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Matches, Mismatches, and Methods: Multiple-View Workflows for Energy Portfolio Analysis





WHY THIS WORK MATTERS....

... contributions for an InfoVis research audience:

Data and task abstractions: identifying matches (and mismatches). Supporting task sequences.

Domain convention, familiarity, and trust.

Methodological guidance for visualization design studies.

DESIGN METHODOLOGY

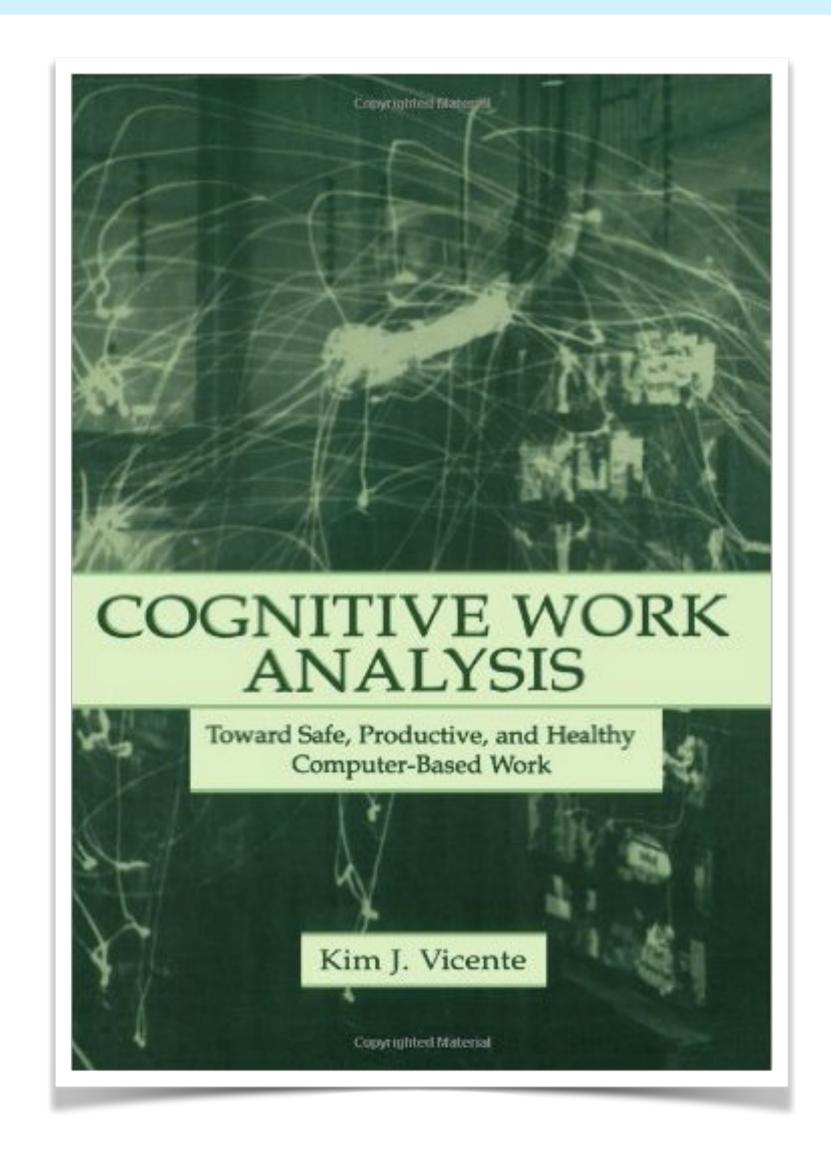
DESIGN ACTIVITIES

- i. analyzing the work domain
- ii. identifying data and task abstractions
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- vi. production development by collaborator

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WORK DOMAIN ANALYSIS



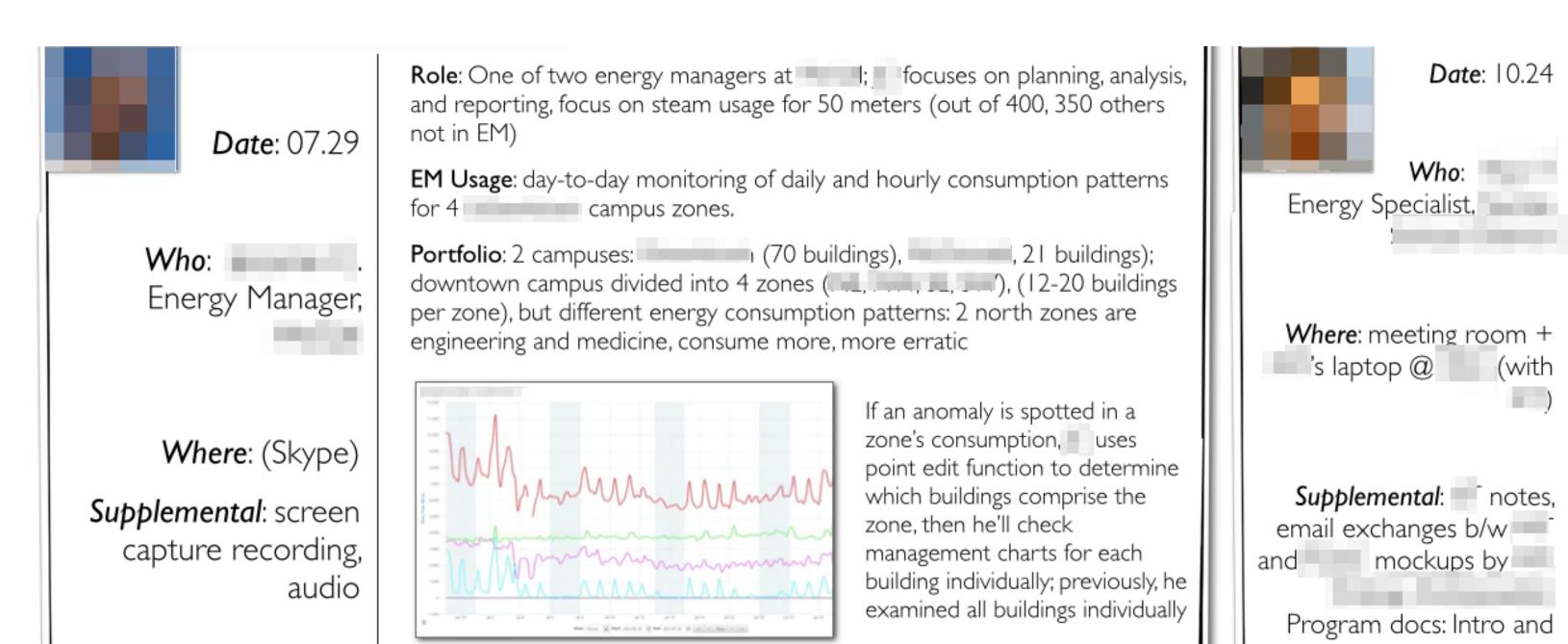
Normative, descriptive, formative perspectives. Workers' use of tools, their work context, workarounds.

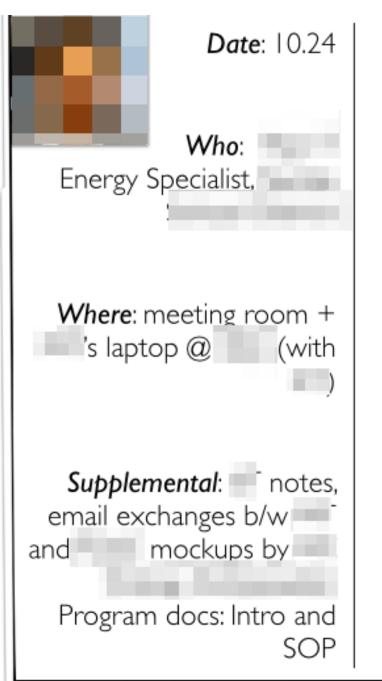
Hierarchical and sequential task analysis.

Resources:

- Vicente's Cognitive Work Analysis (CRC, 1999)
- McNamara et al.'s VIS '14 tutorial materials.
- Brehmer et al on pre-design empiricism for InfoVis (BELIV '14)
- Winters et al. on characterizing domain problems (BELIV '14)

DESIGN DOCUMENTATION





Current approach (macro): in Excel, organizes energy intensity data for all 130 schools, performs ranking with custom macros.

· Hasn't compared energy intensity rankings to performance ranking in EM home tab; unsure about colours

Current approach (micro): For micro-level analysis of interval data from EM, custom colour scheme for tracking consumption of three time intervals of interest (school hours, after-school hours, night): difficult to spot anomalies here.

· Weather normalization: side-by-side comparison of normalized vs. non-normalized consumption

sample documentation slides

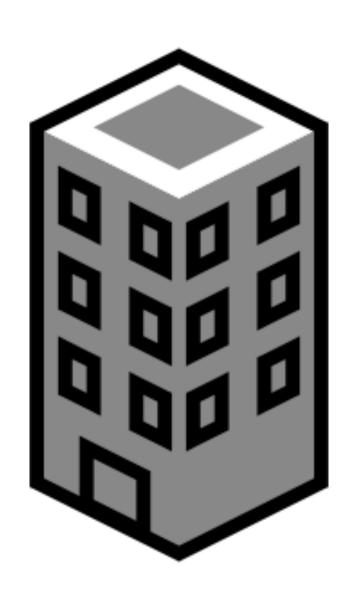
09-15 Brehmer et al. 2015

DESIGN ACTIVITIES

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DATA ABSTRACTION

BUILDING PORTFOLIOS



Term	Abstraction	Example		
Building metadata				
Building ID	unique categorical	#123		
Building area	quantitative	450 m^2		
Building age	quantitative	20 years		
# occupants	quantitative	50 people		
Location	spatial	49.26° N, 123.25° W		
Tag	categorical	"restaurant"		

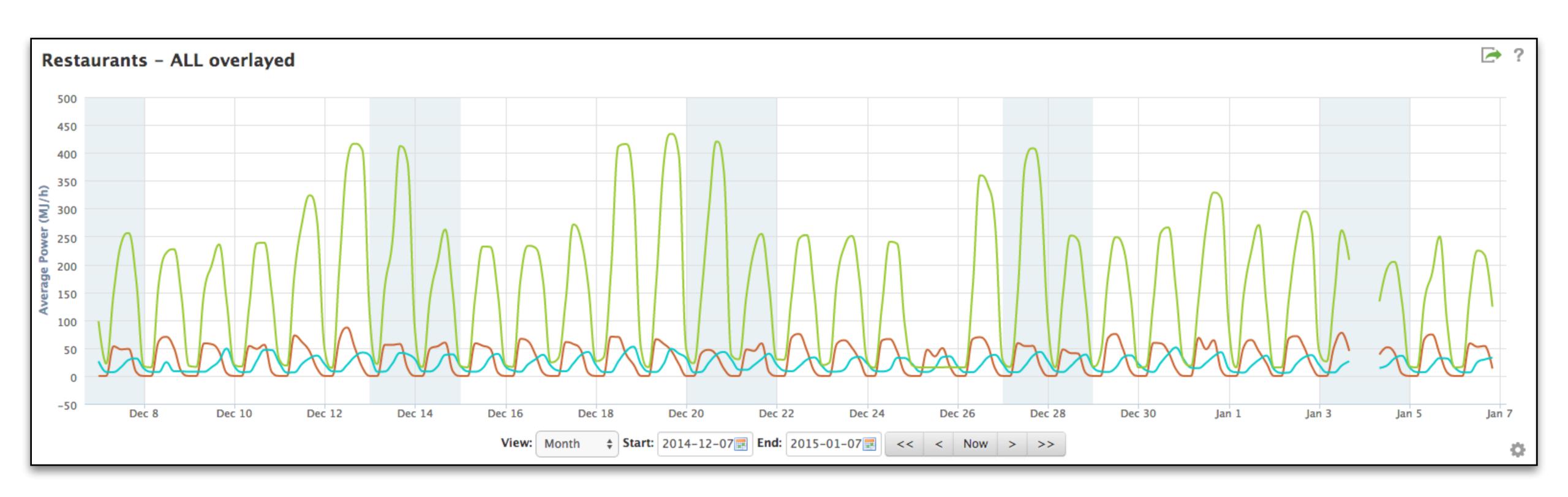
MULTIPLE TIME SERIES / BUILDING

Term	Abstraction	Example
T	emporal data for each build	ling
Energy demand	quantitative	200 kW
Outdoor temperature	quantitative	18° C
Open / closed	categorical	Open Mon–Fri, 08-18h

DERIVED DATA

Term	Abstraction	Example
		11-1
Deriv	ed temporal data for each l	ouitaing
Consumption	quantitative	800 kWh
Energy intensity	normalized quantitative	$1.78 \text{ kWh}/\text{m}^2$
Weather-independent	normalized quantitative	50 kWh / HDD
performance		
Predicted perform.	quantitative	190 kW
% Savings	normalized quantitative	40%
Rank	ordinal	1st, 2nd, 3rd

DOMAIN CONVENTION



line charts = energy demand

TASK ABSTRACTION

PORTFOLIO ENERGY ANALYSIS

Goals:

- oversee energy behaviour of portfolios of buildings
- reduce energy costs / conserve energy
- ensure comfort and safety of building occupants

Activities:

- assess behaviour following energy conservation measures
- determine which building(s) require these measures
- find (and diagnose) anomalous energy behaviour

TASK ABSTRACTION

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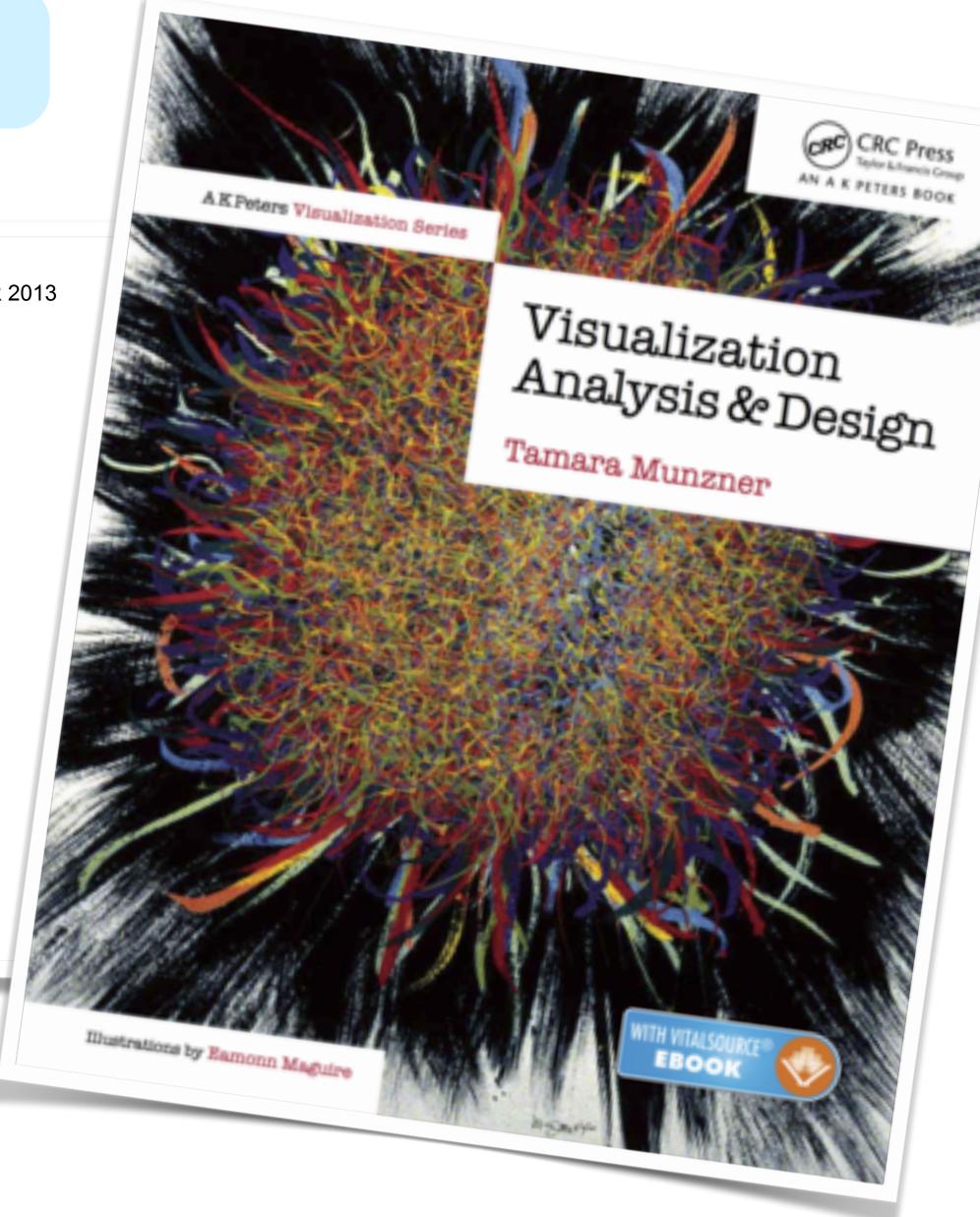
IEEE TRANSACTIONS ON VISUALIZATION AND COMPUTER GRAPHICS, VOL. 19, NO. 12, DECEMBER 2013

A Multi-Level Typology of Abstract Visualization Tasks

Matthew Brehmer and Tamara Munzner, Member, IEEE

Abstract—The considerable previous work characterizing visualization usage has focused on low-level tasks or interactions and high-level tasks, leaving a gap between them that is not addressed. This gap leads to a lack of distinction between the ends and means of a task, limiting the potential for rigorous analysis. We contribute a multi-level typology of visualization tasks to address this gap, distinguishing why and how a visualization task is performed, as well as what the task inputs and outputs are. Our typology allows complex tasks to be expressed as sequences of interdependent simpler tasks, resulting in concise and flexible descriptions for tasks of varying complexity and scope. It provides abstract rather than domain-specific descriptions of tasks, so that useful comparisons can be made between visualization systems targeted at different application domains. This descriptive power supports a level of analysis required for the generation of new designs, by guiding the translation of domain-specific problems into abstract tasks, and for the qualitative evaluation of visualization usage. We demonstrate the benefits of our approach in a detailed case study, comparing task descriptions from our typology to those derived from related work. We also discuss the similarities and differences between our typology and over two dozen extant classification systems and theoretical frameworks from the literatures of visualization, human-computer interaction, information retrieval, communications, and cartography.

Index Terms—Typology, visualization models, task and requirements analysis, qualitative evaluation



Brehmer et al. 2015 16

TASK ABSTRACTION

Analyze

→ Consume

→ Discover



→ Present



→ Produce

→ Annotate



→ Record



→

→ Enjoy

→ Derive



Search

	Target known	Target unknown
Location known	·.·· Lookup	· . · · · Browse
Location unknown	Co:> Locate	< `O; -> Explore

Query

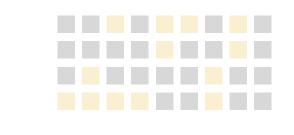
→ Identify



→ Compare



→ Summarize



TASK 1: OVERVIEW

Domain Activities	Scope	Abstraction	Example Question
determine which building(s) require energy conservation measures find anomalous energy behaviour	The entire portfolio of buildings coarser time periods	lookup and summarize	"How did my building portfolio perform this past year?"

TASK 2: DRILL DOWN

Domain Activities	Scope	Abstraction	Example Question
assess behaviour following energy conservation measures find and diagnose anomalous energy behaviour	Groups within the portfolio of buildings finer time periods	and compare	"Are my restaurants in Seattle performing better this September than they did last September?"

TASK 3: ROLL UP

Domain Activities	Scope	Abstraction	Example Question
find and diagnose anomalous energy behaviour	portfolio of	identify trends, outliers, features, dependencies	"what proportion of a university's energy consumption is consumed by its computer science building over time?"

Start	Task Name	Domain Activities	Abstraction	Example Question
	Overview	determine which building(s) require energy conservation measures find anomalous energy behaviour	trends, outliers	"How did my building portfolio perform this past year?"
	Drill Down	assess behaviour following energy conservation measures find and diagnose anomalous energy behaviour	discover, locate, and compare trends, outliers, features	"Are my restaurants in Vancouver performing better this January than they did last January?"
Brehmer et al. 2015	Roll Up	hebaviour	Trends Allfliers	"what proportion of a university's energy consumption is consumed by its computer science building over time?"

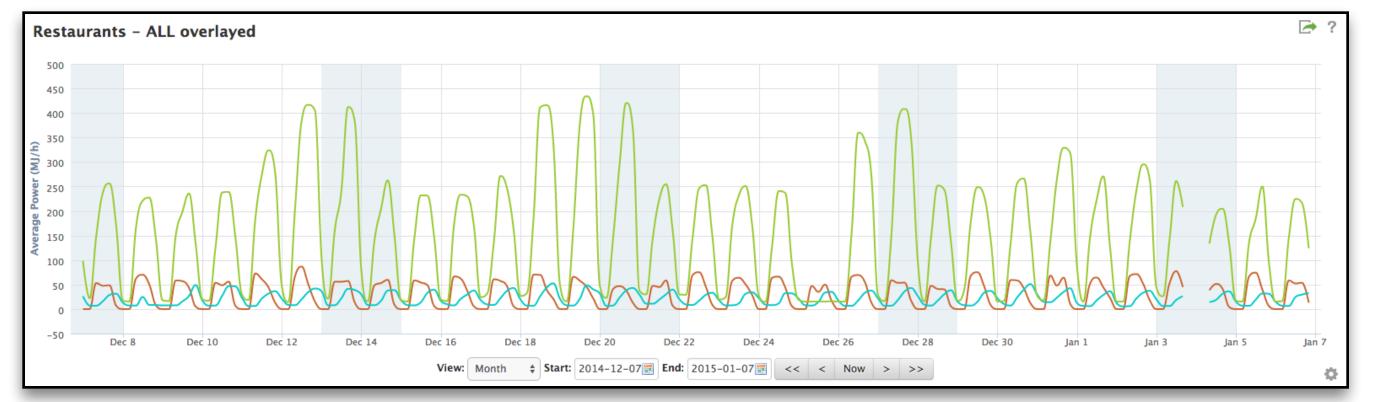
DESIGN ACTIVITIES

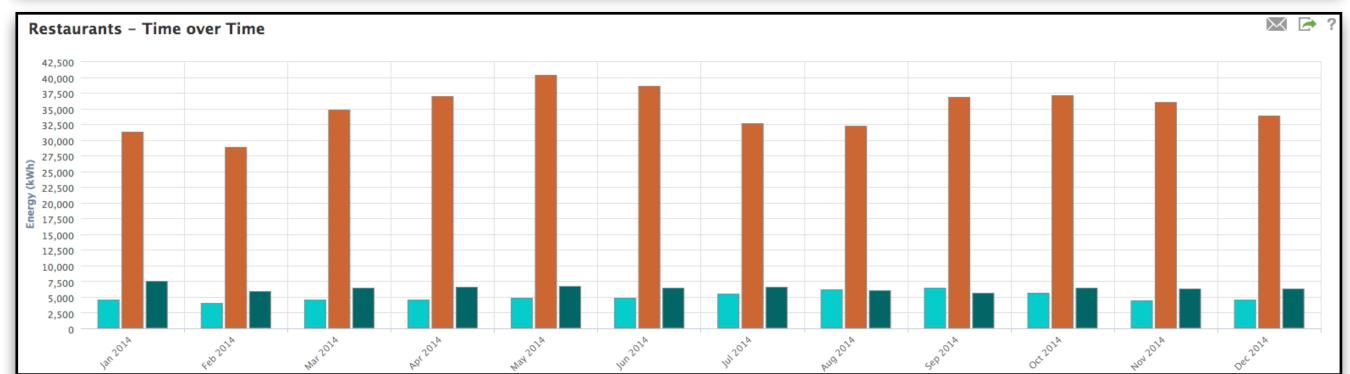
- i. analyzing the work domain
- ii. validating data and task abstractions
- iii. sandbox prototyping
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- v. prototyping workflows
- vi. production development by collaborator

CURRENT TASK SUPPORT

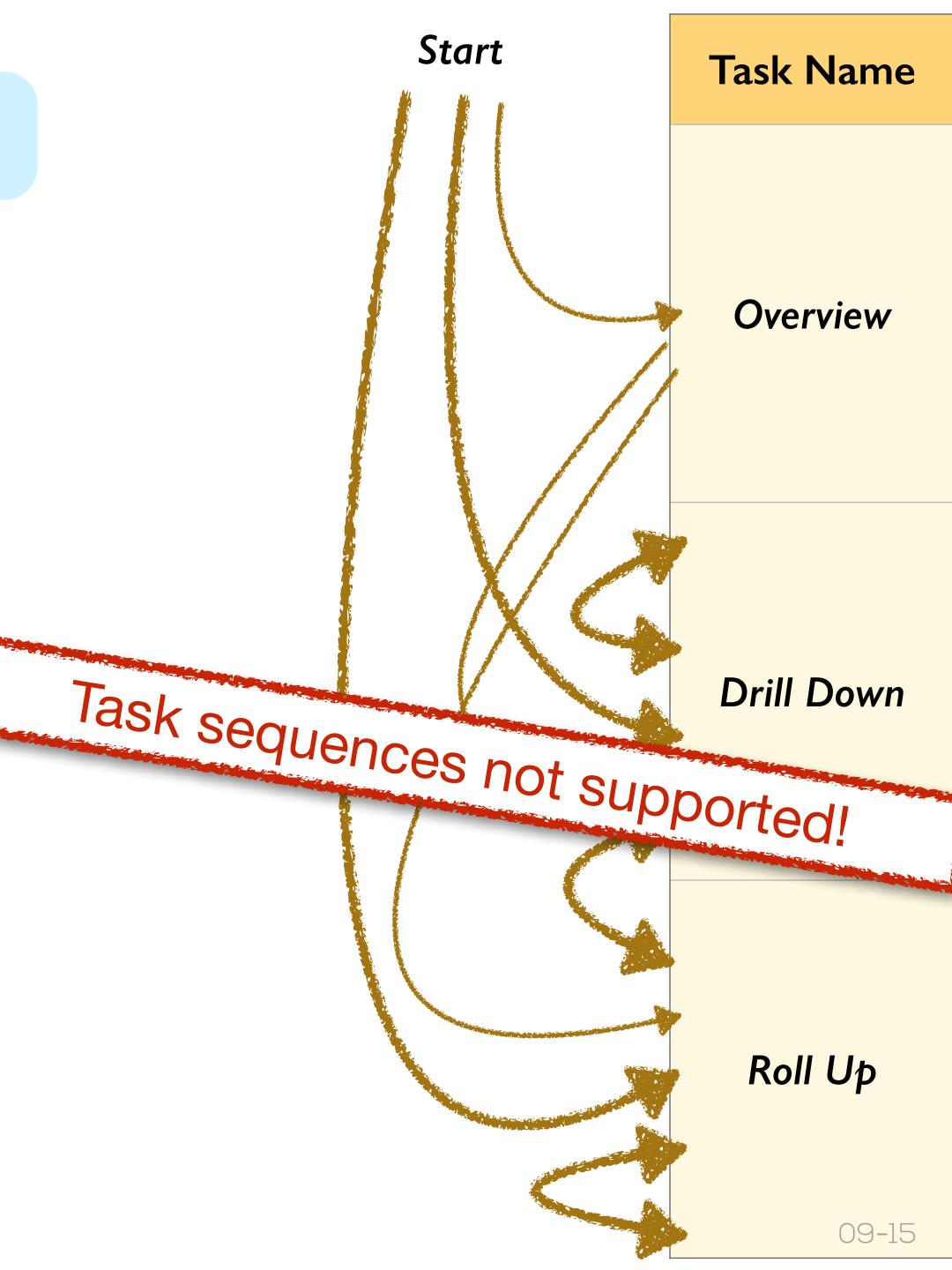
the existing tool: Energy Manager

ENERGY MANAGER





% SAVINGS	NAME	RESOURCE	SAVINGS	CONSUMPTION	CONSUMPTION PER AREA
1.3%	Westpoint Tower	*	+18,040 kWh	1,397 MWh	150.3 kWh/m²
6.0%	Restaurant Building	8	+118,600 kWh	1,838 MWh	1,487 kWh/m²
7.2%	Airport Research Park	*	+1,109 MWh	14,520 MWh	971.1 kWh/m²
37.2%	Westpoint Tower	ı.	+2,233 MWh	3,791 MWh	408.1 kWh/m²
49.0%	Airport Research Park	ä	+4,764 MWh	4,988 MWh	333.5 kWh/m²



ANALYSIS OF ENERGY MANAGER

Limited filtering, no filtering items by shared attributes "show only restaurants"

Limited aggregation, no aggregating items by shared attributes

"all restaurants in Seattle vs. all restaurants in Vancouver"

No faceting (juxtaposed views, small multiples)

ANALYSIS OF ENERGY MANAGER

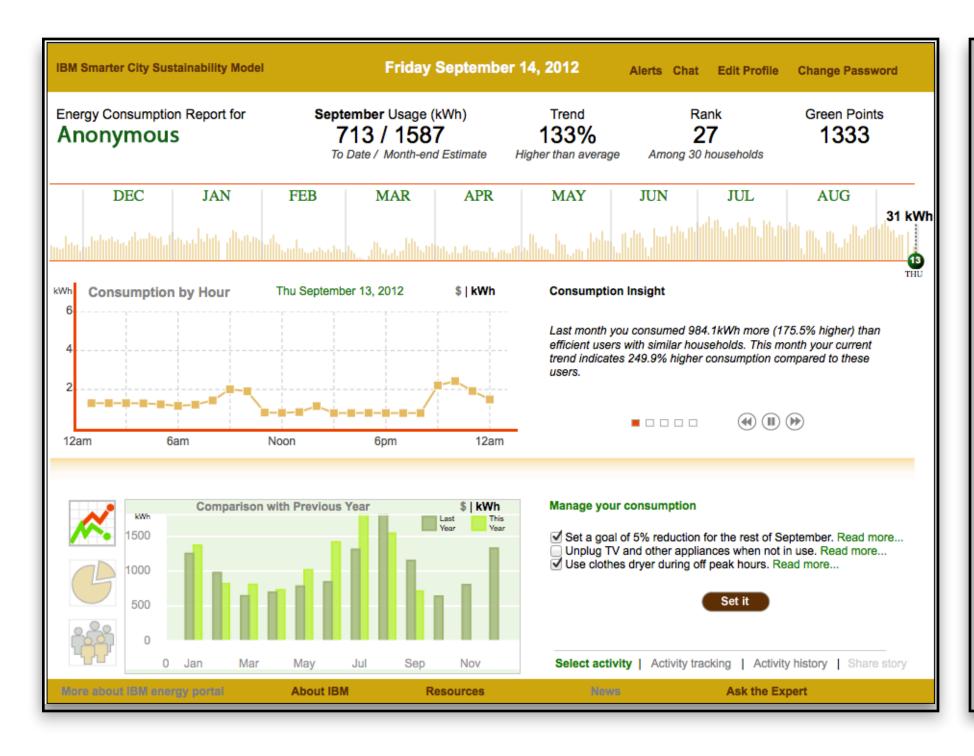
Data routinely exported and imported into Excel.

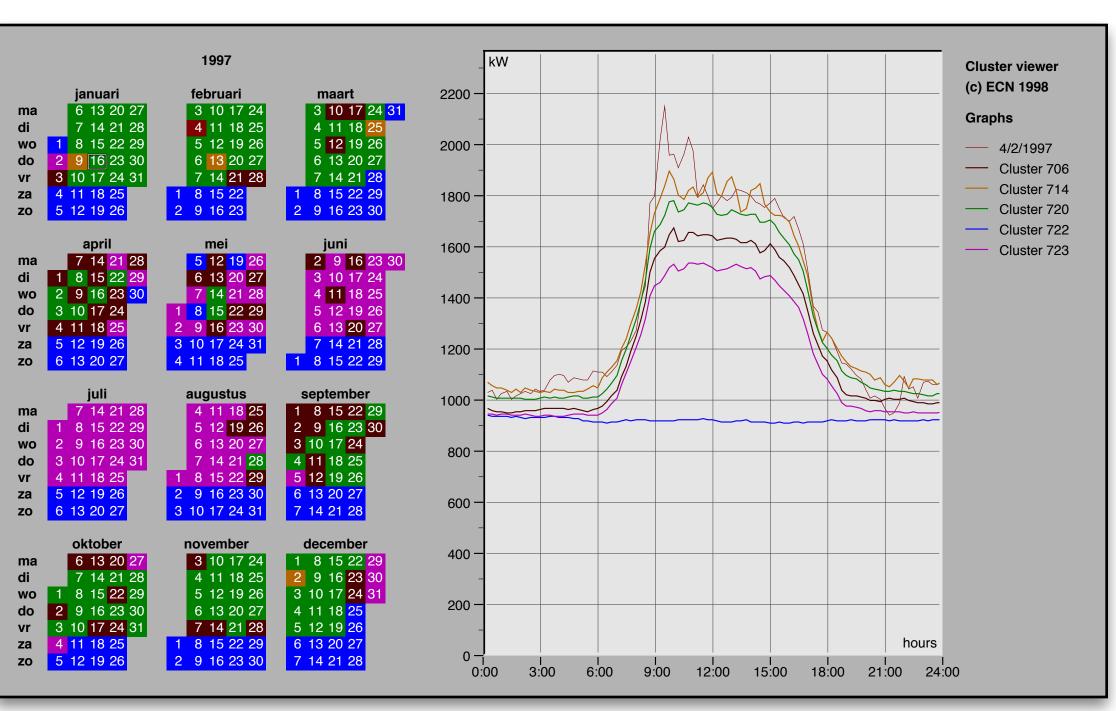
Little **trust** in predicted derived values based on statistical models. A preference for comparing against historical data.

Aggregate derived values (sums, averages) too coarse (loss of detail, lack of trust).

RELATED WORK

VIS IN THE ENERGY DOMAIN



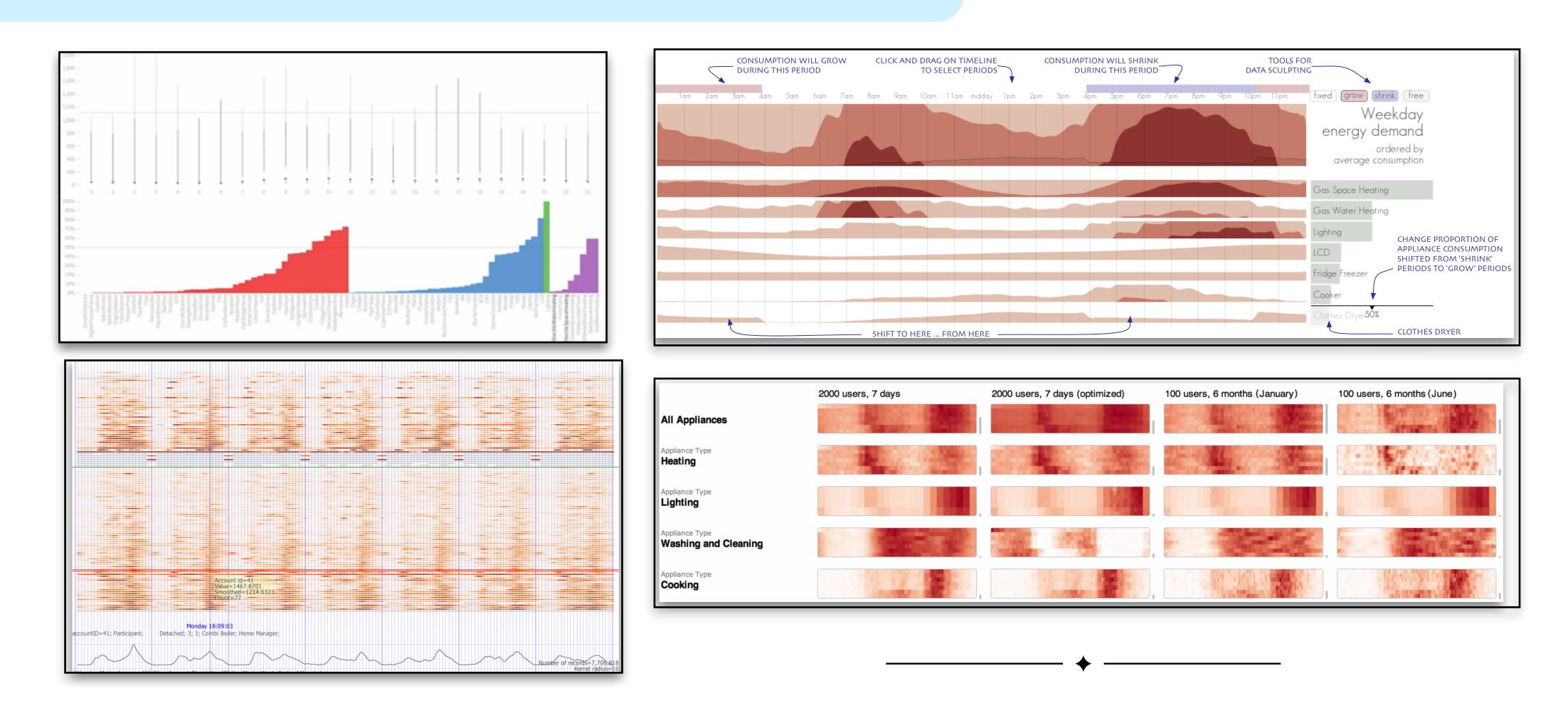


Erickson et al (2013): web-based residential energy report for home-owners

van Wijk & van Selow (1999): calendars of energy behaviour

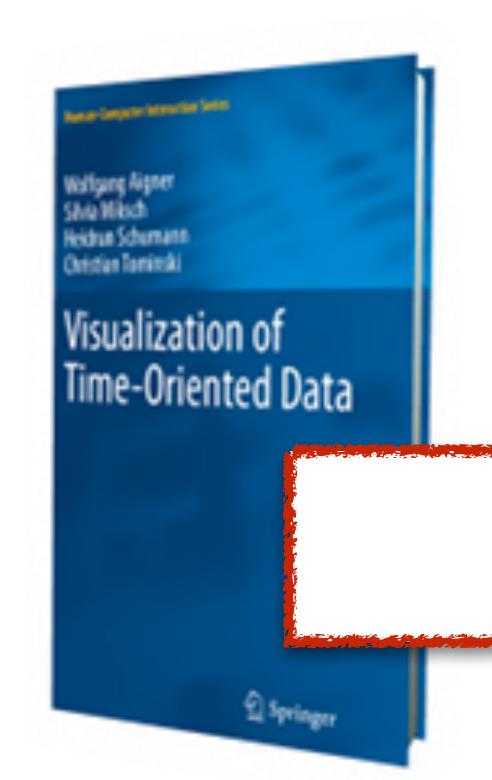
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VIS IN THE ENERGY DOMAIN

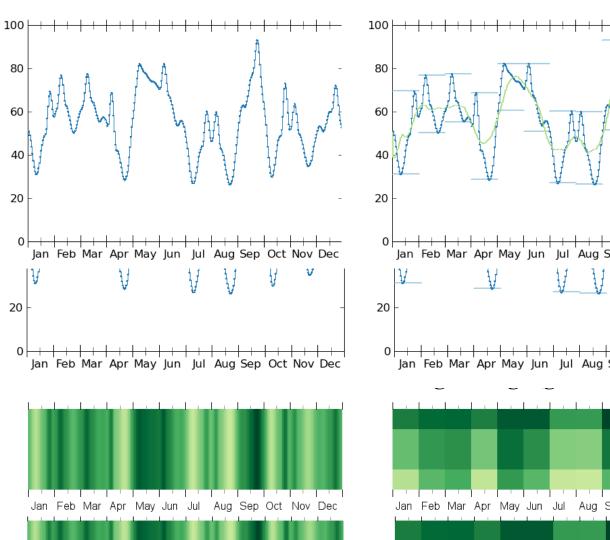


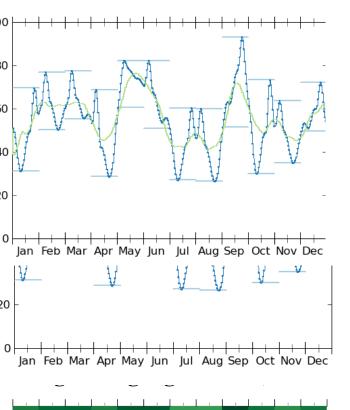
Goodwin et al (2013): similar domain, different data, partial task overlap

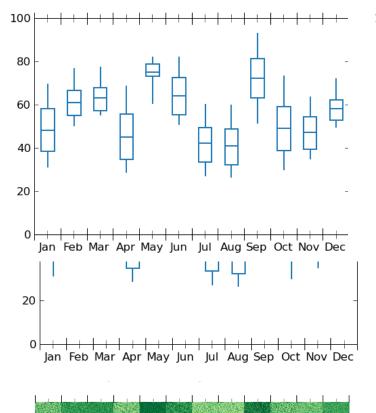
VIS FOR TIME SERIES

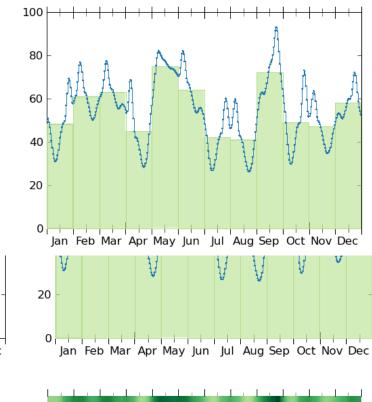


Aigner et al (2011): survey and framework





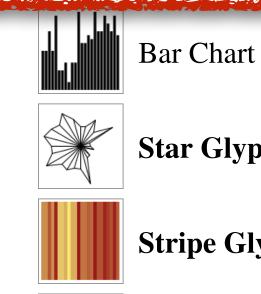




Albers et al (2014): evaluation of multiple encodings for identifying aggregate values

line chart encodings are inappropriate (except for displaying raw energy demand)

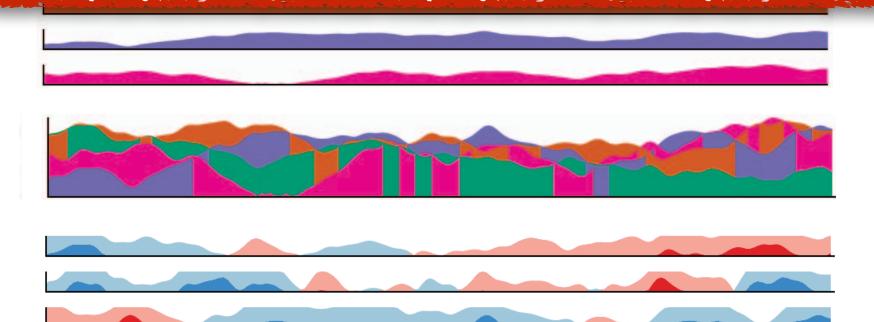
evaluation of multiple encodings in small multiple configurations











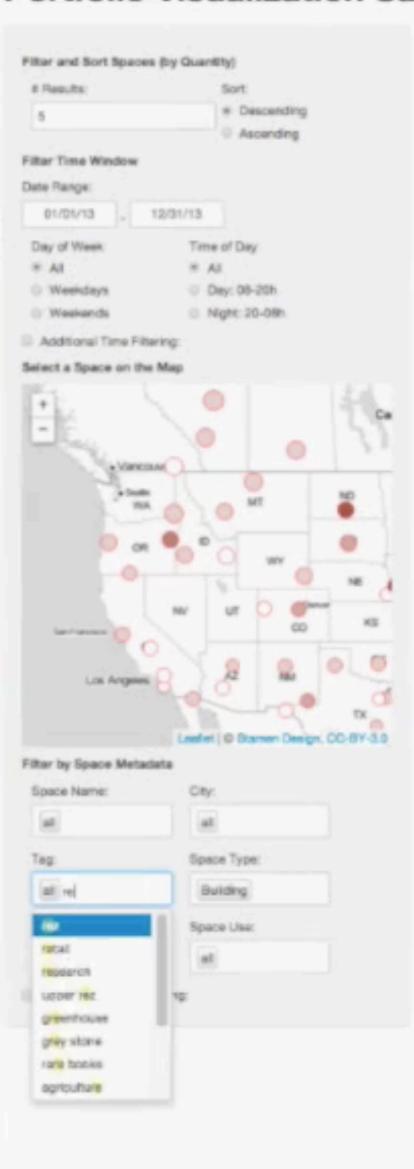
Javed et al (2010): graphical perception of multiple time series

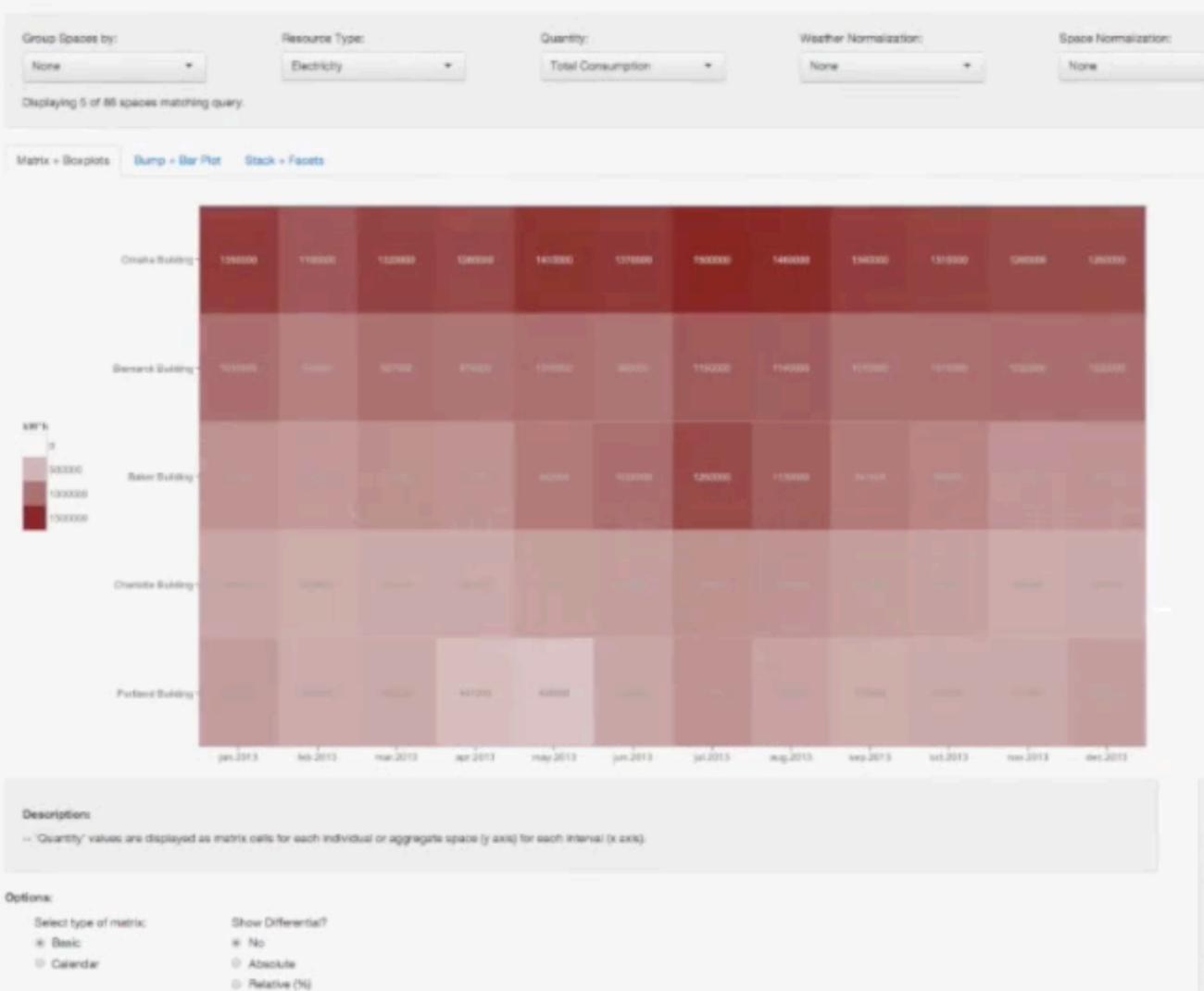
VISUAL ENCODING DESIGN

DESIGN ACTIVITIES

- i. analyzing the work domain
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Portfolio Visualization Sandbox





Description:

- Boxplots for individual or aggregate spaces (y axis), sorted by mean 'Quantity' values.
- They represent the distribution of values along the x-axis: the median (midline), the interquentle range or IQR (box), the whiskers (1.5/IQR), and outliers (dots).
- The 'Constrain Range?' option constrains the scale between 0 and the end of largest whicker + 5%; which affectively prevents distant outliers from skewing the scale of the plot.

Options

Select type of summary	Constrain Rangel
plot	# No
* Box	O. Yes
D HM	
of Charles	

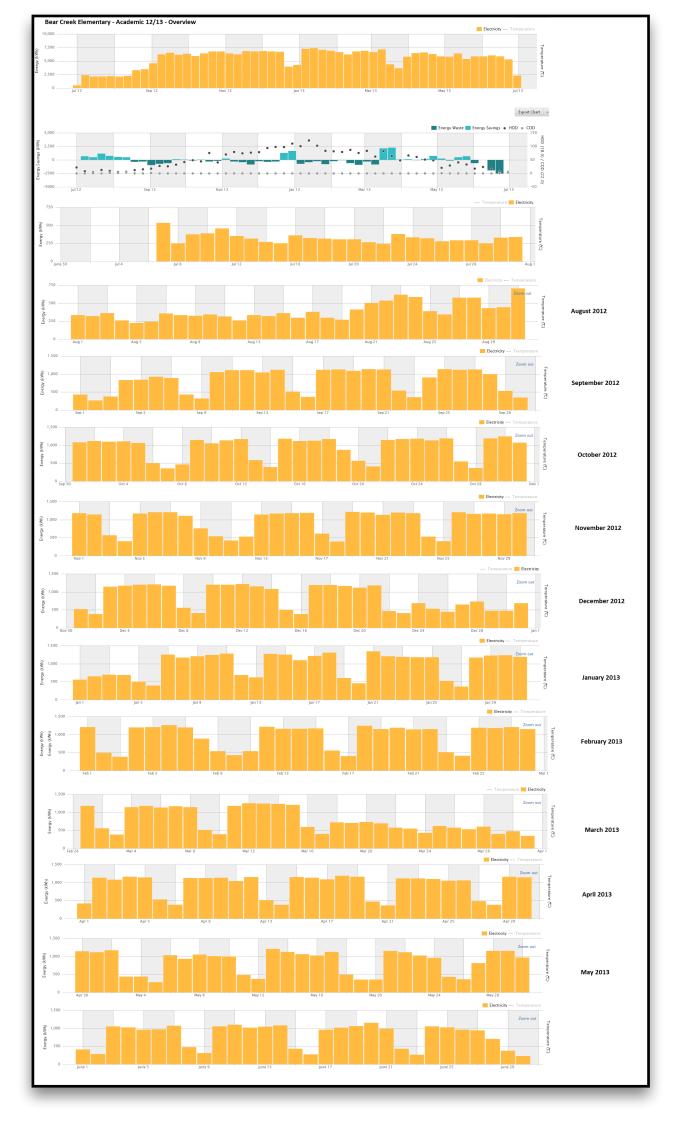
DESIGN ACTIVITIES

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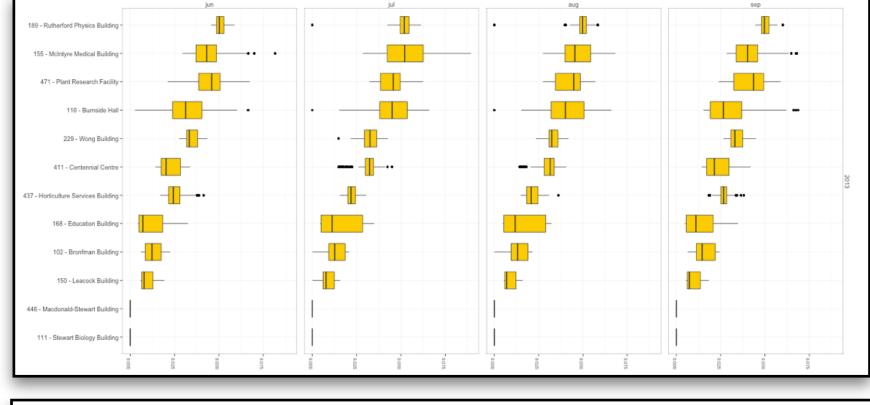
MATCHES & MISMATCHES

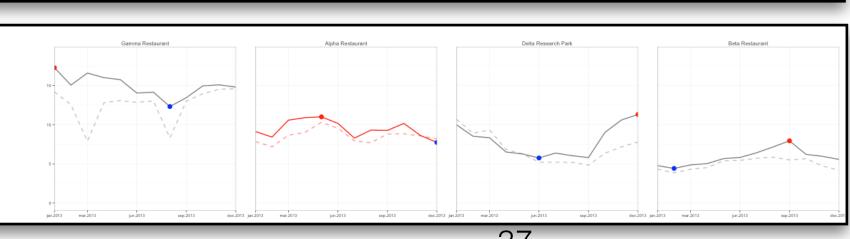
Task	Visualization Idiom	Match?
T1: Overview	Faceted bar chart	*
	Bump plot	*
	Bar + bump plot	?
	(Calendar) matrix	?
	Map	*
	Juxtaposed matrix and boxplots	
T2: Drill Down	Faceted bar chart	
	Faceted boxplot	*
	Faceted line graph	
T3: Roll Up	Stacked area graph	
	Stacked bar chart	

FACETING





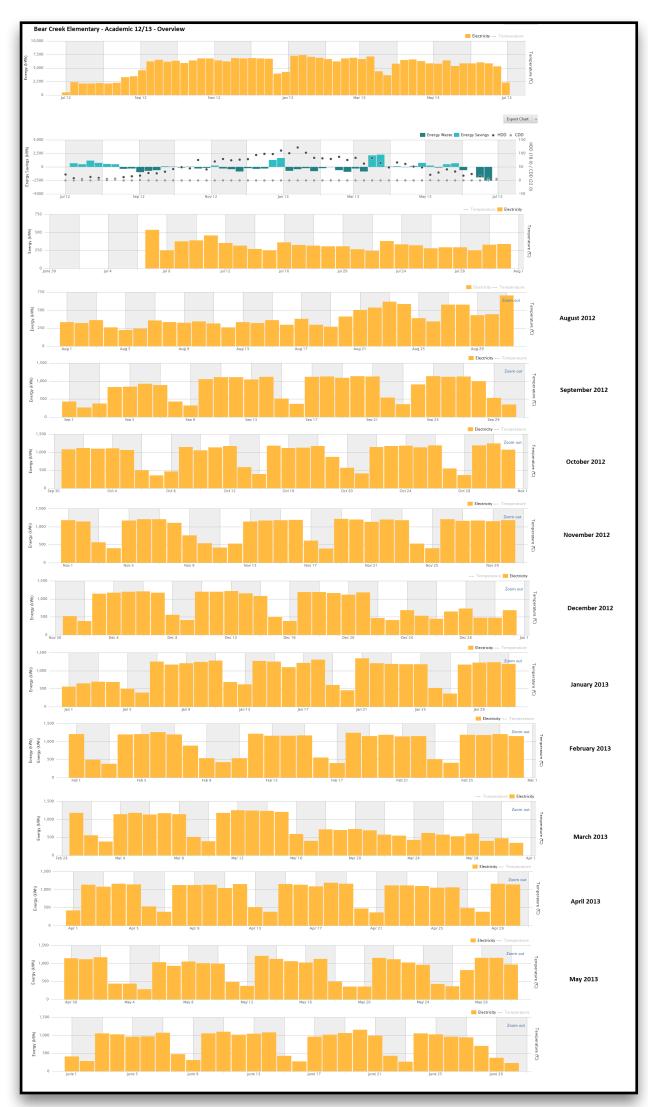


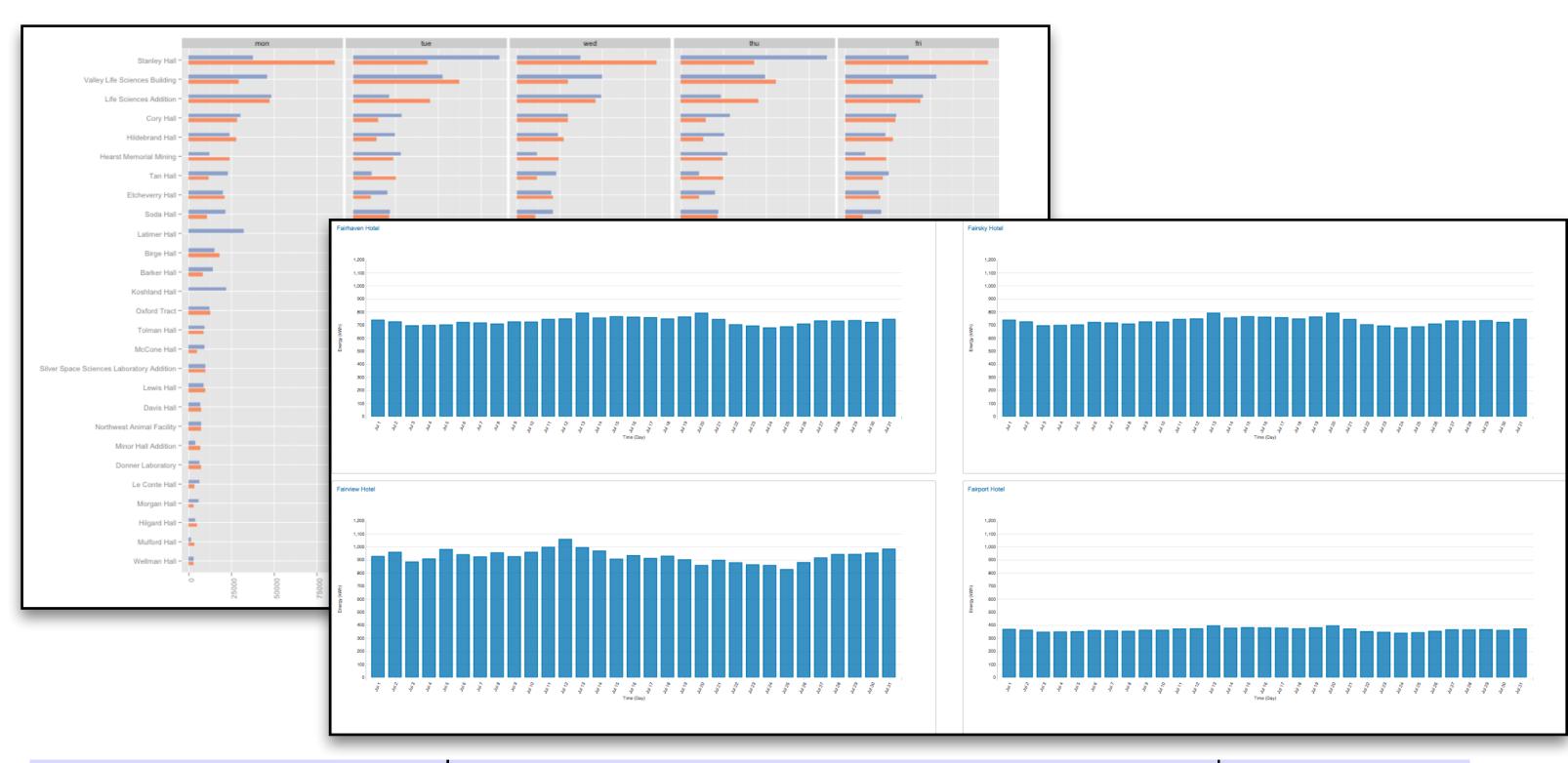


Task Name	Abstraction	Example Question
Overview	discover trends, outliers lookup and summarize distributions, extremes, similarities	"How did my building portfolio perform this past year?"
Drill Down	discover, locate, and compare trends, outliers, features	"Are my restaurants in Seattle performing better this September than they did last September?"

Brehmer et al. 2015 37

FACETED BAR CHARTS

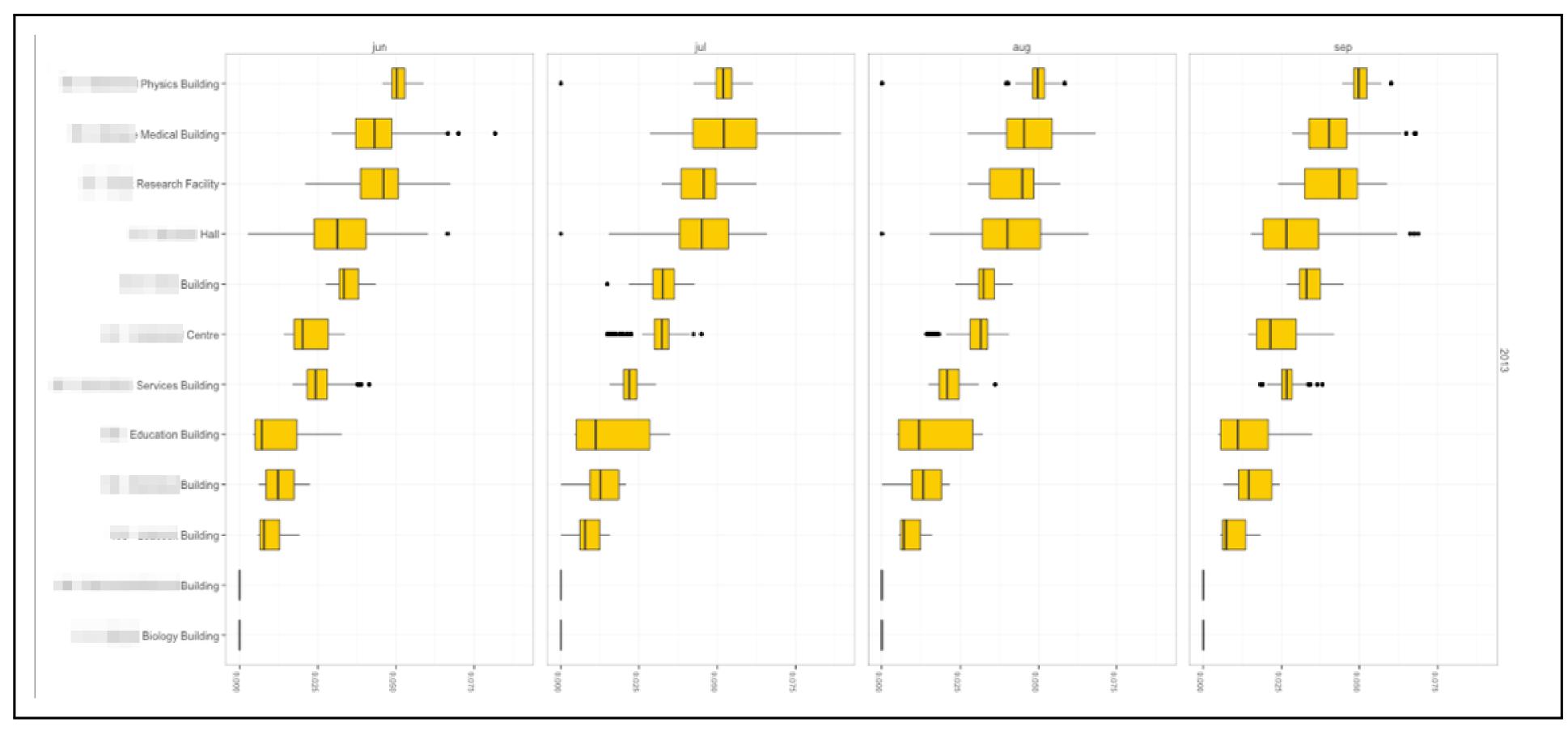




Task	Visualization Idiom	Match?
T1: Overview	Faceted bar chart	
T2: Drill Down	Faceted bar chart	

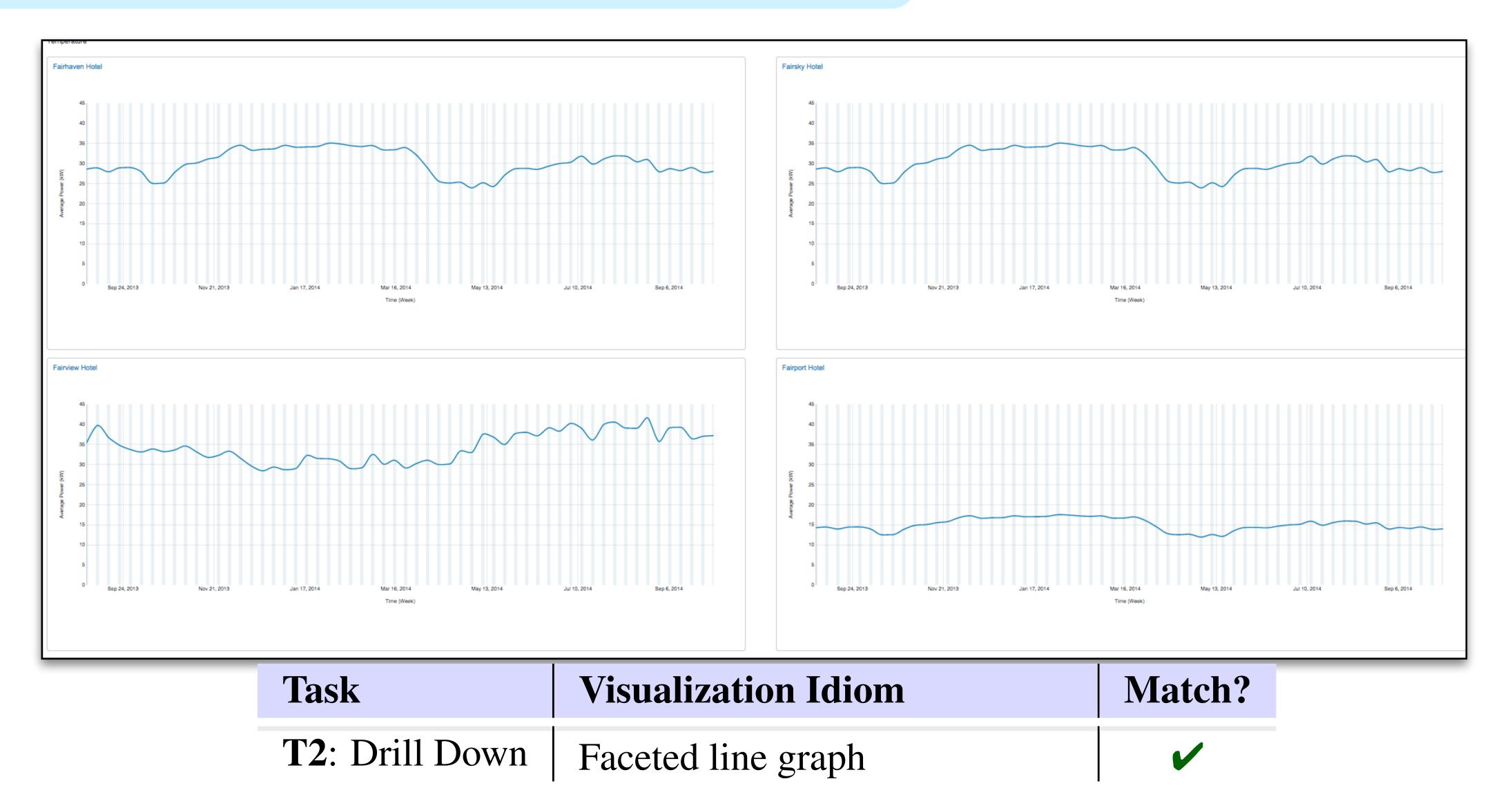
Brehmer et al. 2015

FACETED BOXPLOTS

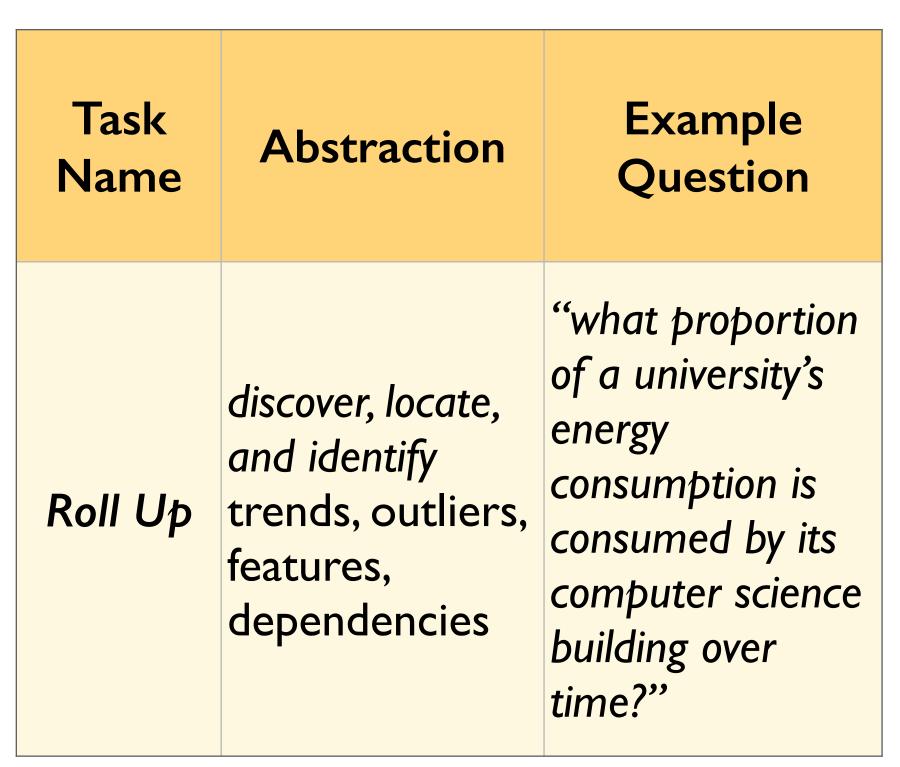


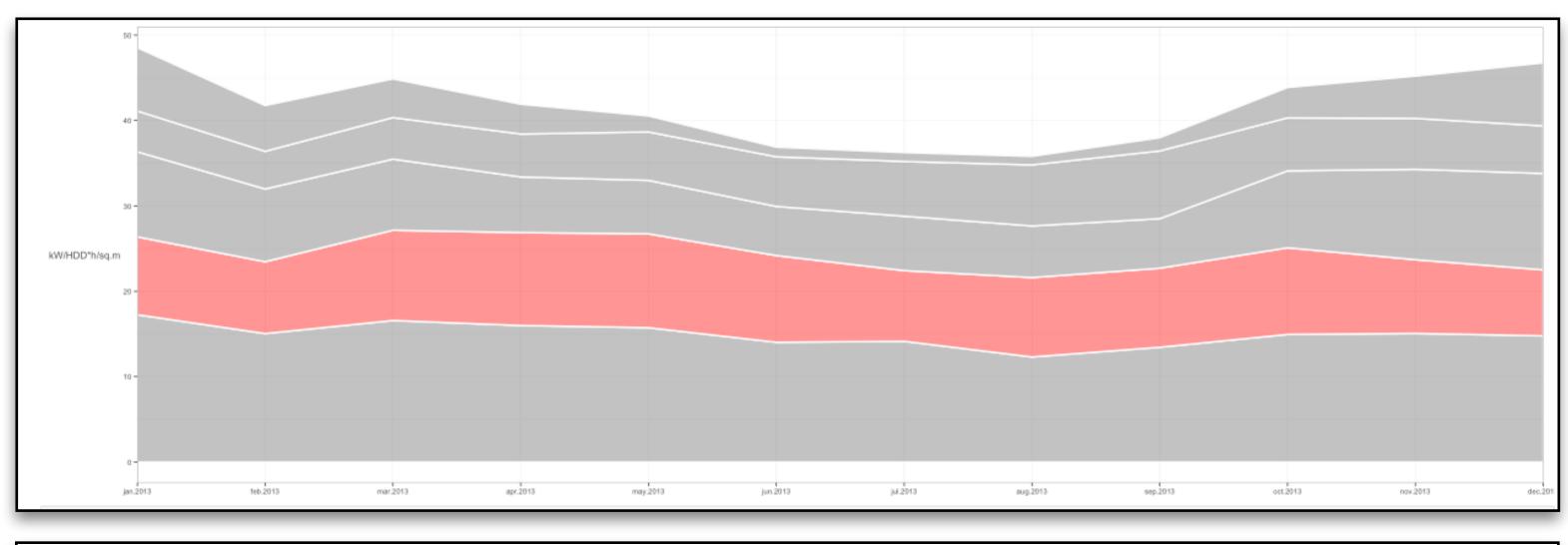
Task	Visualization Idiom	Match?
T2: Drill Down	Faceted boxplot	

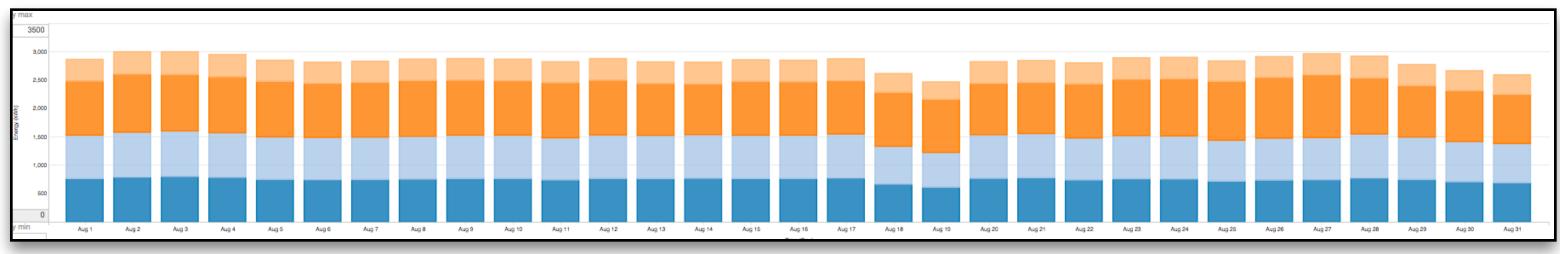
FACETED LINE CHARTS



STACKED AREA / BAR

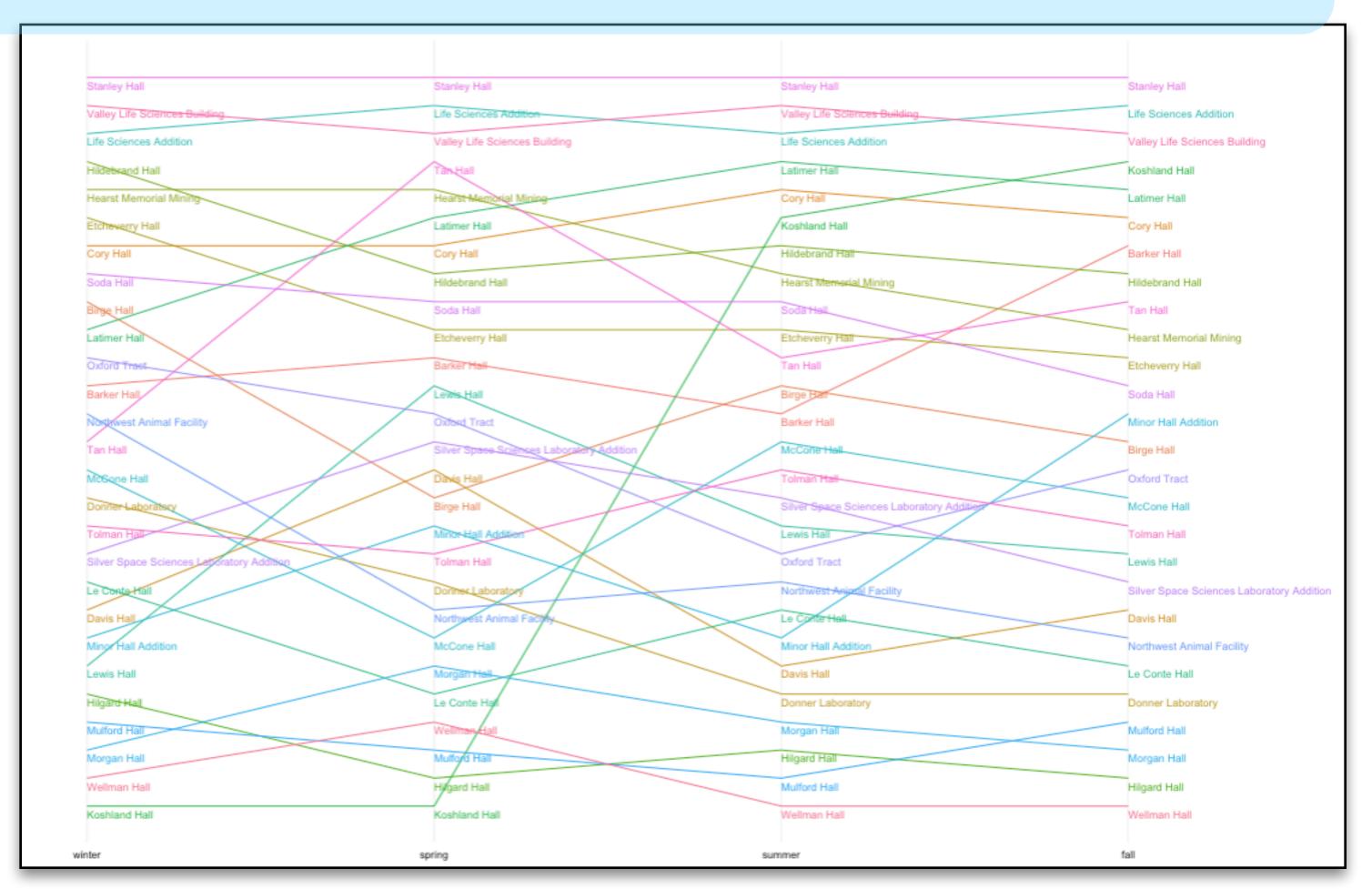






Task	Visualization Idiom	Match?
T3: Roll Up	Stacked area graph	
	Stacked bar chart	

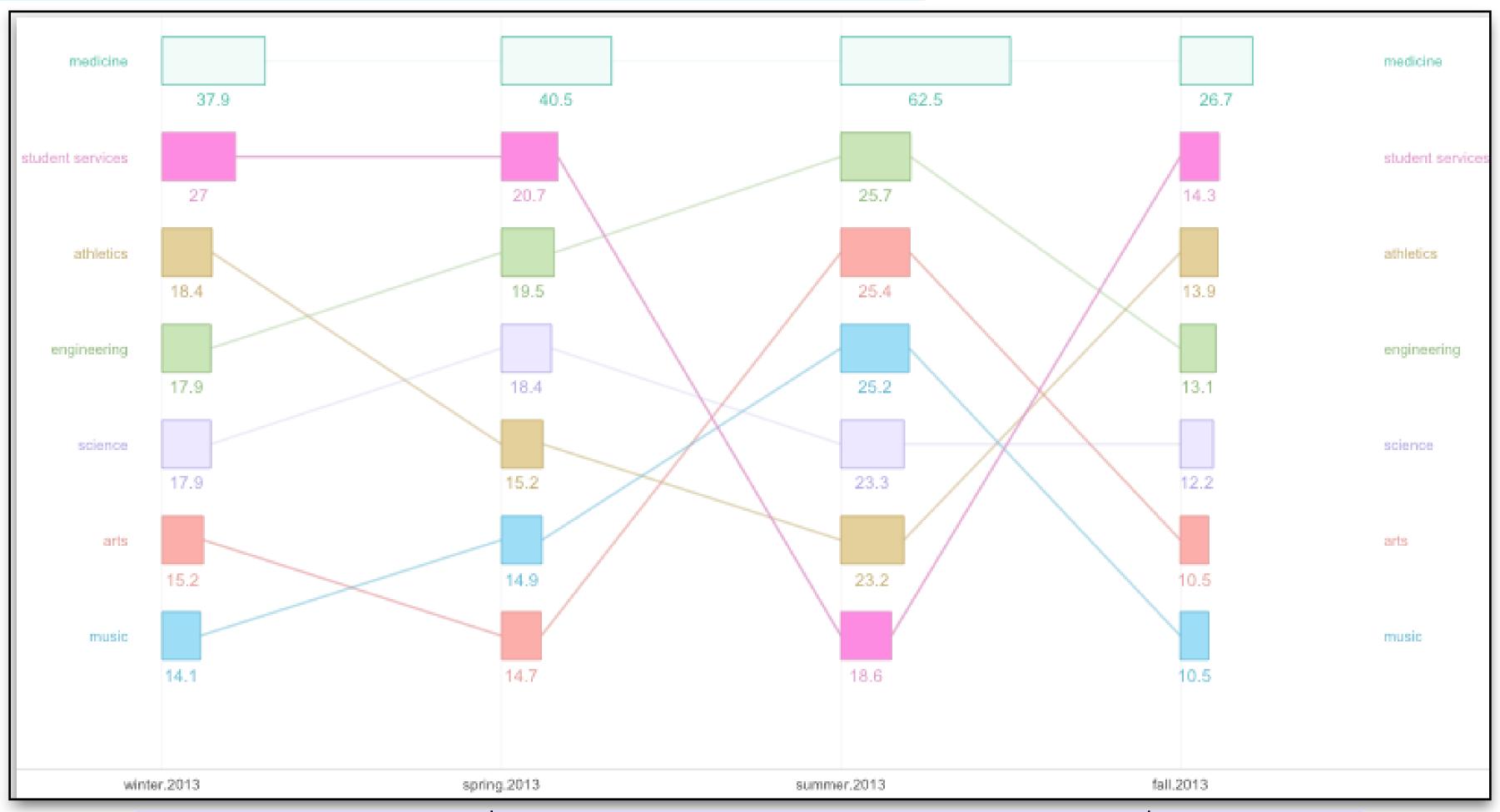
BUMPS PLOTS



Task Name	Abstraction	Example Question
Overview	discover trends, outliers lookup and summarize distributions, extremes, similarities	"How did my building portfolio perform this past year?"

Task	Visualization Idiom	Match?
T1: Overview	Bump plot	

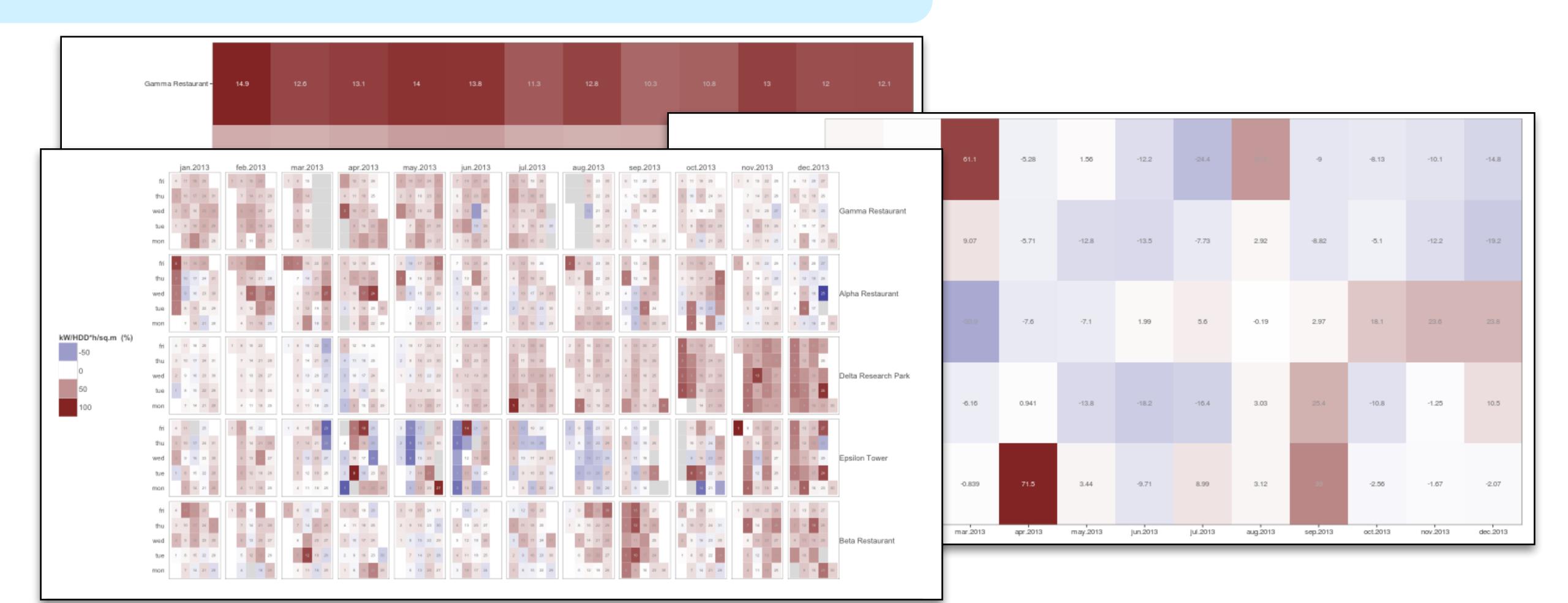
BUMPS + BARS



visual encodings that display derived rank with original quantitative value: Gratzl et al's LineUp (2013), Hur et al's SimulSort (2013)

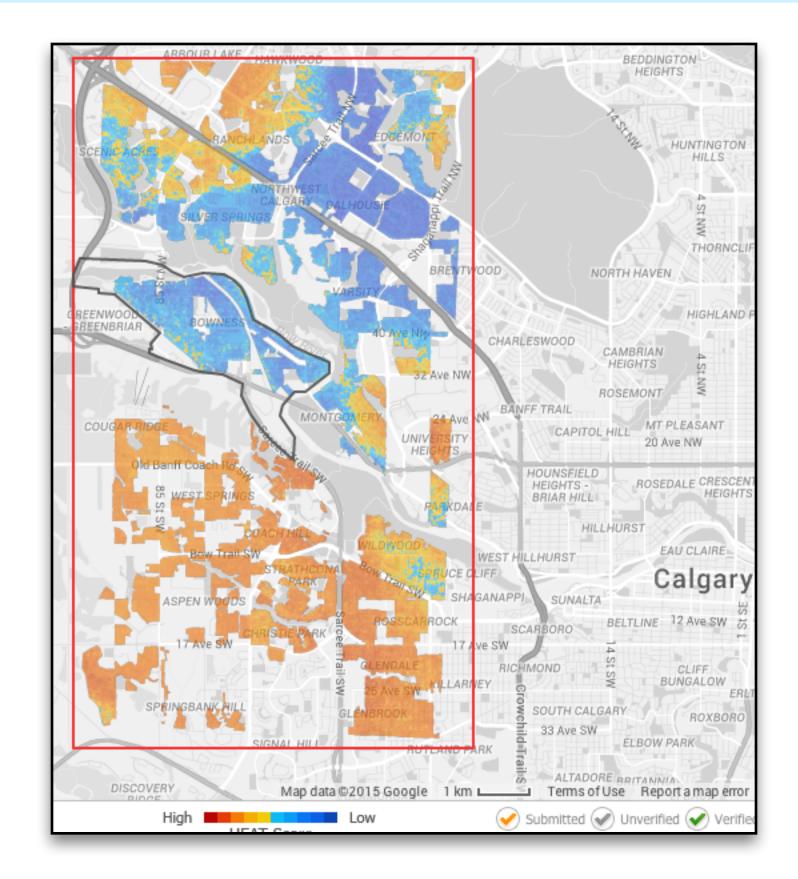
Task	Visualization Idiom	Match?
T1: Overview	Bar + bump plot	?

TIME-SERIES MATRIX



Task	Visualization Idiom	Match?
T1: Overview	(Calendar) matrix	?

MAPS



Royal Victoria Hospital Régie de l'assurance maladie du Québec Downtown Campus Live Energy Use Building Not Monitored
Lowest kWh Reading
Lower kWh Levels Medium kWh Levels Highest kWh Levels

saveheat.co (2014)

McGill Energy Map (2014)

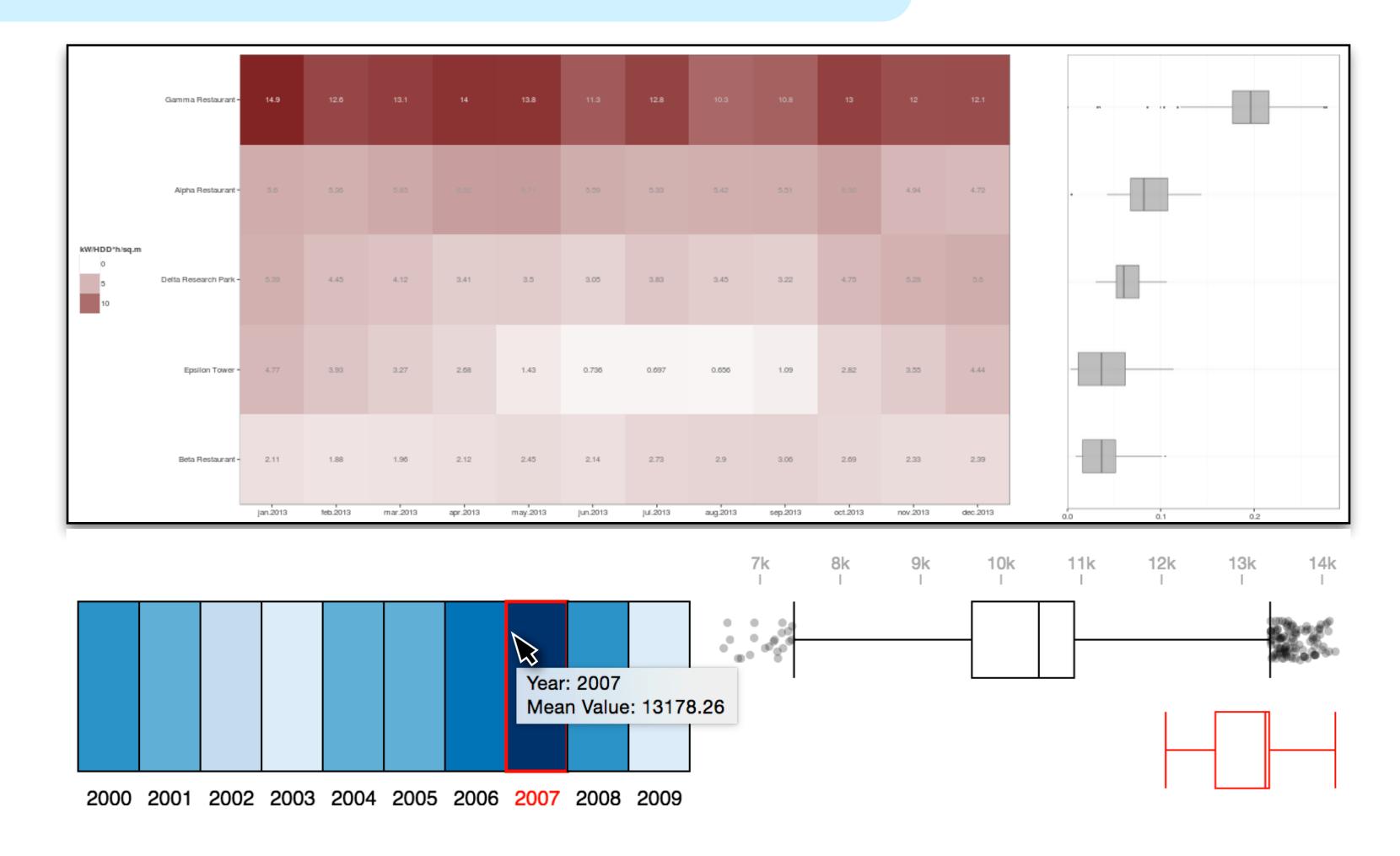
Task	Visualization Idiom	Match?
T1: Overview	Map	*

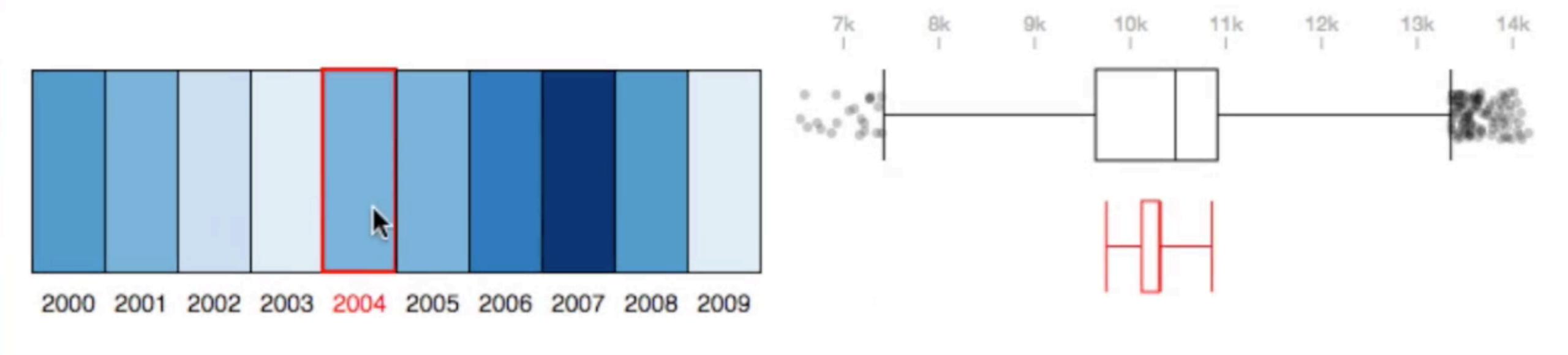
MULTIPLE VIEW WORKFLOW DESIGN

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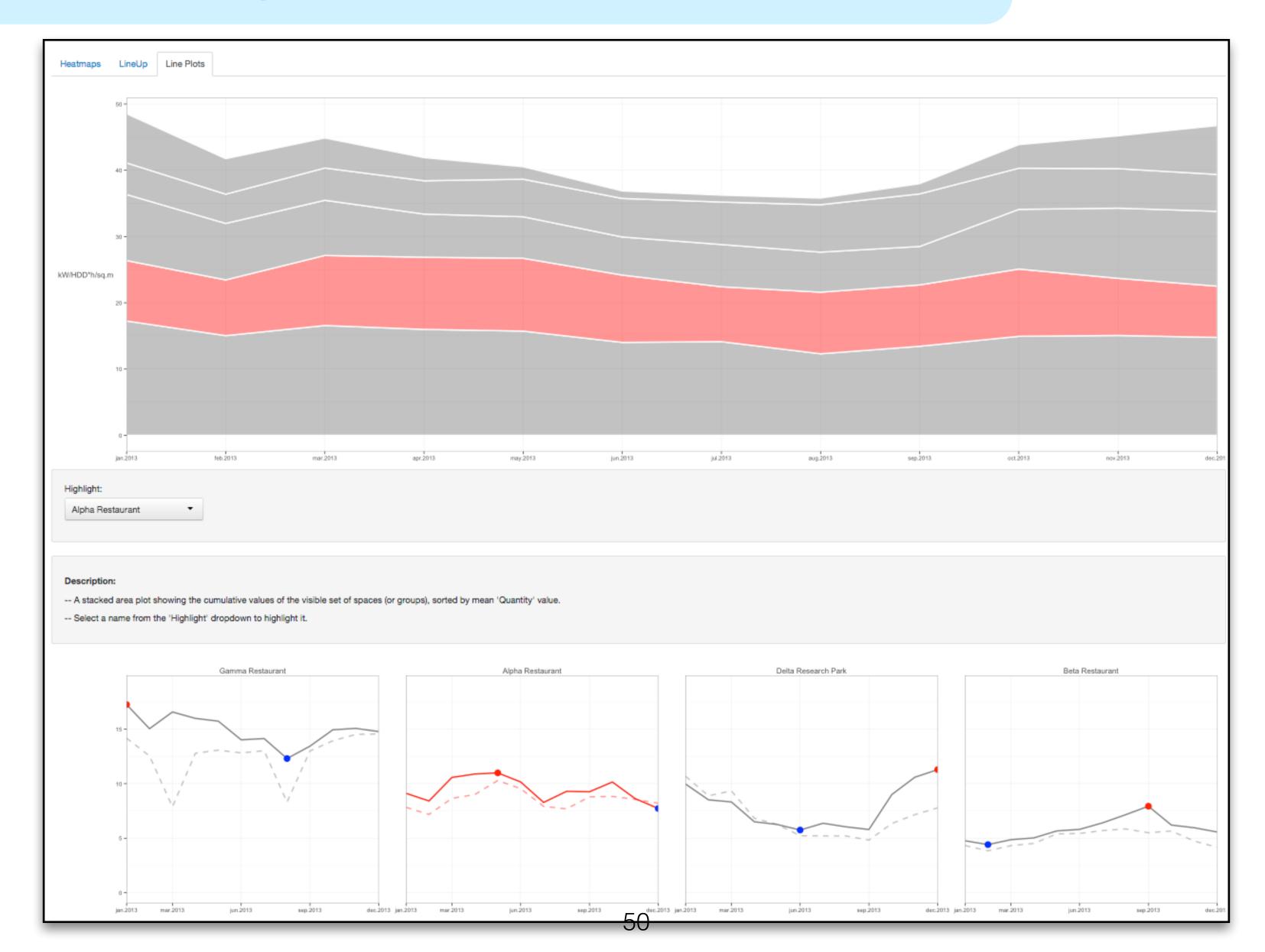
MATRIX + AUXILIARY BOXPLOTS



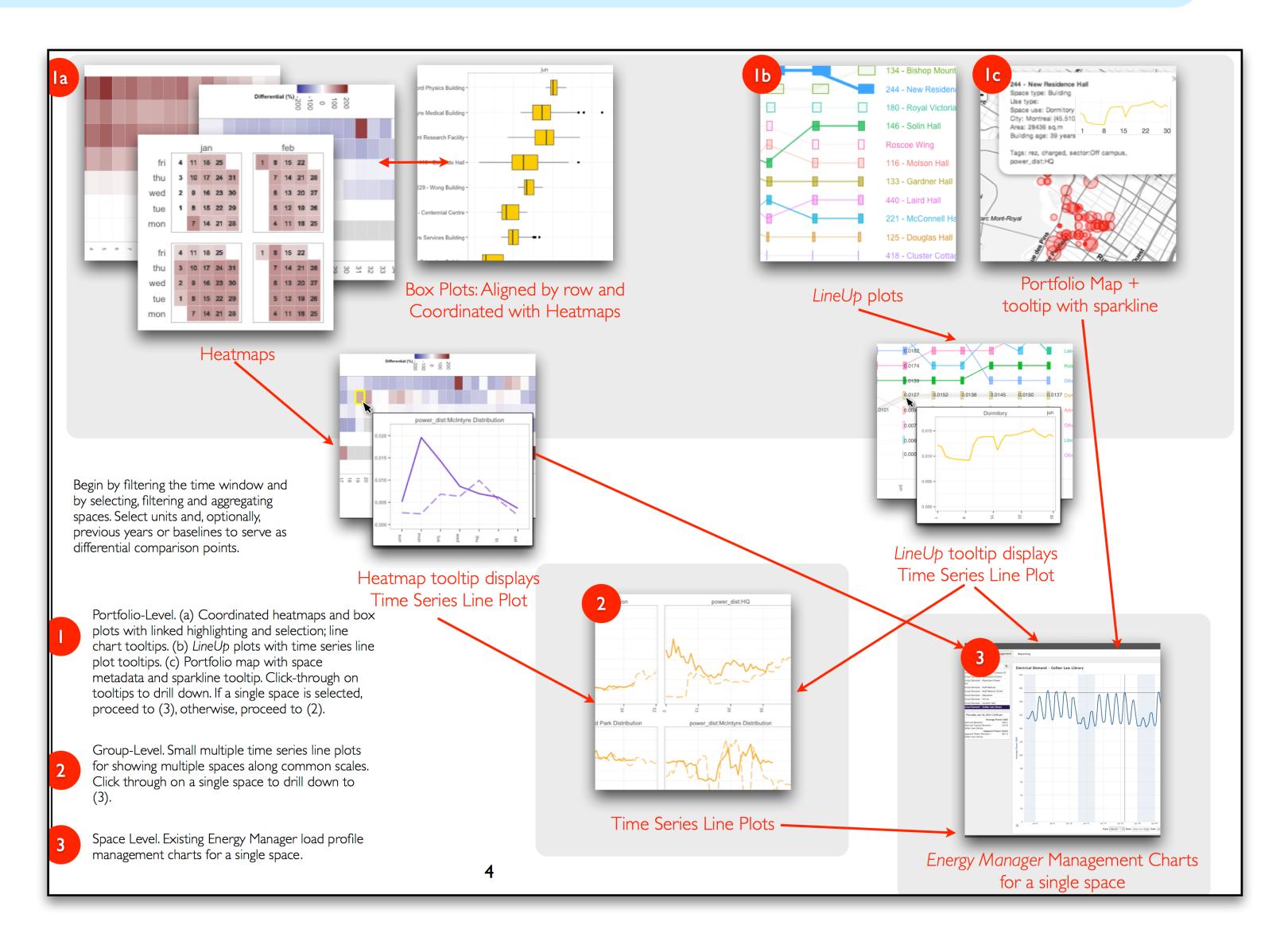


Task	Visualization Idiom	Match?
T1: Overview	Juxtaposed matrix and boxplots	

STACKS & FACETS, JUXTAPOSED + LINKED



INTERACTIVE DRILL DOWN





Overview

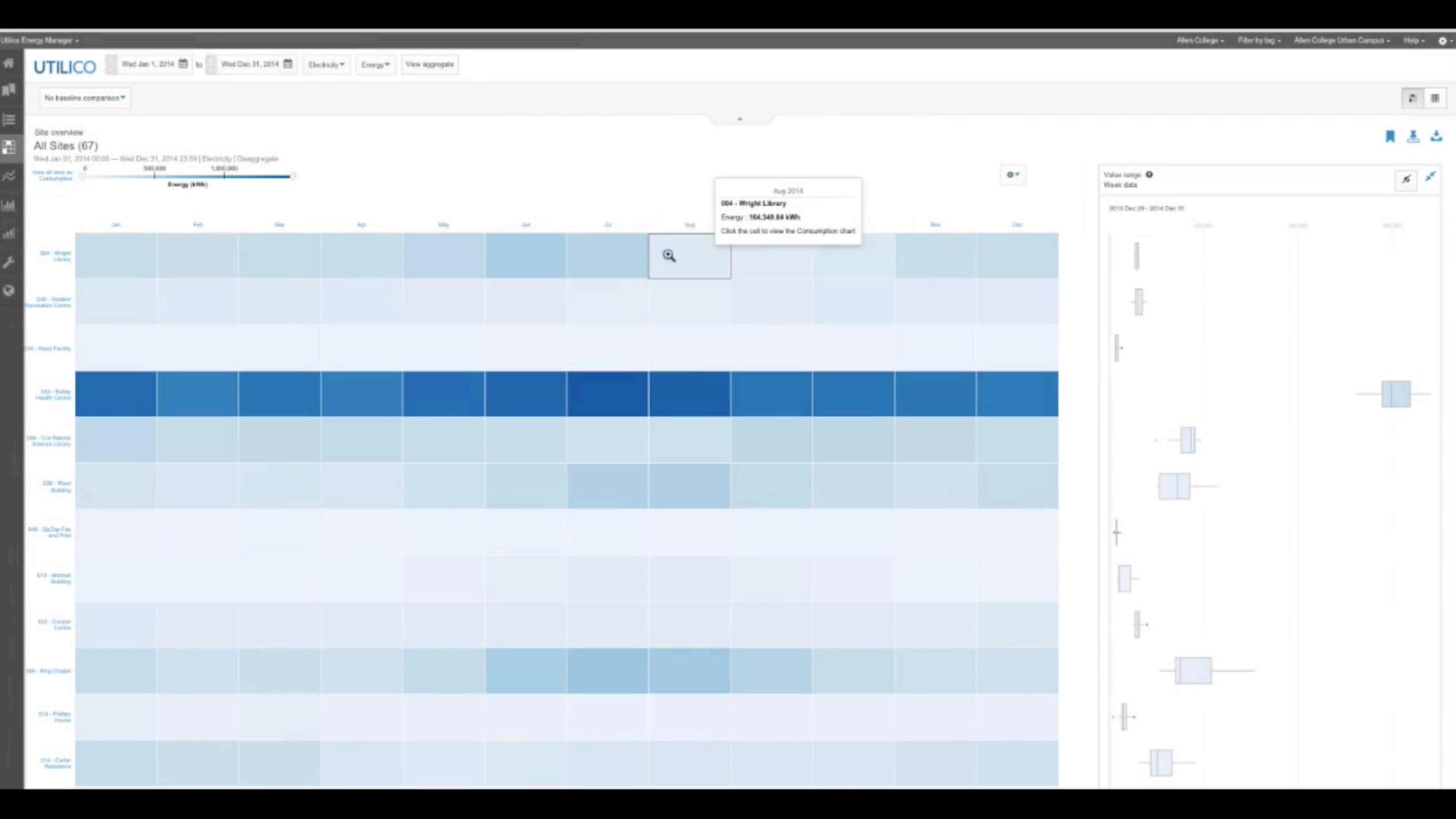
Drill Down

Roll Up

RESULTS

DESIGN ACTIVITIES

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- ii. identifying data and task abstractions
- iii. visual encoding sandbox prototyping
- iv. eliciting feedback on visual encoding designs
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DISCUSSION

FAMILIARITY

Persevere despite unfamiliarity: Juxtaposition of two unfamiliar encodings with coordinated interaction and highlighting.

Beware assuming familiarity: visualization names can be misleading ("heatmap", "boxplot")

TRUST

Auxiliary charts to combat information loss: derived aggregate values hide data: complement averages with representations of range and distribution.

Promote agency over derived values: provide energy worker more agency over aggregation, unit selection, and normalization.

FUTURE WORK

Post-deployment evaluation: track usage over an extended period of time, follow-up with additional interviews and focus groups.

CONCLUSION

Generalizable visualization design guidelines for multiple time series data, matches and mismatches between task and data abstractions to visual encoding and interaction idioms.

Higher-level guidelines with themes of familiarity & trust.

Methodological guidance for design studies in corporate contexts with internal and external stakeholders.

An industry visualization redesign study success story.

Matthew Brehmer @mattbrehmer



Jocelyn Ng @JocelynNg



Kevin Tate



Tamara Munzner @tamaramunzner



Matches, Mismatches, and Methods: Multiple-View Workflows for Energy Portfolio Analysis

paper & supplemental materials: cs.ubc.ca/group/infovis/

thanks: Michelle Borkin, James Christopherson, Cailie Crane, Anamaria Crisan, Jessica Dawson, Johanna Fulda, Enamul Hoque, Sung-Hee Kim, Narges Mahyar, & Joanna McGrenere.







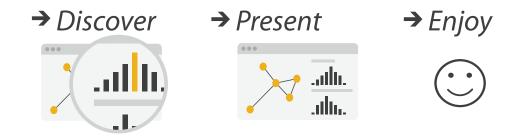
SUPPLEMENTAL



Targets



→ Consume

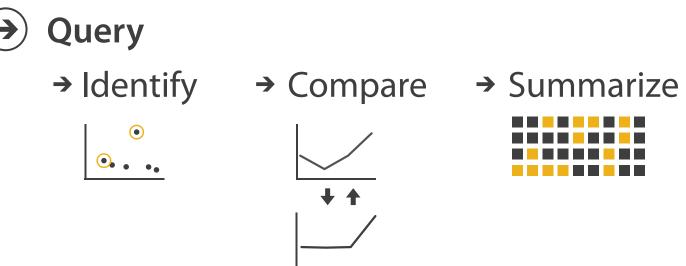


→ Produce



(Search

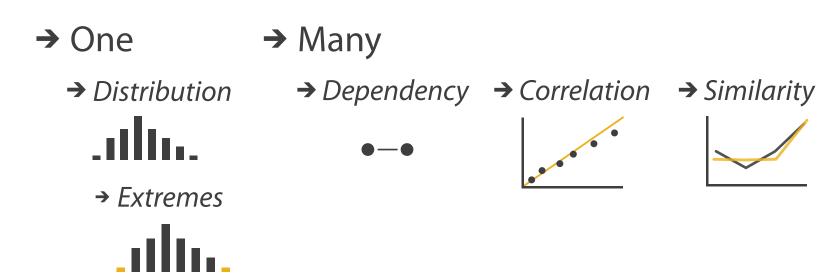
	Target known	Target unknown
Location known	·.··· Lookup	• Browse
Location unknown	₹ Locate	<: O: Explore



→ All Data

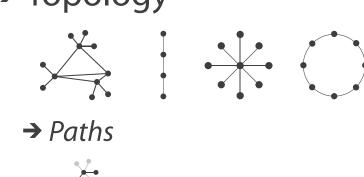


Attributes



Network Data

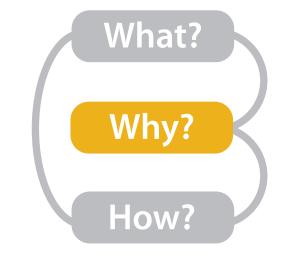
→ Topology





Spatial Data

→ Shape



ENERGY MANAGER++

Currently **implemented** based on prototype designs and mockups:

parameterizable visualization: filtering and aggregation using categorical tags (normalization: not yet) (no more wizard dialogs)

matrix + auxiliary boxplots (top)

stacked area chart (middle), stacked bar chart

faceted line charts (bottom), faceted bar charts

navigation from matrix to other visualizations

trusted historical values instead / in addition to predicted values

