CPSC-340 Machine Learning and Data Mining 2004

Homework # 2
Due Friday, Oct 9 at 4pm.

NAME:_____

Signature:_____

STD. NUM: _____

Email: _____

General guidelines for homeworks:

You are encouraged to discuss the problems with others in the class, but all write-ups are to be done on your own.
Homework grades will be based not only on getting the "correct answer," but also on good writing style and clear presentation of your solution. It is your responsibility to make sure that the graders can easily follow your line of reasoning.
Try every problem. Even if you can't solve the problem, you will receive partial credit for explaining why you got stuck on a promising line of attack. More importantly, you will get valuable feedback that will help you learn the material.
Please acknowledge the people with whom you discussed the problems and what sources you used to help you solve the problem (e.g. websites, books from the library). This won't affect your grade but is important as academic honesty.
When dealing with Matlab exercises, please attach a printout with all your code and show your results clearly.

PHOTO:

1. **(Text retrieval)**

   This exercise teaches you how to build a simple text search engine and text compression scheme. The file `matrix.dat` contains a matrix of documents by words for the documents that appear in the file `documents.ps`. That is, according to the lecture notes $A = matrix^T$, i.e. you have to transpose $matrix$. The size of A is $m \times n$. The list of the m words (in order) appears in file `literals.dat`.

   (i) Compute the SVD of A and plot the eigen-spectrum. That is, plot the diagonal of the matrix Σ.

   (ii) Truncate the SVD to 3D. That is, $k = 3$. Create a plot with 2 subplots using the matlab command `subplot`. In the first subplot do `image(A)`. In the second subplot, plot the image $U_k \Sigma_k V_k^T$. What do you conclude from comparing the two plots? What's the compression gain? What's the compression error?

   (iii) Using the first document as a query ($q = A(:, 1)$), what are the angles, in degrees, between the projected query in 3D and the 9 projected documents? Explain how this query could help you debug your code.

(iv) If the query is the word "*abducted*" ($q(23, 1) = 1$), what document would be retrieved? What is the smallest angle in this case? Does this make sense when you look a the text in the actual documents?

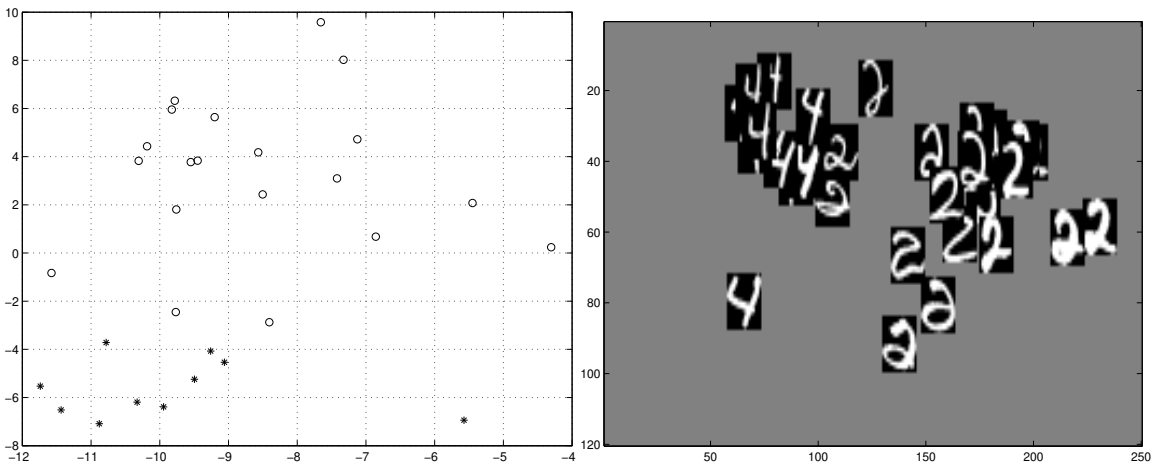
2. **(PCA)**

In this homework, you need to implement the image visualization PCA tool discussed in class. Your task is to modify the following piece of code. Whenever you encounter a ??? sign, replace it with the appropriate code.

```
load twosfours;
A = data;
% A has 30 rows corresponding to 30 16x16 images.
% The first 20 rows are images of 2s and the last
% 10 rows are images of 4's

[U,S,V] = ???;     % Compute SVD of A.
Uk = U(:,???);
Sk = S(???,???);
pc = ???;         % Principal components of A.

figure(1)
% Plot principal components.
clf;
plot(pc(1:20,1),pc(1:20,2),'or',???,???,'*b');
grid;
```

```
% Plot images on a background of size 120 by 250.
a = zeros(120,250);
% a is the background image on which small images are placed.
% now we scale the components to be integeres for indexing:
pc = pc + abs(min(min(pc)))*ones(size(pc)) + ones(size(pc));
pc = round(10*pc)
[r,c] = size(pc);
% now we add the individual images to the background image:
for i=1:r,
  a(pc(i,1):pc(i,1)+15,pc(i,2):pc(i,2)+15) = reshape(???,???,16)';
end;

figure(2)
% Visualization:
clf;
colormap('gray')
imagesc(a)
print -deps pca2
```

Plot answers:



Hand in all your code.