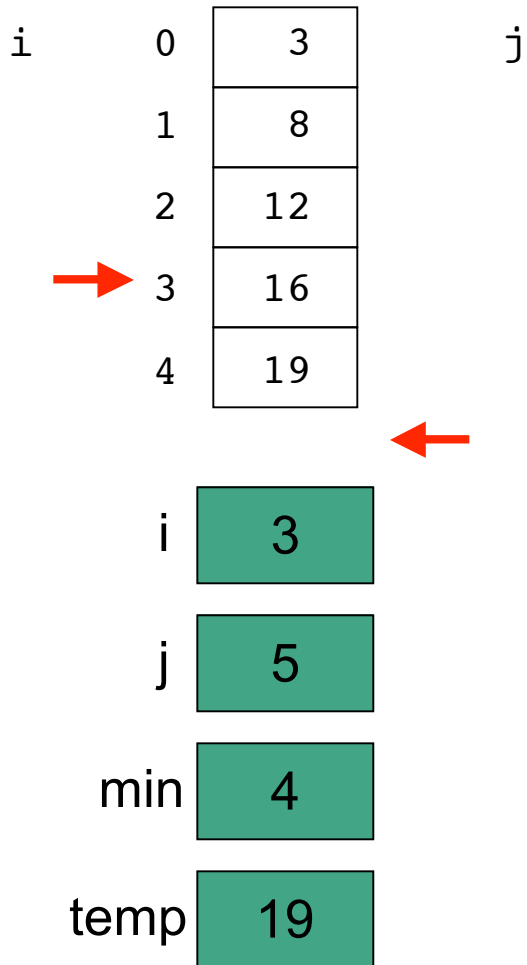
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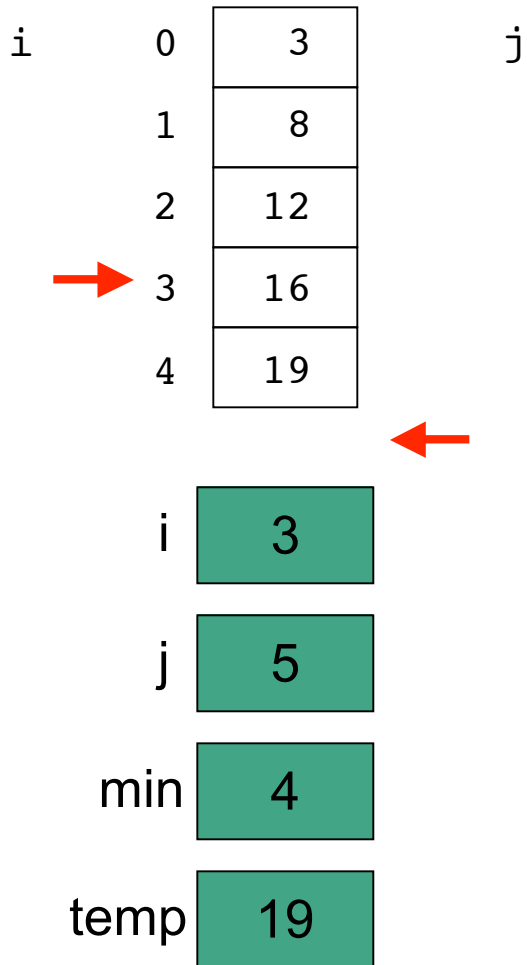
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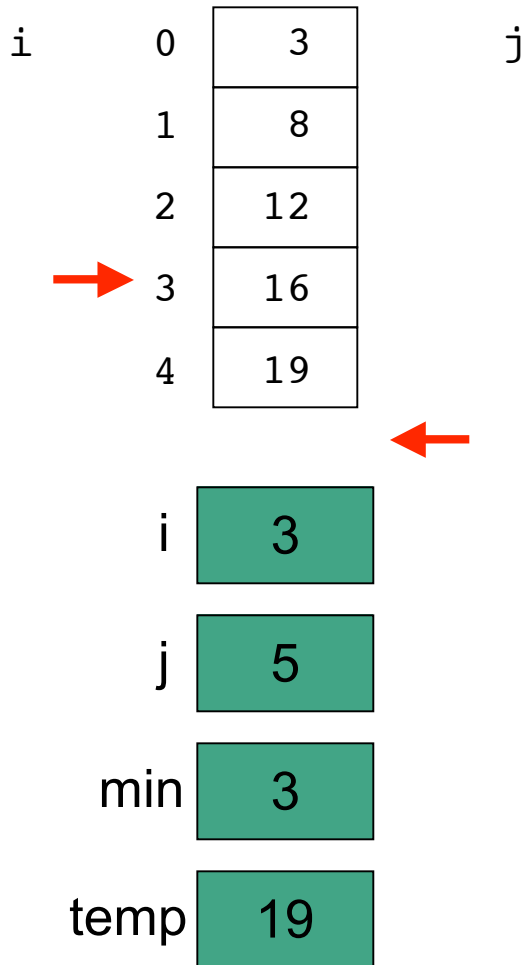
Selection sort



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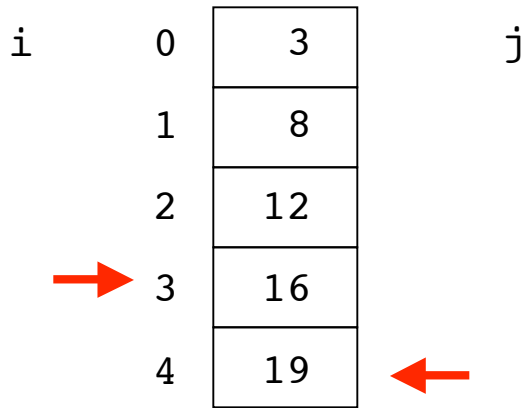
Selection sort



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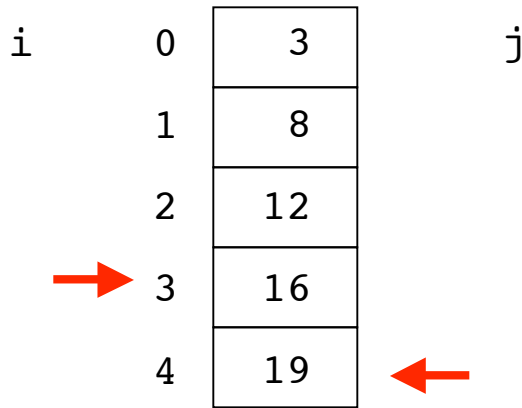
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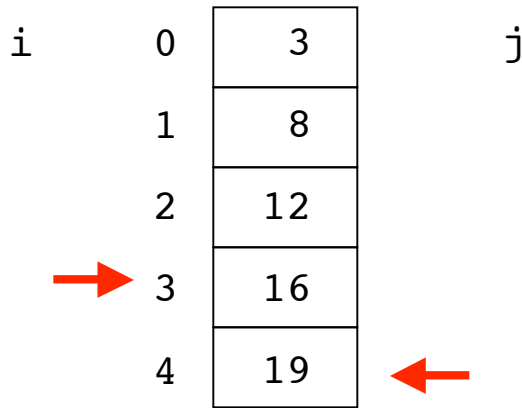
Selection sort



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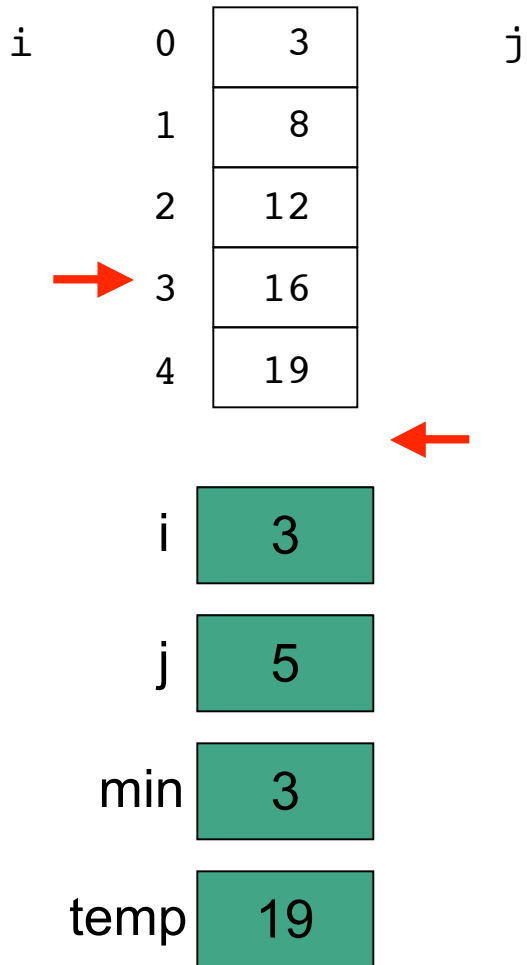
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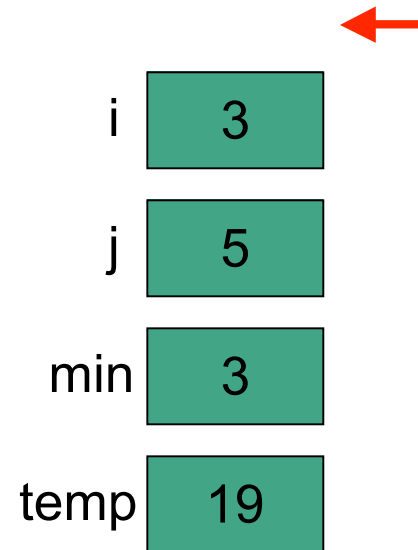
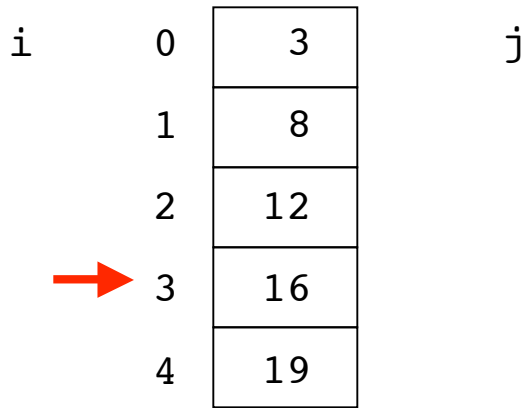

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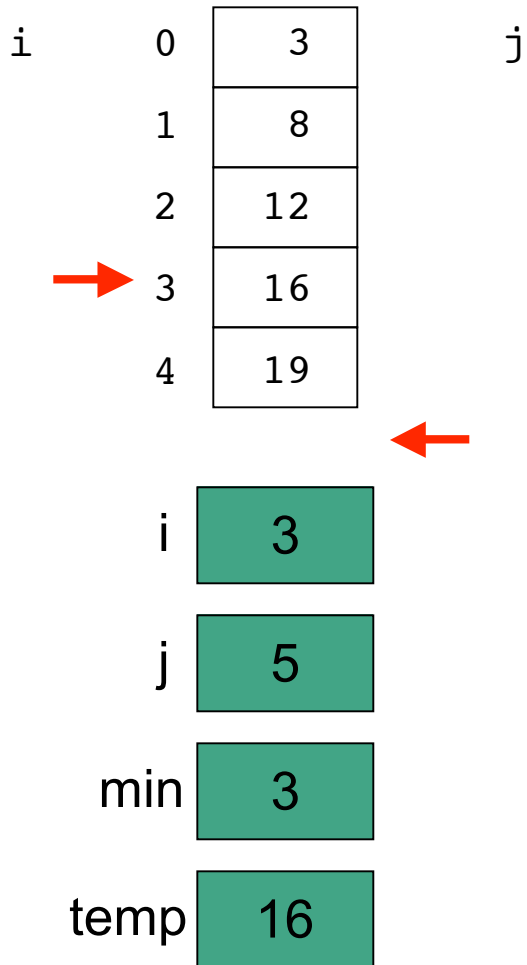
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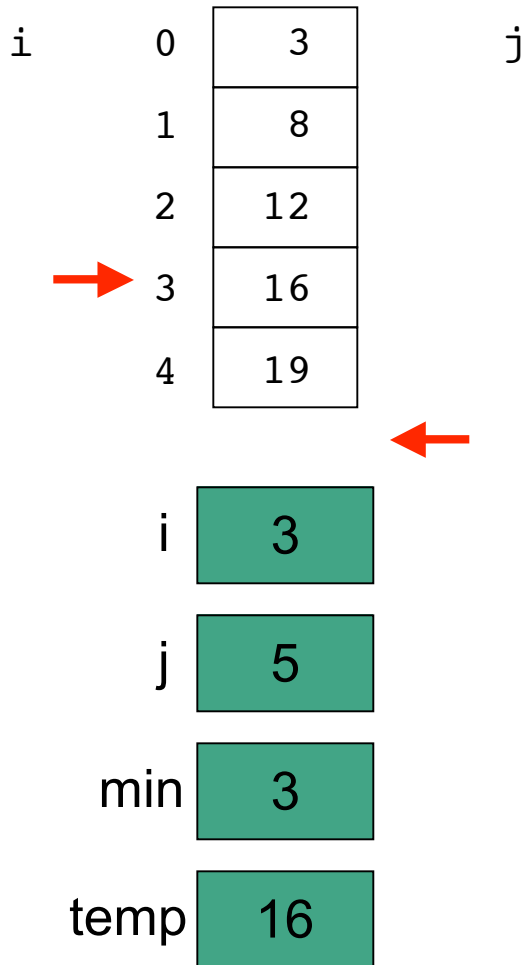
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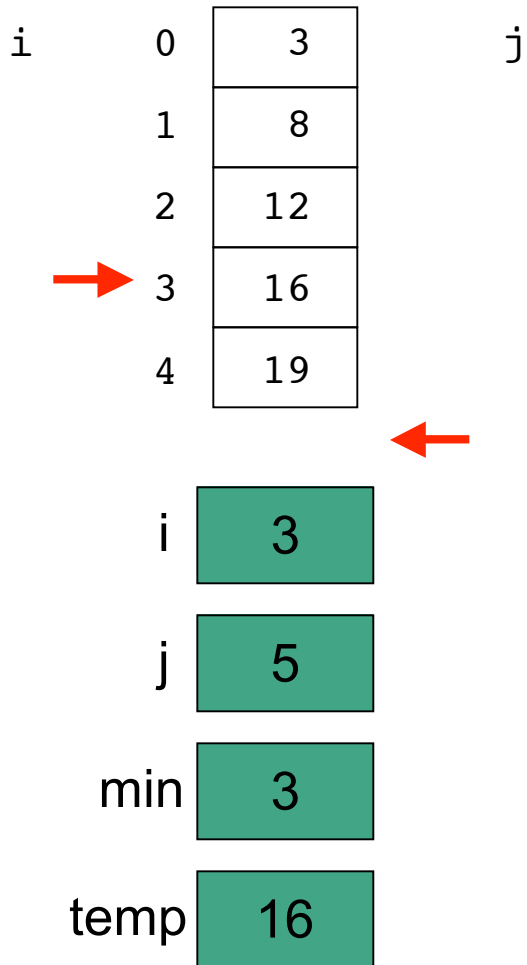
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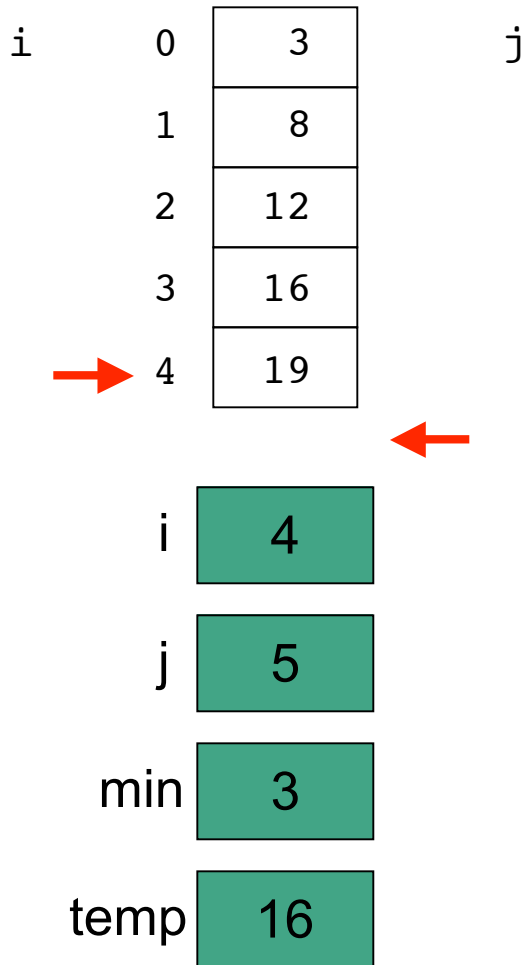
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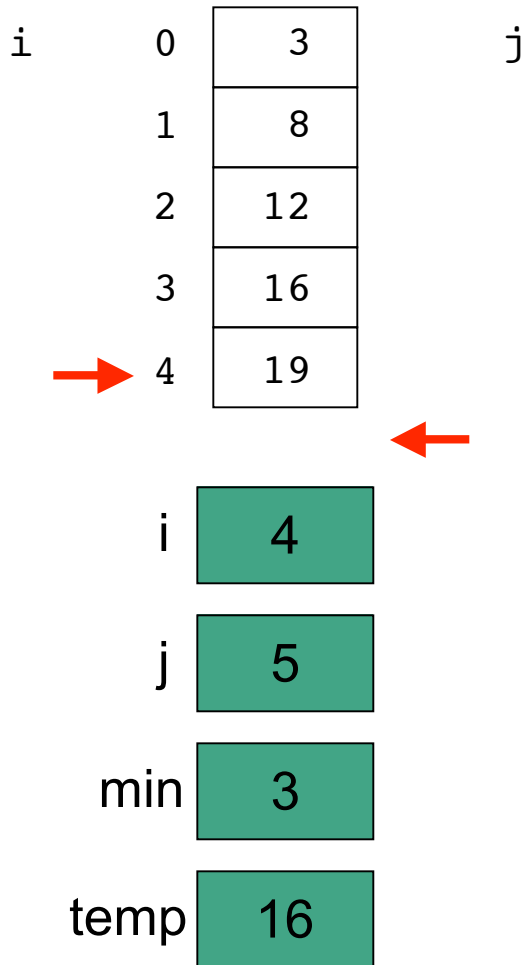
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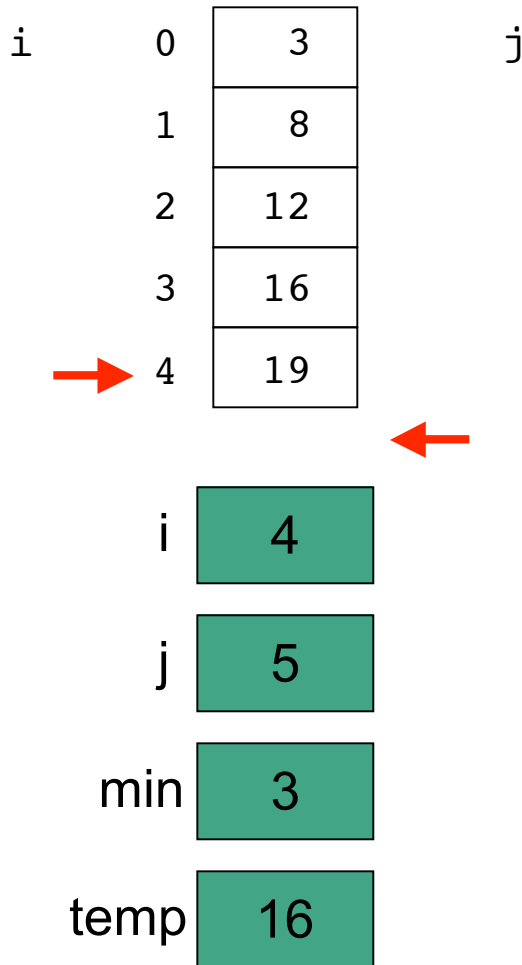
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        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length-1; i++)
        {
            min = i;
            //find the smallest value in the remainder of
            //the array to be sorted
            for (int j = i+1; j < numbers.length; j++)
            {
                if (numbers[j] < numbers[min])
                {
                    min = j;
                }
            }
            //swap two values in the array
            temp = numbers[i];
            numbers[i] = numbers[min];
            numbers[min] = temp;
        }
        System.out.println("Printing sorted result");
        for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length; i++)
        {
            System.out.println(numbers[i]);
        }
    }
}
```


Tracing with the Debugger