

Regression

- **Idea:** don't solve one subgoal by itself, but keep track of all subgoals that must be achieved.
- Given a set of goals:
 - If they all hold in the initial state, return the empty plan
 - Otherwise, choose an action A that achieves one of the subgoals. This will be the last action in the plan.
 - Determine what must be true immediately before A so that all of the goals will be true immediately after. Recursively solve these new goals.

Regression as Path Finding

- The nodes are sets of goals. Arcs correspond to actions.
- A node labeled with goal set G has a neighbor for each action A that achieves one of the goals in G .
- The neighbor corresponding to action A is the node with the goals G_A that must be true immediately before the action A so that all of the goals in G are true immediately after A . G_A is the **weakest precondition** for action A and goal set G .
- Search can stop when you have a node where all the goals are true in the initial state.



Weakest preconditions

$wp(A, GL, WP)$ is true if WP is the weakest precondition that must occur immediately before action A so every element of goal list GL is true immediately after A .

For the STRIPS representation (with all predicates primitive):

- $wp(A, GL, WP)$ is *false* if any element of GL is on delete list of action A .
- Otherwise WP is

$$preconds(A) \cup \{G \in GL : G \notin add_list(A)\}.$$

where $preconds(A)$ is the list of preconditions of action A and $add_list(A)$ is the add list of action A .



Weakest Precondition Example

The weakest precondition for

$[sitting_at(rob, lab2), carrying(rob, parcel)]$

to be true after $move(rob, Pos, lab2)$ is that

$[autonomous(rob),$
 $adjacent(Pos, lab2),$
 $sitting_at(rob, Pos),$
 $carrying(rob, parcel)]$

is true immediately before the action.



A Regression Planner

% solve(GL, W) is true if every element of goal list *GL* is true
% in world *W*.

solve(GoalSet, init) ←

holdsall(GoalSet, init).

solve(GoalSet, do(Action, W)) ←

consistent(GoalSet) ∧

choose_goal(Goal, GoalSet) ∧

choose_action(Action, Goal) ∧

wp(Action, GoalSet, NewGoalSet) ∧

solve(NewGoalSet, W).



Regression Search Space Example

