

Visualizations for Software Engineering

- Visualizations for the following engineering tasks are reviewed:
 - Optimization
 - Testing
 - Monitoring deployed software
- Common themes
 - Overview + detail views
 - □ Source code is abstracted with SeeSoft views (Eick,
 - Steffen and Sumner, 1992)

Reviewed Papers

- Visualizing Application Behavior on Superscalar Processors (Stolte, Bosch, Hanrahan and Rosenblum, 1999)
- Technical Note: Visually Encoding Program Test Information to Find Faults in Software (Eagan, Harrold, Jones and Stasko, 2001)
- Visualization of Program-Execution Data for Deployed Software (Orso, Jones and Harrold, 2003)

Introduction

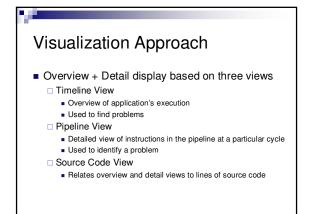
- Goal: Visualize program instruction execution on a superscalar processor
- Superscalar processors
- Can execute more than one instruction per cycle
- Instructions can be executed out-of-order
- Some instructions depend on the results of other instructions
- Program source code structure can be modified to increase instruction-level parallelism for better performance

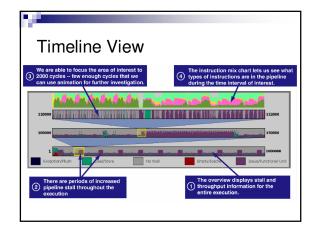
Why Visualize?

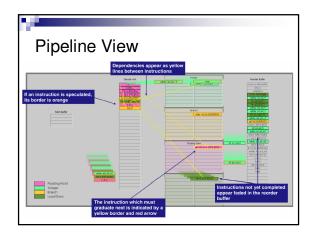
- Software developers rarely attempt such optimizations
 - Individual instructions need to be investigated
 Millions of instructions are executed per
 - second
 - Programmers work with source code, not instructions

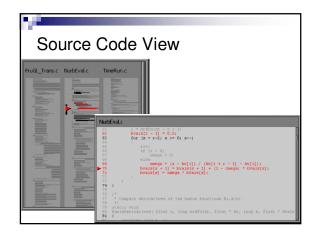
Sample Dataset

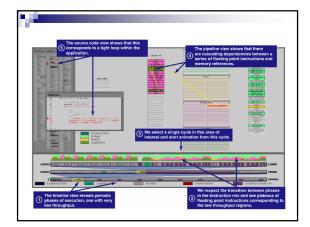
PC:401eb8	IHI:4d	ILO:	40418	;sra	r4,r4,24
PC:401ec0	IHI: 3	ILO:	1007f6	;jal	0x401fd8
PC:401fd8	IHI:49	ILO:	40418	;sll	r4,r4,24
PC:401fe0	IHI:4d	ILO:	4040e	;sra	r4,r4,14
PC:401fe8	IHI:71	ILO:	110e5	;lui	r1,0x10e5
PC:401ff0	IHI:36	ILO:	4010100	;addu	r1,r4,r1
PC:401ff8	IHI:15	ILO:	100c1e8	;l.d	f0,-15896(r1)
PC:402000	IHI:76	ILO:	2060000	;dmtc1	r6,f2
PC:402008	IHI:36	ILO:	600	;addu	r6,r0,r0
PC:402010	IHI:6a	ILO:	20000	;c.lt.d	f0,f2
PC:402018	IHI:37	ILO:	7007f	;addiu	r7,r0,127
PC:402020	IHI: c	ILO:	8	;bclf	0x402048
PC:402048	IHI:36	ILO:	500	;addu	r5,r0,r0
PC:402050	IHI:71	ILO:	210e5	;lui	r2,0x10e5
PC:402058	IHI:37	ILO:	202bdf0	;addiu	r2,r2,-16912
PC:402060	IHI:36	ILO:	4020400	;addu	r4,r4,r2
PC:402068	IHI:36	ILO:	6070200	;addu	r2,r6,r7
PC:402070	IHI:4d	ILO:	20301	;sra	r3,r2,1

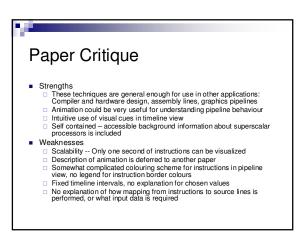












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Tarantula

- A visualization for automated software test suite results
- Large systems sometimes have thousands of test cases
- Tarantula provides a high-level overview of how the software functions under testing

Input Dataset

Test case results
 Test number
 Pass or Fail
 Lines of code covered during test execution

1 P 1 2 3 12 13 14 15 ... 2 P 1 2 23 24 25 26 27 ... 3 F 1 2 3 4 5 123 124 125 ...

Visualization Approach

- Overview of test results is shown with an array of rectangles representing test cases executed
 Green rectangles indicate passed tests
 - Red rectangles indicate failed tests



 Lines representing source-code lines are coloured to indicate the number of passed or failed tests that executed that line

Source-line colouring scheme

- Hue is displayed on a spectrum from red to yellow to green
 - More red indicates the statement was executed in a higher proportion of failed tests
- Brightness indicates the number of tests that executed the statement
 - High brightness indicates a high number of tests that executed the statement passed or failed
- Intuition: Lines that are most likely to be faulty should be closer to bright red



Paper Critique

Strengths

- engins This is a useful solution to a real problem Paper explains why several simpler colouring schemes were not used Flexible interface, i.e. "Discrete Mode" available for a simpler perspective of the faults
- Weaknesses
- eaknesses Source code window is too small. May be difficult to scroll if code changes when you mouse over the main view to get to the scrollbar The name of a file containing a selected source code line is not shown Colour Legend could include axis labels indicating what bright red or dark yellow means Confusing description of the actual meaning of the Hue and Brightness colouring scheme Is there a severem exclusion for the severem sev

 - Is there a system available for producing the input to this tool? Scalability System can only show results for a few files at a time

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Motivation and Dataset

- Many software problems arise only when deployed
- The Gamma tool is capable of collecting program-execution data
 - Coverage data
 - Exception-related information
 - Profiling information
 - □ Memory and CPU usage
- This can produce a vast amount of data when there are many deployed instances

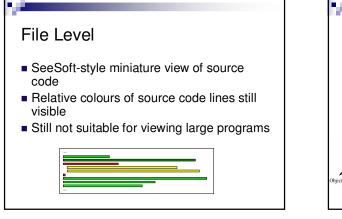
Gammatella

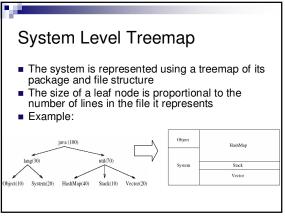
- Implements a novel approach for visualizing program-execution data
- Supports continuous monitoring and exploration
- Program-execution data is shown by applying colour to different levels of program representation
 - Statement Level
 - File Level
 - System Level

Example Application: Profiling

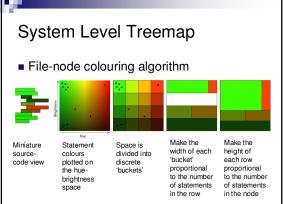
- Profiling finds code that is executed often
- This is useful for
- □ Finding code to optimize Determining feature usage
- Reducing software bloat
- Colour assignment
 - Red = statement executed very often
 - Yellow = statement executed often
 - □ Green = statement executed rarely

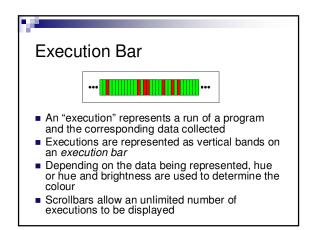
Statement Level Provides detail by showing actual source code Higher levels of are abstraction required handlers.getFinallyNameForCFGStartOffset(finallyStartOffsets[i])); if (numFinallyBlocks != 0) { } finallyMethod,getContainingType(),getProgram().addSymbol(finallyMethod); finallyMethod,setDescriptor(new String(*()V*)); finallyMethod,setSignature(parentMethod.

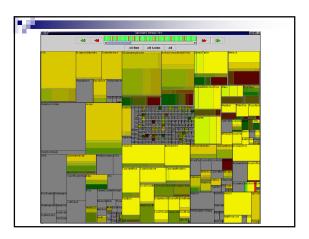


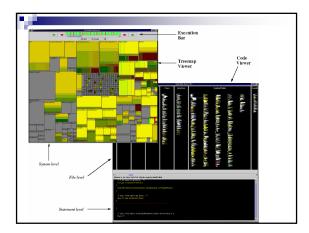


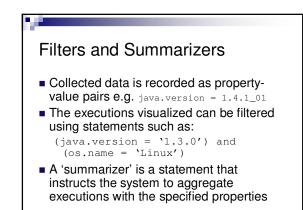












Feasibility Study

- Applied Gamma and Gammatella to JABA (Java Architecture for Bytecode Analysis)
- 550 Classes, 60KLOC
- Instrumentation caused a 28% reduction in performance
- Found many classes that were never used
- Found that JABA failed systematically when using the Sun JVM v. 1.4.0 on Solaris 2.8

Paper Critique

- Strengths
- rengths Scales to visualize larger systems than SeeSoft views alone Solution can be generalized to many forms of analysis Feasibility study suggests that valuable information can be gained from the system
- Weaknesses
 - Feasibility study suggests that instrumentation might be infeasible for many applications due to performance reduction

 - May be difficult to explore package structure need to hover over package to get tool-tip with package name Many file name tables are unreadable Suggested colouring schemes for the execution bar were not explained
 - Colour mappings used in the feasibility study were not stated Paper organization: Potential colour mappings not stated until the end

