Correction to "Unscented Filtering and Nonlinear Estimation"

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In a recent article [1] we surveyed the state-of-the-art in Unscented techniques for nonlinear estimation, and we provided a number of examples that illustrate its advantages over traditional linearized approaches such as the Extended Kalman Filter (EFK). Unfortunately, the description of the reentry example in Section VI.B of the paper was not completely and correctly explained and was not entirely consistent with the implementation used to generate Figs. 9(a)-(c). The force terms D(k) and G(k) acting upon the projectile are

$$D(k) = \beta(k) \exp\left\{\frac{[R_0 - R(k)]}{H_0}\right\} V(k),$$
$$G(k) = -\frac{Gm_0}{R^3(k)}.$$

and not the equations quotes in the paper. The process noise covariance matrix used on each filter is *not* be the same as the process noise used to drive the motion of the true projectile in the simulation. The process noise used to drive the simulation was specified in the paper; the process noise used to drive each filter is

$$\mathbf{Q}(k) = \begin{vmatrix} 2.4064 \times 10^{-5} & 0 & 0\\ 0 & 2.4064 \times 10^{-5} & 0\\ 0 & 0 & \times 10^{-6} \end{vmatrix}$$

The corrected graphs for Figs. 9(a)-(c) appear below. The conclusions that can be drawn from the results — that the EKF yields and inconsistent estimate whereas the Unscented Kalman Filter yields a consistent estimate — remain the same as those presented in the original paper.

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REFERENCES

[1] S. J. Julier and J. K. Uhlmann, "Unscented Filtering and Nonlinear Estimation," IEEE Review, vol. 92, no. 3, March 2004.

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Fig. 1. The mean squared errors and estimated covariances calculated by an EKF and an Unscented Filter. In all the graphs, the solid line is the mean squared error calculated by the EKF, and the dotted line is its estimated covariance. The dashed line is the Unscented mean squared error and the dot-dashed line its estimated covariance.

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