Big Data, Visualization, and Systems Biology

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Big data and models

- Does big data imply all-data-no-model future for science?
 - No!!
 - Typical Wired hype...
- Big data leads to better models
- Example from system biology and visualization
 - Conduct experiments on cells
 - Interpret results in current model
 - Propose modifications to the model

Biomolecular interactions are selective

E. Coli



- Cell densely packed with biomolecules
- Interactions rare
- Model interactions as a graph

Image from Nature Publishing group

Systems biology model

- Graph G = {V, E}
 - -V: proteins, genes, DNA, RNA, tRNA, etc.
 - E: interacting molecules



Model summarizes extensive lab work

- Graphs come from hand-curated databases
 - Dynamic, change with each new publication
- Each edge has provenance from experimental evidence
 - TIRAP: an adapter molecule in the Toll signaling pathway. *Horng T, Barton GM, Medzhitov R.*
 - Mal (MyD88-adapter-like) is required for Toll-like receptor-4 signal transduction. *Fitzgerald KA*, *Palsson-McDermott EM*, *Bowie AG*, *Jefferies CA*, *Mansell AS*, *Brady G*, *Brint E*, *Dunne A*, *Gray P*, *Harte MT*, *McMurray D*, *Smith DE*, *Sims JE*, *Bird TA*, O'Neill LA.



TIRAP

Choose scope to manage complexity

TLR4 biomolecule: E=74, V=54



Immune system: E=1263, V=760



Immune system: E=1263, V=760



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Human interactome: E~50,000, V~10,000



Goal: Overlay measurements on model

- Integrate
 - System model (graph)



Experimental measurements

Jata Panel						
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ID	Function	LPSLL37_1	LPSLL37_1_pvals	LPSLL37_2	LPSLL37_24	LPSLL37_24_pvals
IRAK2	Kinase	2.367	0.251	1.337	-1.553	0
NFKB2	Transcription factor	-1.14	0.972	-1.03	1.303	0.807
CXCL2	Chemokine	1.853	0.376	4.111	-1.019	0.745
CHUK	Kinase	-1.376	0.373	2.232	1.194	0.387
IL13	Cytokine	-5.961		2.139	-1.236	0.601
RELA	Transcription factor	-1.077	0.564	-1.169	1.943	0.594
IKBKB	Kinase	1.167	0.29	1.421	-1.907	0.286
CCL4	Chemokine	1.254	0.878	-1.052	1.499	0.761
MAP3K7		1.01	0.956	-1.096	1.222	0.8
ICAM1	Adhesion	1.184	0.669	1.537	1.392	0.671
IRF1	Transcription factor	-1.013	0.519	1.416	1.081	0.995
CXCL3	Chemokine	1.7	0.905	1.092	-1.598	0.521
IL12B	Cytokine	-2.448	0.042	-1.473	-2.109	0.08
CCL11	Chemokine	-1.338	0.349	-1.995	-1.785	0.129
MAP3K7IP1	Adaptor					A
IFNG	Cvtokine	-1 15	0.801	1 075	1 0 5 3	0 521
() 4 +

Cerebral



Video

Hand-drawn diagrams



- Cellular location encoded spatially
- Infeasible to create by hand in era of big data

Cerebral layout using biological metadata



- Similar to hand-drawn
- Spatial position reveals location in cell
- Simulated annealing in O(E√V) vs.
 O(V³) time

Measurement data alone insufficient



- Data driven hypothesis
 - Clusters indicate similar function?
 - Same pattern of gene expression \rightarrow same role in cell?
- Clusters are often untrustworthy artifacts!
 - Data noisy
 - Different clustering algorithm → different results
 - Show in context of graph model

Adoption by biologists

 Matthew D Dyer, T. M Murali, and Bruno W Sobral. The landscape of human proteins interacting with viruses and other pathogens. PLoS Pathogens, 4(2):e32, 2008.

 Liqun He et al. The glomerular transcriptome and a predicted protein-protein interaction network. Journal of the American Society of Nephrology, 19(2):260-268, 2008.



More information

Cerebral: Visualizing Multiple Experimental Conditions on a Graph with Biological Context

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Robert Kincaid, Agilent Technologies

IEEE Transactions on Visualization and Computer Graphics (Proc. InfoVis 2008) 14(6) (Nov-Dec) 2008, p 1253-1260.

http://www.cs.ubc.ca/labs/imager/tr/2008/cerebral/

http://www.cs.ubc.ca/labs/imager/th/2008/BarskyMscThesis/

open-source software download

http://www.pathogenomics.ca/cerebral/

deployed in InnateDB (mammalian innate immunity database) http://www.innatedb.ca